Compilers Course Project

Report

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FlatB

Description

Semantics

The following example illustrates a FlatB program.

```
declblock {
   int x, y; // Integer
    int A[100]; // Integer Array
}
codeblock {
    // Assignment
    x = 0;
    y = 2;
    A[x] = 1;
    A[y] = 2;
    // Arithmetic Expressions
    x = y + 2;
    y = x * 3 + y;
    // IO
    print "Value of x is:", x;
    read y;
    read A[y];
    // Conditionals
    if (x < y ) {</pre>
        print " x < y : ", x, "<", y;</pre>
```

```
} else {
       print " x > y : ", x, ">", y;
    // Loops
    for i=0, 100-1 {
       A[i] = i + 1;
    }
    for i=0, 100, 2 {
       print i;
   }
   x = 100;
    while (x > 0)
       print x;
       x = x - 1;
    }
L1: x = 100;
   x = x - 1;
    goto L1 if (x > 0); // Conditional goto
L2: x = 100;
    if (x / 2 < 25) {
       goto EXIT;
   }
   x = x - 3;
    goto L2; // Unconditional goto
EXIT:
    print "Program exits now!";
   print "Goodbye world";
}
```

AST

The following UML Inheritance diagram describes AST:

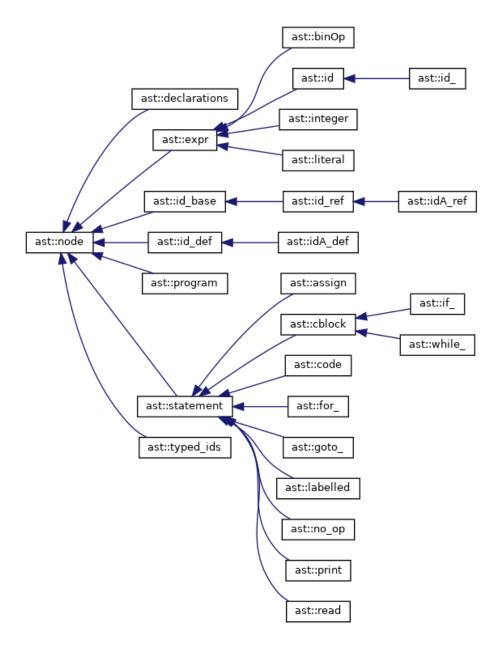


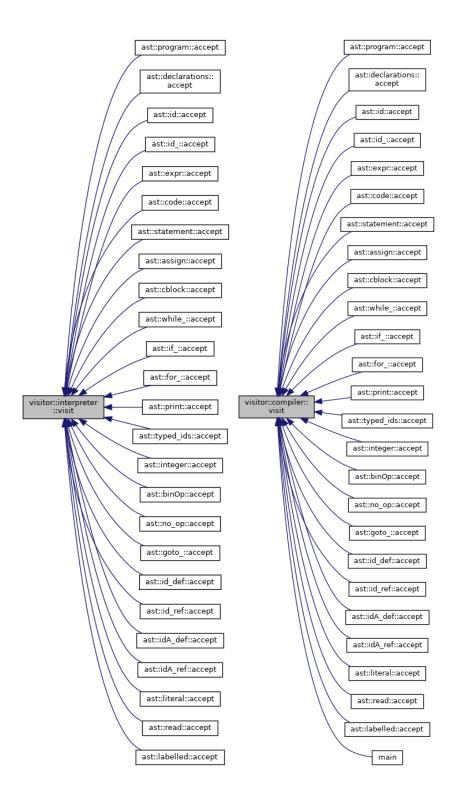
Figure 1: AST

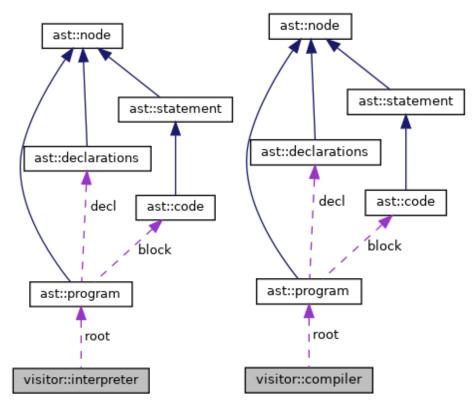
It should be understandable which class maps to which statement/construct of the programming language.

Visitor pattern

The visitor patter enables separation of the algorithm - here the interpretation or compilation by run-time detection of which member of the class hierarchy an object resolves to.

The following diagrams shows how compiler's and interpreter's visit functions are called with the types of the respective ast node object by using accept inside the ast node object.





From the call-graph, we can deduce that the calls for the base node is being processed, and internally, using v-table rerouted to the respective object's accept. There is no explicit cast to the actual object in the program.

Interpreter

The interpreter is written in C++. The AST Structure and the corresponding logic is programmed as a visitor, shown in the earlier diagrams.

Compiler

Compiler emits LLVM 5 IR equivalent to the logic of the program, loading it from the AST.

Performance Comparison

The following table indicates the real time taken on running programs in test-units/non-trivial on my system. On the smaller programs, there is not much indication, but matrix multiplication of higher dimensions show that my own interpreter is the worst, lli performs better but worst than compiled bytecode.

program	interpreter	lli	llc
99-bottles	0m0.019s	0m0.020s	0m0.002s
fibonnacci	0m0.010s	0m0.013s	0m0.000s
reversal	0m0.016s	0m0.017s	0m0.002s
bubblesort	0m0.081s	0m0.011s	0m0.002s
matmul_5	0m0.019s	0m0.028s	0m0.002s
matmul_125	0m27.972s	0m0.037s	0m0.014s
matmul_250	3m43.217s	0m0.101s	0m0.081s