## Examples for the Istbayes package

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Some example programs typset using the listings language drivers provideb by the lstbayes package.

## 1 BUGS

The Rats model from the OpenBUGS Examples Volume I: http://www.openbugs.net/Examples/Rats.html.

```
model {
   for ( i in 1 : N ) {
       for ( j in 1 : T ) {
           Y[i , j] \sim dnorm(mu[i , j], tau.c)
           mu[i, j] \leftarrow alpha[i] + beta[i] * (x[j] - xbar)
           culmative.Y\left[i~,~j\right] \leftarrow culmative\left(Y\left[i~,~j\right],~Y\left[i~,~j\right]\right)
           \begin{array}{l} post.pv.Y\left[i~,~j\right] \leftarrow post.p.value\left(Y\left[i~,~j\right]\right) \\ prior.pv.Y\left[i~,~j\right] \leftarrow prior.p.value\left(Y\left[i~,~j\right]\right) \end{array}
           replicate.post.Y[i , j] \leftarrow replicate.post(Y[i , j])
           pv.post.Y[i, j] \leftarrow step(Y[i, j] - replicate.post.Y[i, j])
           replicate.prior.Y[i, j] \leftarrow replicate.prior(Y[i, j])
           pv.prior.Y[i, j] \leftarrow step(Y[i, j] - replicate.prior.Y[i, j])
       alpha[i] ~ dnorm(alpha.c, alpha.tau)
       beta[i] ~ dnorm(beta.c, beta.tau)
   tau.c \sim dgamma(0.001, 0.001)
   sigma \leftarrow 1 / sqrt(tau.c)
   alpha.c \sim dnorm(0.0, 1.0E-6)
   alpha.tau \sim dgamma(0.001, 0.001)
   beta.c \sim \text{dnorm}(0.0, 1.0E-6)
   beta.tau \sim dgamma(0.001, 0.001)
   alpha0 \leftarrow alpha.c - xbar * beta.c
}
```

## 2 JAGS

Linear regression example from John Myles White, http://www.johnmyleswhite.com/notebook/2010/08/20/using-jags-in-r-with-the-rjags-package/.

## 3 Stan

Rats example from https://github.com/stan-dev/example-models/blob/master/bugs\_examples/vol1/rats/rats\_vec.stan.

```
# http://www.mrc-bsu.cam.ac.uk/bugs/winbugs/Vol1.pdf
# Page 3: Rats
data {
  int < lower = 0 > N;
  int < lower = 0 > T;
  real x[T];
  real y[N,T];
  real xbar;
transformed data {
  real x_minus_xbar[T];
  real y_linear [N*T];
  for (t in 1:T)
    x_{minus\_xbar}[t] \leftarrow x[t] - xbar;
  for (n in 1:N)
    for (t in 1:T)
       y_{-}linear[(n-1)*T + t] \leftarrow y[n, t];
}
parameters {
  real alpha[N];
  real beta[N];
  real mu_alpha;
```

```
real mu_beta;
   real<lower=0> sigmasq_y;
   real<lower=0> sigmasq_alpha;
   real<lower=0> sigmasq_beta;
transformed parameters {
   real<lower=0> sigma_y;
   real<lower=0> sigma_alpha;
   real<lower=0> sigma_beta;
   sigma_y <- sqrt(sigmasq_y);
   sigma_alpha <- sqrt(sigmasq_alpha);</pre>
   sigma_beta <- sqrt(sigmasq_beta);</pre>
}
model {
   real pred [N*T];
   for (n in 1:N)
      for (t in 1:T)
        \operatorname{pred}[(n-1)*T + t] \leftarrow \operatorname{fma}(\operatorname{beta}[n], \operatorname{x_minus_xbar}[t], \operatorname{alpha}[n]);
  \begin{array}{lll} mu\_alpha & {\color{gray}{\tilde{\phantom{a}}}} & {\color{gray}{\bf normal}}(0\,,\ 100); \\ mu\_beta & {\color{gray}{\tilde{\phantom{a}}}} & {\color{gray}{\bf normal}}(0\,,\ 100); \end{array}
   sigmasq_y \sim inv_gamma(0.001, 0.001);
   sigmasq_alpha inv_gamma(0.001, 0.001);
   sigmasq_beta inv_gamma(0.001, 0.001);
   alpha ~ normal(mu_alpha, sigma_alpha); // vectorized
  beta ~ normal(mu_beta, sigma_beta); // vectorized
   y_linear ~ normal(pred, sigma_y); // vectorized
}
```