

# **Penetration Testing Report for OWASP Juice website**

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**\*The video link** which explains the Attack Scenarios:

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1z2UGBpE7Fs8f2ZUd4\\_1eKh1kOPg0CLoJ/view?usp=drive\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1z2UGBpE7Fs8f2ZUd4_1eKh1kOPg0CLoJ/view?usp=drive_link)

## **1. Executive Summary**

The OWASP Juice Shop web application was tested for security vulnerabilities using Burp Suite. Three attack scenarios were executed:

1. Enumeration to discover hidden paths.
2. Brute force attack on admin credentials.
3. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) in the product search bar.

### **Key findings include:**

- Access to the admin panel through enumeration.
- Successful brute-forcing of admin credentials due to lack of rate limiting.
- XSS vulnerability allowing malicious JavaScript execution.

## **2. Methodology**

- **Scope:** The OWASP Juice Shop application.
- **Tools Used:** Burp Suite and Dirb
- **Testing Approach:** Black-box testing.

## 3. Findings

### 3.1 Enumeration to Find Admin Path

#### Steps:

1-We used a tool called Dirb to scan the website for hidden links. The command we ran was:

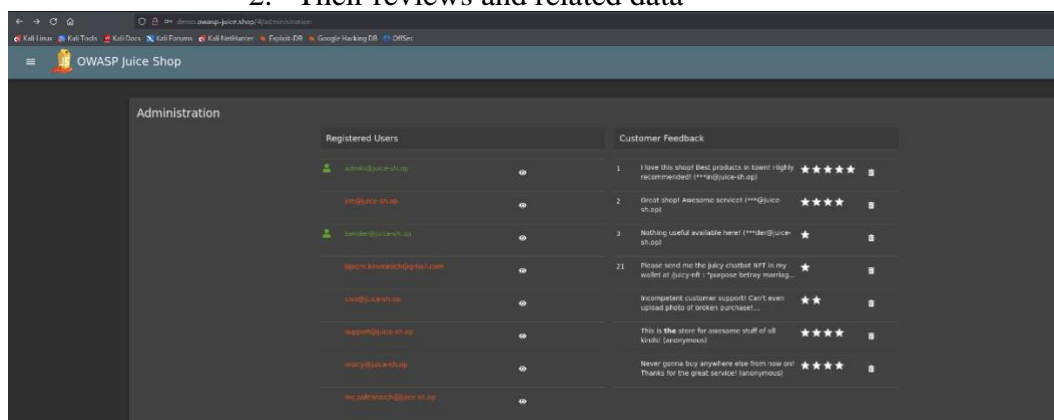
```
dirb http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/ -v | grep -i admin
```

2-This scan showed a link to the /admin page with a 200 OK status, meaning it was active.

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ dirb http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/ -v | grep -i admin
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/_admin (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/_vti_bin/_vti_adm/admin.dll (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/~admin (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/~administrator (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/~sysadmin (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/ADMIN (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin.cgi (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin.php (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin.pl (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_ (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_area (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_banner (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_c (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_index (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_interface (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_login (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin_logon (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin1 (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin2 (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin3 (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin4_account (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
+ http://demo.owasp-juice.shop/admin4_colon (CODE:200|SIZE:3748)
```

3-With the email and password, we logged into the /admin page This step is explained in detail in the second attack required in the project

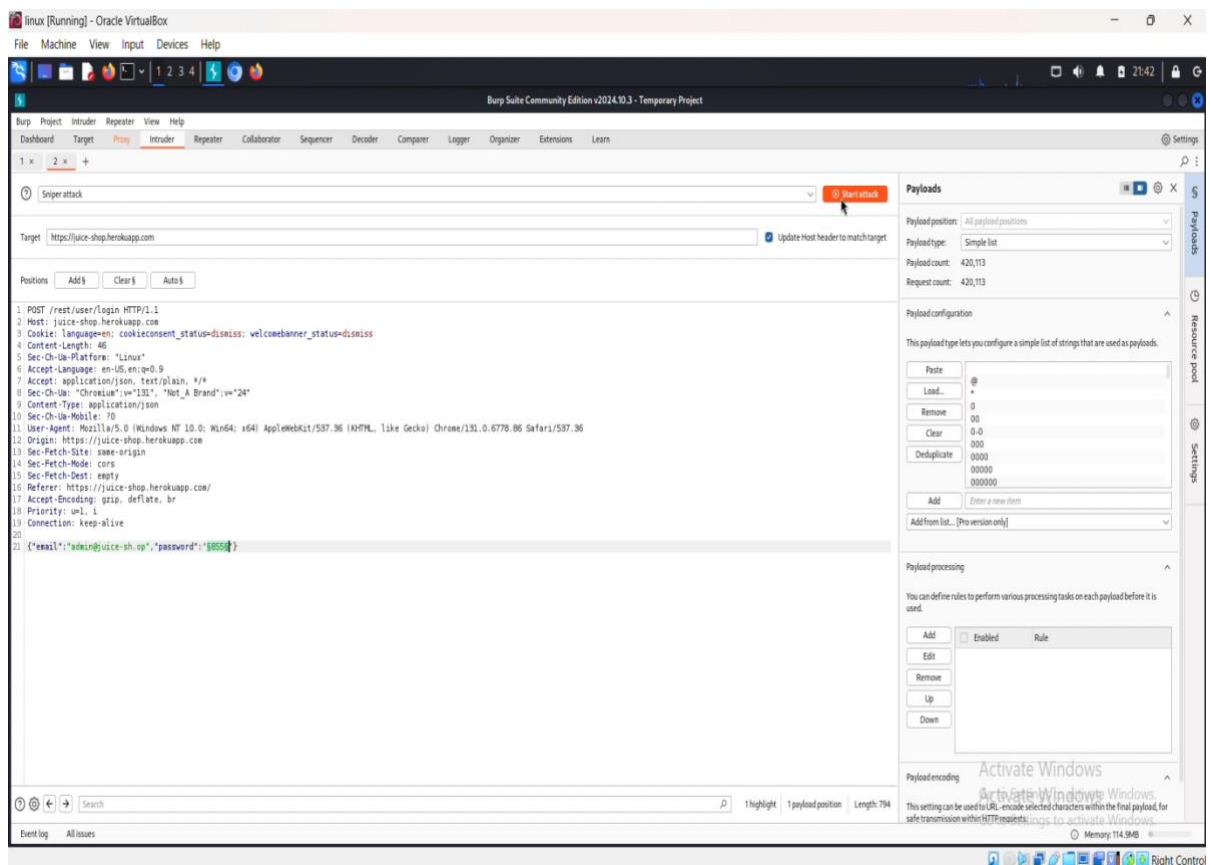
- **After logging in, we could see:**
  1. A list of all registered users.
  2. Their reviews and related data

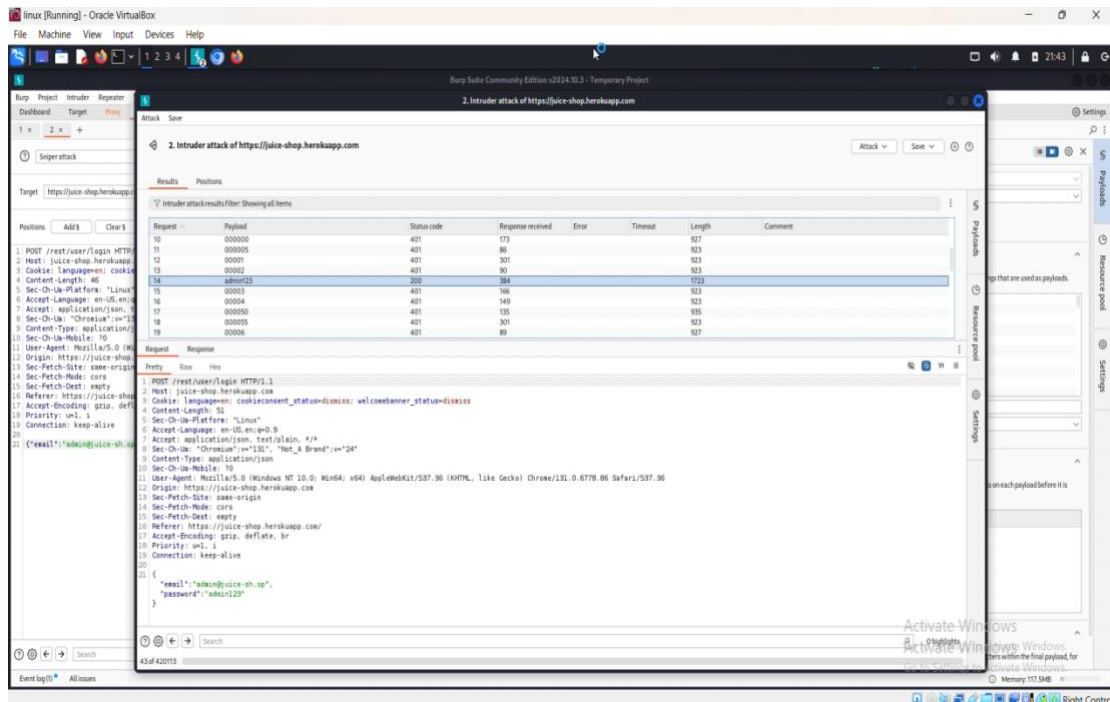


- **Impact:** Admin paths increase the attack surface for further exploitation.
- **Remediation:** Restrict access to sensitive paths and make them less predictable.

## 3.2 Brute Force on Admin Credentials

- **Description:** Burp Suite's Intruder tool was used to brute-force admin credentials.
- **Steps:**
  1. Capture the login request for the admin page in Burp Suite.
  2. Send the request to the **Intruder** tab.
  3. Set payload positions for password.
  4. Use a wordlist (all.txt) for password brute-forcing.
  5. Analyze the responses to identify successful login credentials.
- **Impact:** Full control over the application through admin access.
- **Evidence:**



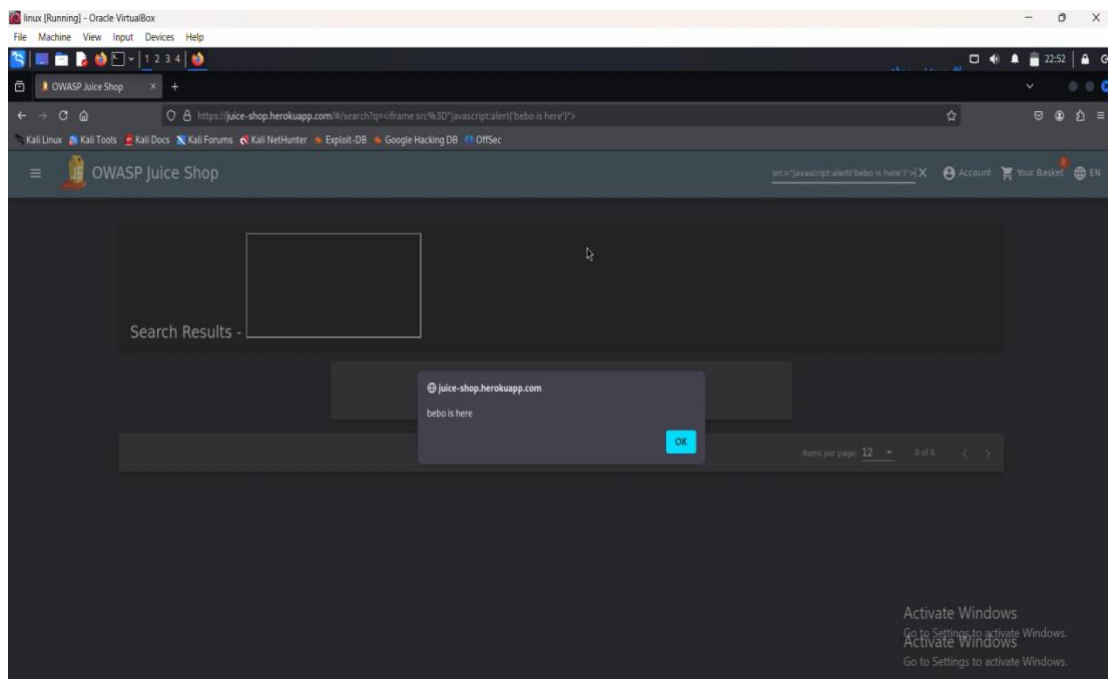


**Remediation:** Implement rate limiting, account lockout policies, and CAPTCHAs.

### 3.3 XSS in Product Search

- **Description:** Injected a malicious JavaScript payload into the product search bar in OWASP Juice website and Observe the response to verify script execution.
- **The used command :** `<iframe src="javascript:alert('xss')">`
- **Impact:** Arbitrary JavaScript execution, potentially leading to session hijacking.

- **Evidence:**



**Remediation:** Sanitize user inputs and implement proper output encoding.

#### 4. Conclusion

The penetration testing revealed critical vulnerabilities in the OWASP Juice Shop:

1. Hidden paths accessible through enumeration.
2. Lack of account protection mechanisms allowing brute force attacks.
3. Unsanitized inputs resulting in XSS vulnerabilities.

**Recommendations:**

- Restrict access to sensitive paths.
- Enforce strong authentication and account protection measures.
- Validate and sanitize user inputs.