How-to guide for analysis of analogue output sensors in Lab and with TAF

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- → Basic concepts in TAF
- → RAW analysis
- → Final analysis

Basic TAF



Install

• 2 GITs repositories synchronised: https://github.com/jeromebaudot/taf https://gitlab.cern.ch/bjerome/taf

Note for CE65: Already installed on sbgat497 under /home/alice/Software/taf/

Documentation

In distribution: doc/taf_shortDoc.pdf

General page: http://www.iphc.cnrs.fr/TAF.html

Some concepts

- TAF identifies a sequence of data with a run-number
 - When running TAF, the run-number is associated with a given data-file (keep track of this matching)
- TAF behaviour is driven by a configuration file + some limited parameters
 - The same configuration file can be used for several runs
- There are two ways to analyse your data
 - "RAW" analysis: 1 click, only histos saved on ROOT file => output directory Results/run_number
 - "Final" analysis: first generate and store Tree of hits, then analyse the Tree info => output directory results_ana_XX

Preparing to run with TAF



- Steps are explained in the README file, reminded below (always assuming commands are launched from taf directory)
- Load environment variables once you start working with TAF
 - source Scripts/thistaf.sh
- Compile
 - maketaf
- Check TAF works
 - taf -h
- Check the config file
 - Usually, an expert has prepared a generic file for your sensor in directory config_TEST
 - User copies the generic file (from config_TEST) in directory config and needs to pay attention to:
 - Path to the data with key: DataPath
 - Number of events used to initialise noise with key: InitialNoise
 - Cuts to find hits with keys: ThreshSeedSN, ThreshNeighbourSN
 - Additional cuts used for the <u>final analysis</u>, see the section **Parameter for Analysis**
 - Especially the geometrical definition of submatrices
- Plot styles
 - Edit the rootlogon.C files under taf directory, however some styles are overridden in MRaw.cxx and Mpost.cxx

RAW analysis – menu based



Launching TAF

- If the datafile is known from the config file:
 taf –run [my-run-number] –cfg ./config/[my-config-file]
- If you want to specify a datafile different from the config (the path is still taken from the config file): taf —run [my-run-number] —cfg ./config/[my-config-file] —datafile [my-data-file] —gui
- Note for CE65: taf -run 2 -cfg ./config/ce65abc.cfg -datafile 2021-11-16-B1_source.root -gui
 - This links run-number 2 to data in file 2021-11-16-B1_source.root
 - There is also a ce65d.cfg config file if you read a sensor of type D (only one submatrix)

Menu based analysis

- The –gui option generates a clickable menu
 - You don't control the nb of events or the submatrix analysed, everything is hard-coded
 - You can change this by editing function PreparePost() in source code: code/src/Mraw.cxx
 - If you forgot the -gui option, you can generate the menu within TAF with: gTAF->GetRaw()
- Noise check: DISPLAY NOISE
- Looking at frames event by event: RAW CHANNELS 2D
 - Re-click the same menu choice to move to next event
- Displaying the raw spectrum: RAW SPECTRUM
- Investigating the hit properties: CUMULATE HITS 2D

RAW analysis – command based



Command line analysis

- All functions are coded in class code/src/Mraw.cxx
- Command line allows you to control parameters (#events, submatrix, ...)
- Noise check:
 - gTAF->GetRaw()->DisplayNoise(colmin, colmax)
 - colmin, colmax (optional) select the submatrix based on column numbers
- Looking at frames event by event:
 - gTAF->GetRaw()->DisplayRawChan()
 - Re-click the same menu choice to move to next event
- Displaying the raw spectrum:
 - gTAF->GetRaw()->DisplaySpectrum(#events, 0, charge_min, charge_max, colmin, colmax)
 - charge_min, charge_max are only for the histo range
 - colmin, colmax select the submatrix based on column numbers
- Investigating the hit properties:
 - gTAF->GetRaw()->DisplayCumulatedHits2D (#events, 0, 1, #bins_position, xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
 - xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax select the submatrix based on hit position
 - Range of histo displaying charge with additional option: , 1, #bins_charge, charge_max)

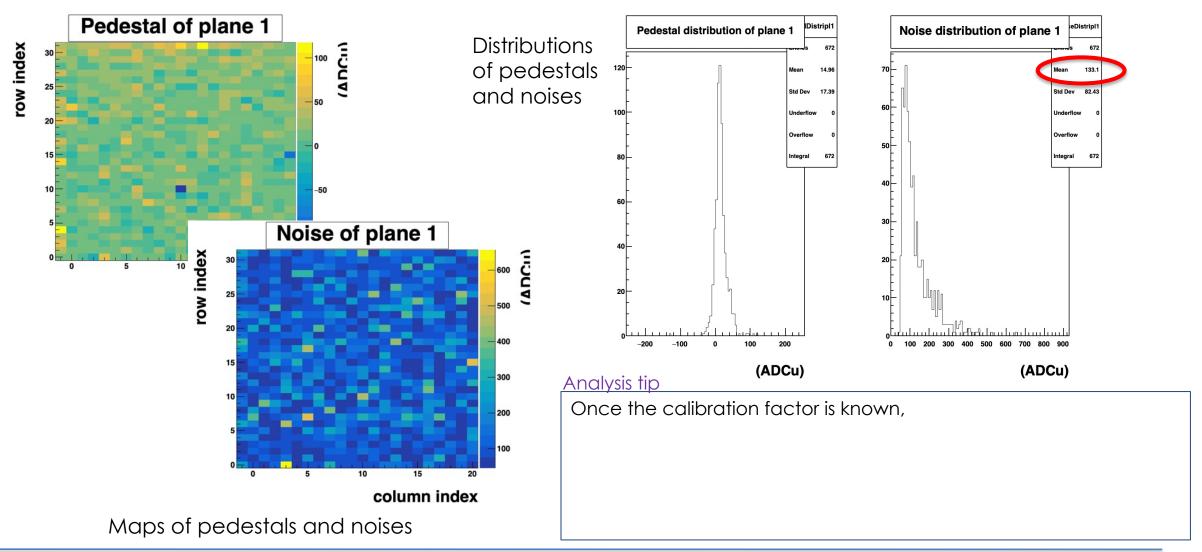
Outputs

- In Menu or Command line all plots are saved in root format
- Output directory is Results/[run number]
- Pay attention to the prints on the screen, usually the exact name of the files saved is indicated

Raw analysis – Display Noise



Pedestal and noise are computed for each pixel individually over InitialNoise events

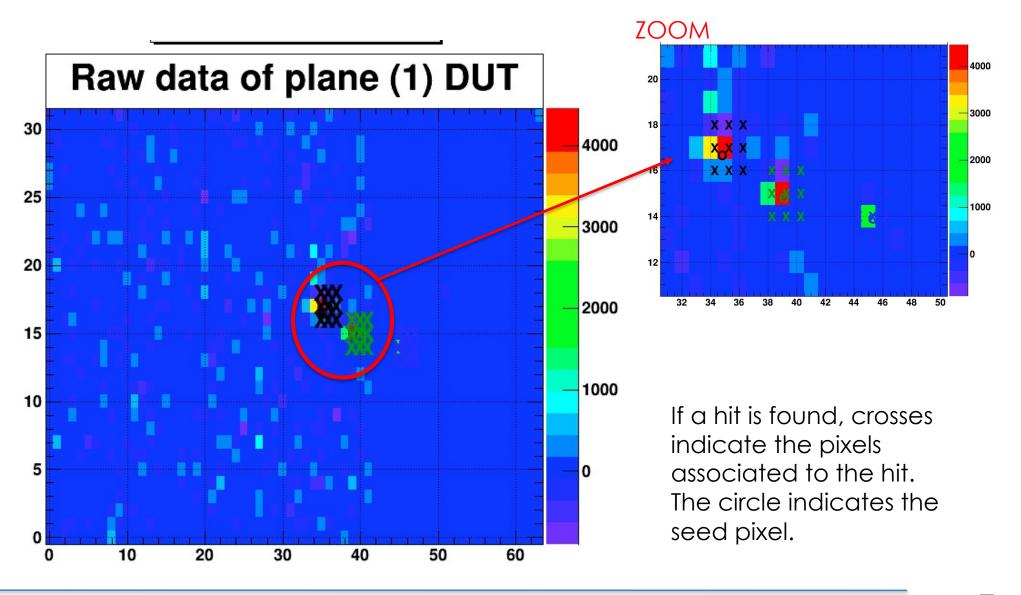


Raw analysis – Event by Event



Display the map of raw data, after CDS. If a hit is found, crosses indicate the pixels associated

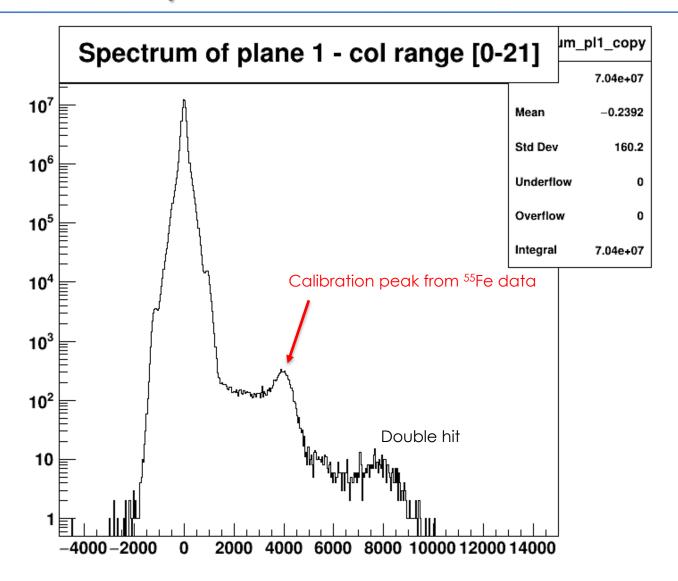
Note: need to pass the #events required to initialise noise before starting to observer hits.



Raw analysis – Raw Spectrum



Distribution of raw data (after CDS) for all pixels over all events required.



Raw analysis – Hit Properties



Hit selected using cuts specified in config file:

ThreshSeedSN, ThreshNeighbourSN

Analysis tip

Here ⁵⁵Fe data are displayed:

- calibration peak position = calib_pos O
- Signal of real hit
- Average charge collection per hit = hit pos

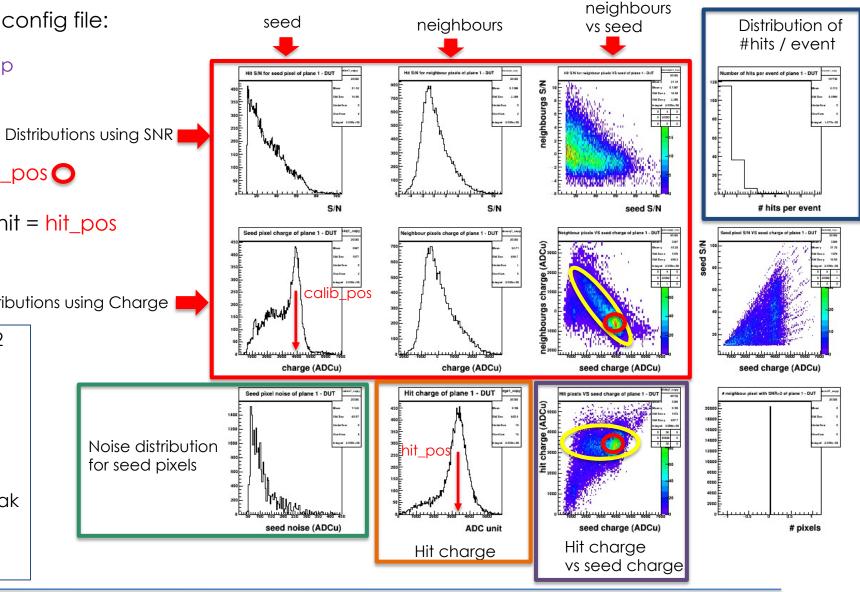
Distributions using Charge

Analysis tip

In case of 55Fe data, we can estimate 2 auantities:

- The calibration factor from the calibration pea position: e-/ADCu = 1640 / calib pos
- the "charge collection efficiency" (CCE), from the ratio of calibtration peak position and average hit charge:

CCE = hit pos / calib pos



Final analysis



First step, generate and store the TREE

- Commands: taf -run [my-run-number] -cfg ./config/[my-config-file] -datafile [my-data-file] gTAF->DSFProduction(#events)
- Hits are selected according to the cuts defined in the config file
- ROOT file stored in: datDSF/run2_01.root
 - TAF increments the file name automatically if you iterate DSFProduction
 - You can change the name to something comprehensible to you
- The TREE is readable with a Tbrowser, leaves definition in class: code/src/Devent.cxx

Second step, the analysis

- Launch TAF with the last automatically named DSF file (like datDSF/run2_03.root): taf -run [run_nb] -cfg ./config/[my_config.cfg]
- Or Launch TAF with a specific DSF file:
 taf -run [run_nb] -cfg ./config/[my_config.cfg] -dsffile datDSF/[my_DSFfile.root]
- Start the analysis for ⁵⁵Fe data used to calibrate with command: gTAF->MimosaCalibration(#events, minSNRseed, minSNRneighbour, maxChargeneighbourCalib, #submatrix, #geomatrix)
- Start the analysis with command for beam test data with command: gTAF->MimosaCluster(#events, minSNRseed, minSNRneighbour, #submatrix, #geomatrix)

Final analysis

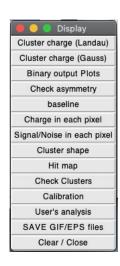


Cuts explanations

- minSNRseed_cut, minSNRneighbour_cut are the same type of cuts set in the config file but values can be tighter
- submatrix#, geomatrix# are the ones defined in the configuration files and set a region of interest
- For calibration plot only, maxChargeneighbourCalib is used to focus on the calibration peak
- New OPTIONAL cuts are possible and set in the config file (defined at submatrix level):
 - It might be surprising but the numbers PixelsInRaw, PixelsInColumn should stick to the size of the whole matrix
 - -MinSeedCol, MinSeedRow allos to define a region of interest
 - -MinSeedCharge, MinClusterCharge, MinNeighbourCharge cut on charge (in addition to SNR cuts)

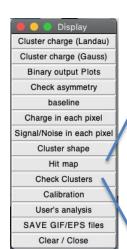
Output

- Once all entries of the DSF file have been analyzed, a menu opens
- Each menu will display a set of plots (see next slides)
- All these plots are then saved in the output file: results_ana_M[mimosa-type/run[run_nb]PI1_ClCharge.root
 - Note for CE65: mimosa_type = 651 or 652

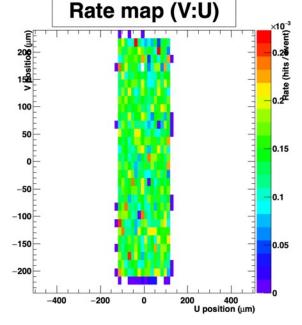


Final analysis: cuts and basic charges





Various hit maps, where you can check your area selection is effective

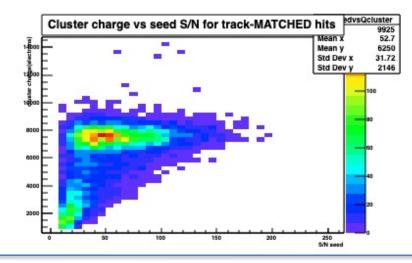


Various charges (seed, neighbours, hit) plots allow to check signal presence and compute CCE

Analysis tip

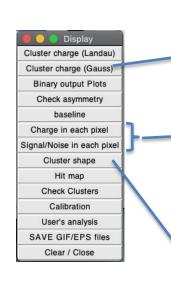
Like in the RAW analysis, you will get the distribution of the hit and seed charge, from with you compute the charge collection efficiency:

CCE = hit_pos / peak_pos



Final analysis: cluster shape



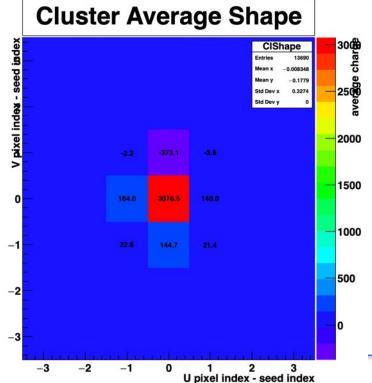


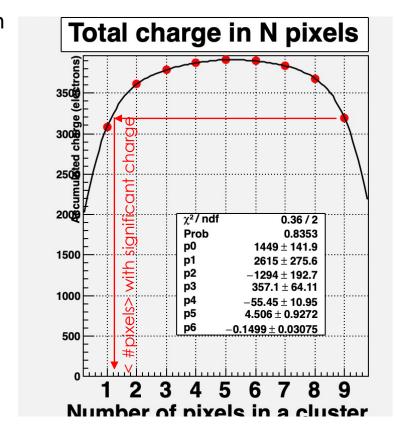
Order pixels in cluster by charge, and sum them in order to estimate how many pixels carry some significant signal.

Study charge and SNR of pixels separately within a cluster

Plot average cluster shape =>

and also plot #pixels in cluster with a charge or SNR higher than predefined values (hardcoded in code/src/Manalysis.cxx ClusterShape_init())



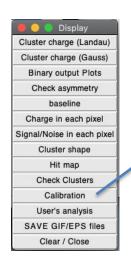


Analysis tip

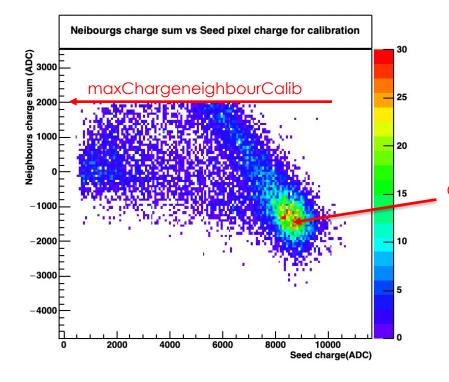
You should be able to characterize the cluster size from these various plots.

Final analysis: calibration peak





Zoom on charge on seed with specific cut so that the calibration peak is well isolated



M651; run 2; Pl 1, sub 1; Seed 10.0; Neigh -10.0

