

Japan May 16, 2020

Mobility changes

This dataset is intended to help remediate the impact of COVID-19. It shouldn't be used for medical diagnostic, prognostic, or treatment purposes. It also isn't intended to be used for guidance on personal travel plans.

Each Community Mobility Report dataset is presented by location and highlights the percent change in visits to places like grocery stores and parks within a geographic area. How to use this report.

Location accuracy and the understanding of categorized places varies from region to region, so we don't recommend using this data to compare changes between countries, or between regions with different characteristics (e.g. rural versus urban areas).

We'll leave a region out of the report if we don't have statistically significant levels of data. To learn how we calculate these trends and preserve privacy, read About this data.

Retail & recreation

-40%

compared to baseline

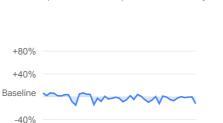


Mobility trends for places like restaurants, cafes, shopping centers, theme parks, museums, libraries, and movie theaters.

Grocery & pharmacy

-12%

compared to baseline



Sat, Apr 25

Sat, May 16

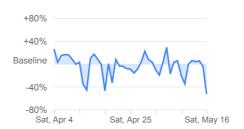
-80% Sat. Apr 4

Mobility trends for places like grocery markets, food warehouses, farmers markets, specialty food shops, drug stores, and pharmacies.

Parks

-52%

compared to baseline



Mobility trends for places like national parks, public beaches, marinas, dog parks, plazas, and public gardens.

Transit stations

-55%

compared to baseline

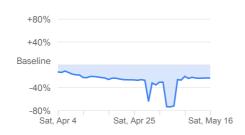


Mobility trends for places like public transport hubs such as subway, bus, and train stations.

Workplaces

-23%

compared to baseline

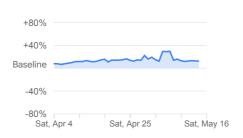


Mobility trends for places of work.

Residential

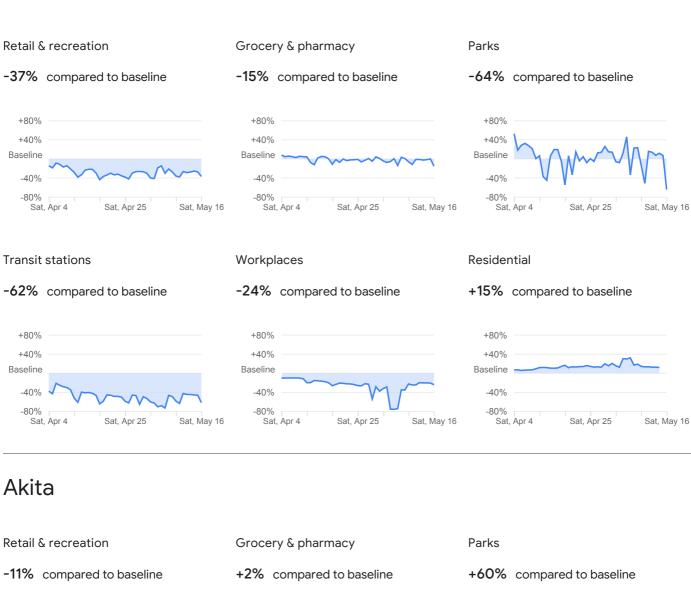
+14%

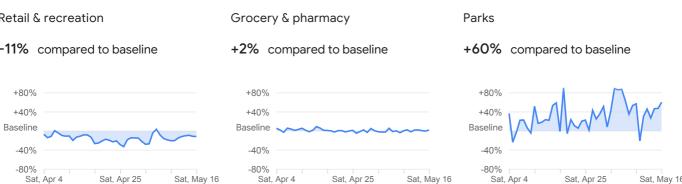
compared to baseline

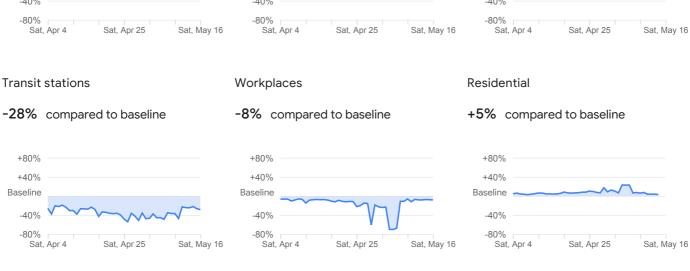


Mobility trends for places of residence.

Aichi



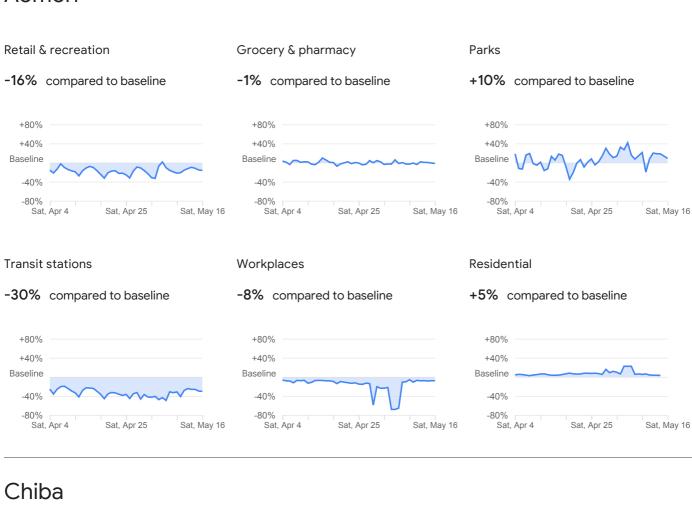


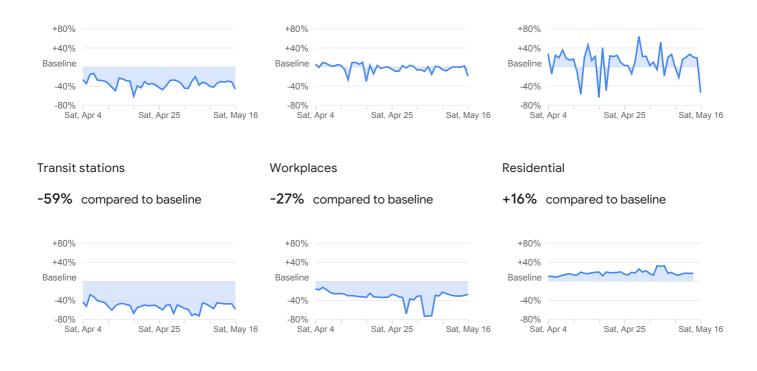


Aomori

Retail & recreation

-47% compared to baseline





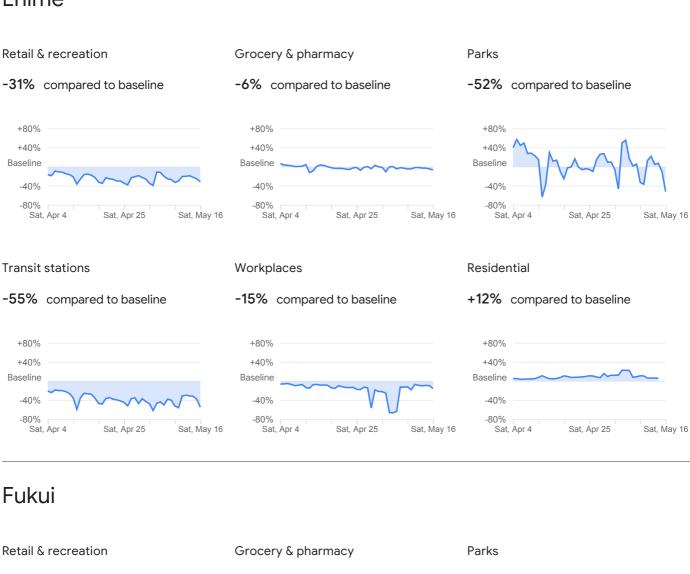
Parks

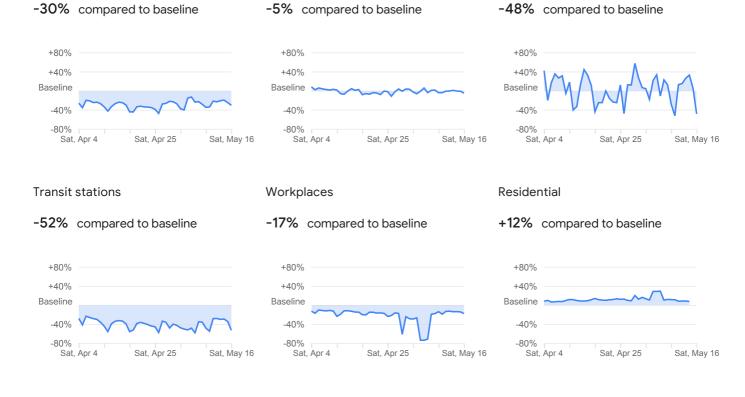
-54% compared to baseline

Grocery & pharmacy

-19% compared to baseline

Ehime

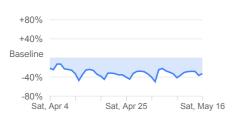




Fukuoka

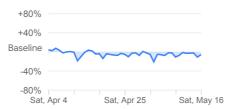
Retail & recreation

-33% compared to baseline



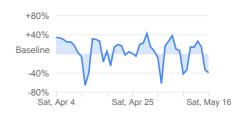
Grocery & pharmacy

-5% compared to baseline



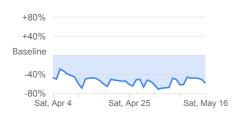
Parks

-39% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-59% compared to baseline



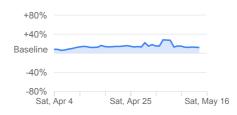
Workplaces

-22% compared to baseline



Residential

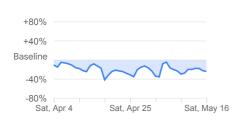
+13% compared to baseline



Fukushima

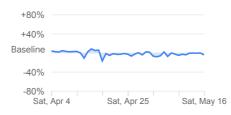
Retail & recreation

-24% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

-4% compared to baseline



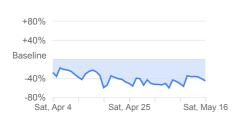
Parks

-14% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-45% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-15% compared to baseline



Residential

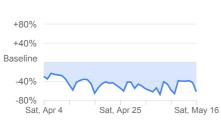
+10% compared to baseline



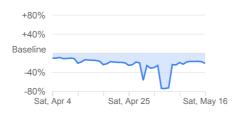
Gifu

Retail & recreation Grocery & pharmacy **Parks** -37% compared to baseline -12% compared to baseline -68% compared to baseline +80% +80% +80% +40% +40% +40% Baseline Baseline Baseline -40% -40% -40% -80% Sat, Apr 4 -80% -80% Sat, Apr 25 Sat, May 16 Sat, Apr 25 Sat, May 16 Sat, Apr 4 Sat, Apr 25 Sat, Apr 4 Transit stations Workplaces Residential





-21% compared to baseline



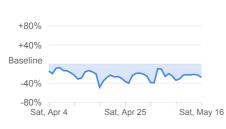
+14% compared to baseline



Sat, May 16

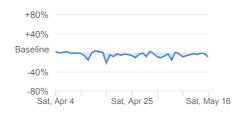
Gunma

Retail & recreation
-28% compared to baseline



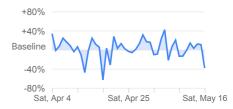
Grocery & pharmacy

-8% compared to baseline



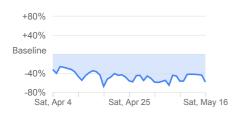
Parks

-38% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-58% compared to baseline



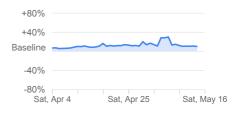
Workplaces

-17% compared to baseline



Residential

+12% compared to baseline



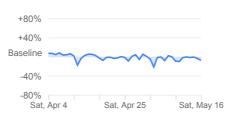
Hiroshima

Retail & recreation -35% compared to baseline +80% +40%



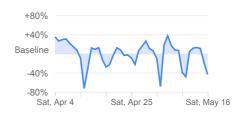
Grocery & pharmacy

-7% compared to baseline



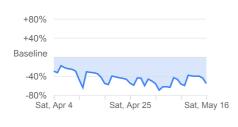
Parks

-43% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-55% compared to baseline



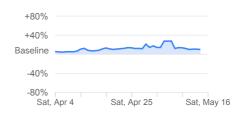
Workplaces

-20% compared to baseline



Residential

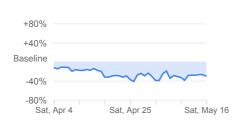
+13% compared to baseline



Hokkaido

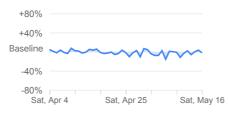
Retail & recreation

-30% compared to baseline



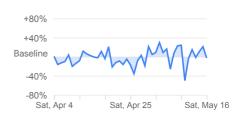
Grocery & pharmacy

-2% compared to baseline



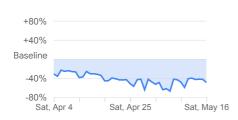
Parks

-2% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-49% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-16% compared to baseline

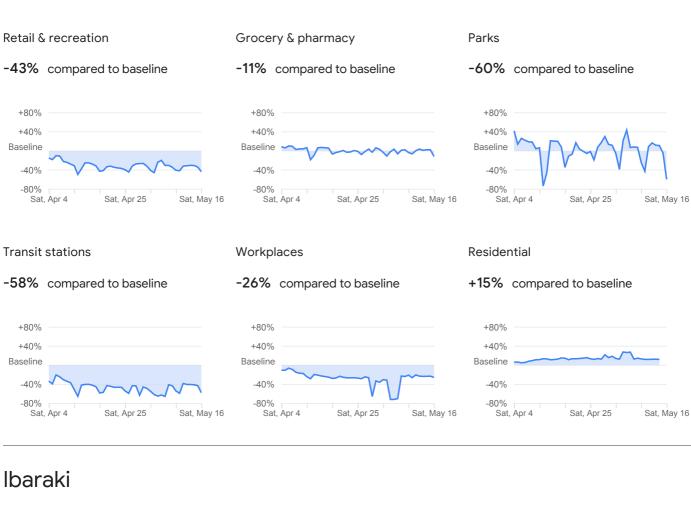


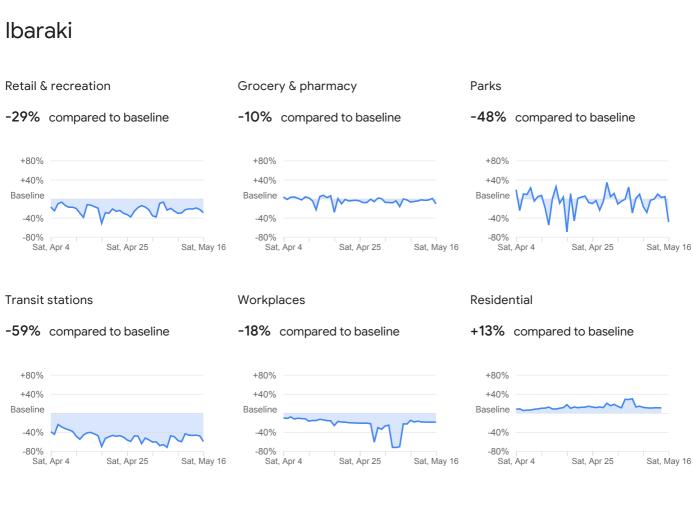
Residential

+9% compared to baseline



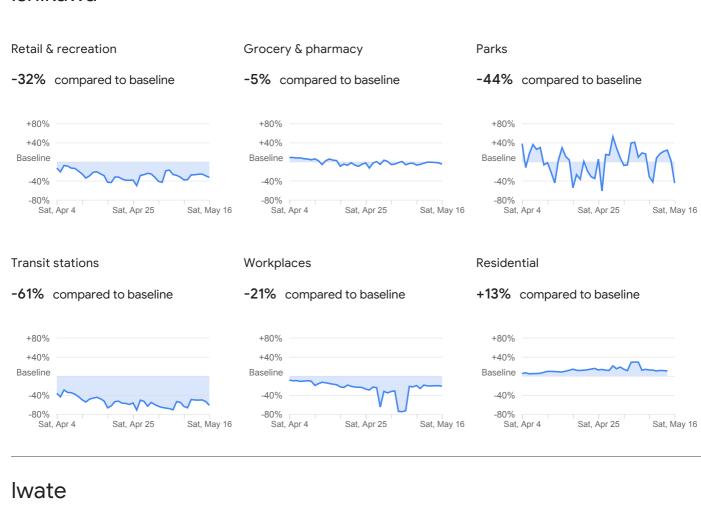
Hyogo

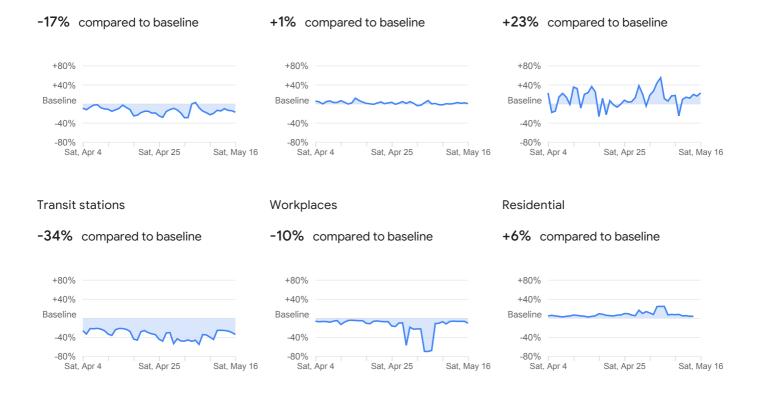




Ishikawa

Retail & recreation

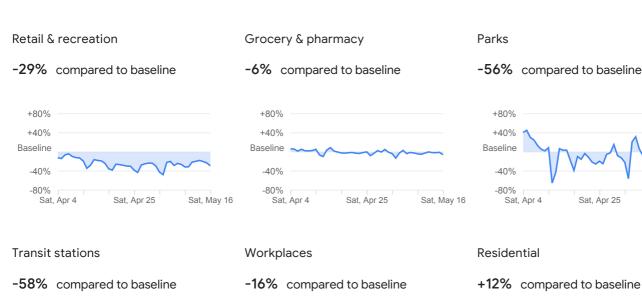


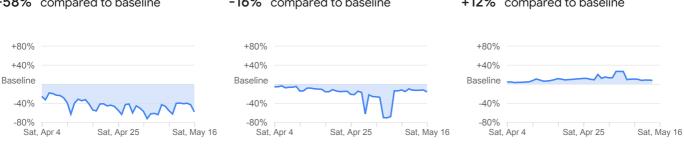


Parks

Grocery & pharmacy

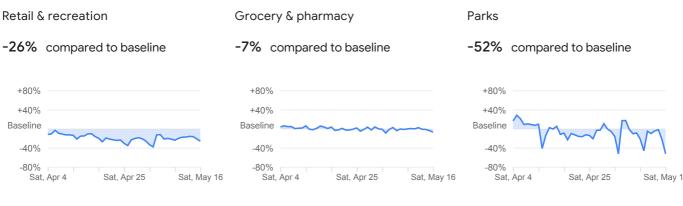
Kagawa

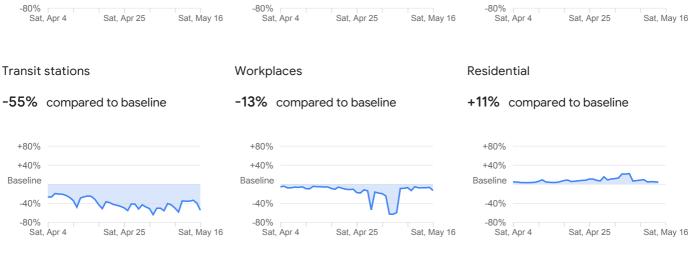




Sat, May 16

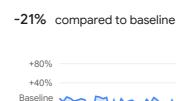
Kagoshima



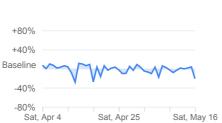


Kanagawa

Retail & recreation -51% compared to baseline +80% +40%



Grocery & pharmacy



Parks

-64% compared to baseline



Transit stations

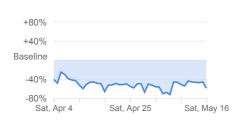
Sat. Apr 4

Baseline

-40%

-80%

-59% compared to baseline



Sat, Apr 25

Workplaces

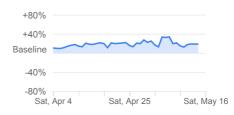
Sat, May 16

-32% compared to baseline



Residential

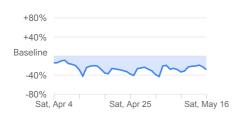
+18% compared to baseline



Kochi

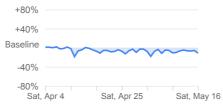
Retail & recreation

-29% compared to baseline



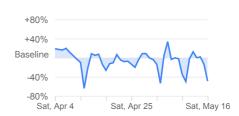
Grocery & pharmacy

-11% compared to baseline



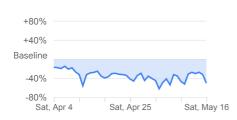
Parks

-49% compared to baseline



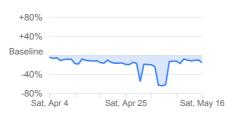
Transit stations

-50% compared to baseline



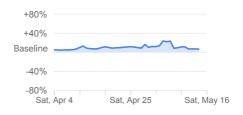
Workplaces

-15% compared to baseline



Residential

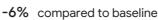
+12% compared to baseline

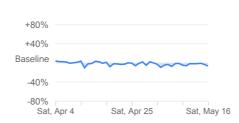


Kumamoto

Retail & recreation -29% compared to baseline +80% +40% Baseline

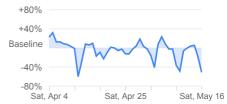
Grocery & pharmacy





Parks

-51% compared to baseline



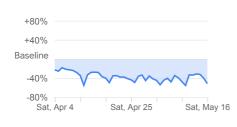
Transit stations

Sat, Apr 4

-40%

-80%

-51% compared to baseline



Sat, Apr 25

Workplaces

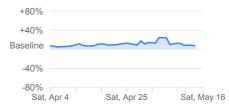
Sat, May 16

-17% compared to baseline



Residential

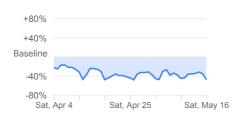
+13% compared to baseline



Kyoto

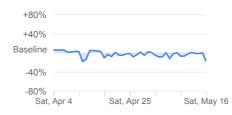
Retail & recreation

-48% compared to baseline



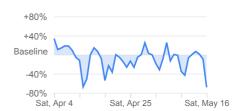
Grocery & pharmacy

-17% compared to baseline



Parks

-68% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-66% compared to baseline



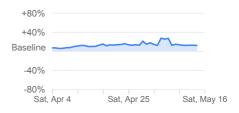
Workplaces

-29% compared to baseline

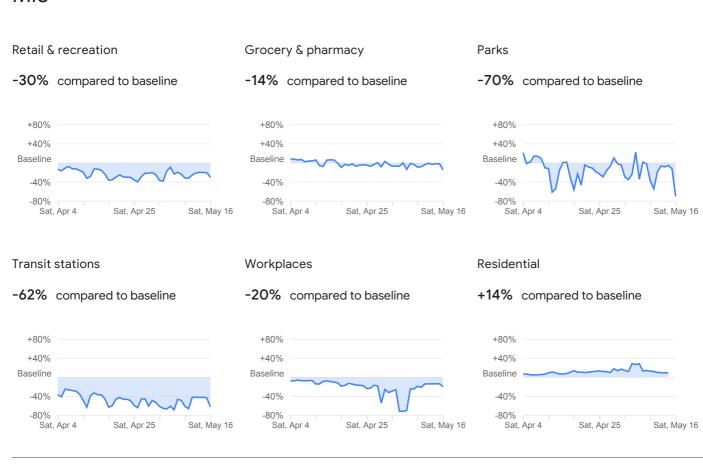


Residential

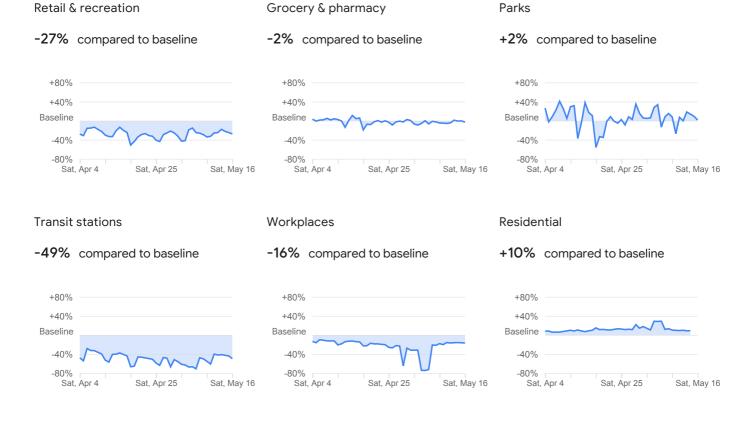
+15% compared to baseline



Mie

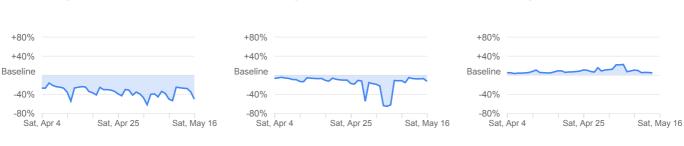


Miyagi



Miyazaki

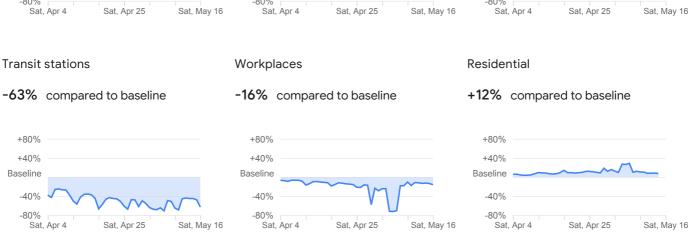




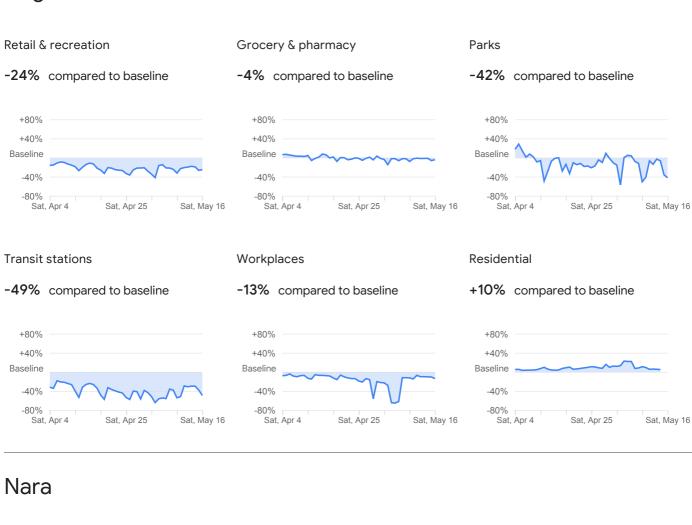
Sat, May 16

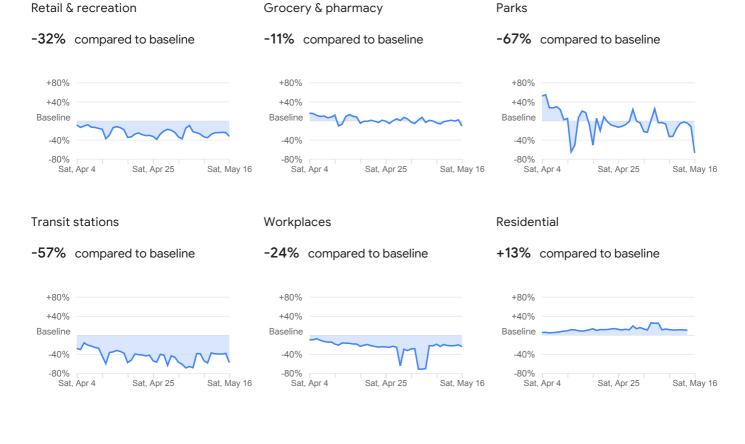
Nagano





Nagasaki

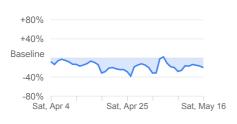




Niigata

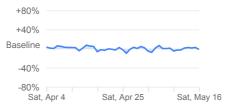
Retail & recreation

-20% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

-1% compared to baseline



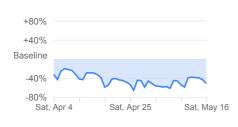
Parks

-6% compared to baseline



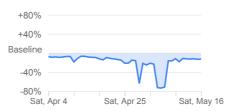
Transit stations

-51% compared to baseline



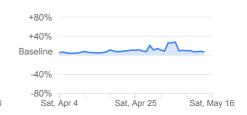
Workplaces

-12% compared to baseline



Residential

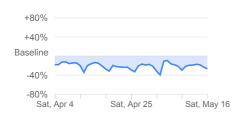
+8% compared to baseline



Oita

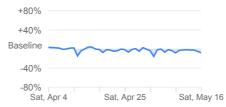
Retail & recreation

-27% compared to baseline



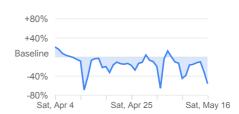
Grocery & pharmacy

-8% compared to baseline



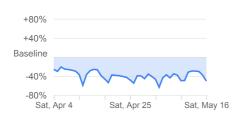
Parks

-56% compared to baseline



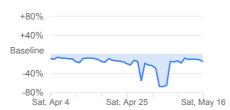
Transit stations

-50% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-16% compared to baseline

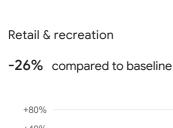


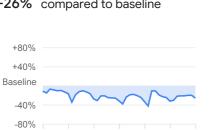
Residential

+12% compared to baseline



Okayama

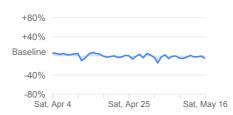




Sat, Apr 25

Grocery & pharmacy

-5% compared to baseline



Parks

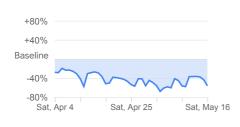
-44% compared to baseline



Transit stations

Sat, Apr 4

-56% compared to baseline



Workplaces

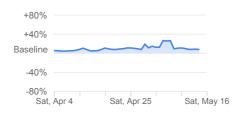
Sat, May 16

-17% compared to baseline



Residential

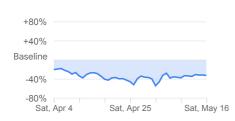
+12% compared to baseline



Okinawa

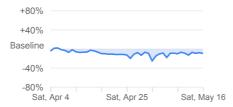
Retail & recreation

-33% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

-9% compared to baseline



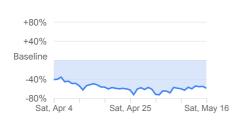
Parks

-49% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-59% compared to baseline



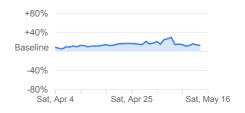
Workplaces

-19% compared to baseline



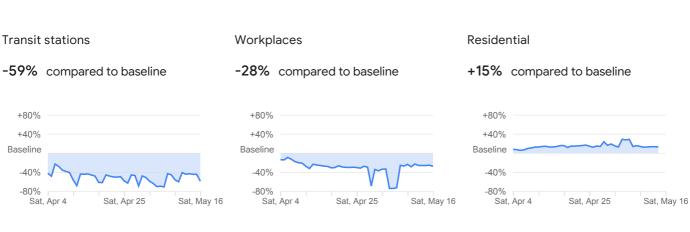
Residential

+13% compared to baseline



Osaka

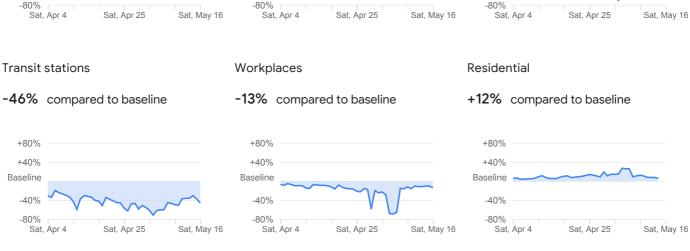
Retail & recreation Grocery & pharmacy **Parks** -50% compared to baseline -18% compared to baseline -66% compared to baseline +80% +80% +80% +40% +40% +40% Baseline Baseline Baseline -40% -40% -40% -80% -80% -80% Sat, Apr 4 Sat, Apr 25 Sat. May 16 Sat, Apr 4 Sat. Apr 25 Sat, May 16 Sat, Apr 4 Sat, Apr 25 Transit stations Workplaces Residential



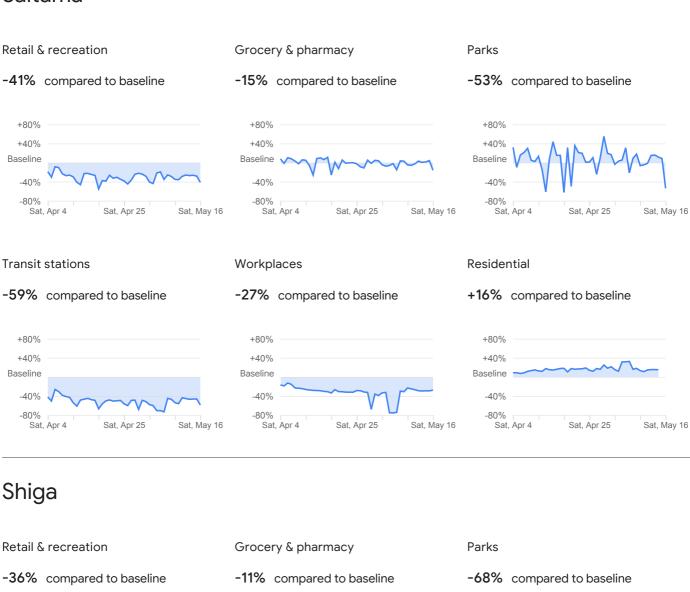
Sat, May 16

Saga

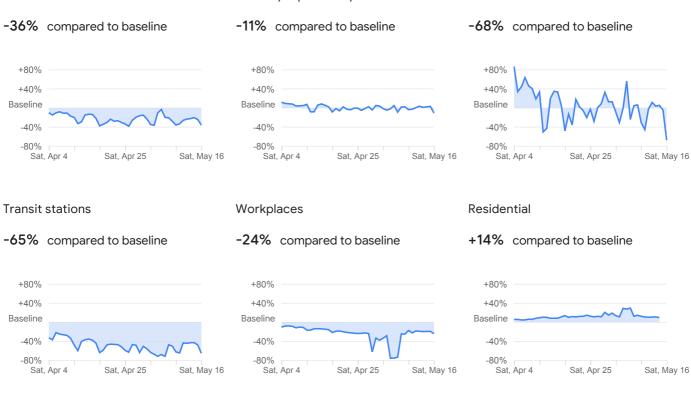




Saitama

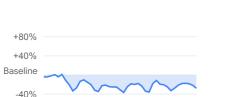






Shimane

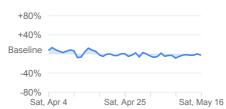
Retail & recreation -28% compared to baseline



Sat, Apr 25

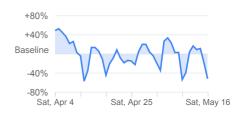
Grocery & pharmacy

-3% compared to baseline



Parks

-52% compared to baseline

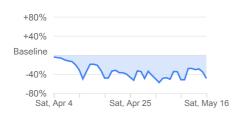


Transit stations

Sat. Apr 4

-80%

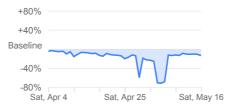
-49% compared to baseline



Workplaces

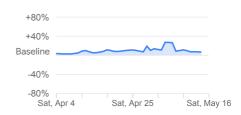
Sat, May 16

-13% compared to baseline



Residential

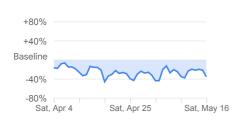
+11% compared to baseline



Shizuoka

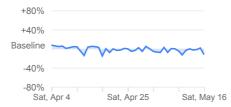
Retail & recreation

-35% compared to baseline



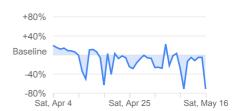
Grocery & pharmacy

-12% compared to baseline



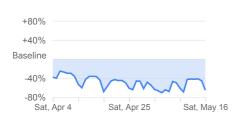
Parks

-71% compared to baseline



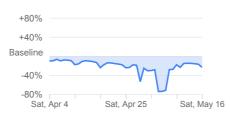
Transit stations

-65% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-23% compared to baseline



Residential

+14% compared to baseline



Tochigi



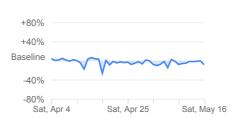
Baseline

-40%

-80%

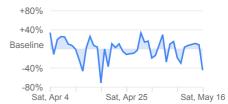
Grocery & pharmacy

-8% compared to baseline



Parks

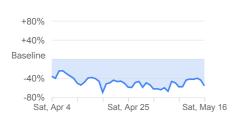
-45% compared to baseline



Transit stations

Sat. Apr 4

-56% compared to baseline

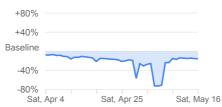


Sat, Apr 25

Workplaces

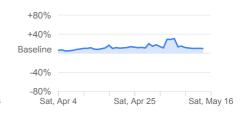
Sat, May 16

-16% compared to baseline



Residential

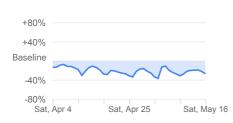
+12% compared to baseline



Tokushima

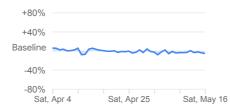
Retail & recreation

-27% compared to baseline



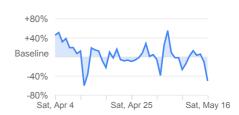
Grocery & pharmacy

-5% compared to baseline



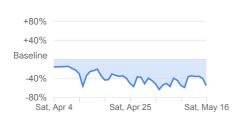
Parks

-50% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-55% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-14% compared to baseline

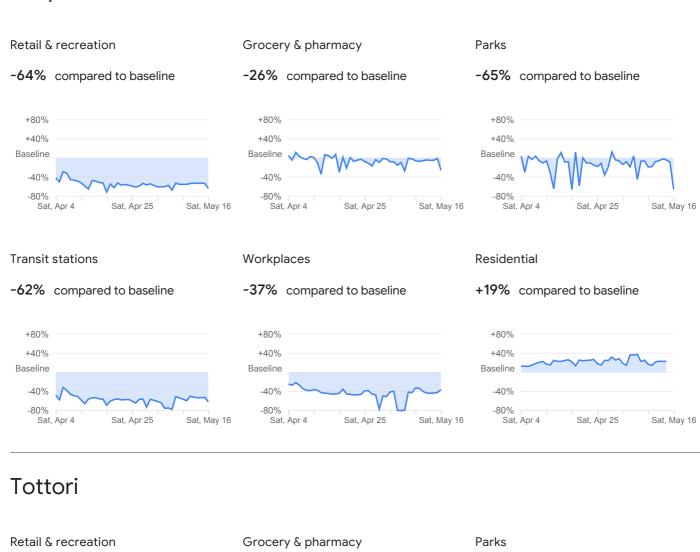


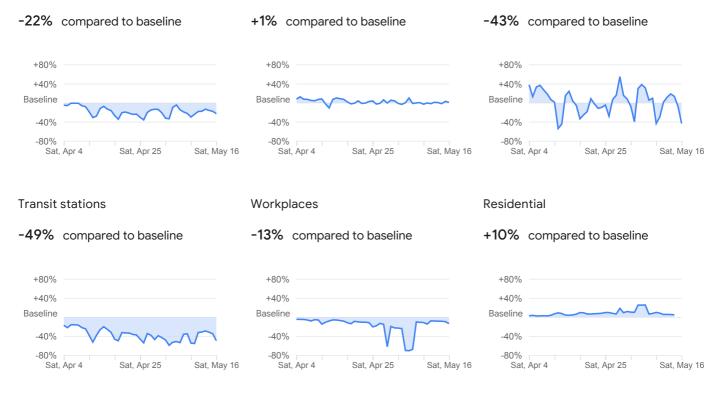
Residential

+11% compared to baseline



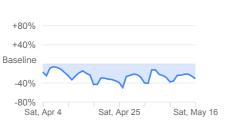
Tokyo





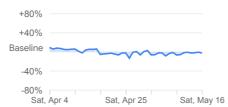
Toyama

Retail & recreation -31% compared to baseline



Grocery & pharmacy

-2% compared to baseline



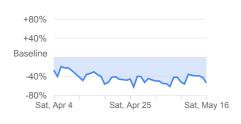
Parks

-35% compared to baseline



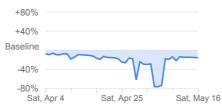
Transit stations

-54% compared to baseline



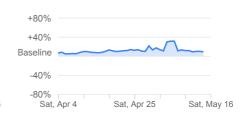
Workplaces

-16% compared to baseline



Residential

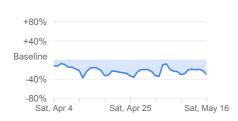
+11% compared to baseline



Wakayama

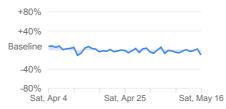
Retail & recreation

-30% compared to baseline



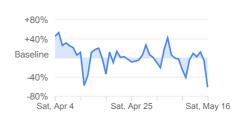
Grocery & pharmacy

-10% compared to baseline



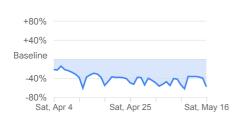
Parks

-61% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-58% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-18% compared to baseline



Residential

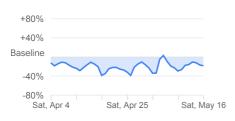
+12% compared to baseline



Yamagata

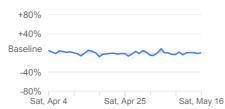
Retail & recreation

-18% compared to baseline



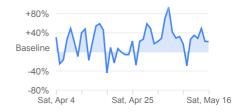
Grocery & pharmacy

+0% compared to baseline



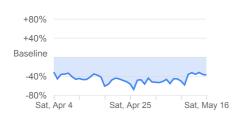
Parks

+22% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-37% compared to baseline



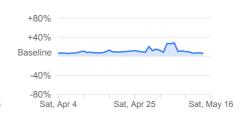
Workplaces

-13% compared to baseline



Residential

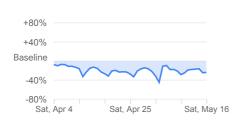
+7% compared to baseline



Yamaguchi

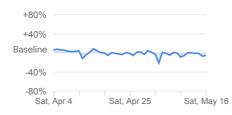
Retail & recreation

-24% compared to baseline



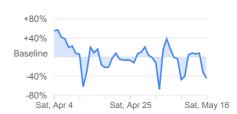
Grocery & pharmacy

-5% compared to baseline



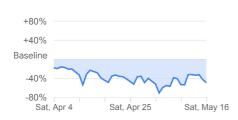
Parks

-45% compared to baseline



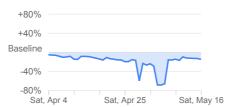
Transit stations

-49% compared to baseline



Workplaces

-15% compared to baseline



Residential

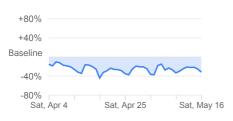
+11% compared to baseline



Yamanashi

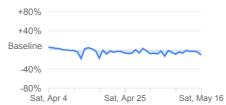
Retail & recreation

-32% compared to baseline



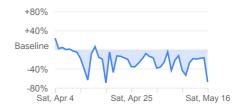
Grocery & pharmacy

-10% compared to baseline



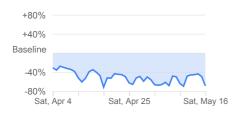
Parks

-67% compared to baseline



Transit stations

-69% compared to baseline



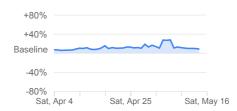
Workplaces

-21% compared to baseline



Residential

+13% compared to baseline



About this data

These reports show how visits and length of stay at different places change compared to a baseline. We calculate these changes using the same kind of aggregated and anonymized data used to show popular times for places in Google Maps.

Changes for each day are compared to a baseline value for that day of the week:

- The baseline is the *median* value, for the corresponding day of the week, during the 5-week period Jan 3-Feb 6, 2020.
- The reports show trends over several weeks with the most recent data representing approximately 2-3 days ago—this is how long it takes to produce the reports.

What data is included in the calculation depends on user settings, connectivity, and whether it meets our privacy threshold. If the privacy threshold isn't met (when somewhere isn't busy enough to ensure anonymity) we don't show a change for the day.

We include categories that are useful to social distancing efforts as well as access to essential services.

We calculate these insights based on data from users who have opted-in to Location History for their Google Account, so the data represents a sample of our users. As with all samples, this may or may not represent the exact behavior of a wider population.

Preserving privacy

These reports were developed to be helpful while adhering to our stringent privacy protocols and protecting people's privacy. No personally identifiable information, like an individual's location, contacts or movement, is made available at any point.

Insights in these reports are created with aggregated, anonymized sets of data from users who have turned on the Location History setting, which is off by default. People who have Location History turned on can choose to turn it off at any time from their Google Account and can always delete Location History data directly from their Timeline.

These reports are powered by the same world-class anonymization technology that we use in our products every day and that keep your activity data private and secure. These reports use differential privacy, which adds artificial noise to our datasets enabling high quality results without identifying any individual person. These privacy-preserving protections also ensure that the absolute number of visits isn't shared.

Further resources

To learn how you can best use this report in your work, visit Mobility Reports Help.

To get the latest report, visit google.com/covid19/mobility