## **Numerical Methods (CS 357)**

# Worksheet

#### Problem 1. Equation of a plane

The (non-unit-length) normal

$$n = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

of a plane P is given. In addition, it is known that the point

$$p = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

is on the plane. What is the value  $\alpha$  on the right hand side of the point-normal equation  $n \cdot x = \alpha$  for P?

### Problem 2. Find an orthogonal vector

Given

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix},$$

find  $y_3$  in

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\1\\y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

so that  $x \perp y$ .

## Problem 3. Orthogonalization step

Given two vectors x and y, which of the following makes  $x \perp y'$ ?

(A) 
$$y' = y - \frac{(x,y)}{(x,x)}x$$

(B) 
$$y' = y - \frac{(x,y)}{(y,x)}x$$

(C) 
$$y' = y - \frac{(x,y)}{(y,x)}y$$

(D) 
$$y' = y - \frac{(x,y)}{(y,y)}y$$

(E) 
$$y' = y - \frac{(x,y)}{(y,y)}x$$