ENAE450 Final Project Report

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1 Introduction

The following report is for our group's final project for ENAE450. The final project required us to navigate a maze using the Turtlebot3 Waffe Pi.

We utilized ROS2 and Python (rospy) to program the navigation code, which utilized the turtlebot's lidar sensor and camera.

The navigation code was tested using the physical robot (See section 3), as well as simulated Gazebo runs (See section 2).

2 Simulation

2.1 Methods

2.1.1 Introduction

Our team utilized ROS2, Python, and Gazebo to simulate the navigation for the Turtlebot3 Waffle Pi.

2.1.2 Navigation Code

2.2 Results

3 Hardware

3.1 Methods

3.1.1 Introduction

Our team used ROS2 and Python to implement the following navigation algorithm on the Turtlebot3 Waffle Pi. The code utilizes the Lidar sensor and the front camera.

3.1.2 Navigation with Lidar

To start, our navigation ROS node subscribed to the Lidar sensor data topic (/scan), and created a publisher for the /cmd_vel to move the turtlebot.

```
self.scan_subscriber = self.create_subscription(
LaserScan,'/scan',self.scan_subscriber_handler, 10)
self.cmd_vel_publisher = self.create_publisher(
Twist, '/cmd_vel', 10)
```

3.1.3 Aruco Marker Detection

Additionally, our team used the turtlebot's front facing camera to detect Aruco markers. This was done as part of the bonus points for the project. For Aruco marker detection, our team used the opency library to analyze the camera frame from the turtlebot.

First, we import opency (cv2) and define the aruco detection variables. We also import the Image class for the camera subscriber:

Next, we created a subscriber to the /image_raw topic to get the camera data from the turtlebot:

```
self.scan_subscriber = self.create_subscription(
Image,'/image_raw',self.frame_handler,10)
```

In the subscriber callback function, we use the open cv library to detect arucos on the frame:

```
def frame_handler(image_data, self):
    # get camera frame data
    frame = image_data.data

# detect arucos
(corners, ids, rejected) = detector.detectMarkers(frame)
```

TODO explain how we interfaced this with rest of code

3.2 Results

4 Retrospective

- 4.1 What Went Well
- 4.2 What We Would've Done Differently
- 4.3 Who Did What