TO RUN PROJECT:

rail s

starts server, go to http://0.0.0.0:3000/

Press ctrl+c to shut down the server

rails new appName

installs a new folder with rails

Hirb.enable

use this once you go to the rails console: rails c

rails g model User first\_name:string age:integer….

this creates/generates a model name User with a first\_name column as a string, and age as an integer. Model names needs to be capitalized and singular

rake db:migrate to migrate your models

rails c

opens rails console

rails g controller ControllerName index new create findOne

creates a new controller, needs to be capital and plural, anything after the ControllerName and separated by a space will be written as an empty method for that controller upon creation.

<input type="hidden" name="authenticity\_token" value="<%= form\_authenticity\_token %>">

USEFUL GEMS put in your Gemfile,

bundle install when your done

gem 'faker'

gem 'hirb'

gem 'rails-footnotes', '>= 4.0.0', '<5'

group :test, :development do

gem 'rspec-rails'

gem 'database\_cleaner'

end

group :test do

gem 'capybara'

end

gem 'carrierwave'

gem 'bootstrap-sass'

gem 'bcrypt'

rails generate rails\_footnotes:install

rails g rspec:install

rspec .

PUT THIS IN RAILS\_HELPER.RB, over the “RSpec.configure do |config|” it already has in place

RSpec.configure do |config|

config.fixture\_path = "#{::Rails.root}/spec/fixtures"

config.use\_transactional\_fixtures = true

config.infer\_spec\_type\_from\_file\_location!

config.include Capybara::DSL

config.before(:suite) do

DatabaseCleaner.clean\_with(:truncation)

end

config.before(:each) do

DatabaseCleaner.strategy = :transaction

end

config.before(:each) do

DatabaseCleaner.start

end

config.after(:each) do

DatabaseCleaner.clean

end

end

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**rake db:create**

**rails generate rails\_footnotes:install**

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VALIDATIONS EXAMPLES BELOW

user.errors.full\_messages

use in rails console to see errors/validation messages

ex:

*class* User < *ActiveRecord::Base*

EMAIL\_REGEX = /\A([^@\s]+)@((?:[-a-z0-9]+\.)+[a-z]+)\z/i

validates :first\_name, :last\_name, presence: true, length: { in: 2..20 }

validates :email, presence: true, uniqueness: { case\_sensitive: false }, format: { with: EMAIL\_REGEX }

end

Before\_ callbacks that are useful

1. before\_validation
2. before\_validation\_on\_create
3. after\_validation
4. after\_validation\_on\_create
5. before\_save
6. before\_create
7. after\_create
8. after\_save

basic validations:

* **:length**- validates the length of an attribute's value
  + :minimum, :maximum, :in, :is
* **:numericality -**validates whether an attribute is a numeric value
  + **:** :odd, :even, and many others
* **:presence -**validates that the specified attributes are not empty
* **:uniqueness** - validates whether the value is unique in the corresponding database table. NOTE: always create a unique index in the database too.
* **:confirmation** - use this when you have two text fields that should receive exactly the same content; assumes the second field name has "\_confirmation" appended
* **validates\_associated** - use this when your model has associations with other models and they also need to be validated
* **:acceptance** - validate whether a checkbox was checked when a form was submitted (usually for 'terms and conditions')
* also, get familiar with **:message** and **:on**