< Deep Learning - PART2 TF2 CNNs >

Ch 5. CNNs Workshop 4 - CIFAR10 : Image Classifier on Google Colab & Google Drive

2021/10/01

[Reference]:

- TensorFlow Core Tutorials: Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)
 https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/images/cnn?hl=zh_tw
 (https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/images/cnn?hl=zh_tw)
- CIFAR-10 and CIFAR-100 datasets https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html)
- 李飛飛教授: Convolutional Neural Networks (教學投影片)
 (http://cs231n.stanford.edu/slides/2017/cs231n_2017_lecture5.pdf
 (http://cs231n.stanford.edu/slides/2017/cs231n_2017_lecture5.pdf))
- 李飛飛教授: Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs / ConvNets)
 (https://cs231n.github.io/convolutional-networks/ (<a href="https://cs231n.github.io/convolutional
- tf.keras.layers.Conv2D
 (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/layers/Conv2D
 (https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/layers/Conv2D))

In []:

1 import tensorflow as tf
2 print(tf.__version__)
3
4 from tensorflow.keras import layers, models

2.3.0

Download CIFAR-10 Python Version dataset from

- https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html
 (https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html)
- The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 colour images in 10 classes, with 6000 images per class. There are 50000 training images and 10000 test images.

```
[ Reference ] :
```

 Learning Multiple Layers of Features from Tiny Images, Alex Krizhevsky, 2009. https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/learning-features-2009-TR.pdf

```
In [ ]:
                                                                               H
 1
    import numpy as np
 2
 3 class CifarLoader(object):
 4
        def __init__(self, source_files):
 5
            self._source = source_files
            self. i = 0
 6
 7
            self.images = None
            self.labels = None
 8
 9
        def load(self):
10
            data = [unpickle(f) for f in self._source]
11
12
            # print(data)
            images = np.vstack([d[b"data"] for d in data])
13
            n = len(images) # 32 x 32 x 3 channels
14
15
            self.images = images.reshape(n, 3, 32, 32).transpose(0, 2, 3, 1).as
            self.labels = one_hot(np.hstack([d[b"labels"] for d in data]), 10)
16
17
            return self
18
19
        def next_batch(self, batch_size):
            x, y = self.images[self._i : self._i+batch_size], self.labels[self.
20
            self._i = (self._i + batch_size) % len(self.images)
21
22
            return x, y
```

Loading dataset and running this program on the Google's Colab...

Mounted at /content/drive

```
In []:

1  # After executing the cell above, Drive
2  # files will be present in "/content/drive/My Drive".
3  # !ls "/content/drive/My Drive"
4 !ls "/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/cifar-10-batches-py"
5  ## Loading CIFAR-10 dataset from your Google Drive
6  DATA_PATH = "/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/cifar-10-batches-py"
```

```
batches.meta data_batch_2 data_batch_4 readme.html
data_batch_1 data_batch_3 data_batch_5 test_batch
```

Loading dataset from the unzipped files...

```
H
In [ ]:
 1 import pickle
 2 import os
 4 ## Loading CIFAR-10 dataset from your Google Drive
 5 DATA_PATH = "/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/cifar-10-batches-py"
 6
 7 ## < for CIFAR-10 dataset on local host >
 8 ## DATA_PATH = "./cifar-10-batches-py"
 9
10 def unpickle(file):
        with open(os.path.join(DATA_PATH, file), 'rb') as fo:
11
            dict = pickle.load(fo, encoding='bytes') ## encoding='bytes'
12
        return dict
13
14
15 def one_hot(vec, vals=10):
16
        n = len(vec)
        out = np.zeros((n, vals))
17
        out[range(n), vec] = 1
18
19
        return out
```

In []:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
 2
 3
   def display_cifar(images, size):
 5
       n = len(images)
 6
       plt.figure()
 7
       plt.gca().set axis off()
       im = np.vstack([np.hstack([images[np.random.choice(n)] for i in range(s
 8
            for i in range(size)])
9
10
       plt.imshow(im)
       plt.show()
11
12
13 cifar = CifarDataManager() # Loading CIFAR-10 dataset
14 images = cifar.train.images
15 display_cifar(images, 10)
```



```
In [ ]: ▶
```

```
print("Number of train images: {}".format(len(cifar.train.images)))
print("Number of train labels: {}".format(len(cifar.train.labels)))
print("Number of test images: {}".format(len(cifar.test.images)))
print("Number of test images: {}".format(len(cifar.test.labels)))
```

Number of train images: 50000 Number of train labels: 50000 Number of test images: 10000 Number of test images: 10000

```
In []:

1  print("Train images: {}".format(cifar.train.images.shape))
2  print("Train labels: {}".format(cifar.train.labels.shape))
3  print(" Test images: {}".format(cifar.test.images.shape))
4  print(" Test labels: {}".format(cifar.test.labels.shape))

Train images: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
Train labels: (50000, 10)
Test images: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
Test labels: (10000, 10)
```

< CNN Model > :

Forward Propagation

In [200]:

```
1 model = models.Sequential()
 2
 3 # 1st (Conv Layer + Batch Norm) * 3 + MaxPooling Layer
   model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',
               padding='same', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
 6 model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
   model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
 7
   model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
   model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
   model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
10
                                              # Batch Norm
   model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
12
   model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
13
14 # 2nd (Conv Layer + Batch Norm) * 2 + MaxPooling Layer
15 | model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
16 model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
   model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
17
18
   model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
19
   model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
20
   model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
21
22 # 3rd (Conv Layer + Batch Norm) * 2 + MaxPooling Layer
23 model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
24 model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
25 model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
   model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
27
   model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
28
   model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5))
29
30 # 4th (Conv Layer + Batch Norm) * 2
31 model.add(layers.Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
32 model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
   model.add(layers.Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
34 model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
                                              # Batch Norm
35 | model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
36 model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5))
```

```
In [201]:
```

```
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())  # Batch Norm
model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
```

In [202]: ▶

1 model.summary()

Model: "sequential_30"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_245 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	896
batch_normalization_280 (Bat	(None, 32, 32, 32)	128
conv2d_246 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	9248
batch_normalization_281 (Bat	(None, 32, 32, 32)	128
conv2d_247 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 64)	18496
batch_normalization_282 (Bat	(None, 32, 32, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_111 (MaxPoolin	(None, 16, 16, 64)	0
dropout_149 (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	0
conv2d_248 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	36928
batch_normalization_283 (Bat	(None, 16, 16, 64)	256
conv2d_249 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	36928
batch_normalization_284 (Bat	(None, 16, 16, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_112 (MaxPoolin	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0
dropout_150 (Dropout)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0
conv2d_250 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	73856
batch_normalization_285 (Bat	(None, 8, 8, 128)	512
conv2d_251 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	147584
batch_normalization_286 (Bat	(None, 8, 8, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_113 (MaxPoolin	(None, 4, 4, 128)	0
dropout_151 (Dropout)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	0
conv2d_252 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 256)	295168
batch_normalization_287 (Bat	(None, 4, 4, 256)	1024
conv2d_253 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 256)	590080
batch_normalization_288 (Bat	(None, 4, 4, 256)	1024

<pre>max_pooling2d_114 (MaxPoolin</pre>	(None, 2, 2, 256)	0
dropout_152 (Dropout)	(None, 2, 2, 256)	0
flatten_29 (Flatten)	(None, 1024)	0
dense_64 (Dense)	(None, 128)	131200
batch_normalization_289 (Bat	(None, 128)	512
dropout_153 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_65 (Dense)	(None, 10) 	1290
Total params: 1,346,282 Trainable params: 1,343,978 Non-trainable params: 2,304		

• Back-Propagation

```
In [203]:
                                                                             H
 1 model.compile(optimizer='adam',
           loss='categorical_crossentropy',
 2
           metrics=['accuracy'])
 3
```

Training ...

• BATCH_SIZE = 32 (default value : 32)

In [204]:

```
history = model.fit(cifar.train.images, cifar.train.labels, epochs=30,
validation_split=0.1)
```

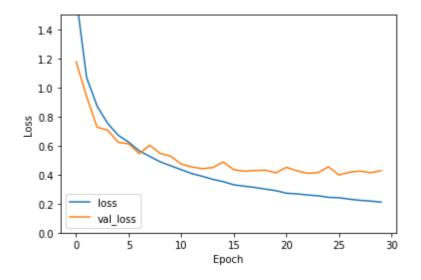
```
Epoch 1/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 26ms/step - los
s: 1.6297 - accuracy: 0.4180 - val_loss: 1.1772 - val_accuracy:
0.5842
Epoch 2/30
s: 1.0685 - accuracy: 0.6246 - val_loss: 0.9373 - val_accuracy:
0.6838
Epoch 3/30
s: 0.8717 - accuracy: 0.6985 - val_loss: 0.7267 - val_accuracy:
0.7464
Epoch 4/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.7530 - accuracy: 0.7415 - val_loss: 0.7063 - val_accuracy:
0.7534
Epoch 5/30
s: 0.6714 - accuracy: 0.7692 - val_loss: 0.6229 - val_accuracy:
0.7980
Epoch 6/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.6237 - accuracy: 0.7879 - val_loss: 0.6122 - val_accuracy:
0.7910
Epoch 7/30
s: 0.5640 - accuracy: 0.8100 - val_loss: 0.5447 - val_accuracy:
0.8166
Epoch 8/30
s: 0.5254 - accuracy: 0.8217 - val_loss: 0.6024 - val_accuracy:
0.7990
Epoch 9/30
s: 0.4881 - accuracy: 0.8335 - val_loss: 0.5462 - val_accuracy:
0.8170
Epoch 10/30
s: 0.4608 - accuracy: 0.8414 - val_loss: 0.5271 - val_accuracy:
0.8266
Epoch 11/30
s: 0.4340 - accuracy: 0.8521 - val_loss: 0.4729 - val_accuracy:
0.8408
Epoch 12/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.4074 - accuracy: 0.8621 - val_loss: 0.4527 - val_accuracy:
0.8502
Epoch 13/30
s: 0.3886 - accuracy: 0.8671 - val_loss: 0.4408 - val_accuracy:
```

```
0.8558
Epoch 14/30
1407/1407 [=========== ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.3676 - accuracy: 0.8753 - val_loss: 0.4486 - val_accuracy:
0.8522
Epoch 15/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.3516 - accuracy: 0.8808 - val loss: 0.4873 - val accuracy:
0.8440
Epoch 16/30
s: 0.3299 - accuracy: 0.8876 - val_loss: 0.4335 - val_accuracy:
0.8630
Epoch 17/30
s: 0.3204 - accuracy: 0.8894 - val_loss: 0.4237 - val_accuracy:
0.8660
Epoch 18/30
s: 0.3115 - accuracy: 0.8938 - val_loss: 0.4284 - val_accuracy:
Epoch 19/30
s: 0.3003 - accuracy: 0.8970 - val_loss: 0.4308 - val_accuracy:
0.8640
Epoch 20/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.2895 - accuracy: 0.8990 - val_loss: 0.4123 - val_accuracy:
0.8666
Epoch 21/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.2723 - accuracy: 0.9065 - val_loss: 0.4504 - val_accuracy:
0.8614
Epoch 22/30
1407/1407 [============ ] - 36s 25ms/step - los
s: 0.2673 - accuracy: 0.9094 - val_loss: 0.4262 - val_accuracy:
0.8622
Epoch 23/30
s: 0.2600 - accuracy: 0.9108 - val_loss: 0.4090 - val_accuracy:
0.8734
Epoch 24/30
s: 0.2544 - accuracy: 0.9116 - val_loss: 0.4136 - val_accuracy:
0.8788
Epoch 25/30
s: 0.2436 - accuracy: 0.9158 - val_loss: 0.4543 - val_accuracy:
0.8686
Epoch 26/30
s: 0.2408 - accuracy: 0.9156 - val_loss: 0.3975 - val_accuracy:
0.8820
Epoch 27/30
s: 0.2309 - accuracy: 0.9218 - val_loss: 0.4165 - val_accuracy:
0.8758
```

Evaluation

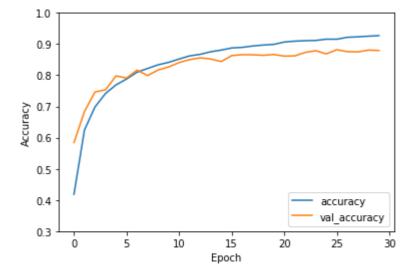
```
In [211]:
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label = 'val_loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.ylim([0, 1.5])
plt.legend(loc='lower left')
plt.show()
```



```
In [212]:
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label = 'val_accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.ylim([0.3, 1])
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.show()
```

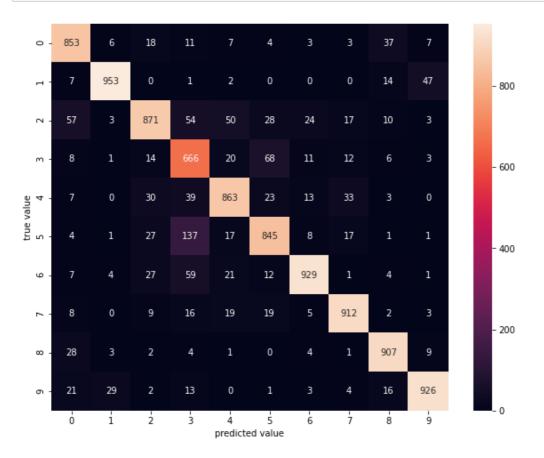


Confusion Matrix

```
M
In [213]:
 1 test_predict = model.predict(cifar.test.images)
 2 test_predict
Out[213]:
array([[1.4182602e-07, 6.2875465e-08, 1.6014928e-06, ..., 1.25194
69e-07,
        8.0835086e-08, 4.2166075e-08],
       [1.9468818e-05, 1.6829812e-03, 4.2885876e-08, ..., 8.36456
15e-09,
        9.9829668e-01, 1.8060865e-07],
       [2.0425217e-04, 9.9261886e-01, 8.2219703e-06, ..., 1.92755
10e-06,
        7.1251350e-03, 3.2941814e-05],
       [1.0717752e-06, 7.5279139e-08, 4.6543805e-06, ..., 1.41682
93e-06,
        3.6145357e-07, 2.2929487e-07],
       [8.8150543e-04, 9.9872953e-01, 1.4206319e-04, ..., 9.55433
55e-06,
        5.1114512e-05, 4.8709891e-05],
       [2.7192047e-07, 1.7739443e-06, 4.2710103e-06, ..., 9.99820
53e-01,
        1.7729168e-07, 1.5285700e-07]], dtype=float32)
In [214]:
                                                                              H
 1 import numpy as np
 2 test_predict_result = np.array([np.argmax(test_predict[i]) for i in range(]
 3 test_predict_result
Out[214]:
array([3, 8, 1, ..., 5, 1, 7])
In [215]:
                                                                              M
 1 test_labels = np.array([np.argmax(cifar.test.labels[i])
                 for i in range(len(cifar.test.labels))])
 3 test_labels
Out[215]:
array([3, 8, 8, ..., 5, 1, 7])
```

In [217]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 2
   import seaborn as sns
 3
   %matplotlib inline
 4
 5
   from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
 6
 7
   mat = confusion_matrix(test_predict_result, test_labels)
 8
 9
   plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
   sns.heatmap(mat, square=False, annot=True, fmt ='d', cbar=True)
10
   plt.xlim((0, 10))
12
   plt.ylim((10, 0))
   plt.xlabel('predicted value')
13
   plt.ylabel('true value')
14
15
   plt.show()
16
17
   print(mat)
```



```
7 953
        0
               2
                      0
                          0 14 47]
            1
                   0
[ 57
      3 871 54 50
                  28
                      24
                          17
                              10
                                  3]
  8
      1
        14 666
               20
                   68
                      11
                          12
                               6
                                  3]
  7
      0
        30
           39 863
                   23
                      13
                          33
                                  0]
                               3
  4
      1
        27 137
               17 845
                      8
                          17
                             1
                                  1]
[ 7
[ 8
[ 28
     4
        27 59
              21
                   12 929
                          1
                             4
                                  1]
                             2
     0
        9 16 19
                   19
                       5 912
                                  3]
         2
                           1 907
     3
            4
                1
                   0
                       4
                                  9]
[ 21 29
         2 13
                0
                   1
                       3
                           4 16 926]]
```