# Air conditioners product catalogue 2017

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**Where can I find AC model number?** The model and serial number can be found on the rating plate of your air conditioner or heat pump. This is generally found slightly above the refrigerant valves on the back side of the unit.

**What is model code of air conditioner?** The model number is typically located on a label on the outside of your AC unit. The label may be located on the back, side, or bottom of the unit. Look for a label with the manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number.

**What are the splits air conditioner?** What is a split system air conditioner? A split system air conditioner has two components, an indoor and outdoor unit. The indoor unit absorbs heat, while the outdoor unit cools and pumps cold air into the indoor unit. The two units are connected by insulated tubes which are piped through a small hole in the wall.

**What is the oldest air conditioner brand?** Willis Carrier starts the engine that will drive the world's first modern air conditioning system, installed in the summer of 1902 at the Sackett & Wilhelms printing plant in Brooklyn, New York.

**How to check AC manufacturing date?**

**How old is my AC by model number?** The nameplate on the condenser will have the manufacturer's name and the serial number. The first four digits of the serial number are the year the unit was manufactured.

**Is 1391 part 1 2017?** Indian Standard IS 1391 (Part 1): 2017, which specifies the Room Air Conditioners- Specification Part 1 Unitary Air Conditioners. This order shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

**How do I know my AC size from model number?** An air conditioner's model number is a string of numbers and letters. Within the string, you should see an even, two-digit number. Add three zeroes to the number and you have the BTU rating. Divide the two-digit number by 12, and you have the tonnage.

**What is AC code?** C-codes are used in conjunction with the Medicare prospective payment system for outpatient procedures only. Revenue codes help hospitals categorize services provided by revenue center. Medicare utilizes revenue codes for cost reporting purposes.

**Which is the best, an inverter or a non-inverter?** Inverter Air Conditioners are much more energy efficient than their non-inverter counterparts: they can save up to 30% on electricity compared to non-inverters. Non-inverter air conditioners use the on/off method, where the compressor is switched on and off at regular intervals to maintain the desired temperature.

**What does inverter AC mean?** An inverter air conditioner uses microprocessors to control the speed of its compressor motor to match the required output. Once the room is cool or warm, an inverter air conditioner lowers the speed of the motor to save energy and maintain the desired temperature. How Does an Inverter Air Conditioner Work?

**Are inverter air conditioners better?** Hands down, inverter air conditioners are the winners regarding energy efficiency. They operate more economically and seamlessly compared to fixed-speed models.

**Who is the father of AC brand?** Willis Carrier "The Father of Air Conditioning" Willis H Carrier, who from 1902 to 1915 was Chief Engineer of the Buffalo Forge Company, subsequently acquired by Howden in 1993, invented the first electrical air conditioning unit in 1902.

**Which country made AC?** In 1901, American inventor Willis H. Carrier built what is considered the first modern electrical air conditioning unit.

**Which is the top first AC brand?** Some of the top AC brands in India include Lloyd, LG, Blue Star, Voltas, Daikin, Hitachi, and Samsung. 2. What factors should I consider when choosing an AC brand?

**How to know AC model code?**

**How long do air conditioners last?** Here's how long some of the most common types of AC last: Window Unit AC — 10 years. Portable AC — 5-10 years. Residential single whole-home AC unit — 15 years. Central air-source heat pumps — 15 years (and up to 20–25 years if well-maintained and in a well insulated home)

**How do I know if my AC is original?** To easily distinguish the original air conditioner from a fake one, you should ask the seller to show you the electrical board of the external panel. This board is located in the compressor and condenser section.

**Is a 10 year old AC old?** Modern air conditioners can last between 15-20 years, and older air conditioners last around 10-12 years. The health and efficiency of your A/C depends on a number of factors, including whether or not you properly maintained the unit throughout its lifetime.

**How old is an old air conditioner?** The Common AC Age Cutoff Once an AC is more than 10 years old, it's in the range where a replacement is usually cost-effective. An AC that is older than 15 years is almost certainly be replaced.

**How to read an air conditioner label?** Find your condensing unit and search for a data plaque or sticker on the side. You should see a model number and a string of numerals and letters. There should also be an even, two-digit number – which indicates the AC tonnage of the unit. This number is typically between 18 and 60.

**How do I know what kind of AC I have?** To identify the make, model, age, and size you will need to find the manufacturers label. Do this on the outdoor unit, whether it's a split system or package system. On a package system it is usually on the right side of the equipment, near where the gas and power connect to the system.

**How do I know my AC size from model number?** An air conditioner's model number is a string of numbers and letters. Within the string, you should see an even, two-digit number. Add three zeroes to the number and you have the BTU rating. Divide the two-digit number by 12, and you have the tonnage.

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**How to find carrier AC model number?** Air conditioners, heat pumps including geothermal and packaged products. Look on the back of your unit, and you'll find the model number listed on a silver series rating-plate located above the service valve connections.

**How to get Samsung AC model number?**

**Wheel and Pinion Cutting in Horology: A Historical Exploration**

**What is wheel and pinion cutting in horology?**

Wheel and pinion cutting is a specialized process in horology, the art of making mechanical timepieces, involving the precise machining of interlocking gear components known as wheels and pinions. Wheels have teeth cut into their circumference, while pinions are smaller gears with leaves or pins protruding from their edges.

**How were wheels and pinions traditionally cut?**

Traditionally, wheel and pinion cutting was performed using manual techniques. The blank gear was mounted on a lathe, and a cutter with the desired tooth profile was used to cut into the metal. This laborious process required skilled artisans and was often time-consuming.

**When did automated wheel and pinion cutting emerge?**

Automated wheel and pinion cutting emerged in the late 19th century. The invention of specialized machines, such as the dividing engine and the gear hobbing machine, revolutionized the production of gears. These machines significantly improved accuracy and efficiency, allowing for the mass production of horological components.

**What are the challenges in wheel and pinion cutting?**

Wheel and pinion cutting poses several challenges due to the precision required. The teeth must be cut with accurate profiles, and their spacing and engagement must be precise to ensure smooth operation of the timepiece. Additionally, the cutting process can generate heat, which can distort the metal and introduce errors.

**How is wheel and pinion cutting performed today?**

Modern wheel and pinion cutting is typically performed using CNC (computer numerical control) machines. These machines use computerized instructions to control the cutting process, ensuring high accuracy and repeatability. Advanced manufacturing techniques, such as wire EDM (electrical discharge machining), are also used to produce complex gear geometries with minimal tool wear.

**What is the Cold War answers?** The Cold War was an ongoing political rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies that developed after World War II. This hostility between the two superpowers was first given its name by George Orwell in an article published in 1945.

**What is Cold War one word answer?** A cold war is a state of conflict between nations that does not involve direct military action but is pursued primarily through economic and political actions, propaganda, acts of espionage or proxy wars waged by surrogates. This term is most commonly used to refer to the American-Soviet Cold War of 1947–1989.

**What did MacArthur's counterattack at Inchon accomplish in Quizlet?** It was through the UN. What did MacArthur's counterattack at Inchon accomplish? It saved the South Korea and captured most of North Korean army.

**What caused the disagreement between MacArthur and Truman Quizlet?** The UN troops approached the river, border between North Korea and China. China's Foreign Minister would not stand idly by. What caused the disagreement between MacArthur and Truman? Truman rejected MacArthur's request to attack China.

**How to answer Cold War questions?** Provide evidence to support your point and the theme of the answer. Make the evidence specific, eg use key terms, dates and names. Be precise with the facts – don't generalise. Interpret the evidence and show how it agrees or disagrees with the question theme.

**What caused the Cold War Short answer?** The Cold War was caused by disagreements about the practices of communism versus democracy. Though they were allies in the Second World War, the USSR and the United States did not have the same opinion on how to divide and manage Germany following its defeat in

World War II.

**Does Cold War still exist?** The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies, the Western Bloc and the Eastern Bloc, that started in 1947, two years after the end of World War II, and lasted until the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991.

**Who first said "cold war"?** Truman. On this day in 1947, Bernard Baruch, the multimillionaire financier and adviser to presidents from Woodrow Wilson to Harry S. Truman, coined the term "Cold War" to describe the increasingly chilly relations between two World War II Allies: the United States and the Soviet Union.

**Are we in a Cold War right now?** Historian Antony Beevor stated in October 2022 that he believes the world to be in a Second Cold War, and that "it is no longer [about] the old divide between left and right" but rather "a change in the direction of autocracy versus democracy", a change made apparent by the Russian invasion of Ukraine; in his opinion, ...

**What was MacArthur's plan at Inchon?** MacArthur's plan was to advance from Inchon to capture the nearby air base at Kimpo, and then liberate the NKPA-occupied South Korean capital of Seoul, which was also the key link in the North Korea logisitical support network.

**Why did China enter the war?** What were the factors that led the Chinese to decide that they had to enter the war on behalf of North Korea? It has been generally accepted in the west that the Chinese were motivated by a combination of Chinese xenophobic attitudes, security concerns, expansionist tendencies and the communist ideology.

**What was MacArthur's plan to win the war?** Douglas MacArthur wanted to use atomic bombs to contain China and ultimately win the Korean War.

**What was the conflict between MacArthur and Truman over the war with China?** MacArthur, who commanded the troops of the United Nations , wanted to use American air power to attack the People's Republic of China . Truman refused, fearing that an American attack on China would bring the Soviet Union into the war.

**What was the goal of containment?** The key goals of containment were to limit the spread of Soviet power and Communist ideology. Yet containment was never a defensive strategy; it was con ceived as an instrument to achieve victory in the Cold War. At the end of World War II, President Harry S.

**When was Russia our ally?** Although relations between the Soviet Union and the United States had been strained in the years before World War II, the U.S.-Soviet alliance of 1941–1945 was marked by a great degree of cooperation and was essential to securing the defeat of Nazi Germany.

**What is Cold War question answer?** The Cold War was a period of economic, political and military tension between the United States and Soviet Union from 1945 to 1991. Following the end of the Second World War, complications arose centering on the shifting of international power.

**Why were Americans so fearful of communism?** McCarthyism coincided with an increased and widespread fear of communist espionage that was consequent of the increasing tension in the Cold War through the Soviet occupation of Eastern Europe, the Berlin Blockade (1948–49), the end of the Chinese Civil War, the confessions of spying for the Soviet Union that were made ...

**What ended the Cold War?** While the exact end date of the Cold War is debated among historians, it is generally agreed upon that the implementation of nuclear and conventional arms control agreements, the withdrawal of Soviet military forces from Afghanistan and Eastern Europe, and the collapse of the Soviet Union marked the end of the Cold War ...

**Who were the big three?** The Big Three—Soviet leader Joseph Stalin, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill (replaced on July 26 by Prime Minister Clement Attlee), and U.S. President Harry Truman—met in Potsdam, Germany, from July 17 to August 2, 1945, to negotiate terms for the end of World War II.

**What is the Cold War summary?** The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension marked by competition and confrontation between communist nations led by the Soviet Union and Western democracies including the United States. During World War II, the United States and the Soviets fought together as allies against

Nazi Germany.

**Why is it called the Cold War?** This period is known as the Cold War because there was no direct military engagement between the United States and the Soviet Union. However, this period was anything but "cold," as multiple countries experienced internal violence as the U.S. and the Soviets supported competing factions fighting for power.

**What is the Cold War short summary?** The Cold War was a decades-long struggle for global supremacy that pitted the capitalist United States against the communist Soviet Union.

**What is the Cold War quizlet?** Cold War. a state of tension between two superpowers with no actual fighting; power struggle between the soviet union and the United States after world war II. Soviet Satellites. The Eastern European nations that remained under the control of the Soviet Union after the Second World War.

**What was the Cold War in a few words?** The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension marked by competition and confrontation between communist nations led by the Soviet Union and Western democracies including the United States.

**What is the best definition of cold war?** : a conflict over ideological differences carried on by methods short of sustained overt military action and usually without breaking off diplomatic relations. specifically, often capitalized C&W : the ideological conflict between the U.S. and the Soviet Union during the second half of the 20th century compare hot war.

**What is page object model in Selenium for beginners?** The Page Object Model (POM) is a design pattern widely used in test automation to enhance automated test scripts' maintainability, scalability, and reusability. It promotes a structured approach to organizing code and makes it easy to manage and update test cases as the application evolves.

**Why should you use page object Model framework?** The Page Object Model (POM) acts as a roadmap for efficient testing in websites and applications. It arranges testing procedures coherently, enhancing collaboration and minimizing

errors.

**What is the framework in Selenium?** The Selenium Framework is basically code structure that makes code maintenance easy and efficient. Without frameworks, users may place the code at some location which is not reusable or readable.

**What is Selenium introduction?** Selenium is an open-source, automated testing tool used to test web applications across multiple browsers. It's primarily built in Java and supports several browsers and programming languages. The Selenium test suite comprises of four tools: Selenium Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

**How to explain POM in interview?** POM, also known as Page Object Model, is a Selenium design pattern that creates an object repository for all web elements. Test case maintenance is made easier by reducing code duplication. Every web page in an application is a class file in the Page Object Model.

**What is difference between POM and page object model?** Page Object Model, also known as POM, is a design pattern in Selenium that creates an object repository for storing all web elements. It helps reduce code duplication and improves test case maintenance. In Page Object Model, consider each web page of an application as a class file.

**What are the disadvantages of POM?** Disadvantages of the Page Object Model You'll need to create separate page classes for each page in your application and ensure that they are kept up to date as the UI changes. This can be time-consuming and may require additional effort from your team.

**When not to use page object model?**

**What is the POM design pattern in Selenium?** Page Object Model (POM) is a design pattern in Selenium that is used to create an object repository to store all web elements. It helps improve the code reusability and test case maintenance.

**Is Selenium easy to learn?** Selenium is relatively easy to learn, requiring just some basic knowledge of HTML and a few commands to get started. Learning Selenium has the bonus of making it easier to learn more complex coding languages, such as Java and Python, as many of the same concepts carry over.

**Is Selenium a framework or API?** As one of the most widely used test automation frameworks in the world, Selenium is definitely a popular test framework suite for automating web browser testing.

**What is TestNG in Selenium?** TestNG is an open-source test automation framework for Java. It is developed on the same lines as JUnit and NUnit. A few advanced and useful features provided by TestNG make it a more robust framework than its peers. The NG in TestNG stands for 'Next Generation.

**How do you explain Selenium in an interview?** Explain that Selenium WebDriver is the core automation tool used for interacting with web elements and performing actions on web pages. Java is the programming language used for writing test scripts due to its extensive inbuilt libraries, maintainability, and strong community support.

**What are 3 things Selenium is used for?** Selenium is used to make pigments for ceramics, paint and plastics. Selenium has both a photovoltaic action (converts light to electricity) and a photoconductive action (electrical resistance decreases with increased illumination). It is therefore useful in photocells, solar cells and photocopiers.

**What is Selenium for beginners?** Selenium is an open-source, automated, and valuable testing tool that all web application developers should be well aware of. A test performed using Selenium is usually referred to as Selenium automation testing.

**How to explain page object model in Selenium in interview?** Selenium Page Object Model is a popular design pattern used in automation testing, particularly with Selenium WebDriver. It helps to organize and maintain code in a more modular and reusable way, making the test scripts easier to develop and maintain.

**Why use page object model?** The Page Object Model design pattern is an important tool for test automation and should be used to improve code quality, maintainability, reusability, scalability, extensibility, and readability. It makes tests maintainable, reusable, and pushes us to think about how to structure our automation code better.

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**What is the framework in Selenium with an example?** Selenium Framework is a suite of automation testing tools based on the JavaScript framework. It could run the tests directly on the target browser, drive the interactions on the required web page and rerun them without any manual input. It eliminates repetitive manual testing that consumes lots of time and effort.

**What are the disadvantages of POM in Selenium?** The Page Object Model (POM) is not without its drawbacks for testers. It requires more effort and time to design and implement the page objects and methods, and may introduce complexity and overhead by adding an extra layer of abstraction and code that needs to be managed.

**How to write XPath in Selenium?**

**What is Maven in Selenium?** Maven is a built automation tool from Apache Software Foundation and is commonly used to handle Java projects. Initially, it was developed to simplify the build process of the Jakarta Turbine Project. Nowadays, it is widely used to manage project dependencies and the whole lifecycle of any project.

**What are the advantages of POM in selenium?**

**What are the benefits of pom pom activities?** Pom poms are a fun way to help develop your child's fine motor skills and dexterity, and a great addition to sensory play. The following activities are quick and easy to set up and give your child opportunities to practice everything from sorting to motor skills to gluing.

**What are the advantages of Poms?** The Profile of Mood States (POMS) is a psychological rating scale used to assess transient, distinct mood states. This scale was developed by McNair, Droppleman, and Lorr. Advantages of using this assessment include the simplicity of administration and ease of participant understanding.

**What is the alternative to the page object model?** While the Page Object Model has been a go-to recommendation for test automation, Cypress provides flexibility that allows teams to explore alternative approaches. Custom commands, utility functions, and a component-based testing approach can address some of the

concerns previously mentioned.

**What is the difference between page object model and page factory in Selenium?** Page Factory in Selenium builds on the Page Object Model by offering annotations and methods to set up and use page elements more efficiently. It uses annotations like @FindBy to find and declare web elements using different locators, such as ID, name, class, or CSS selectors.

**What is the difference between page object model and project object model?** Project Object Model: It is the fundamental unit for Maven Related Projects. Its basically a xml file which contains the project structure,dependencies,configuration details required to build the project. Page Object Model: Its a design pattern required to create Object Repository for UI Elements.

**What is the page object model methodology?** The Page Objects methodology is a popular pattern to write end-to-end tests by wrapping the pages or page fragments of a web app into objects.

**What is the POM project structure?** What is a POM? A Project Object Model or POM is the fundamental unit of work in Maven. It is an XML file that contains information about the project and configuration details used by Maven to build the project. It contains default values for most projects.

**What is the page object model in the robot framework?** Page Object Model (POM) is a design pattern in which we can maintain the page elements in separate files. We have multiple pages in our application and every page has a different file or we can specify elements from different pages into one file. So, the test cases will be divided into different parts.

**What is the page object model component?**

**What is TestNG in Selenium?** TestNG is an open-source test automation framework for Java. It is developed on the same lines as JUnit and NUnit. A few advanced and useful features provided by TestNG make it a more robust framework than its peers. The NG in TestNG stands for 'Next Generation.

**What is pom in cucumber?** In POM we create objects of page class and by using this object we are able to interact with web elements and also the method of page

class. In POM each page within the web application contains a corresponding Page Class that includes the Web Elements and the Methods which operate on those Web Elements.

**How to write XPath in Selenium?**

**What is the purpose of a POM?** The original idea was by French sailors to stop the hitting their heads as they passed under beams aboard ships. In some European nations, bobble hats were also used to distinguish rank. Clergymen wore caps called birettas in Rome, and these had different coloured pom-poms to indicate their job.

**What is the difference between Maven and POM?** The POM file defines the project's configuration and dependencies, while Maven uses this information to automate the build process and manage dependencies.. POM file key elements: The pom. xml file in Maven is a Project Object Model (POM) file that contains all the necessary information about a project.

**What are the elements of POM?** Each element in the pom. xml file is nested inside the previous element and contains specific information about the project. For example, the  element contains a list of dependencies required by the project, each specified as a separate  element.

**What is page object model in Selenium?** Page Object Model (POM) is a design pattern in Selenium that is used to create an object repository to store all web elements. It helps improve the code reusability and test case maintenance. In this design pattern, each web page in the web application will have a corresponding Page Class in the automation script.

**Is page object Model a framework or design pattern?** Page Object Model is a design pattern which separates the UI elements and tests or operations performed on those elements. Typically the UI elements and all its associated logic is implemented as Page Objects. Tests are completely independent and perform operations on these Page Objects.

**What is Robot Framework and Selenium?** The Selenium Robot framework is an easy-to-understand open source tool which provides a modular interface to build custom automation test cases. It has been adopted by large organizations for this

purpose, and for good reason. As demonstrated above, it is enormously useful for automation testers.

**What is page object model in robot framework?** Robot Framework has extensive libraries to automate tests on many platforms, like website, mobile, and desktop applications. Page Object Model design pattern is used to separate web element locators and keywords from test cases.

**What is page object model and its advantages?** Overview of Page Object Model The advantage of using POM is that it reduces code redundancy and complexity—as well as makes code more extensible, and improves test script maintenance by acting as an interface for the page under test. To simplify the concept of POM, we create a class file for each web page.

**What is the difference between page object model and project Object model?** Project Object Model: It is the fundamental unit for Maven Related Projects. Its basically a xml file which contains the project structure,dependencies,configuration details required to build the project. Page Object Model: Its a design pattern required to create Object Repository for UI Elements.

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