

# GRASS FODDER BY HYDROPONICS IN 12 DAYS FOR COWS GOAT

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**What is the best hydroponic fodder for goats?** Barley seeds The most productive seed for growing hydroponics fodder is barley. However, other cereals like wheat and sorghum can be used for production. We can supply barley to our farmers throughout Kenya.

**Which is the fastest growing fodder?** Cowpea Fodder Seeds Fodder Cowpea is an important quick growing legume, which is used as fodder crop for Green fodder, Hay making, Open-grazing & also Silage mixtures with Maize/Sorghum. It's suitable for dry land areas during rainy season & susceptible to water logging conditions.

**What is the best fodder for cows?**

**Which hydroponic fodder is best?** Barley is the most common seed used for fodder production because the ratio of seed weight to fodder production is the best—about 1 pound of seed to 7 pounds of fodder. While barley is the most common it is certainly not the only seed used.

**What are the disadvantages of hydroponic fodder?** There is an increase in fiber and some vitamins and a decrease in phytic acid, an anti-nutritional factor (11). However, with sprouting, there is a reduction in total energy. The increase in protein percentage is due to the dry matter loss. In fact, the downside to hydroponic fodder is its high moisture content.

**How much fodder does a goat need per day?** The daily feed intake of goats ranges from 3-4% of body weight as expressed in pounds (dry matter/head/day).

**What is the king of fodder?** Berseem is very important Rabi season legume fodder and popularly known as the “King” of fodder crops.

**What is the highest yielding fodder?** Fodder beet is the highest yielding forage crop. In many countries farmers depend on it for winter storage feed and it is good for filling gaps in the yearly forage cycle.

**Which fodder has highest protein?** Whether grazed or used as fodder, lucerne has a high nutritive value relative to other fodder at comparable growth stages: it is high in protein, metabolizable energy, vitamins and minerals, all of which can increase animal production (Radovic et al., 2009).

**How much fodder does a cow need per day?** Total 3-6 kg of dry fodder/day is required to adult cattle. As such, dry fodder only satisfies hunger of the animal and doesn't contain much nutrients, most of them have only 2.5-3.0% crude protein. Enrichment of dry fodder: To enrich dry fodder, urea treatment is recommended.

**What is fodder for goats?** There's no pasture, no garden, and certainly no milk to be spared. This is where sprouting grains for fodder can come into play. Fodder, quite literally means food for animals. So, there are many different types of fodder. Hay, grain, pasture, silage, these are all “fodder”.

**What is the best grass to feed cows?** Kentucky Bluegrass This perennial grass is widely used in the United States, as it can survive long periods without mowing or irrigation due to its deep root system. It's a great option to feed livestock since it grows quickly and doesn't require a lot of maintenance.

**How much hydroponic fodder to feed a cow?** The amount of hydroponic fodder a cow or buffalo needs everyday depends on its body weight, milking requirement and the amount of fat and protein the farmer wants in the milk, explains Sawant adding that depending on whether a cow is young, pregnant or old, farmers feed them anywhere between 15-25 kg of hydroponic ...

**How much does a hydroponic fodder system cost?** Costs range based on local inputs. Most of our clients worldwide sprout for as little as \$60 – \$100 per ton. With the rising price of grain, corn, and alfalfa, this is a very affordable method for feeding livestock.

**Can you grow grass hydroponically?** Because Capillary Hydroponics allows the grass to be grown in a very open medium, the drainage capabilities are superior compared to soil-grown grass.

**Is hydroponic fodder good for dairy cows?** While more research needs to be done, farmers have reported lower feed costs per cow as well as increased revenue by weight, higher milk volume, increased fertility rates, lower involuntary cull rates and improved cow and herd health using hydroponic fodder systems.

**What are three plants that are not recommended for hydroponics?** Root vegetables like carrots, potatoes, and beets are generally not suitable for hydroponic farming. These plants require a significant amount of space to develop their roots, which can be difficult to provide in a hydroponic system.

**What is the main problem in hydroponics?** System clogging is considered the most frequently occurring problem in a hydroponic system, especially in a drip type of system. In the majority of cases, clogging is due to the pieces of the growing medium when they get stuck in the tubes.

**How many goats can graze on 1 acre?** If you want to keep more than an acre can sustain, you'll have to look into purchasing additional land as you'll likely need to rotate your flock to keep them fed. Goats are similar to sheep in that you can support about 6-8 goats on an acre of land.

**What kind of grass is best for goats?** Goats and sheep both perform excellent on warm season annuals like: crabgrass, sudangrass, pearl millet, smooth amaranths, cowpeas, and soybeans. Although regulations prevent the seeding of johnsongrass it is preferred forage of goats, sheep and cattle.

**Can goats live off grass?** Yes, goats can eat grass. Goats dietary preference tends to follow this breakdown: 20% forages (grasses, legumes), 20% weeds, and 60% browse (leaves and bark from woody plants). However, goats can still graze traditional pastures with forages, including grasses and legumes.

**Which fodder is best for goats?** Pipal leaves are rated as a good fodder (Fig. 6). Goat relishes the leaves and palatability of the leaves for other animals is also fairly good. It can form a maintenance ration for goats.

**What is the best fodder for cattle?** The results show that barley has the highest forage quality for fodder production systems.

**What is the highest yielding fodder crop?** Fodder Beet: A high yielding green fodder crop gaining popularity in arid regions | ICAR.

**What are the best fodder seeds for goats?** Wheat, Oats, Millet, Barley, Grains, Peas, and Alfalfa are some of the best animal fodder seeds.

**What is the highest yielding fodder crop?** Fodder beet is by far the highest yielding forage crop you can grow. The energy rich fodder beets are complementing the use of grass or protein rich legumes in the diet of cattle.

**What is the best forage to plant for goats?** Maturity of forage also influences goat's preference for different forages. Some of the forbs goats typically have a preference for are: brambles, common and giant ragweed, honey suckles, ironweed, lambsquarter, multiflora rose, and privet.

**Is hydroponic good for goats?** Growing foodstuffs hydroponically is a way of providing organic (or pesticide/GMO free) food for a small acreage goat farm. A hydroponic setup can produce the same amount of organic (or pesticide/GMO free) foodstuffs, in the form of sprouted grains, that would otherwise take many acres of land.

**What is the fastest growing grass for goats?** Guinea grass It is a tall (1-4.5 m), tufted and fast growing highly palatable perennial grass. It has short creeping rhizome.

**What kind of fodder can goats eat?** Forage can be a grass, or a legume such as alfalfa. Each goat needs about two to four pounds of hay per day (3-4% of body weight in pounds), which can be fed free choice or twice a day. If good range isn't available, dry grass forage of a horse quality is acceptable.

**What kind of grass is best for goats?** Millet, an annual grass, is a productive choice for producing winter hay for goats. It grows quickly, reaching 40 to 50 inches in 60 to 90 days if left alone. Mixed with other grass seeds for pasture land, millet provides a consistent food source once it has established itself at about 18 inches.

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**Which is the king of fodder crop?** Berseem is one of the most important fodder crops and has been rightly described as the king of fodders.

**Which fodder has highest protein?** Whether grazed or used as fodder, lucerne has a high nutritive value relative to other fodder at comparable growth stages: it is high in protein, metabolizable energy, vitamins and minerals, all of which can increase animal production (Radoviae et al., 2009).

**What is the best fodder for livestock?** The best fodder crops for sheep is good quality alfalfa hay. Although other high-quality legumes can also be used. Alfalfa hay contains all the adequate protein, necessary vitamins and minerals. Other good options for sheep include legume-grass silage, corn silage and haylage.

**Can goats eat too much grass?** Once a goat has cleared a pasture of its brambles, it's difficult to add more. So, when put on pasture a goat will resort to eating grass; however, if too much is consumed at once it can overwhelm the bacteria in the rumen.

**What plants do goats hate to eat?**

**Can goats eat grass seed?** Many seeds will pass through a goat's digestive system unharmed in about 3 days. Therefore, you can “transplant” vegetation by letting goats eat the seed heads and then move them to another location.

**What are the best seeds for hydroponic fodder?** You can use maize, pulses, wheat, and horse gram seeds to make hydroponic fodder but do not use pearl millet and sorghum seeds because these sprouted leaves contain poison that can harm your livestock. Mostly farmer uses Maize seeds to produce hydroponic fodder.

**What are three plants that are not recommended for hydroponics?** Root vegetables like carrots, potatoes, and beets are generally not suitable for hydroponic farming. These plants require a significant amount of space to develop their roots, which can be difficult to provide in a hydroponic system.

**How much fodder per goat?** Green fodder at the rate of 10 per cent of body weight and 150-200 g of concentrate per head per day.

**What is the most famous line from the poem Invictus?** I am the master of my fate, I am the captain of my soul.

**Why is Invictus so famous?** The poem is most known for its themes of willpower and strength in the face of adversity, much of which is drawn from the horrible fate assigned to many amputees of the day—gangrene and death.

**What is the poem Invictus by William Ernest Henley research?** This poem was written in 1875 and published in a book in 1888. Invictus is taken from Latin, which means "incomparable" [2]. William Ernest, in his poetry, interpreted that victory in life happens when we decide to keep trying to be strong while going through challenging situations in life [1].

**What inspired the Invictus poem?** This triangle takes its name from writer William Ernest Henley's (1849-1903) poem Invictus. The poem is drawn from Henley's experience recovering from the amputation of his left leg in an Edinburgh hospital at a time when hospitalization often meant death.

**What is the deeper meaning of Invictus poem?** "Invictus" is above all a poem about resilience in the face of suffering. This resilience comes from the courage to embrace life and refuse despair.

**What is the main message of Invictus?** The main idea of "Invictus" is the theme of triumph over adversity. Despite the pain and suffering the speaker of the poem experiences, he is hopeful and encouraged.

**What does Invictus teach us?** Mandela's character in "Invictus" exemplifies the principle of leading by example. He demonstrates unwavering commitment, determination, and optimism despite enormous challenges. Leaders who lead by example inspire their teams to follow suit.

**What illness did William Henley have?** William Ernest Henley is best remembered for his short poem 'Invictus'. Henley was diagnosed with tuberculosis when he was only 12 years-old. Ultimately, he needed a below knee amputation of the left lower limb to treat the disease invading his bones (see Operation).

**Is Invictus Based on a true story?** While not exactly a biopic per se, Invictus does tell an important piece of Nelson Mandela's (Morgan Freeman) life as President of South Africa.

**What is the conclusion of Invictus by William Ernest Henley?** Finally, in the last stanza, Henley says that though the gate of life is narrow he will definitely pass it with vigor. Moreover, he declares that he is the master of his fate, meaning his fortune. Also, he claims that he is the captain of his soul.

**What does the poem Invictus say about human nature?** In the poem 'Invictus', Henley praises the unique aspect of human nature that allows one to suffer terrible wrongs but still soldier on, unbroken. He argues that, if a person possesses enough will, they can overcome all obstacles. Life may require one to adapt one's strategies or change course for a time.

**What does "black as the pit from pole to pole" mean?** He wrote this poem while recovering in hospital. By beginning the poem with "the night that covers me," Henley illustrates the weight of his struggle. "From pole to pole" describes the pervasive nature of his physical hardship, and the idea that his entire body is completely wracked with pain.

**Why is the poem Invictus famous?** It gained further prominence during Nelson Mandela's imprisonment when he famously found solace and inspiration in its words. Mandela recited the poem to fellow prisoners and even had it written on a scrap of paper hidden in his prison cell. 'Invictus' is a powerful and inspiring poem written by William Ernest Henley.

**What does Invictus stand for?** Invictus, is Latin for 'unconquerable' or 'undefeated'. It was written in 1875 by British writer William Ernest Henley.

**Is Invictus an atheist poem?** It is not "an atheist poem". It is however a poem written by an atheist.

**What is the famous line of Invictus?** I am the master of my fate: I am the captain of my soul." Poet William Ernest Henley (1849–1903) penned the words of his immortal Invictus (unconquered in Latin) after years of painful tuberculosis (TB) infection of his bones, eventually losing his leg to the disease.

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**What is the main reason why the writer wrote the poem Invictus?** Answer and Explanation: William Ernest Henley wrote the poem "Invictus" to show how a person can choose to remain "unbowed" even as they face overwhelming circumstances. Henley introduces this idea by stating that the speaker remains grateful for his "unconquerable soul" even as he feels he is covered by darkness.

**What is the message of the poem?** The message of a poem is often conveyed through the emotions and ideas expressed by the poet. By examining the language and structure of the poem, readers can gain insight into the poet's intended message.

**What is Invictus in simple words?** Invictus is Latin for "unconquered." The speaker in the poem proclaims his strength in the face of adversity: My head is bloody, but unbowed.... I am the master of my fate; I am the captain of my soul.

**What is the central theme of the poem?** The theme of a poem is the message an author wants to communicate through the piece. The theme differs from the main idea because the main idea describes what the text is mostly about. Supporting details in a text can help lead a reader to the main idea.

**What lesson did you learn from the poem Invictus?** Answer: Therefore, what the lesson he, the speaker teaches us is we are always going through adventures and odysseys full of chances, possibilities and opportunities to predict.

**What are the last two lines of Invictus?** I am the master of my fate, I am the captain of my soul. One of the most popular poems in the West today (particularly the last two lines), William Ernest Henley's Invictus is a kind of reverie and praise of the rugged individual who refuses to let the circumstances of life crush them.

**What does the captain of my soul mean?** "I am the master of my fate, the captain of my soul" means that it is up to me to determine what my future will bring. It puts me in the drivers seat of my life... I take full responsibility for my life and everything that happens in it.

**What is the full quote of I am the captain of my soul?** It matters not how strait the gate, How charged with punishments the scroll, I am the master of my fate: I am the captain of my soul.

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**What does I am the captain of my ship and the master of my fate mean?** In the poem, 'Invictus', the speaker remarks at the end, "I am the master of my fate,/ I am the captain of my soul." The first line of this quote means what is going to happen with the speaker, he is fully responsible for that. The reason is that he is the master of his fate. So, one's fate is in one's control.

## **The Mathematical Olympiad Handbook: A Problem-Solving Guide**

**Author:** Anthony Gardiner **Publication:** December 1997

The Mathematical Olympiad Handbook provides an introduction to problem-solving based on the first 32 British Mathematical Olympiads (1965-1996).

**Question 1:** What is the intended audience for the handbook?

**Answer:** Students preparing for mathematical competitions, particularly the British Mathematical Olympiad.

**Question 2:** What types of problems are covered in the handbook?

**Answer:** The handbook presents a wide range of number theory, geometry, algebra, and combinatorics problems.

**Question 3:** How is the handbook organized?

**Answer:** The handbook is divided into 12 chapters, each covering a specific topic. Each chapter includes a selection of solved problems, followed by a set of exercises for the reader to solve.

**Question 4:** What are the benefits of using this handbook?

**Answer:** The handbook provides:

- A foundation in problem-solving techniques
- Exposure to a variety of mathematical concepts
- Practice in solving complex and challenging problems

**Question 5:** What other resources are available to support learning from the handbook?

**Answer:** In addition to the solved problems and exercises included in the handbook, the author's website ([www.gardiners.org.uk](http://www.gardiners.org.uk)) provides additional materials, including:

- Historical information about the British Mathematical Olympiad
- Notes on problem-solving techniques
- Further problems for practice

## **Taekwondo : Lexique et Techniques**

### **1. Qu'est-ce que le Taekwondo ?**

Le Taekwondo est un art martial coréen axé sur les coups de pieds rapides et puissants. Il est connu pour ses techniques de combat dynamiques et ses valeurs disciplinaires.

### **2. Quel est le lexique du Taekwondo ?**

- **Dojang** : Lieu d'entraînement
- **Dobok** : Uniforme de Taekwondo
- **Gi** : Veste de Taekwondo
- **Poom** : Grade de débutant
- **Dan** : Grade de ceinture noire

### **3. Quelles sont les principales techniques du Taekwondo ?**

Les techniques de Taekwondo comprennent :

- **Coups de pied** : Yop chagui (coup de pied frontal), Narani chagui (coup de pied circulaire), Dwit chagui (coup de pied de saut)
- **Coups de poing** : Jirugi (coup de poing direct), Bandae jirugi (coup de poing inversé), Roundhouse jirugi (coup de poing circulaire)
- **Blocages** : Makgi (blocage ascendant), Arae makgi (blocage extérieur), An makgi (blocage intérieur)

#### 4. Quels sont les bienfaits du Taekwondo ?

Le Taekwondo offre de nombreux bienfaits, notamment :

- Amélioration de la condition physique
- Développement de la force et de la souplesse
- Renforcement de la confiance en soi
- Enseignement de l'autodiscipline et du respect

#### 5. Qui peut pratiquer le Taekwondo ?

Le Taekwondo peut être pratiqué par des personnes de tous âges et de tous niveaux de forme physique. Il est particulièrement adapté aux enfants et aux adolescents, car il favorise le développement de la coordination et des compétences motrices.

[invictus poem by william ernest henley poem hunter, the mathematical olympiad handbook an introduction to problem solving based on the first 32 british mathematical olympiads 1965 1996 author, taekwondo lexique et techniques](#)

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