

CONTRASTIVE RHETORIC CROSS CULTURAL ASPECTS OF SECOND LANGUAGE WRITING

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What is contrastive rhetoric and why might it be important for teaching second language writing? Contrastive rhetoric is the study of how a person's first language and his or her culture influence writing in a second language or how a common language is used among different cultures.

What is Kaplan's theory of contrastive rhetoric? Initiated almost thirty years ago by the American applied linguist Robert Kaplan, contrastive rhetoric maintains that language and writing are cultural phenomena. As a direct consequence, each language has rhetorical conventions unique to it.

What are the criticism of contrastive rhetoric? Because contrastive rhetoric defined rhetoric based on cultural differences, and also ignored differences within individual cultures, critics argued that it encouraged cultural stereotyping.

Is contrastive rhetoric the same as intercultural rhetoric? Intercultural rhetoric (IR), previously called contrastive rhetoric (CR)¹, is “the study of written discourse between and among individuals with different cultural backgrounds” (Connor, 2011, p. 1).

What is the role of contrastive analysis in second language learning? Contrastive analysis (CA) is the systematic comparison of two or more languages, with the aim of describing their similarities and differences. CA has often been done for practical/pedagogical purposes. The aim has been to provide better descriptions and better teaching materials for language learners.

What is rhetoric and why is it important in writing? Rhetoric is the study of how writers use language to influence an audience. When we do a rhetorical analysis, we analyze how the writer communicates an argument (instead of what the writer argues).

What is the main concept expressed by Kaplan's cultural thought patterns? Robert E. Kaplan in 1966 wrote an article 'Cultural Thought Patterns in Inter-Cultural Education'. His reasoning is that each language of the world is influenced by a thought pattern that's unique to the culture or the collective customs and beliefs of the people.

What is Kaplan's theory? Background. Attention Restoration Theory (ART) (Kaplan, 1989, 1995) suggests that mental fatigue and concentration can be improved by time spent in, or looking at nature. The capacity of the brain to focus on a specific stimulus or task is limited and results in 'directed attention fatigue'.

What are the three theories of rhetoric?

What are the weaknesses of contrastive analysis theory? Although contrastive analysis has often been criticized for its inadequacy to predict the transfer errors that learners will make in actual learning contexts (Whitman & Jackson, 1972) , it cannot be denied that "such interference does exist and can explain difficulties" (Brown, 1994), especially in the phonological ...

What are the three claims of contrastive analysis? The goals of Contrastive Analysis can be stated as follows: to make foreign language teaching more effective, to find out the differences between the first language and the target language based on the assumptions that: (1) foreign language learning is based on the mother tongue, (2) similarities facilitate learning (...

What are the three styles of rhetoric? Ethos, Pathos, and Logos are three strategies commonly employed when attempting to persuade a reader.

What is the relationship between rhetoric and culture? Every culture establishes expectations for communicating persuasively and appropriately. Traditions and cultural norms maintain expectations, but social change may disrupt these expectations or necessitate their evolution. For these reasons and more, the art of
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rhetoric is complex and fascinating to study.

What is the rhetorical theory of intercultural communication? The term rhetorical tradition or rhetorical legacy in intercultural rhetoric studies refers to the culture-specific ways of framing and understanding arguments—namely, the general set of prescriptions for public advocacy that are distinctive to a particular cultural worldview.

What is the concept of intercultural rhetoric? Intercultural rhetoric (IR), previously known as contrastive rhetoric, is typically defined as “the study of written discourse between and among individuals with different cultural backgrounds” (p.

What is the importance of contrastive linguistics? contrastive analysis investigates the differences between pairs (or small sets) of languages against the background of similarities and with the purpose of providing input to applied disciplines such as foreign language teaching and translation studies.

Why is rhetoric in language important? Rhetoric is language used to motivate, inspire, inform, or persuade readers and/or listeners. Often, rhetoric uses figures of speech and other literary devices, which are known as rhetorical devices when used in this manner.

What is the importance of writing in second language acquisition? Writing has been considered a very important skill in teaching and learning English as a foreign language (EFL) because it helps to strengthen vocabulary, grammar, thinking, planning, editing, revising and other elements. is a comprehensive skill. Writing is considered a key skill in the curriculum.

Why are rhetorical devices important in writing? Rhetorical devices are the tools used to enhance persuasion and understanding in communication. They can add clarity, depth, and emotional impact to your message. Here's a look at some widely recognized and powerful rhetorical devices, each with its unique influence on the audience.

Statics Mechanics of Materials: SI Edition - Frequently Asked Questions

1. What is Statics Mechanics of Materials?

Statics Mechanics of Materials is a branch of engineering that analyzes the behavior of structures under the influence of external loads. It provides the fundamental principles necessary to understand how structures resist and transmit forces, moments, and deformations.

2. What are the key concepts in Statics Mechanics of Materials?

Essential concepts include:

- Stress: The internal force per unit area acting within a material.
- Strain: The deformation experienced by a material.
- Hooke's Law: Describes the linear relationship between stress and strain in elastic materials.
- Equilibrium equations: Used to determine the forces and reactions acting on a structure.
- Strain-displacement relationships: Relate the deformations to the applied loads.

3. What are the applications of Statics Mechanics of Materials?

This subject is widely applied in various engineering fields, such as:

- Structural engineering: Analyze buildings, bridges, and towers.
- Machine design: Design components for machines and equipment.
- Aerospace engineering: Evaluate the strength and stability of aircraft and spacecraft.
- Civil engineering: Determine the structural integrity of roads, tunnels, and dams.

4. What are some common problems solved using Statics Mechanics of Materials?

Typical problems include:

- Calculating stress and strain in beams, columns, and plates.

- Determining the reactions at supports and connections.
- Analyzing the behavior of structures under static loads.
- Designing structures to meet specific strength and deformation requirements.

5. What are the advantages of using the SI Edition?

The SI Edition uses the International System of Units (SI), which is the globally accepted system for scientific and engineering measurements. This provides consistency and convenience in calculations and comparisons with international standards.

What is a real life example of mathematical modeling? Mathematical models are used to solve many real-life situations like: • launching a satellite. predicting the arrival of the monsoon. controlling pollution due to vehicles. reducing traffic jams in big cities.

What are the management problems that can be solved using a mathematical model? Businesses often need to optimize certain variables to control costs and ensure maximum efficiency. Such variables might include capacity planning, human resources planning, space planning, route planning, etc. Optimization mathematical models are typically used for such problems.

How can mathematical modelling be used in solving problems?

How is math used in project management? Schedule Compression It is a form of mathematical analysis that's used to shorten the project schedule without changing the project scope. Compression is simply shortening the project schedule to accomplish all the activities sooner than estimated.

What is mathematical modeling in problem situations of daily life? Mathematical modeling is an essential tool in understanding and solving complex real-world problems. It involves creating abstract representations of systems using mathematical language and concepts to analyze, predict, and explain their behavior.

What are the four types of mathematical models? Four common types of mathematical models are exponential decay, exponential growth, quadratic models,

and linear models. Exponential decay and exponential growth models describe quantities that decrease or increase following an exponential curve.

What are the five 5 most common methods in problem-solving in management?

What are the 4 steps in mathematical modelling?

What is mathematical model in management? Mathematical decision-making management model that will allow the manager or decision-maker to develop and make management decisions in the current situation, taking into account the use of both the achievement of modern technical means and the staff involved in solving the problem.

What research makes use of mathematical models to solve management problems? Operations research models are powerful tools that can help organizations make informed decisions and optimize their operations. These models use mathematical and statistical techniques to analyze complex systems and processes, identify problems, and offer solutions.

What is an example of a real-world problem which can be modelled mathematically? In addition, mathematical models are used to simulate climate change scenarios, predict the spread of illnesses, and represent traffic flow, stock market choices, and predator-prey relationships.

What are the disadvantages of mathematical modeling? Mathematical modeling has many benefits related to real-world problems, but the main disadvantages are process simplification, specific rules of the model, and lack of information or data monitoring.

What is mathematical model for project? A mathematical model is an abstract description of a concrete system using mathematical concepts and language. The process of developing a mathematical model is termed mathematical modeling.

Do you need maths for project management? No, project management doesn't require math, just diligence. As long as you are thorough and careful when working with budgets and other numerical figures, you do not need advanced math skills to be a Project Manager.

What is mathematical programming in project management? Mathematical programming refers to the use of mathematical models to solve decision problems, where a separation is made between representing the problem with a mathematical model and solving it using general methods.

What are some examples of models in real-life?

What is meant by mathematical model of real situation? Briefly speaking, mathematical modeling is a simplified representation of the basic characteristics of the real situation through the use of a suitable set of mathematical symbols, relations and functions.

What is an example of a real-life situation in math? For example, balancing a checkbook, household budgeting, comparing prices, making change for a customer, and calculating square footage all involve basic math skills. More advanced math is sometimes used in everyday life and is frequently used in academic disciplines such as physics and engineering.

What is a real-world example of simulation and modeling? Some examples of computer simulation modeling familiar to most of us include: weather forecasting, flight simulators used for training pilots, and car crash modeling.

What is an example of a culture vs counterculture? Some examples of subcultures are LGBT, bodybuilders, nudists, hip hop, grunge. On the other hand, countercultures are groups of people who differ in certain ways from the dominant culture and whose norms and values may be incompatible with it. Some examples are: Enlightenment, Suffragettes, Romanticism.

What is an example of a counterculture today? What is an example of counterculture today? A contemporary example of counterculture is the Black Lives Matter (BLM) movement, which carries on the aims of the earlier Civil Rights Movement. BLM fights against police brutality and anti-Black racism in America and around the world.

What is the difference between a sub culture and a counter culture? A subculture is a culture shared by a smaller group of people who are also part of a larger culture but has specific cultural attributes that set them apart. Countercultures

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are groups whose members adopt cultural patterns in opposition to the larger culture.

What is the counter culture theory? A counterculture is a culture whose values and norms of behavior differ substantially from those of mainstream society, sometimes diametrically opposed to mainstream cultural mores. A countercultural movement expresses the ethos and aspirations of a specific population during a well-defined era.

What is an example of a counterculture in school? The counterculture groups are deviant in some way, such as engaging in drug use, or people who don't care about achievement and popularity. Examples include hippies or punk rockers in previous generations and today the druggie/stoner or emo/goth crowds.

Which is the best example of a counter culture? Countercultures typically reject the values of mainstream society and often promote alternative values, lifestyles, and beliefs. Examples of countercultures include the hippie movement of the 1960s and the punk movement of the 1970s.

What is the most famous counterculture? The countercultural movements of the Sixties were a revolt against the middle class values and conformity of the 1950s. Of the various countercultural movements, "the hippies" were the most influential and the one that most symbolized the Sixties.

What are some examples of being counter cultural?

What are five characteristics of the counterculture? The 1960s counterculture movement, which generally extended into the early 1970s, was an alternative approach to life that manifested itself in a variety of activities, lifestyles, and artistic expressions, including recreational drug use, communal living, political protests, casual sex, and folk and rock music.

Is LGBT a subculture or counterculture? The LGBT community is both a subculture and a counterculture. It represents a smaller culture within a larger society, making it a subculture. Also, this culture opposes many aspects of traditional culture, which often has only permitted traditional heteronormative behaviors, making it a counterculture.

What is the opposite of counter culture? Noun. Culture of the masses.

What is the counter culture method? A Coulter counter is a commonly used automated electronic cell counter in the field of Nursing and Health Professions. It works based on the impedance principle, where a precise volume of blood passes through a narrow aperture and impedes an electrically charged field.

Is Christianity counter-cultural? Faithful Christians will be counter-cultural. Yet, to be counter-cultural can mean either to be “set apart and different” or “in opposition to.” The differences between Christians and the surrounding culture can be a symptom of having an alternative life mission or the differences themselves can become the focus.

How was Jesus counter-cultural? Jesus wasn't afraid to resist the cultural norms and stand clearly and boldly for what God said was right. God's values are often at odds with our cultural values. “What people value highly is detestable in God's sight.” Luke 16:15. Jesus wasn't stating a universal, but He was making a point.

What is an example of a modern counterculture? Historical examples include the Bohemians and Beatniks, while more recent examples include the hippies and the anticorporate globalization movement. Countercultures are characterized by their opposition to mainstream values and their desire for social change.

What does counterculture mean for kids? A group of people who do and believe things outside of what society considers normal or typical can be called a counterculture. A counterculture might organize itself around opposition to war or unusual ideas about raising children, for example.

What is today's counterculture? Today's counterculture is still a desire for liberation — liberation from the attention economy, from the atomization of society caused by excessive individualism and the loss of the real for the fake. True counterculture is difficult to see, but that doesn't mean it's not there.

How to be counter culture?

What is counter school culture? An anti-school subculture, or counter-school subculture as it is often called, consists of students who don't agree with the values,

norms, rules, and ethos of the school. They often develop negative attitudes towards teachers, and they display rebellious and disruptive behaviour.

What is a non example of a counter-culture? Expert-Verified Answer. The group of soccer fans who want to see good matches would not be an example of a counter-culture group.

Is counterculture good or bad? It's important to note that counterculture movements aren't inherently good or bad. What makes a group a counterculture is simply that it doesn't adhere to the cultural norms of mainstream society.

What is an example of a culture vs subculture? Biker culture revolves around a dedication to motorcycles. Some subcultures are formed by members who possess traits or preferences that differ from the majority of a society's population.

What is the best example of a counter culture quizlet? A great example of a counterculture is the old Amish Subculture is a group that distinguishes its self from the main culture of society.

What is the most famous counterculture? The countercultural movements of the Sixties were a revolt against the middle class values and conformity of the 1950s. Of the various countercultural movements, "the hippies" were the most influential and the one that most symbolized the Sixties.

Are hippies a subculture or counterculture? hippie, member, during the 1960s and 1970s, of a countercultural movement that rejected the mores of mainstream American life.

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