

HISTORY FOR THE IB DIPLOMA THE COLD WAR

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What was the Cold War summary? The Cold War was an ongoing political rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies that developed after World War II. This hostility between the two superpowers was first given its name by George Orwell in an article published in 1945.

Is IB history of the Americas US history? Offered to those students enrolled in the International Baccalaureate program and IB certificate students, this two-year course is a combination of college level U.S. history and key topics in Canadian and Latin American history.

Why was the Cold War called the Cold War? This period is known as the Cold War because there was no direct military engagement between the United States and the Soviet Union. However, this period was anything but “cold,” as multiple countries experienced internal violence as the U.S. and the Soviets supported competing factions fighting for power.

What was the conclusion of the Cold War? The largely peaceful collapse of communism in Eastern Europe in 1989, the reunification of Germany in 1990, and the disintegration of the Soviet Union in 1991 traditionally signify the end of the Cold War, which had dominated international relations for more than forty-five years.

What are 5 things about the Cold War?

What was one major cause of the Cold War? As World War II transformed both the United States and the USSR, turning the nations into formidable world powers, competition between the two increased. Following the defeat of the Axis powers, an

ideological and political rivalry between the United States and the USSR gave way to the start of the Cold War.

Is IB history harder than AP? Is IB harder than AP? It depends. Some students argue that IB is more challenging because of the emphasis on critical thinking and the more application-focused evaluations. However, both IB and AP classes are considered college-level courses that many students find challenging.

Do US schools care about IB? US colleges love good grades, but what they love even more is to see that you've pushed yourself to get them. Universities appreciate the IB's rigour and they know it takes hard work and dedication to perform well, particularly in Higher Level (HL) subjects.

Do American universities prefer IB or AP? Both academic options are looked on favorably by colleges and universities, and both can help earn a student college credit, depending on exam scores. The IB is increasing in popularity in the United States, especially among international families and students who hope to study abroad.

What ended the Cold War? While the exact end date of the Cold War is debated among historians, it is generally agreed upon that the implementation of nuclear and conventional arms control agreements, the withdrawal of Soviet military forces from Afghanistan and Eastern Europe, and the collapse of the Soviet Union marked the end of the Cold War ...

What were two primary causes of the Cold War? The Cold War was caused by disagreements about the practices of communism versus democracy. Though they were allies in the Second World War, the USSR and the United States did not have the same opinion on how to divide and manage Germany following its defeat in World War II.

What are the three phases of the Cold War? This video takes the viewer through the four decades of the Cold War by breaking up the tense period into three different phases: Confrontation (1948 to 1962), Detente (1962 to 1978), and Rapprochement (1978 to 1992).

What were the three reasons for the end of the Cold War? Three events heralded the end of the Cold War: the fall of the Berlin Wall, the reunification of Germany and the dissolution of the Soviet Union.

How did the Cold War end for dummies? In the 1980's, Gorbachev and Reagan conducted a number of summits that led to the reduction of the two superpowers' nuclear arsenals. In 1989, Soviet forces withdrew from Afghanistan, and the revolutionary wave in East Europe replaced communist-backed governments and Soviet allies.

What were the two major nations involved in the Cold War? After World War II, the United States and its allies, and the Soviet Union and its satellite states began a decades-long struggle for supremacy known as the Cold War. Soldiers of the Soviet Union and the United States did not do battle directly during the Cold War.

What best summarizes the Cold War? The Cold War was a decades-long struggle for global supremacy that pitted the capitalist United States against the communist Soviet Union.

What was the main purpose of Cold War? The Cold War was based on an ideological and geopolitical struggle for global influence by these two superpowers, following their roles as the Allies of World War II that led to victory against Nazi Germany and Imperial Japan in 1945.

How did the Cold War change the world? As a result of the Cold War, governments around the world became increasingly focused on security and defense. This led to a shift in political power away from traditional political parties and towards those that were more focused on military and defense issues.

Who were the two superpowers during the Cold War? The Cold War saw the two superpowers – the USA and the Soviet Union – divide the world into spheres of influence and power blocs.

Who was primarily responsible for the Cold War? The Soviet Union were thought to be at fault for starting the cold war by many historians at the time of the cold war. The reason for this is because the Soviet Union were known to be infiltrating liberated countries and forcing communism upon them which aggravated the

western powers.

Why was Stalin to blame for the Cold War? Paranoid about a Western attack on his country, Stalin sought to expand its territory at the end of World War II. This mistrust and expansionism, along with Stalin's dishonest negotiation and belligerent rhetoric, laid the foundations for the Cold War.

Do colleges like an IB diploma? Students who take IB classes in high school have higher acceptance rates into Ivy League schools, but this doesn't necessarily mean a higher acceptance rate than AP students; it just means that IB students have a higher acceptance rate than the general application pool.

Do IB classes boost GPA? A student typically receives 5.0 grade points for a class if they earn an "A" grade in an Honors, Advanced Placement (AP), or International Baccalaureate (IB) class and receives an extra point added to the non-weighted value for each lower grade (i.e., a B in an AP course is counted as 4.0, rather than 3.0).

Do colleges care more about IB or AP? When it comes to applying to college, there's no curriculum that colleges prefer. Admissions officers know that students are learning in a variety of curricula across the globe, and they evaluate applicants with that context in mind. Both will prepare students for the rigors of higher education.

Does MIT prefer IB or AP? While AP and IB classes allow you to take the end-of-course exams for college credit, MIT generally does not accept the credit from these tests. The school wants all of its incoming freshmen to start at MIT on equal footing. However, MIT does grant credit for specific AP tests on which you score a five.

What is a good GPA for an IB student?

What are the disadvantages of IB schools?

What is Cold War in short answer? A cold war is a state of conflict between nations that does not involve direct military action but is pursued primarily through economic and political actions, propaganda, acts of espionage or proxy wars waged by surrogates.

What is the summary of the Colder war? "A Colder War" is an alternate history novelette by Charles Stross written c. 1997 and originally published in 2000. The story fuses the Cold War and the Cthulhu Mythos. The story is set in the early 1980s and explores the consequences of the Pabodie expedition in H. P. Lovecraft's *At the Mountains of Madness*.

What ended the Cold War short summary? During 1989 and 1990, the Berlin Wall came down, borders opened, and free elections ousted Communist regimes everywhere in eastern Europe. In late 1991 the Soviet Union itself dissolved into its component republics. With stunning speed, the Iron Curtain was lifted and the Cold War came to an end.

What were the main features of the Cold War explain? The Cold War was a fight between two ideologies, communism and capitalism. They pulled other countries into fighting their proxy war. The Cold War took the form of a weapons race. Technology was utilised to the extent of militarising for space wars and developing intelligence agencies in their own countries.

What were two primary causes of the Cold War? The Cold War was caused by disagreements about the practices of communism versus democracy. Though they were allies in the Second World War, the USSR and the United States did not have the same opinion on how to divide and manage Germany following its defeat in World War II.

What is Cold War in one word? 1. : a conflict over ideological differences carried on by methods short of sustained overt military action and usually without breaking off diplomatic relations. specifically, often capitalized C&W : the ideological conflict between the U.S. and the Soviet Union during the second half of the 20th century compare hot ...

What are the three phases of the Cold War? This video takes the viewer through the four decades of the Cold War by breaking up the tense period into three different phases: Confrontation (1948 to 1962), Detente (1962 to 1978), and Rapprochement (1978 to 1992).

What summarizes the Cold War? What was the Cold War? Cold War, the open yet restricted rivalry that developed after World War II between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies. The Cold War was waged on political, economic, and propaganda fronts and had only limited recourse to weapons.

What happened during the Cold War summary? Soldiers of the Soviet Union and the United States did not do battle directly during the Cold War. But the two superpowers continually antagonized each other through political maneuvering, military coalitions, espionage, propaganda, arms buildups, economic aid, and proxy wars between other nations.

What was the main of the Cold War? The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies, the Western Bloc and the Eastern Bloc, that started in 1947, two years after the end of World War II, and lasted until the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991.

Which is the best description of the Cold War? The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension marked by competition and confrontation between communist nations led by the Soviet Union and Western democracies including the United States.

How did the Cold War impact the world? The Cold War produced new military alliances, including NATO and the Warsaw Pact, and led to nuclear proliferation and proxy wars between and within postcolonial states in Latin America, Africa, and Asia.

What conflict replaced the Cold War? There were a number of conflicts that occurred after the end of the Cold War. One was a series of civil wars in Yugoslavia. Another was the Gulf War in Iraq and Kuwait. The war on terrorism is an ongoing conflict that is being fought by many nations, including the U.S.

What was the main focus during the Cold War? The United States' main concern during the Cold War was communism. The Cold War was not a traditional war. It was "cold" because the U.S. and the Soviet Union did not fight each other directly. The Cold War began after World War II ended in 1945.

What is a Cold War in simple terms? By using the word "war," it captured the seemingly life-or-death struggle between the United States and the Soviet Union and

between capitalism and communism. But by describing this war as “cold,” it indicates the struggle did not involve weapons and did not result in rival armies seeking to destroy each other.

What are three things you know about the Cold War?

What is the main point of The Pit and the Pendulum? 'The Pit and the Pendulum' is a short story about the horror surrounding impending death after the narrator is sentenced for heresy by his inquisitors during the Spanish Inquisition. The mental break that follows results in confusion that makes the entire scenario even more frightening.

What is the moral lesson of The Pit and the Pendulum? The moral lesson is that hope comes from despair, it is our hero's ability to survive that leads to his redemption.

What is the problem in The Pit and the Pendulum? Political, Social, and Religious Conflict Because the narrative of 'The Pit and the Pendulum' is set in Toledo, Spain, during the Spanish Inquisition (1478-1834), its primary conflict is that the Vatican is working with the Spanish government to eradicate non-Catholic faiths.

What religion did the Queen and King decide to unite the country under in the pit and pendulum? The 1469 marriage of Ferdinand II of the Kingdom of Castille to Isabella of the Kingdom of Aragon united the two major kingdoms of Spain into one, and they worked to establish Spain's identity as a Catholic kingdom.

What does the pendulum symbolize? 2. The Pendulum. The pendulum with its razor-sharp edge is one of the symbols of time that brings with it impending doom. As time closes in on him, the narrator becomes aware that he is running out of time.

What is the irony in The Pit and the Pendulum? One example of dramatic irony in the story is when the narrator is being sentenced to death by the Spanish Inquisition. He believes that his sentence will be death by hanging, but the reader knows that the real punishment will be something much more horrifying.

What is the paradox in The Pit and the Pendulum? In “The Pit and the Pendulum,” then, we have the hero paradoxically overcoming his limitations through the integration of his faculties only to find himself more and more limited, and finally

reduced to mere feeling. In the darkened cell he is limited by the deprivation of sight; this hampers his ability to know.

What is the allegory in The Pit and the Pendulum? The slowly approaching pendulum, which the narrator recognizes is meant to kill him, is symbolic of the encroachment of death upon time. The narrator's escape from death three times is lucky--an allegory of the luck that keeps all humans from death until their time finally runs out.

Why is the story called The Pit and the Pendulum? The title "The Pit and the Pendulum" in Edgar Allan Poe's short story represents death and time. The pit where the protagonist prisoner is being kept represents unavoidable death. Even when the prisoner thinks they have escaped death by the sword of the pendulum, the walls of the pit start closing.

What is the author's purpose in The Pit and the Pendulum? "The Pit and the Pendulum" is a study of the effect terror has on the narrator, starting with the opening line, which suggests that he is already suffering from death anxiety ("I was sick — sick unto death with that long agony").

What is the conclusion of The Pit and the Pendulum? Explanation: In the final moments of "The Pit and the Pendulum," the narrator is rescued from his impending doom, just as the razor-sharp pendulum blade is about to descend upon him. This dramatic rescue alters the course of the story and shifts its meaning.

What is the very short summary of The Pit and the Pendulum? Like many of Poe's stories, "The Pit and the Pendulum" is a dramatic monologue. Sentenced to death by the Spanish Inquisition, the imprisoned narrator finds himself in absolute darkness, in danger of falling to his death into a pit in the centre of the cell.

Why is the narrator of The Pit and the Pendulum held captive? In this story, an unnamed narrator describes their experiences as a prisoner of the Spanish Inquisition (1478-1834), which was a campaign by the rulers of Spain to maintain Catholic orthodoxy in the Spanish Empire.

What time period are The Pit and the Pendulum? "The Pit and the Pendulum" is set in Toledo, Spain, during the Spanish Inquisition. The Inquisition was the effort of

the Vatican and the Portuguese and Spanish governments to eradicate non-Catholic faiths. In Spain, this took place from 1478 to 1834.

What is the narrator dreading when the story begins *The Pit and the Pendulum*? The narrator is dreading his death sentence by the terrifying judges with white lips and mysterious black robes. Imagery can be defined as: when an author uses such vivid detail and description that you are able to sense or picture what it is he is describing.

What is the central idea of *The Pit and the Pendulum*? “*The Pit and the Pendulum*” explores resistance to tyranny, here embodied by the Inquisition. The shadowy inquisitors give no clear explanation as to why the narrator has been condemned to death. The lack of transparency evokes an irrational world, where guilt or innocence is decided on a whim.

What do the trumpets symbolize in *The Pit and the Pendulum*? Symbols of Terror: Poe's use of various symbols demonstrates the violence and terror imposed by the Spanish Inquisition: the extinguished white candles demonstrate hopelessness; the grotesque and terrifying pendulum represents the unceasing passage of time; the steaming, glowing pit symbolizes hell; the moving wall ...

What do the rats symbolize in *The Pit and the Pendulum*? Final answer: The rats in “*The Pit and the Pendulum*” represent death and decay, reinforcing the prisoner's fear and the story's dark atmosphere.

What is a metaphor in *The Pit and the Pendulum*? These metaphors imprint two images into readers' minds: first, the sound of the pendulum is the “shriek of a damned spirit”; second, the movement of the pendulum is the “stealthy pace of the tiger.” Both metaphors highlight the terrifying nature of the pendulum as it violently, savagely howls through the air while also ...

What is the deeper meaning of *The Pit and the Pendulum*? The chamber itself is made to induce fear; the slow descent of the pendulum creates both psychological suspense and mortal terror; and the pit represents the final decision: death, the ultimate fear.

What is the allusion in The Pit and the Pendulum? The red hot metal walls etched with illustrations of demons which close in on the narrator, making the room smaller and smaller, allude to hell. The swinging pendulum which threatens to kill the narrator as it swings ever closer to his chest alludes to time.

What is the author's purpose in The Pit and the Pendulum? "The Pit and the Pendulum" is a study of the effect terror has on the narrator, starting with the opening line, which suggests that he is already suffering from death anxiety ("I was sick — sick unto death with that long agony").

What is The Pit and the Pendulum an allegory for? Answer and Explanation: Edgar Allan Poe's The Pit and the Pendulum has some elements of allegory, mostly relating to the effect terror and the threat of death have on the human psyche.

What point of view is The Pit and the Pendulum told from? "The Pit and the Pendulum" is told from a first-person point of view. In effect, the reader experiences the horror the protagonist endures from a firsthand perspective, allowing the reader to witness the torture on a much more intimate level.

What is the conclusion of The Pit and the Pendulum? Explanation: In the final moments of "The Pit and the Pendulum," the narrator is rescued from his impending doom, just as the razor-sharp pendulum blade is about to descend upon him. This dramatic rescue alters the course of the story and shifts its meaning.

What is an example of a community-based program in occupational therapy? Examples include adult daycare programs, driving rehabilitation programs, and health promotion programs (Scaffa, 2001; McColl, 1998). According to Wittman and Velde (2001), community-based practice "refers to skilled services delivered by health practitioners using an interactive model with clients" (p. 3).

What is the role of OT in the community setting? Occupational therapy practitioners provide community-based services to people throughout the lifespan. This includes participation in programs and services that address prevention, as well as promotion of healthy occupations in the community.

What are three community settings in which occupational therapy (OT) practitioners may work? Occupational therapy services may be provided in a

client's home, community settings (e.g., community centers, shelters, free clinics), hospitals, nursing homes, outpatient clinics, primary care offices, schools, and many other locations.

Toyota Vios Repair Manual: Questions and Answers

Q: What is a Toyota Vios repair manual?

A: A Toyota Vios repair manual is a comprehensive guide that provides detailed instructions on how to diagnose, troubleshoot, and repair various components of the Toyota Vios vehicle. It includes step-by-step procedures, diagrams, and troubleshooting charts to assist mechanics and DIY enthusiasts.

Q: What topics are covered in a Toyota Vios repair manual?

A: Toyota Vios repair manuals typically cover a wide range of topics, including engine repair, transmission servicing, brake system troubleshooting, electrical system diagnosis, heating and cooling, suspension maintenance, and much more. They provide detailed information on specific components, such as spark plugs, sensors, belts, and hoses.

Q: Who can use a Toyota Vios repair manual?

A: Toyota Vios repair manuals are suitable for both professional mechanics and DIY enthusiasts who have mechanical knowledge and experience. They are essential for individuals who want to save money on repairs by performing maintenance and repairs themselves.

Q: Where can I find a Toyota Vios repair manual?

A: Toyota Vios repair manuals can be purchased from various online retailers, auto parts stores, and publishers. It is important to ensure that you purchase a reputable manual that is specific to your vehicle's make, model, and year.

Q: Is it difficult to use a Toyota Vios repair manual?

A: The complexity of a Toyota Vios repair manual depends on the specific topic being addressed. Some sections may require advanced mechanical knowledge, while others may be more straightforward for beginners with basic skills. However,

the manuals typically include clear instructions and diagrams to guide users through the repair process.

[pit and the pendulum comprehension question answers](#), [occupational therapy in community based practice settings](#), [toyota vios repair manual](#)

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