

DANIEL LIANG INTRODUCTION TO JAVA PROGRAMMING ANSWER

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Who invented Java answer? Java was originally developed by James Gosling at Sun Microsystems. It was released in May 1995 as a core component of Sun's Java platform. The original and reference implementation Java compilers, virtual machines, and class libraries were originally released by Sun under proprietary licenses.

Who was the first programmer in Java? James Gosling OC (born 19 May 1955) is a Canadian computer scientist, best known as the founder and lead designer behind the Java programming language.

How to practice Java concepts?

How to start Java programming?

What is the introduction of Java programming? Java is a widely used object-oriented programming language and software platform that runs on billions of devices, including notebook computers, mobile devices, gaming consoles, medical devices and many others. The rules and syntax of Java are based on the C and C++ languages.

What is the old name of Java? However, the original name of Java was Oak, but this name could not be used due to a pre-existing trademark. The Java project was started in 1991 at Sun Microsystems by a team called 'The Green Team' led by James Gosling and having Mike Sheridan and Patrick Naughton as members.

Who is the first girl programmer? It is considered to be the first published algorithm ever specifically tailored for implementation on a computer, and Ada Lovelace has often been cited as the first computer programmer for this reason. The engine was never completed and so her program was never tested.

Who is known as the father of the Java programming language? James Gosling is considered the father of Java, the programming language we all know and (questionably) love. After receiving his Bachelor's degree in computer science from the University of Calgary, Gosling obtained his Masters and PhD in the subject at Carnegie Mellon University.

What is the oldest programming language? The first practical programming language was FORTRAN, developed in the 1950s by John Backus. Since then, programming languages have rapidly evolved to meet the needs of the current computing environment.

How do I teach myself Java?

How many hours a day should I practice Java? But, roughly, an average student should be able to devote 2–3 hours a day to learning Java. Also, it's important to adjust your theory-practice balance and distribute your time wisely — try sticking to the 80/20 learning principle with 80% of its content focused on practice and 20% on theory.

How is Java for dummies? Book overview Java For Dummies remains the straightforward reference on Java, covering object-oriented programming basics with Java, code reuse and the essentials of creating a Java program.

Is Java easy for beginners? Java is not typically considered an easy language for beginners to learn. Its lengthy and verbose syntax, object-oriented paradigm, and advanced concepts such as multithreading, exception handling, and memory management can make Java challenging for those new to programming.

What to learn before Java? You must know at least the basics of how to use a computer, and should be able to start a command line shell. If you are new to programming then Introduction to Programming is strongly recommended. If you already know C++ or any other Object-Oriented language, Java should be easy to

pick up.

Can I learn Java programming on my own? So, yes: it's possible to teach yourself Java. In fact, many people have done that, and many more are doing it right now as you read this post. However, it's crucial to keep your expectations realistic. Learning how to program—in Java or any other language—can be a wonderful journey, but it's also full of challenges.

How do you start a program in Java?

What is the first step to learn Java programming? To start, you'll want to set up your development environment by installing the JDK and an IDE like IntelliJ or Eclipse. This will give you the tools to write, compile, and run Java code on your machine. Then, start learning the basics of Java syntax - variables, data types, loops, conditionals, etc.

How to write Java programming for beginners?

What is Java called today? IndonesiaIndonesia in its entirety (upper map) and the islands of Java, Bali, Lombok, and Sumbawa (lower map). Also spelled: Djawa or Jawa.

Is Java old or Python? History of Java and Python Java was started as a project called 'Oak' by James Gosling in 1991, and the first implementation was Java 1.0 in 1995. Python was created by Guido Van Rossum in the late 1980s, followed by the release of Python1. 0 in 1994.

How many keywords are in Java? In the Java programming language, a keyword is any one of 68 reserved words that have a predefined meaning in the language. Because of this, programmers cannot use keywords in some contexts, such as names for variables, methods, classes, or as any other identifier.

Who was the youngest coder? Kautilya Katariya is a child genius and the world's youngest coder. He attends Wootton Park School in Northampton, UK, and recently achieved the highest grade in the GCSE math exam, studying alongside older students.

Who invented coding? Ada Lovelace, whose notes were added to the end of Luigi Menabrea's paper included the first algorithm designed for processing by Charles Babbage's Analytical Engine. She is often recognized as history's first computer programmer. Programmable devices have existed for centuries.

Who is the woman famous for coding? Ada Lovelace She worked closely with Charles Babbage on his Analytical Engine and is credited with writing the first algorithm intended to be processed by a machine. This made her one of the most important female programmers in history.

Why did James Gosling invent Java? Java was created at Sun Microsystems, Inc., where James Gosling led a team of researchers in an effort to create a new language that would allow consumer electronic devices to communicate with each other. Work on the language began in 1991, and before long the team's focus changed to a new niche, the World Wide Web.

Who is known as the father of Java? James Gosling is considered the father of Java, the programming language we all know and (questionably) love. After receiving his Bachelor's degree in computer science from the University of Calgary, Gosling obtained his Masters and PhD in the subject at Carnegie Mellon University.

Who actually uses Java? One common use for Java is developing Android apps. Android uses the Java language but not the full Java SE platform. Other popular uses for Java include web applications, big data, mobile application development, enterprise software development, and more.

Who was Java Man What was he renamed to who discovered him and why is Java Man considered important? Java man, extinct hominin (member of the human lineage) known from fossil remains found on the island of Java, Indonesia. A skullcap and femur (thighbone) discovered by the Dutch anatomist and geologist Eugène Dubois in the early 1890s were the first known fossils of the species *Homo erectus*.

Who is the father of C++? Bjarne Stroustrup is considered the father of the C++ programming language because he was the original designer and implementer of the language. He started developing C++ in 1979 at Bell Labs as an enhancement to the

C programming language.

Who is the father of JavaScript? Brendan Eich (/ˈa?k/ YK; born July 4, 1961) is an American computer programmer and technology executive. He created the JavaScript programming language and co-founded the Mozilla project, the Mozilla Foundation, and the Mozilla Corporation.

Is Java safe to use? Should I Keep Java on My Computer? It is safe to keep Java on your computer, but you should be aware of the different versions and install only the latest version. If you use an antivirus program, you can also set it up to alert you when new Java versions are released.

Who was the first king of Java? Aji Saka is a Javanese legend that tells the story of how civilization came to Java, brought by the legendary first king of Java named Aji Saka, and the mythical story of the origin of Javanese script.

Who is the parent of Java? Object class is the parent class in Java. All classes in Java directly or indirectly inherit the Object class.

Who wrote head first Java? "A few days ago I received my copy of Head First Java by Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates. I'm only part way through the book, but what's amazed me is that even in my sleep-deprived state that first evening, I found myself thinking, 'OK, just one more page, then I'll go to bed.'

Is Java outdated in 2024? Yes, learning Java in 2024 is still valuable. Java remains a widely-used, versatile, and powerful programming language with applications in web development, enterprise systems, Android app development, and more. It has a strong community, extensive libraries, and ongoing demand in the job market.

Why is Java called Java? They wanted something that reflected the essence of the technology: revolutionary, dynamic, lively, cool, unique, and easy to spell, and fun to say. According to James Gosling, "Java was one of the top choices along with Silk". Since Java was so unique, most of the team members preferred Java than other names.

Is Java becoming obsolete? While Java has been around for a while, it is still relevant in 2023. Many organizations use Java for a wide range of applications, including web development, mobile apps, and large-scale enterprise systems.

Where is Java Man now? The fossils of Java Man have been housed at the Rijksmuseum van Geologie en Mineralogie and later Naturalis in the Netherlands since 1900.

Who recovered Java Man? Eugène Dubois (born January 28, 1858, Eindhoven, Netherlands—died December 16, 1940, de Bedlaer) was a Dutch anatomist and geologist who discovered the remains of Java man, the first known fossil of *Homo erectus*.

Why is Java Man important? Java Man was historically one of the most important fossil finds used to document human evolution. It was used as evidence of ape-to-human evolution for over a half century and was one of the alleged ape-like creatures produced as the prime evidence for evolution in the written testimony submitted at the Scopes Trial.

What is the oldest quilt pattern? The Crazy Quilt is probably the oldest of quilt patterns. Early quilters used any scrap or remnant available, regardless of its color, design, or fabric type.

What is the easiest quilt pattern? Two: Simple Strips Quilt This quilt pattern is great for a beginner because there are no corners to match. All of the pieces are long strips of fabric. The construction is really as simple. Just sew rows of fabric together.

What do you call a quilt that has no design and is just random pieces of fabric sewn together? Same As: Crazy Patch. See Also: Crazy Patch, Crazy Quilt Crazy Patch. A block made with irregular and/or scrap pieces. The block is made with no pre-determined pattern or design. If the blocks are grouped together they form a crazy quilt.

What is a stitch and flip quilt? Stitch-and-flip is an easy way to make quilt block units that have half-square triangles (HST) in them. Instead of piecing HST and sewing other shapes to them, you sew a square, from corner to corner, onto the corner of one of the block units and then trim off the corner.

What is the most famous quilt in the world? The Jane Stickle Quilt is comprised of 169 five-inch blocks, each in different patterns, containing a remarkable total of

5,602 pieces surrounded by a unique scalloped border.

What is the most valuable quilt in the world?

What are the 3 quilts a woman should make? Quilts as storytelling According to Grace, a woman should make three quilts before she's married: a Tree of Paradise, a Flower Basket, and a Pandora's Box. Although, some versions of this truism replace the Pandora's Box with a Double Wedding Ring quilt.

What is the golden rule in quilting? The Golden Ratio The ratio, in its simplest form, is 1.6 to 1. This is applied so that each border should be 1.6 times larger than the previous one. One border is 2", the next is 3.25" (rounding number to the nearest 1/4" makes cutting nicer). These are finished widths.

What is the most popular quilt pattern of all time?

What does fs mean in quilting? FS: Forgotten Stash. HST: Half-Square Triangle. LAQ: Long Arm Quilting. LQS: Local Quilt Shop. PhD: Projects Half Done.

What is an orphan quilt? by Jen | Inspirational Sunday, Scrap Quilts, Stash Blasting Wednesday | 0 comments. An orphan block is a block that didn't get used in a quilt – it could be one leftover block or it could be many.

What is a crazy quilt pattern? In the late 19th and early 20th centuries, the popularity of quilting continued to grow, and new styles and techniques emerged. Crazy quilts, for example, were made up of irregularly shaped pieces of fabric sewn together in a haphazard fashion.

What is a spider in quilting? How can a spider help you with sewing or quilting? Well, don't worry, we're not talking about arachnids! A "spider" - also called a "leader" and/or an "ender" - is a scrap of fabric that you run through your machine at the beginning and end of each seam.

What is a doodle quilt? Doodle quilting is both a method of learning free motion designs and a way to stitch the patterns out. With doodle quilting, you will learn your designs with pen and paper first.

What is a looper quilt? Looper is a unique quilt pattern with modular blocks, meaning they can be rearranged in any direction to create a continuous design.

What is the quilt capital of USA? Hamilton, Missouri, known as the quilting capital of the world, offers unique attractions like the Missouri Quilt Museum and the World's Largest Spool of Thread.

What is the oldest quilt in America? The Canton Historical Society in Canton, Massachusetts believes that a wholecloth quilt in their collection may be the oldest wholecloth quilt made in America. The wool wholecloth quilt was made in 1786 by Martha Crafts Howard. The Buckingham Quilt surfaced in 2014.

What is the best first quilt to make? Sometimes the best way to learn to quilt is to start with something small. A baby quilt is the perfect size if you are machine quilting for the first time. The size of these quilts makes it manageable to push and pull the entire thing through your domestic sewing machine, no matter how small the throat space.

How many quilts does the average quilter make a year? They are comfortable with technology and have 10 years of quilt-making under their belt. The average quilter starts 11 projects a year, and finishes 9, spending six hours per week dedicated to working on quilting projects. Most projects are small, such as lap quilts, and are made in a traditional style.

How much should you pay for a quilt? A throw-size quilt costs about \$400. A twin-sized quilt costs about \$500. A double/full-sized quilt costs \$700. A queen-sized quilt costs an average of \$800.

Are old handmade quilts worth anything? The older they are and the better shape they're in, the higher price tag you can set. If you're looking to make serious cash from quilts you've inherited, though, you'll need them to be in "museum-quality." That means not just a pristine condition, but connected to a specific era of history.

What did slaves use quilts for? Secret messages in the form of quilt patterns helped enslaved people escape the bonds of captivity in the Southern states before and during the American Civil War. Slaves could not read or write; it was illegal to teach a slave to do so.

What is the easiest type of quilt? Easy Quilts with Strips Strip-pieced projects are also terrific for beginners. Just make sure you are sewing an accurate $\frac{1}{4}$ " seam, and you are good to go with these fun and easy strip quilt patterns: Beachcomber. Beachfront (combines squares and easy strip piecing)

What is a marriage quilt? The wedding quilt itself is meant to symbolize the life that the couple will share together as well as adorn the couples new home. Many wedding quilts feature overlapping rings to symbolize the love and devotion the couple will share over the years to come.

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What is the oldest quilting product? The earliest known surviving European bed quilt is the Tristan quilt, which was made in late-fourteenth century Italy from linen padded with wool. The blocks across its center are scenes from the legend of Tristan.

What is the earliest quilted garment known? The earliest known quilted garment is depicted on the carved ivory figure of a Pharaoh dating from the ancient Egyptian First Dynasty (~3400 BC). In 1924 archaeologists discovered a quilted floor covering in Mongolia. They estimated its date as between 100 BC to 200 AD.

What were the quilt patterns used by slaves? Some of the most common patterns were "Monkey Wrench," "Star," "Crossroads" and "Wagon Wheel." Quilts slung over a fence or windowsill, Page 2 seemingly to air, passed on the necessary information to slaves.

What is the most popular quilt pattern of all time?

Where is the quilting capital of the United States? Anchored by long-lasting traditions and year-round quilt and fiber art experiences, Paducah is known as Quilt City USA®.

Which city is famous for quilts? Nicknamed “Quilt City”, Paducah boasts the world's largest quilting museum. Some 30,000 people attend the annual show, roughly doubling the city's population.

How many quilts does the average quilter make a year? They are comfortable with technology and have 10 years of quilt-making under their belt. The average quilter starts 11 projects a year, and finishes 9, spending six hours per week dedicated to working on quilting projects. Most projects are small, such as lap quilts, and are made in a traditional style.

What is the easiest quilting project?

Why are old quilts so heavy? Newer quilts use the poly-filled batting for the innards which makes them light and fluffy but the oldies are the goodies, and when folded and stacked together, create a solid heavy block.

What is the first thing quilters do? Step One: Pick a Pattern The first thing you need to do is decide what you want to make. There are thousands of quilt patterns and tutorials to choose from, so narrowing it down might be a little bit difficult.

Who brought quilting to America? Quilts in the Colonial US North America inherited several quilting traditions from across the world, especially places in Italy, France, and England. When it came over on the boat, wealthy people were the ones who often had them made on elaborate hand-painted and block-printed fabrics.

What was used for quilt batting in the 1800s? Some antique quilts made in the early 1800s have worn-out blankets or older quilts as the batting layer, quilted between new layers of fabric.

What was the secret code for quilts? “The quilt pattern code Log Cabin goes back in history as used in the 1850s. The code meant a safe house stop on the Underground Railroad. An abolitionist might draw the pattern in the dirt at a predetermined point on the journey to signify that a safe house was very near.

What is the controversy with the Smithsonian quilts? The quilts were to be stitched in China. Many factors contributed to the uproar. Some quilters felt the reproductions would “compromise their provenance and create confusion about their

origins." Others argued that the Smithsonian should have contracted American quilters to stitch the reproductions, not folks overseas.

What is the quilt code? It was born in the civil rights movement as a way for low income black artisans in the Alabama Black Belt to earn money for their families. Prior to this, enslaved people on the Underground Railroad to freedom would find safe places to stay by following symbols or codes sewn in hanging quilts.

What is the book Europe Central about? Set in Central Europe during the 20th century, it examines a vast array of characters, ranging from generals to martyrs, officers to poets, traitors to artists and musicians. It deals with the moral decisions made by people in the most testing of times and offers a perspective on human actions during wartime.

Who is the sleepwalker in Europe Central? The major recurring characters here are actual influential people -- artists like the German painter K* the Kollwitz, the Russian composer Dmitri Shostakovich and the Russian filmmaker Roman Karmen; military men like the Russian general A. A. Vlasov and the German field marshal Friedrich Paulus; and Hitler and Stalin, ...

Who is the narrator of Europe Central? That's Vollmann's own authorial voice, of course, and there we have perhaps the most concise condensation of Europe Central.

What is the summary of Central Europe? Central Europe is a geographical region of Europe between Eastern, Southern, Western and Northern Europe. Central Europe is known for its cultural diversity; however, countries in this region also share historical and cultural similarities.

What is the summary of Europe? Europe is the second-smallest continent. Only Oceania has less landmass. Europe extends from the island nation of Iceland in the west to the Ural Mountains of Russia in the east. Europe's northernmost point is the Svalbard archipelago of Norway, and it reaches as far south as the islands of Greece and Malta.

Who is the narrator's? A narrator is the one who tells the story. A narrator can be a first-person narrator who is also a character in the story, a second-person narrator

who makes the reader a part of the story, or a third-person narrator who is an unknown person or entity telling the story.

Who wrote the book Europe? Europe: A History is a 1996 narrative history book by Norman Davies.

Who is the author of Europe Central and Poor People? Vollmann. William Tanner Vollmann (born July 28, 1959) is an American novelist, journalist, war correspondent, short story writer, and essayist. He won the 2005 National Book Award for Fiction with the novel Europe Central.

What are two facts about Central Europe? At 5,256 feet high, Mount Snezka in the Krkonose (Giant) Mountains, is the highest point in the Czech Republic. Generally regarded as the world's first motorway, the initial 19 km stretch of the Autobahn was built in Berlin from 1913 to 1921.

What is the language of Central Europe? Germanic languages are spoken in central and northern Europe and include Danish, Dutch, English, German, and Swedish. Romance languages are spoken in western and southern European regions; they include French, Italian, Portuguese, Romanian, and Spanish.

Why is it called Europe? Europe is the second-smallest continent. The name Europe, or Europa, is believed to be of Greek origin, as it is the name of a princess in Greek mythology. The name Europe may also come from combining the Greek roots eur- (wide) and -op (seeing) to form the phrase "wide-gazing."

What is Europe summary for kids? Europe has scarcely any desert, and a greater proportion of its land is suitable for farming than in any other continent. More than half the land—including much of Western and Eastern Europe—consists of fairly flat, low plains. In parts of Northern Europe glaciers have created a rocky landscape.

Is Turkey in Europe or Asia? Location: Turkey is located in Southeastern Europe and Southwestern Asia. European (or Balkan) Turkey is relatively small compared to the Asian part, the Anatolian Plateau, which is a large peninsula. Population: 80,810,525 (December 2017 est.)

How did Europe become Europe? The term "Europe" is first used for a cultural sphere in the Carolingian Renaissance of the 9th century. From that time, the term

designated the sphere of influence of the Western Church, as opposed to both the Eastern Orthodox churches and to the Islamic world.

What is the main idea in the story? The main idea of a story is the central idea or concept that the author wants to portray through the narrative, characters, and settings. The main idea can either be explicit, which means it's directly stated in the story, or it can be implied, which means it's not directly stated in the story.

What is a theme in a story? A story's theme is the message woven throughout it, often about important topics such as human nature, life, or society. It is deeper than the plot or summary and it can answer questions such as "What does it mean to be a family?" or "What are we afraid of?".

What is plot on a story? A plot is the sequence of events within a story: a description of what happens and why it happens. A story is a comprehensive narrative. Plot is a part of the story, but a story also includes settings, characters, themes, and other factors that influence how the events (or plot) are told.

What was Europe first novel? Miguel de Cervantes's Don Quixote has been called "the first novel" by many literary scholars (or the first of the modern European novels). It was published in two parts. The first part was published in 1605 and the second in 1615.

Who is the famous writer in Europe? Authors of European Literature Dante Alighieri (Italy; 1265-1321) Miguel de Cervantes (Spain; 1547-1616) William Shakespeare (England; 1564-1616) William Blake (England; 1757-1827)

How many books are in Europe? Number of books published in Europe Overall, around 13.4 million titles are available in the European market as of 2021. As of 2021, newly-published titles account for 4.3% of the total available titles in Europe.

Who were the six founding nations? The six founding countries were Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands.

Who are the selected European authors? Notable writers of the age were: William Shakespeare, Thomas Kyd, Christopher Marlowe, Ben Jonson, Spencer, Samuel Daniel, Sir Walter Raleigh, Thomas Campion, Phillip Sidney, Wyatt, Surrey, among others. ~~Among the metaphysical poets were John Donne, George Herbert and~~

Vaughn.

Who found the EU? The media outlet Deutsche Welle presented a different constellation, it listed Richard Coudenhove-Kalergi, Winston Churchill, Robert Schuman, Jean Monnet and Paul-Henri Spaak as the 5 founding fathers of the EU.

How to write task 1 in IELTS step by step?

How can I solve IELTS writing task 1?

How to write general task 1 in IELTS?

What is the formula for IELTS writing task 1? Total Score for IELTS Writing Task 1: $7 + 8 + 6 + 7 = 28/4 = 7$. To calculate your score, add all scores together and divide by 4. To learn about band scores 1-9, please see the public band score descriptors for writing task 1 published by IELTS.

Can I write 5 paragraphs in IELTS task 1? IELTS Writing Task 1 Structure There are four main paragraphs that you need to use for task one. Only occasionally will there be five. Remember, IELTS writing task 1 is a report, not an essay. This means the structure will be different and the examiner is looking for an overview, not a conclusion.

How to practice IELTS writing at home?

What is the common mistake in IELTS writing task 1?

What is the most common IELTS writing task 1 questions?

How to start a sentence in IELTS writing task 1? The introduction should begin by talking about what the graph/bar/table talks about. Ideally, you need to begin with one or two sentences that state what the IELTS writing task 1 shows. You can do this by paraphrasing the title of the graph and by making sure you put in a time frame if there is one.

How to ace IELTS writing?

How to start a letter in IELTS? Start your letter by clearly stating why you are writing, the purpose. The reason for writing your letter needs to be clearly presented

in the opening paragraph. Make sure the purpose of the letter is in direct response to the situation outlined in the question.

How to mark IELTS writing?

How can I correct my IELTS Writing task 1? For Task 1, you need to include all the key points. You need a summary or overall trend. You need to say what happens to the numbers in general. For Task 2, did you stick to the topic and fully answer every part of the question.

How to start writing in Task 1 of IELTS? You should start your task 1 answer by introducing the graph from your question. Just write 1-2 sentences to say what your graph shows and for what period of time (if there is one). To do this, you need to paraphrase text from your task 1 question.

How to score high in IELTS Writing task 1?

How to start a paragraph in IELTS Writing? The basic rule is this – your paragraph should start with a topic sentence, and all other ideas, examples, and explanations should connect to that topic sentence.

How to structure task 1 in IELTS? In General Training, Writing Task 1, you will need to structure your letter and include: A short greeting to the recipient. An intro telling the recipient why you are writing. A paragraph for each of the bullet points in the question or task.

Should I write a conclusion in IELTS Writing task 1? The second short paragraph is the overview. IELTS teachers will often tell you to put the overview at the end like a 'conclusion'; however, an IELTS Task 1 response does not need a conclusion. Our expert advice to you is to write an overview after your introduction as your second paragraph.

What is the best handwriting for IELTS exam? Good Handwriting Tips You can use any style of hand writing you want in IELTS and you can delete mistakes without losing marks. However, if your handwriting or words are difficult to read, it will reduce your score. If the examiner can't read it, it's wrong.

How to start preparing for IELTS writing?

How to learn IELTS writing by yourself?

What is the writing task 1 method of IELTS? On IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, you'll be asked to write at least 150 words to describe a graph, table, chart or process using formal language. You'll be given information and asked to write about the main features of the data and describe them in appropriate detail.

How to start a sentence in IELTS Writing task 1? The introduction should begin by talking about what the graph/bar/table talks about. Ideally, you need to begin with one or two sentences that state what the IELTS writing task 1 shows. You can do this by paraphrasing the title of the graph and by making sure you put in a time frame if there is one.

How to start introduction in IELTS Writing Task 1? You should start your task 1 answer by introducing the graph from your question. Just write 1-2 sentences to say what your graph shows and for what period of time (if there is one). To do this, you need to paraphrase text from your task 1 question.

How to write task 1 opening and closing in IELTS?

[*illusion quilts made easy by nancy zieman sewing with, europe central william t vollmann, ielts made easy step by guide to writing a task 1*](#)

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