

# CHAPTER 21 ABSOLUTE MONARCHS IN EUROPE TEST

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**Who did absolute monarchs have to answer to?** This power was derived from a widely accepted political and religious doctrine called “The Divine Right of Kings.” To put it simply, this doctrine stated that a monarch has been determined by God to be king or queen and that monarch answers to no one other than God.

**Why did monarchs often claim the divine rights of kings?** divine right of kings, in European history, a political doctrine in defense of monarchical absolutism, which asserted that kings derived their authority from God and could not therefore be held accountable for their actions by any earthly authority such as a parliament.

**What was the right that absolute monarchs used to say they could rule absolutely?** An absolute monarchy As sovereign by divine right, the King was God's representative on earth. It is in this respect that his power was “absolute”, which in Latin means literally 'free of all restraints': the king was answerable to no one but God.

**Why did the middle class support monarchs?** In addition, the growing middle class usually backed monarchs, because they promised a peaceful, supportive climate for business. Monarchs used the wealth of colonies to pay for their ambitions. Crises during the 17th century further increased the power of monarchs.

**Who are the 4 absolute monarchs?**

**Are there any real monarchies left?** In six countries, the monarch, sheikh or emir is the absolute ruler without parliamentary or judicial control: Brunei, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Eswatini (formerly Swaziland) and the aforementioned Vatican City.

**How did absolute monarchs abuse their power?** Effects of Absolutism They would set up large royal courts, which were an extended royal household, including all those who regularly attend to the monarch and the royal family. Monarchs did this in order to appear more powerful and to control the nobility. They also regulated religion to control the spread of ideas.

**How did the rule of absolute monarchs affect peasants?** Those who lost out in absolutism were the peasants: especially in Central and Eastern Europe, what freedoms peasants had enjoyed before about 1650 increasingly vanished as the newly absolutist monarchs struck deals with their nobility that ratified the latter's right to completely control the peasantry.

**Who were the kings who claimed to be God?** Some consider the kings Rim-Sin of Larsa (1822–1763 BCE) and the famous Hammurabi of Babylon (1792–1750 BCE) to have been divine. Both kings struggled to expand their area of influence, and therefore their self-deification may have been part of a strategy to consolidate and legitimize their powers.

**Where did absolute monarchs claim their power to rule came from?** The most common defense of monarchical absolutism, known as “the divine right of kings” theory, asserted that kings derived their authority from God. This view could justify even tyrannical rule as divinely ordained punishment, administered by rulers, for human sinfulness.

**Who favored an absolute monarch?** Throughout his life, Hobbes believed that the only true and correct form of government was the absolute monarchy. He argued this most forcefully in his landmark work, *Leviathan*. This belief stemmed from the central tenet of Hobbes' natural philosophy that human beings are, at their core, selfish creatures.

**What did absolute monarchs claim to rule by this?** Absolute monarchies are often historically characterized by the monarch claiming a divine right. This means the authority to rule is claimed to be given to the monarch by a higher power such as the appointment by a god. For example, the Pope in Vatican City is supposed to have the divine right to rule.

**Why was Frederick the Great an absolute monarch?** Frederick the Great was an absolute monarch because he had no checks on his power. Prussia lacked any kind of constitution, meaning that Frederick did not have to answer to any person in the government (such as a parliament).

**Was Peter the Great an absolute monarch?** He reigned jointly with his half-brother Ivan V until 1696. From this year, Peter was an absolute monarch, an autocrat who remained the ultimate authority and organized a well-ordered police state. Most of Peter's reign was consumed by long wars against the Ottoman and Swedish Empires.

**How was Christianity used to support absolute monarchy?** In part, the Protestant Reformation allowed for the rise of Absolutism. Monarchs in the 1500s used the new faith as an excuse to force their authority to become the protecting power against control by the Roman Catholic Church, its popes, and other Catholic rulers.

**Is absolutism good or bad?** Advantages of Absolutism It allows moral rules to be evaluated critically. It is fair as people are treated the same as the rules are the same for everyone. If a moral rule is right, then there would be no need to have different rules for different people because the absolute rules are universal.

**Why did absolutism start?** Absolutism was primarily motivated by the crises of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. The Protestant Reformation (1517–1648) had led to a series of violent and bloody wars of religion, in the course of which thousands of innocents met their deaths.

**What did absolute monarchs believe?** The absolute monarchs believed they were justified in exercising absolute power because of Divine right. Which they thought God created the Monarchs and the people on earth represented him through it, Absolute Monarchs answered only to God and no one else.

**Is North Korea a monarchy?** North Korea functions as a highly centralized, one-party totalitarian dictatorship. According to its constitution, it is a self-described revolutionary and socialist state "guided in its building and activities only by great Kimilsungism–Kimjongilism".

**Does Canada have a king?** Canada is a constitutional monarchy whereby the Sovereign is Canada's Head of State. King Charles III automatically became Sovereign of Canada on the passing of his predecessor, Queen Elizabeth II. Charles Philip Arthur George was born at Buckingham Palace on November 14, 1948.

**What is the oldest royal family in the world?** Other members of the imperial family perform ceremonial and social duties, but have no role in the affairs of government. The duties as an emperor are passed down the line to their male children. The Japanese monarchy is the oldest continuous hereditary monarchy in the world.

**Who has the power in an absolute monarchy?** Absolute monarchy is a system of government where the ultimate authority to run the state is in the hands of a king, dictator, or monarch who rules by their own right, such as by divine right. Absolute monarchy is also called absolutism.

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**Who believed in rule by an absolute monarch?** Besides France, whose absolutism was epitomized by Louis XIV, absolutism existed in a variety of other European countries, including Spain, Prussia, and Austria. The most common defense of monarchical absolutism, known as "the divine right of kings" theory, asserted that kings derived their authority from God.

**What did the absolutist rulers sought to rule by?** Absolutist thinkers believed in the unconditional obedience of subjects and the advancement of the king's power over ancient liberties and parliamentary rights. The ruler's decisions were considered infallible and his actions were believed to conform to divine and natural justice.

**What is engineering economics, and industrial management?** To introduce the discipline concerned with the economic aspects of engineering; it involves the systematic evolution of the costs and benefits of proposed technical projects.

**What is industrial management in engineering?** Industrial Management deals with industrial design, construction, management, and application of science and engineering principles to improve the entire industrial infrastructure and industrial processes. Industrial Management focuses on the management of industrial processes.

**What is Industrial Engineering and engineering management?** Where industrial engineering has traditionally focussed on the application of engineering methods to the improvement of manufacturing and industry-related processes, management engineering broadens that focus to include other domains such as finance, business intelligence, health care and information management.

**How is Industrial Engineering related to economics?** Industrial engineering is the field capturing the application of technology & economic principles to the organization & design of processes to improve and optimize these processes.

**Is engineering economy hard?** Student Expectations In this course, the concepts aren't particularly difficult and the mathematical rigor never exceeds that of high school algebra, but 25% of students fail to earn a C or better every semester. As in most engineering courses, you will learn the material best by doing lots of problems.

**Is industrial engineering and management worth it?** Pros of being an industrial engineer Company executives, managers and other stakeholders often value industrial engineers because they can help a business operate more effectively. You may feel proud to work in this field because of the respect you receive from others in the workplace.

**What kind of jobs can an industrial engineer do?**

**Is industrial engineering difficult?** It's often said that industrial engineering is the easiest branch of engineering. However, as we've seen, this branch of engineering, like all others, requires having a strong foundation in mathematics and other subjects. However, everything depends on the student's skill in these subjects.

**Are industrial engineers in demand?** Job Outlook Employment of industrial engineers is projected to grow 12 percent from 2023 to 2033, much faster than the average for all occupations. About 25,200 openings for industrial engineers are

projected each year, on average, over the decade.

**Is engineering and management worth it?** Higher salary potential This is largely due to the fact that engineering managers are classified as organizational leadership roles that require extensive skills. As a result, engineering professionals who earn this degree typically command higher salaries.

**Why did you choose industrial engineering and management?** Example answers I want to use my critical thinking skills in the optimization of manufacturing processes, such as delivery. In the future, I believe my leadership and collaboration skills can allow me to advance into a management role so I can lead a team and promote the most efficient processes.

**What are the benefits of industrial engineering and management?** Industrial engineers streamline processes, reduce waste, and enhance product quality, making businesses leaner and more profitable. Their systematic approach benefits various industries, including manufacturing, healthcare, and logistics. Industrial engineering also offers diverse career prospects.

**What does engineering economics do?** Fundamentally, engineering economics involves formulating, estimating, and evaluating the economic outcomes when alternatives to accomplish a defined purpose are available.

**Does economics go well with engineering?** People who mastered the language of accounting and business were more valued than the ones who were clueless about it. So, especially if you go into industry as an engineer, bring along your economics chops.

**What is engineering economics mainly concerned with?** The engineering economics is concerned the systematic evaluation of the benefits and costs of projects involving engineering design and analysis. Engineering economics quantifies the benefits and costs associating with engineering projects to determine if they save enough money to warrant their capital investments.

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**What is work study in industrial engineering and management?** Definition: Work study may be defined as the analysis of a job for the purpose of finding the preferred method of doing it and also determining the standard time to perform it by the preferred (or given) method.

**What is the function of management in engineering economics?** Functions of management are differentiated into two parts managerial function (i.e., planning, organising, staffing, directing, and controlling ) and operative function (i.e., production, marketing, purchasing, financing, and personnel).

#### **TJA1100: 100BASE-T1 PHY for Automotive Ethernet**

**Q1: What is the TJA1100 PHY?** The TJA1100 is a physical layer (PHY) transceiver designed specifically for 100BASE-T1 Ethernet applications in the automotive industry. It enables reliable and high-speed data transmission over unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cabling in harsh automotive environments.

**Q2: What are the key features of the TJA1100?** The TJA1100 offers a range of essential features, including:

- Support for 100BASE-T1 Ethernet standard
- UTP cabling with up to 150-meter reach
- Low power consumption for automotive applications
- Robust design to withstand extreme temperatures and vibrations
- Compact form factor for space-constrained installations

**Q3: Why is the TJA1100 suitable for automotive Ethernet?** The TJA1100 is optimized for use in vehicles due to its:

- High noise immunity and EMC compliance

- Ability to operate under wide temperature ranges (-40°C to +125°C)
- Compliance with automotive safety regulations and standards

**Q4: What are the applications of the TJA1100?** The TJA1100 finds applications in various automotive systems, such as:

- Advanced driver assistance systems (ADAS)
- Infotainment systems
- Vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) and vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2X) communication
- Powertrain and chassis control modules

**Q5: What are the advantages of using the TJA1100?** The TJA1100 provides numerous benefits, including:

- Enhanced data transfer rates and reduced latencies
- Improved reliability and reduced packet loss
- Reduced cabling weight and space requirements
- Compatibility with standard Ethernet protocols
- Simplified system integration and reduced development time

## **Explore the World with National Geographic's World English 3 Workbook**

### **Paragraph 1:**

National Geographic's World English 3 Workbook is an essential companion for language learners seeking to enhance their proficiency in English. Designed to supplement any English language curriculum, this comprehensive workbook offers a variety of exercises and activities to improve grammar, vocabulary, reading comprehension, writing skills, and cultural awareness.

### **Paragraph 2:**

**Question 1: What is the primary focus of the World English 3 Workbook?**

**Answer:** The workbook focuses on developing key English language skills, including grammar, vocabulary, reading comprehension, writing, and cultural awareness.



### Paragraph 3:

#### Question 2: How is the workbook structured?

**Answer:** The workbook is organized into 10 units, each covering a specific theme or topic. Each unit includes a variety of exercises, such as grammar drills, vocabulary practice, reading passages, discussion questions, and writing assignments.

### Paragraph 4:

#### Question 3: Are there any special features included in the workbook?

**Answer:** Yes, the workbook features a number of unique and engaging elements, including authentic photographs, informative texts, cultural notes, and interactive exercises. Additionally, the workbook is supported by an online portal where students can access additional resources and materials.

### Paragraph 5:

#### Question 4: Who is the target audience for the World English 3 Workbook?

**Answer:** The workbook is ideal for students at the upper-intermediate to advanced levels of English proficiency. It is suitable for use in classrooms, self-study, or as a complement to other language learning programs.

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