

# CHRONIC ILLNESS TRAJECTORY FRAMEWORK THE CORBIN AND STRAUSS NURSING MODEL

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**What are the phases of the Corbin and Strauss model of illness trajectory?** As in Corbin and Strauss' model, five trajectory phases were identified; the pretrajectory phase, trajectory onset, living with progressive disease, downward phase and dying phase (figure 1). Women's narratives began by describing events before metastatic disease was diagnosed.

**What is the chronic illness trajectory model?** Chronic Illness Trajectory Model [5], also created by Corbin and Strauss, describes how the course of illness changes over time. Patients may shift between different illness phases repeatedly over their lifetime, as their conditions fluctuate ( Figure 1 [5]).

**What are the 8 phases of chronic illness trajectory?** They describe how chronic illness is experienced by the person in and through their descriptions of distinct phases of illness. They identify nine phases: pre-trajectory, trajectory onset, stable, unstable, acute, crisis, comeback, downward, and dying.

**What is the trajectory of illness framework?** The Illness Trajectory Framework assumes that conditions impacting a person's biography include life stage, salient aspects of self loss that arise during illness, and a person's ability to adapt, come to terms with losses, and move on.

**What are the 4 stages of illness trajectory?** With the arrival of symptoms and diagnosis, the 'chronic illness trajectory' model follows sequential phases: 1) stable and unstable, managed with usual care; 2) acute and critical, requiring

hospitalizations and intensive treatments; 3) post-acute 'comeback' or 'downward', depending on the disease control; and 4) ...

**What is the paradigm model of Strauss and Corbin?** paradigm model is a set of successive efforts and the interactions between them over the course of time and place that find a function in response to a situation or context (Corbin & Strauss, 2008).

**What are the chronic illness trajectories?** The illness trajectory refers to the course of the disease process and treatment over time, including the different phases and directions it can take, such as remission or end-of-life care.

**What is the chronic illness framework?** The Chronic Care Model (CCM) identifies the essential elements of a health care system that encourage high-quality chronic disease care. These elements are the community, the health system, self-management support, delivery system design, decision support and clinical information systems.

**What are the 4 models of chronic disease?** Five chronic disease models included Chronic Care Model (CCM), Improving Chronic Illness Care (ICIC), and Innovative Care for Chronic Conditions (ICCC), Stanford Model (SM) and Community based Transition Model (CBTM). CCM was the most studied model.

**What is trajectory model?** Trajectory modelling techniques have been developed to determine subgroups within a given population and are increasingly used to better understand intra- and inter-individual variability in health outcome patterns over time.

**What is the health trajectory model?** Health trajectories are descriptions (usually in terms of lines or curves) of how a person's health changes as they get older. They are estimated from growth curve models with health as the outcome.

**What is trajectory phase?** A phase trajectory refers to the path traced by a system's state variables over time, as influenced by a specific parameter such as 'A' in the provided context.

**What is the trajectory theory in nursing?** The Theory of Illness Trajectory encompasses not only the physical components of the disease, but the “total organization of life & death over the course of the disease” (Wiesner & Dodd, 1993, p. 110).

20). An illness trajectory is theoretically distinct from the course of an illness.

**What is the difference between disease course and illness trajectory?** Disease course refers to the symptoms and the characteristics of the disorder, while illness trajectory emphasizes the social and psychologic issues confronted by patients and families who experience health problems.

**What is the crisis phase of the trajectory model of chronic illness?** Crisis Phase: This time period includes the symptomatic period prior to the diagnosis and the initial period of coping and adjustment after the diagnosis.

**What is illness trajectories description and clinical use?** Illness trajectories are used to describe the course or progression of a disease as experienced by a patient over time. Reflecting on timeframes and probable future needs of the patient helps multidisciplinary teams organise appropriate care in different phases of disease, as well as towards death.

**What are the 4 dying trajectories?** As articulated by the Institute of Medicine, and augmented by researcher and palliative physician Joanne Lynn in the early 2000s, there are four commonly recognized trajectories: Sudden Death, Terminal Disease, Major Organ Failure, and Frailty (Lynn, 2004).

**What is the stage of illness model?** In the Illness-Constellation Model, the illness experience is defined as a four-stage process namely stage of uncertainty, stage of disruption, stage of striving to regain self and stage of regaining wellness.

**What is the Strauss and Corbin theory?** Strauss and Corbin emphasize basic techniques in the development of their method, such as data collection and analysis, concepts and categories, theoretical sampling, constant comparative method, theoretical memos, hypothesis about the relationships among categories and the development of categories.

**Is the outcome of the Corbin and Strauss approach to grounded theory is a full conceptual description?** The outcome of the Strauss and Corbin approach is a full conceptual description. The original grounded theory method, by contrast, generates a theory that explains how a basic social problem that emerged from the data is processed in a social setting.

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CHRONIC ILLNESS TRAJECTORY FRAMEWORK THE CORBIN AND STRAUSS NURSING  
MODEL

**What is a paradigm model?** The Oxford English Dictionary defines a paradigm as "a pattern or model, an exemplar; a typical instance of something, an example".

**What are the 4 patterns trajectories of dying?** Sudden death, terminal illness, organ failure, and frailty are the four most common types of illness trajectories found in end-of-life care.

**What are the stages of illness theory?** Edward Suchman (1965) devised an orderly approach for studying illness behavior with his elaboration of the five key stages of illness experience: (1) symptom experience; (2) assumption of the sick role; (3) medical care contact; (4) dependent patient role; and (5) recovery and rehabilitation.

**What are the stages of the common sense model of illness?** The Common-Sense Model suggests that there are five dimensions of cognitive illness-representations: (1) identity, which includes beliefs about how the condition is identified, what experiences are expressions of the illness and what experiences are not, as well as how those experiences are labelled; (2) timeline, ...

**What are the three illness trajectories?**

## **Treasure Island Oxford Bookworms Activities Answers**

### **1. Comprehension Questions**

- Q: What is the name of the narrator?
- A: Jim Hawkins
- Q: Where does the story take place?
- A: Treasure Island
- Q: Who is the captain of the Hispaniola?

- A: Billy Bones

## 2. Vocabulary Activities

- Q: What does "cutlass" mean?
- A: A curved sword
- Q: What is the meaning of "doubloon"?
- A: A Spanish gold coin
- Q: What does "scuttlebutt" refer to?
- A: A ship's water cask

## 3. Character Analysis

- Q: Describe the character of Jim Hawkins.
- A: Jim is a young boy who is brave, curious, and loyal.
- Q: What are Long John Silver's motives?
- A: Silver is a pirate who seeks to obtain the treasure on Treasure Island.
- Q: How does Dr. Livesey contribute to the story?
- A: Dr. Livesey provides medical and emotional support to the crew.

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## 4. Plot Summary Activities

THE CORBIN AND STRAUSS NURSING MODEL

- Q: What is the main conflict in the story?
- A: The quest for the treasure and the battle between the pirates and the loyal crew.
- Q: Describe the climax of the story.
- A: The final confrontation between Jim and Silver for control of the treasure.
- Q: What is the resolution of the story?
- A: The pirates are defeated, and Jim and his allies claim the treasure.

## 5. Discussion Questions

- Q: What themes are explored in the story?
- A: Greed, loyalty, courage, and the struggle between good and evil.
- Q: How does the story reflect the values and beliefs of the time it was written?
- A: It reflects the era of British imperialism and adventure, as well as the fascination with pirates and treasure.
- Q: What modern adaptations of the story have you encountered?
- A: Examples include movies, TV shows, and video games.

**What is one-dimensional man according to Marcuse?** Marcuse gives an impression of people lulled into conformity, rather than bludgeoned or tricked. The

CHRONIC ILLNESS TRAJECTORY FRAMEWORK THE GORBIN AND STRAUSS NURSING MODEL

'one dimension' of the title refers to the flattening of discourse, imagination, culture, and politics into the field of understanding, the perspective, of the dominant order.

**What is the main idea of the one dimensional man?** Summary. Marcuse strongly criticizes consumerism and modern "industrial society", which he claims is a form of social control. Marcuse argues that while the system the West lives in may claim to be democratic, it is actually totalitarian.

**What happens in chapter 4 of one dimensional man?** One Dimensional Man, chapter 4. The Happy Consciousness--the belief that the real is rational and that the system delivers the goods--reflects the new conformism which is a facet of technological rationality translated into social behavior. It is new because it is rational to an unprecedented degree.

**Who is the reference for One-Dimensional Man?** Citation Data Marcuse, Herbert, 1898-1979. One Dimensional Man; Studies in the Ideology of Advanced Industrial Society. Boston :Beacon Press, 1964.

**What does it mean to be a one-dimensional person?** having a single dominant aspect, quality, concern, etc. and hence narrow, limited, superficial, etc.

**What is the conclusion of the One-Dimensional Man?** The final section of the book puts forth Marcuse's vision of revolution, which is the "pacification of nature." Marcuse argues that the current technological system must be destroyed and technics must, instead of accumulating power, aim to reduce power and approach the world nonviolently.

**What is Marcuse's critical theory?** Marcuse argued that "capitalism and mass culture shape personal desires" so there is no essential or unchanging aspect to human nature. Mass culture results in domination of "the inner world of the human subject" (Elliott, p. 139).

**What is a one-dimensional character?** Characters are one-dimensional when only one side of their personality comes through: the kindly neighbor, the crotchety old man, the snobbish beauty. But no one in real life is always one way, be it kindly, crotchety, or snobbish.

**What is the One-Dimensional Man breakdown?** Retaining a characteristic focus on the individual psychological effects of changing material conditions, One-Dimensional Man is an analysis of technology and political thought; it seeks to explain why our ability to think critically and radically about our political circumstances has disappeared, and how we might get ...

**What is one-dimensional woman about?** One-Dimensional Woman critiqued the nuclear family and explored the different ways in which men and women can be lusty and licentious (chapter titles included "Socialism Must Not Exclude Human Sensual Pleasure from Its Program!").

**What do the boys do at the end of Chapter 4?** The boys roast the pig, and the hunters dance wildly around the fire, singing and reenacting the savagery of the hunt. Ralph declares that he is calling a meeting and stalks down the hill toward the beach alone.

## **SEC 5 Math A14 Test 2: Questions and Answers**

### **Sun4nier College QC**

#### **Question 1:**

Solve for x:  $|x + 2| = 5$

**Answer:**

$x = 3$  or  $x = -7$

#### **Question 2:**

Find the area of the triangle with vertices (0, 0), (4, 0), and (0, 3).

**Answer:**

Area = 6 square units

#### **Question 3:**

Simplify:  $(2x^2 - 3x + 1) - (x^2 + 2x - 4)$

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CHRONIC ILLNESS TRAJECTORY FRAMEWORK THE CORBIN AND STRAUSS NURSING  
MODEL



**Answer:**

$$x^2 - 5x + 5$$

**Question 4:**

Find the slope of the line passing through the points (2, -1) and (-3, 4).

**Answer:**

$$\text{Slope} = -1$$

**Question 5:**

Solve for y:  $2y - 5 = 11$

**Answer:**

$$y = 8$$

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