

# ECONOMIC PAPER 1 FOR JUNE

## GRADE 11

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#### **How to write an economics essay grade 11?**

**What is the format of paper 1 in economics?** Each question in Paper 1 consists of two parts. Part A is normally an 'explain' type of question and you will need roughly 30 minutes to complete it. Part B features an 'evaluation' question even though the word 'evaluation' isn't always used. You should spend approximately 45 minutes to answer it.

#### **What topics are in paper 2 of economics?**

**What is economics class 11 chapter?** Class 11 Economics talks about the study of production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services. The two major branches of Class 11 economics are: Macroeconomics - analyzes the individual agent like household, or business firms, etc. Microeconomics - covers all the economy as a whole.

#### **How do I prepare for an economics essay?**

**How long is economics paper 1?** A-level Economics has three exam papers, each is marked out of 100 and is 2 hours long.

**How to get a 7 in IB Economics Paper 1?** In order to achieve a 7 on an IB Economics exam, it is important for students to understand the format, structure and content of each type of question. For multiple-choice questions, it is necessary for students familiarize themselves with the material in order to identify the correct answer among the choices provided.

**What is econ paper 1?** Paper 1 in IB Economics is an options paper. Students are presented with three questions from which they choose one question. Each question has two parts: part (a) and part (b).

**How do you write a good essay for Grade 11?**

**How do you memorize an economics essay?**

**What is a good in economics class 11?** A economic goods is a good or service that producer provides to meet the needs and wants of consumer. It provides utility to the consumer. Example- Private goods, public goods, etc.

**How to write economics answers in IGCSE?**

**What are some questions about public speaking?**

**What are the 10 tips for public speaking?**

**What are the 4 P's of public speaking?** The Four P's of Public Speaking The next four P's are the keys to effective and compelling oral delivery: Projection, Pace, Pitch, and Pauses. By skillfully controlling and varying your voice, you can attract and hold interest, combat monotony, add emphasis, clarify meaning, and convey enthusiasm and conviction.

**What is the #1 rule of public speaking?** Rule #1: Make the Audience the Center of Your Universe Ultimately, every good speaker cares more about the audience than themselves.

**What are the 5 C's of public speaking?** For effective communication, remember the 5 C's of communication: clear, cohesive, complete, concise, and concrete. Be Clear about your message, be Cohesive by staying on-topic, Complete your idea with supporting content, be Concise by eliminating unnecessary words, be Concrete by using precise words.

**What are good questions to ask in a speech?**

**Do and don'ts of public speaking?** Speak loudly, slowly, and clearly. Be professional: don't use profanities, colloquialisms, and space fillers (such as “you

know,” “so,” “um,” “uh,” or “like). Know your audience. Avoid special terminology and technical formulas.

**What are 5 public speaking skills?**

**What are the 3 B's of public speaking?** One of my favorite guidelines when writing or speaking is the 3Bs of Communication. Be Brief. Be Brilliant. Be Gone.

**Do and don'ts of presentation?**

**What are the 3 S's of public speaking?** It's called the 3 S's - structure, story and self. Without these, there will be facts without flow and substance, visual effect without impact and an audience without interest. Structure Most things in life have a beginning, middle and end, except bad presentations.

**What are the 7 elements of public speaking?** The seven elements in the communication process that apply to speech are: 1) speaker, 2) listener, 3) message, 4) channel, 5) interference, 6) feedback, and 7) situation. The speaker is the source of information and communication and is the individual who delivers or expresses their idea on a topic.

**What is the golden rule of public speaking?** The Golden Rule: Respect Your Audience.

**What not to do before public speaking?**

**What is the 20 minute rule for public speaking?** You don't want to be a talking head for 30 minutes or more. A great measure is called the “20-minute rule,” which means that the brain can only absorb what the person sitting can endure! If you're pontificating for more than 20 minutes, you've lost your audience.

**What is the ABCD of public speaking?** Conclusion: The ABCs of public speaking are Audience, Build, and Communication. Know your audience and why they are there. Build your presentation to keep the audience engaged and they are able to leave your presentation having learned something.

**What are the qualities of a good public speaker?**

**What are 6 important elements to perfect public speaking?**

**What questions should I ask a public speaker?** “How do you see [current event] affecting [industry/field] in the long term?” “What's one piece of advice you wish you had received earlier in your career?” “Can you talk about a project or accomplishment that you're particularly proud of?” “What's the biggest misconception about [topic] and how would you address it?”

**What are the possible questions in public speaking?**

**What is a good sentence to start a speech?** Good morning/afternoon everyone and welcome to my presentation. First of all, let me thank you all for coming here today. Let me start by saying a few words about my own background. As you can see on the screen, our topic today is.....

**What questions should I ask a public speaker?** “How do you see [current event] affecting [industry/field] in the long term?” “What's one piece of advice you wish you had received earlier in your career?” “Can you talk about a project or accomplishment that you're particularly proud of?” “What's the biggest misconception about [topic] and how would you address it?”

**What are questions of fact public speaking?** A Question of Fact asks what is true and what is false. These questions can be answered with a fact that can be verified in a reference book. Example: Which building is the tallest in the world? Who is the richest person in the U.S.? Who scored the most points in the NBA last season?

**What are questions of value in public speaking?** Questions of Value Persuasive speeches of value depend on a judgement that something is right or wrong, moral or immoral, or better or worse than another thing. The speech should include an appeal, criteria for judgement, and facts that support the appeal using the judgement criteria.

**What questions should I ask in a speaking exam?**

**What are good audience questions?**

**What are the 10 qualities of good public speaker?**

**What topic should I talk in public speaking?** Choose a topic that you're fairly familiar with or have an interest in. This might help you to include some personal experience as a bonus to your speech. Know your audience. Your topic should always resemble the interests of your audience, otherwise they could find it boring.

**What are the possible questions in public speaking?**

**How to persuade an audience?** Thoroughly understand and research your topic and the perspectives of your audience. Use clear and concise language to communicate your ideas. Support your arguments with evidence and examples. Use persuasive techniques, such as repetition and rhetorical questions.

**Why is asking questions important in public speaking?** Questions allow you to speak directly to listeners, which can be powerful. Listeners will respond mentally to questions even if they are rhetorical. Audiences can easily become passive, so use questions to re-engage them. When you ask questions, you can "check in" that listeners are still with you.

**What are the 5 value questions?**

**What are the three audience questions?**

**What are rhetorical questions for public speaking?**

**What are the speaking test questions?**

**What are three questions one needs to ask before speaking?**

**How to improve speaking skills?**

**What are inductors used for list 5 applications?**

**When might you use an inductor in a circuit?** What is an inductor used for? Inductors slow down current surges or spikes by temporarily storing energy in an electro-magnetic field and then releasing it back into the circuit.

**What type of inductor is typically used in electronics where the frequency of the supply is very high?** Ferrite-core inductor For higher frequencies, inductors are made with cores of ferrite. Ferrite is a ceramic ferrimagnetic material that is

nonconductive, so eddy currents cannot flow within it.

**Which of the following is a typical application for an inductor?** Chokes—In many cases, inductors are used as chokes to either block or suppress high-frequency noise or interference within electronic circuits. These applications are typically found in RF circuits and in power supplies.

**What are inductors used for in everyday life?** Since inductors have very special electrical, magnetic, and physical properties they can be found in numerous everyday applications such as filters, sensors, transformers, motors, and for energy storage.

**What are the basics of inductors?** The basic structure of an inductor consists of a conductive wire wound in a coil shape and is able to convert electric energy to magnetic energy and store it inside the inductor. The storable amount of magnetic energy is determined by the inductance of the inductor and measured in Henry (H).

**Do inductors block AC or DC?** A typical use for an inductor is to make a low pass filter. That's a simple RL low pass filter with a cutoff at 100Hz. That plot is the reason we say that inductors block AC.

**How do you choose an inductor for a circuit?** An inductor should have a high value of rated current so that it can operate in linear range over the entire load. Also, it should have low DC resistance to minimize losses and increase the efficiency of the regulator. It should also have a small size which is important for printed circuit boards (PCBs).

**What is the main purpose of an inductor?** An inductor has the functions of developing electromotive force in the direction that reduces fluctuation when a fluctuating current flows and storing electric energy as magnetic energy.

**Do inductors block high-frequency?** By its nature, an inductor is a low pass filter ( $X_L = L$ ). At high frequency the inductor becomes a high impedance element that can be used for RF isolation. High frequency cannot pass through the inductor, but dc current and very low frequency signals are allowed to pass.

**Do inductors store current or voltage?** Inductors Store Energy. The magnetic field that surrounds an inductor stores energy as current flows through the field. If we

slowly decrease the amount of current, the magnetic field begins to collapse and releases the energy and the inductor becomes a current source.

**Does inductor voltage change with frequency?** The rate-of-change of current increases as frequency increases. Therefore, the voltage across the inductance increases as frequency increases. Thus, both equations prove that in an inductive circuit, as frequency increases, the voltage across the inductor increases.

**Why are inductors rarely used?** Inductor works on the principle of changing flux, Since in a DC direction of current is constant so magnetic flux will not change. When DC is used in a circuit having an inductor the inductor will offer no impedance/resistance and it will behave as a short-circuited path.

**What is the best type of inductor?**

**How to make your own inductor?**

**Are inductors used in phones?** The main functions of chip inductors in mobile phones are as follows: Function 1: Provide a more stable and purer current: During the power-on process of the mobile phone circuit board, the main function of the inductance is to keep the current stable and protect the safety of the mobile phone.

**What is an inductor for dummies?** An inductor is a passive electronic component that temporarily stores energy in a magnetic field when electric current flows through the inductor's coil.

**Are inductors used in AC circuits?** Inductors are used for reducing current in AC circuits without any loss of electrical energy. When resistors are used, electrical energy is wasted in the form of heat.

**What is the rule of inductor?** The instantaneous voltage drop across an inductor is directly proportional to the rate of change of the current passing through the inductor. The mathematical relationship is given by  $v = L (di/dt)$ .

**Can a straight wire act as an inductor?** A straight wire can definitely be used as an inductor.

**What makes a good inductor?** The DC resistance (DCR) is the resistance component of the coil. A high DCR will cause high losses, so it is always better to select an inductor with low DCR value. It is important to consider the acceptable DCR of the inductor according to your application.

**What are the applications of variable inductors?** Variable inductors are commonly used in radio and other applications that require specific tuning. A variable inductor is also used in highly sensitive applications since a fixed inductor may not be perfectly aligned in these situations.

**What are the application of inductors of resistors?** Inductors are used extensively with capacitors and resistors to create filters for analog circuits and in signal processing. Alone, an inductor functions as a low-pass filter, since the impedance of an inductor increases as the frequency of a signal increases.

**What are inductors for RF applications?** For these applications, RF inductors provide the isolation function, blocking the RF signal from the DC bias source. For an example requiring RF isolation, a television antenna may need up to 500 mA injected onto the RF line, while blocking frequencies from 20 MHz to 2 GHz.

**Are inductors used in phones?** The main functions of chip inductors in mobile phones are as follows: Function 1: Provide a more stable and purer current: During the power-on process of the mobile phone circuit board, the main function of the inductance is to keep the current stable and protect the safety of the mobile phone.

## **Sliding Scale Insulin Chart: Download and Understanding**

### **What is a Sliding Scale Insulin Chart?**

A sliding scale insulin chart is a tool used by healthcare professionals and individuals with diabetes to determine the appropriate dose of short-acting insulin based on their blood glucose levels. It provides a set of guidelines for administering insulin at different blood glucose ranges.

### **Why is it Important to Use a Sliding Scale Insulin Chart?**



Using a sliding scale insulin chart can help regulate blood glucose levels and prevent both hypoglycemia (low blood sugar) and hyperglycemia (high blood sugar). It can also reduce the risk of long-term complications associated with diabetes, such as cardiovascular disease and eye damage.

### **How to Use a Sliding Scale Insulin Chart**

Before using a sliding scale insulin chart, consult with a healthcare professional to determine the appropriate target blood glucose range and insulin dosage. The chart typically consists of columns for blood glucose levels, insulin doses, and time intervals. Individuals simply match their blood glucose level to the corresponding insulin dose and time interval.

### **Where to Download a Sliding Scale Insulin Chart**

Sliding scale insulin charts can be downloaded from various online sources, including:

- American Diabetes Association:  
<https://www.diabetes.org/diabetes/medication-management/insulin-other-injectables/sliding-scale-insulin>
- National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases:  
<https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/diabetes/diabetes-treatment/insulin-therapy/using-insulin-sliding-scale>

### **Additional Considerations**

- It's essential to follow the instructions on the sliding scale insulin chart precisely.
- Blood glucose levels should be monitored regularly to ensure that they remain within the target range.
- If blood glucose levels are significantly above or below the target range, consult with a healthcare professional for adjustments to the insulin dosage.
- Sliding scale insulin charts are typically not suitable for all individuals with diabetes. Those on insulin pumps or who have insulin resistance may require a different approach.

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