

GUIDED READING ORIGINS OF THE COLD WAR ANSWERS

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What is the Cold War answers? The Cold War was an ongoing political rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union and their respective allies that developed after World War II. This hostility between the two superpowers was first given its name by George Orwell in an article published in 1945.

What is the key to the origins of the Cold War? The Cold War developed as differences about the shape of the postwar world created suspicion and distrust between the United States and the Soviet Union. The first – and most difficult – test case was Poland, the eastern half of which had been invaded and occupied by the USSR in 1939.

What seemed to motivate McCarthyism? McCarthy, the junior Senator from Wisconsin, asserted that Communists had infiltrated the Department of State. Behind McCarthy's February 1950 charges and the support he received was the Republicans' anger over the Truman Administration's handling of the intensifying Cold War and domestic loyalty issues.

Which of the following had a pro-Soviet regime? The Soviet Union was determined to have a buffer zone between its borders and Western Europe. It set up pro-communist regimes in Poland, Hungary, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Albania, and eventually in East Germany.

What is Cold War in short answer? A cold war is a state of conflict between nations that does not involve direct military action but is pursued primarily through economic and political actions, propaganda, acts of espionage or proxy wars waged by surrogates.

How to answer cold war questions? Provide evidence to support your point and the theme of the answer. Make the evidence specific, eg use key terms, dates and names. Be precise with the facts – don't generalise. Interpret the evidence and show how it agrees or disagrees with the question theme.

What were the origins of the Cold War Quizlet? The Cold War began because the Soviet Union was increasing their military power. The United States was trying to contain communism and began paying attention to the Soviets military. Because of this, the United States, also began supplying for a war.

What are the three main points of the Cold War?

What were the origins of the first Cold War? While most historians trace the origins of the Cold War to the period immediately following World War II, some argue that it began with the 1917 October Revolution in the Russian Republic when the Bolsheviks overthrew the Russian Provisional Government.

Why did the US fear communism? McCarthyism coincided with an increased and widespread fear of communist espionage that was consequent of the increasing tension in the Cold War through the Soviet occupation of Eastern Europe, the Berlin Blockade (1948–49), the end of the Chinese Civil War, the confessions of spying for the Soviet Union that were made ...

What was Joe McCarthy's downfall? Despite McCarthy's acquittal of misconduct in the Schine matter, the Army–McCarthy hearings ultimately became the main catalyst in McCarthy's downfall from political power.

What did McCarthyism do to Americans? McCarthyism, also known as the Second Red Scare, was the political repression and persecution of left-wing individuals and a campaign spreading fear of communist and Soviet influence on American institutions and of Soviet espionage in the United States during the late 1940s through the 1950s.

What does CCCP mean? Central Committee of the Communist Party.

Would Russia have won WWII without the US? Conclusion: The Soviet Union couldn't have beaten Nazi Germany during the Second World War without the

Western Allies. Lend-lease was decisive in giving the Red Army the mobility, communications, and logistics to wage modern war.

Why did the USSR fail? The total collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991 took many in the West by surprise. The fundamental factors that contributed to collapse, including economic stagnation and the overextension of the military, were rooted in Soviet policies, but the Cold War and the U.S. policy of containment played a role as well.

What is the Cold War short summary? The Cold War was a decades-long struggle for global supremacy that pitted the capitalist United States against the communist Soviet Union.

What is the Cold War quizlet? Cold War. a state of tension between two superpowers with no actual fighting; power struggle between the soviet union and the United States after world war II. Soviet Satellites. The Eastern European nations that remained under the control of the Soviet Union after the Second World War.

What was the Cold War in a few words? The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension marked by competition and confrontation between communist nations led by the Soviet Union and Western democracies including the United States.

What is the best definition of cold war? : a conflict over ideological differences carried on by methods short of sustained overt military action and usually without breaking off diplomatic relations. specifically, often capitalized C&W : the ideological conflict between the U.S. and the Soviet Union during the second half of the 20th century compare hot war.

What is biological pest control using natural enemies? Biological control is the use of living organisms to suppress pest populations, making them less damaging than they would otherwise be. Natural enemies of insects play an important role in limiting the densities of potential pests. These natural enemies include predators, parasitoids, and pathogens.

What is one natural predator that can be used as biological control against mice? Hawks prefer to eat small mammals. On average, hawks consume the equivalent of 3 voles or 6-8 mice each day. Hawks can also repel pest birds like

pigeons. Hawks are territorial.

What is the difference between inundative and inoculative release? For example, in areas where a particular natural enemy cannot overwinter, an inoculative release each spring may allow the population to establish and adequately control a pest. Inundative releases involve the release of large numbers of a natural enemy such that their population completely overwhelms that of the pest.

What are four biological methods of controlling pests? Biological Pest Control - Key takeaways There are generally considered to be three different types of biological pest control- augmentation, conservation, and importation. There are generally considered to be four methods of biological pest control- predation, parasitoidism, competition, and pathogen introduction.

What are the classification of natural enemies? Natural enemies are divided into two main groups: predators and parasites. A predator lives by capturing and feeding on another species. Predators are usually larger and more powerful than their prey.

Why is biological control better than chemical control? Biological approaches can deliver on pest control while maintaining the safety of both consumers and workers. Low or no toxicity is a big advantage of biocontrol. This is especially true when considering the harmful residues that chemicals can leave on the crop.

What is naturally poisonous to mice?

What is the best preventative for mice? Use smells Mice are very sensitive sense to scents so using substances that have a very strong smell is a good way to deter mice. Peppermint essential oil and clove essential oil have strong scents that will repel mice by irritating their noses.

What is the difference between natural control and biological control? Natural Control versus Biological Control Natural control by beneficial insects or other environmental factors happens regardless of whether humans are aware of it or not. Biological control is when humans purposely manipulate populations of beneficial insects to manage undesirable insects.

What is an example of inundative biological control? Inundative release When releasing large numbers of natural enemies, often several times over a growing

season, the individuals released are expected to provide biological control. Periodically releasing *Trichogramma* spp. egg parasitic wasps to destroy moth eggs is an example of inundative biological control.

What is the difference between biocontrol and pesticides? Biological control is an alternative to using pesticides and involves using one species or biological agent to control the population size of another species. The organism used is called a biological control agent. By releasing a natural predator into the crop growing area, the number of pests can be reduced.

What is the difference between biological and cultural pest control? Cultural controls can be effective in reducing the susceptibility of all crops — but in particular field and row crops — to damage by indigenous pests, and conservation and augmentative biological controls appear best suited for use in perennial crops.

What are the disadvantages of biological pest control? In some cases, biological control is more costly than pesticides. Often, the results of using biological control are not as dramatic or immediate as the results of pesticide use. Most natural enemies attack only specific types of insects, whereas broad-spectrum insecticides may kill a wide range of insects.

Which method destroys all pathogens and insects? Correct option is A. In the irradiation method of food protection, which of the following changes are seen in food: (1) Microbes, fungus, and insects are destroyed. (3) The sprouting process becomes slow down.

What is the best pest control method? Chemical Pest Control Methods – The most well-known way of controlling pests is by using pesticides and rodenticides. Chemical types of pest control have been seen as reliable, and tackle a large portion of the pest population. Pesticides are usually used in certain circumstances where no other method will work.

What is the difference between natural control and biological control? Natural Control versus Biological Control Natural control by beneficial insects or other environmental factors happens regardless of whether humans are aware of it or not. Biological control is when humans purposely manipulate populations of beneficial insects to manage undesirable insects.

What is a natural method of pest control? Natural pest control refers to pest control methods that rely on natural (chemical-free) remedies. From essential oils to fly traps to food grade Diatomaceous Earth, several natural elements can help control the pest population. These solutions are often safe for pets and small children and non-toxic.

What is biological control of pest agents? Biological pest control, often referred to as biocontrol, is a method of managing pests using natural predators, parasitoids, or pathogens. This approach partners with nature to maintain the balance of ecosystems and protect crops without resorting to harmful chemicals.

What is pest biological control examples? Examples of biological control include the destruction of the citrophilus mealybug in California by two parasitic species of chalcid wasps imported from Australia, *Coccophagus gurneyi* and *Tetraneura pretiosus*; the effective predation of an Australian ladybird beetle, or vedalia beetle (*Rodolia cardinalis*), on the ...

How do I find a merchant category code? How to find your business's MCC. You won't find your MCC code on any statements or bills. Instead, you'll need to call your payment processor and ask them what code is assigned to your business. They'll let you know what code is being used, and it might not always be obvious.

What is a merchant category code group? Merchant category codes (MCCs) are four-digit numbers that credit card issuers use to classify individual purchases according to the type of merchant where they were made.

What are MCC groups? A merchant category code (MCC) is a four-digit number assigned by a card network (Visa or Mastercard) to a business, based on the goods or services the business offers. On the Marqeta platform, an MCC group defines a set of MCCs.

What is the difference between merchant ID and MCC? MCC codes are used to classify businesses by the type of goods or services they provide. On the other hand, merchant id numbers are unique codes assigned to a merchant by their acquiring bank.

How can I look up a merchant ID?

What is the difference between merchant category code and Naics code? What is the difference between MCC's and NAICS codes? Merchant category codes (MCCs) are used by credit card companies to classify businesses, track consumer spending and allocate rewards. On the other hand, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes are another way of classifying businesses.

Can a business have multiple MCC codes? Some businesses may also fall under multiple categories, so different card brands could assign different codes depending on what they consider the business's primary product or service. In some cases, a company may be assigned more than one MCC.

What is the difference between MCC and SIC code? Both systems serve to categorize businesses but are used in different contexts, with the SIC focusing more on industry classification for analytical purposes and the MCC being used primarily in the banking and credit card sectors to manage transactions.

What is the IRS merchant category code? An MCC is a four-digit number used by the payment card industry to classify businesses by the goods or services they provide. There are approximately 600 MCCs, representing different types of businesses. Some examples are: 4411 - Cruise Lines; 5462 - Bakeries; and 5532 - Automotive Tire Stores.

How many MCC categories are there? An improper classification could cause a merchant to pay higher than necessary processing fees. There are approximately 500 different MCC Codes used by Visa and it is important for a merchant to make sure they are assigned to the appropriate code.

What are the different types of MCC? The three main MCC types are fixed, plug-in, and withdrawable. Let's compare the first two since they're the most structurally similar. Fixed type MCCs have components like outgoing cables, contactors, and molded case circuit breakers (MCCBs) fixed into position within the MCC's cabinet frame.

What is the standard MCC code? A merchant category code (MCC) is a four-digit number used for retail financial services to classify a business by the types of goods or services it provides. Codes are specified by the ISO 18245 standard.

How do I find my merchant category code? MCCs affect the interchange rates and fees businesses pay, how the IRS classifies a business for tax purposes and how customers are rewarded on the purchases they make. You can find a business's MCC by calling your processor, reviewing your card statement or by calling the number on the back of your card.

Who assigns MCC codes? Merchant Category Codes are assigned by credit card networks (Visa, Mastercard, American Express, and Discover) to make sure that merchants and their transactions are classified correctly.

What is the MCC code 7399? MCC 7399, known as “Business Services – Not Elsewhere Classified,” is used by credit card companies to identify transactions related to diverse and uncategorized business services.

What is the merchant ID of a provider? Merchant IDs are provided to businesses when they first set up a merchant account with an acquiring bank in order to accept card and digital payments. Although the acquiring bank issues the ID number, it's typically the merchant service provider (MSP) that passes it on to the merchant.

Are merchant reference number and transaction ID the same? Payment reference number can be a transaction number. When you make a payment to any company they create a number to identify your payment in their records, that may be called a challan. With the help of this payment/transaction or reference number it becomes very easy to track your payment.

Where can I find merchant Center ID? Your Google Merchant ID can be found in the top-right corner of the Google Merchant Center page. In this example, 1456723 is the merchant id.

Are Merchant Category Code and Merchant Category Group similar? Credit card networks such as Visa and MasterCard adopted this classification method but now refer to them as the Merchant Category Code or MCC. In addition to Merchant Category Codes, MasterCard further identifies industries by using Merchant Category Group (MCG) codes as well as Transaction Category Codes (TCC).

Are MCC and SIC the same? MCC stands for Merchant Category Classification, the code for which is a four-digit number used by the credit card industry to classify

businesses into market segments. SIC stands for Standard Industrial Classification, the code for which is another four-digit number.

What is merchant category code 5541? 5541: Gas Stations. 5941: Sporting Goods Stores. 5942: Book Stores. 5912: Drug Stores and Pharmacies. 7832: Motion Picture Theaters.

What is your merchant code? If you've set up a card program before—or any business to accept payments—you've likely encountered merchant category codes (MCCs). An MCC is a four-digit number that classifies the type of goods or services a business offers.

What is the IRS merchant category code? An MCC is a four-digit number used by the payment card industry to classify businesses by the goods or services they provide. There are approximately 600 MCCs, representing different types of businesses. Some examples are: 4411 - Cruise Lines; 5462 - Bakeries; and 5532 - Automotive Tire Stores.

What is the merchant category code for Amazon? For example, Amazon is registered as a bookstore (MCC 5942) even though it sells a variety of other retail products, including electronics and gadgets and personal care.

What is the merchant category code for online gambling? MCC Codes for Gambling: 7995.

Scrum Mastery: Transitioning from Good to Great to Servant Leadership

Scrum Masters play a crucial role in guiding and facilitating Scrum teams towards continuous improvement and high performance. However, to truly elevate their leadership, Scrum Masters must transition from a good manager to a great servant leader.

Q1: What is the key difference between a good manager and a servant leader?

A1: A good manager focuses on directing and controlling the team, while a servant leader prioritizes supporting and empowering them. Servant leaders serve the team by providing resources, removing obstacles, and creating a positive work environment.

Q2: How can Scrum Masters shift from management to servant leadership? A2:

By embracing key principles of servant leadership, such as humility, active listening, and empathy. Scrum Masters must be willing to lead from behind, enabling the team to take ownership of their work and develop their full potential.

Q3: What are the benefits of servant leadership in Scrum? A3:

Servant leadership fosters trust, collaboration, and innovation within the team. It empowers individuals, leading to increased engagement, productivity, and a sense of purpose. By embracing a servant mindset, Scrum Masters create a high-performing environment where the team thrives.

Q4: How can Scrum Masters measure their progress towards servant leadership? A4:

Feedback from the team is invaluable. Scrum Masters can ask for regular feedback on their leadership style, including their ability to support, empower, and inspire the team. Additionally, they can assess their own actions and behaviors to ensure they align with servant leadership principles.

Q5: What are some practical tips for Scrum Masters to become better servant leaders? A5:

Focus on building relationships with team members, provide regular and meaningful feedback, actively listen to concerns and perspectives, and create opportunities for the team to self-organize and grow. By consistently demonstrating servant leadership qualities, Scrum Masters can elevate their teams to greatness.

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