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What are the topics for agricultural science grade 12? Agricultural Sciences seeks to develop your scientific knowledge and approach to relevant agricultural concepts. In Grade 12 the main content topics are Animal Studies, Agricultural Management and Basic Agricultural Genetics.

What is physical science grade 10? Physical Sciences investigate physical and chemical phenomena through scientific inquiry, application of scientific models, theories and laws of order to explain and predict events in the physical environment.

How do I get GCSE paper? Can I see my answers/get a copy of my marked exam paper? Yes. The exams officer at your school or college will be able to request for us to return your marked question paper on your behalf. This service is sometimes called an 'Access to Script' request.

Which subject is best for agriculture?

What is the meaning of agricultural science? agricultural sciences, sciences dealing with food and fibre production and processing. They include the technologies of soil cultivation, crop cultivation and harvesting, animal production, and the

processing of plant and animal products for human consumption and use.

What topic is agriculture chemistry? Agricultural Chemistry is a branch of chemistry that explains the chemical and biochemical ongoing processes in soil and plant. It also covers the areas regarding mineral nutrients, applications of fertilizers, and soil fertility related to product yield enhancement.

What is the topic of grade 10 in science? In tenth grade science, the curriculum should include the composition and properties of matter, changes and interactions of matter, organic chemistry, nuclear chemistry and more. These topics will help them meet their tenth grade objectives at year's end.

What is a force in physics grade 10? In Physics, force is defined as: The push or pull on an object with mass causes it to change its velocity. Force is an external agent capable of changing a body's state of rest or motion. It has a magnitude and a direction.

What is included in Grade 10 chemistry? 10th Grade Chemistry In this course topics of study will include the basics of scientific investigation and measurement, matter and atomic structure, the periodic table, chemical bonding, chemical reactions and stoichiometry, states of matter, thermochemistry and equilibrium, nuclear chemistry, and organic chemistry.

Can I take a GCSE exam? The Short Answer. Yes, you absolutely can! Unlike some other qualifications, there are no prerequisites or formal entry requirements for taking GCSEs. As a private candidate, all you need to do is register on time and pay the necessary fees.

How do I get a pass at GCSE? What's a GCSE standard pass? This refers to a grade of 4, which is also a pass. It's directly equivalent to a grade C in the old number grading system. Most university courses require that you have at least a grade C/4 in your GCSEs.

How do I get GCSE UK? GCSEs are the main qualification taken by 14 to 16-year-olds, but are available to anyone of any age. You can take GCSEs in a wide range of academic and 'applied' or work-related subjects at school or your local Further Education (FE) college.

Which question paper is best for class 10?

Where can I download past exam papers grade 9 term 2? The Grade 9 exam papers are available for download on the Department of Basic Education website. The papers are available in PDF format and can be downloaded by clicking on the links.

How do I make a question paper in Word?

What does paper 2 English consist of grade 10? Paper 2: Literature (includes the study of novels, drama, short stories and poetry. A Mind the Gap study guide is available for each of the prescribed literature titles.

What is the difference between API 674 and API 675? For high pressure applications, API 674 pumps are the cost-effective solution. These reciprocating plunger pumps typically are lighter and, with their vertical plunger configuration, occupy a smaller footprint than equivalent API 675 double diaphragm pumps.

What is API 674? Developed by the American Petroleum Institute (API), this standard ensures that reciprocating plunger pumps meet specific criteria, emphasizing their reliability, safety, and performance in high-pressure applications. API 674 covers the design, materials, manufacturing, and testing specifications for these pumps.

How accurate is API 675 pump? API 675 stipulates that the deviation must remain within $\pm 3\%$. Capacity of a dosing pump to deliver the same flow, at different measures without changing any parameter (pressure, temperature, NPSH, ...). API 675 stipulates that the deviation must remain within $\pm 1\%$.

What is API 675 standards? API 675 is the standard related to the positive displacement pumps with integrated controlled capacity. This plays an important role in the safe and efficient operation of many industrial plants. The American Petroleum Institute (API) drives standards and quality among energy companies.

What is the difference between centrifugal and reciprocating pumps? What Is The Main Difference between Centrifugal Pumps and Reciprocating Pumps? The

main difference between centrifugal pumps and reciprocating pumps is that

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centrifugal pumps work with a low medium pressure head. By contrast, reciprocating pumps work with high medium pressure heads.

What is the difference between a plunger pump and a diaphragm pump? The flexible components in a diaphragm pump can be its downfall, especially for applications requiring high PSI. The flexible diaphragm can rupture under higher pressure over time whereas a plunger pump is engineered to withstand repeated high-pressure use.

What is an API grade? The service rating of passenger car and commercial automotive motor oils is classified by the American Petroleum Institute (API). The program certifies that engine oil meets certain Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) quality and performance standards.

What does API stand for in pumps? API stands for American Petroleum Institute. This U.S. trade association for the oil and natural gas industries develops standards for petroleum and petrochemical equipment. API maintains more than 500 standards and recommended practices, from drill bits to environmental protection in this industry.

What is the turndown ratio for API 675? 17 of API 675 edition 3, "The steady state flow accuracy shall be within ± 1 % of rated flow over a turndown ratio of at least 10:1.

What is the linearity of API 675? API Standard 675 stipulates that Linearity must remain within $\pm 3\%$. Linearity of $\pm 3\%$ or better can be achieved with HCMS P-Series Metering Pumps; it is a function of rated speed, turndown ratio, and system operating temperature and pressure ranges.

What does API stand for standards? American Petroleum Institute (API) standards promote established, reliable engineering, operational practices, and safe, interchangeable equipment and materials from drill bits to environmental protection.

Are API standards mandatory? As a whole, API testing is not regulated, so it isn't legally required in most cases.

How many API standards are there? In its first 100 years, API has developed more than 800 standards to enhance operational safety, environmental protection and

sustainability across the industry, especially through these standards being adopted globally.

What are the 4 types of reciprocating pumps? Reciprocating pumps are those types of positive displacement pumps that increase liquid energy by a pulsating action. The types are power pumps, direct acting steam pumps, diaphragm pumps, and metering pumps.

Which is more efficient, centrifugal pump or reciprocating pump? Reciprocating pumps can be more efficient than centrifugal pumps, if they are used in the correct application. Reciprocating machines are generally applied on low-flow and high-head service. Centrifugal pumps can have efficiencies as low as 20 percent on low-flow and high-head service.

What is the disadvantage of a centrifugal pump compared with a reciprocating pump? The main disadvantage is that they use rotation instead of suction to move water, and therefore have almost no suction power. This means that a centrifugal pump must be put under water, or primed, before it will move water. Centrifugal pumps can also develop a phenomenon called “cavitation”.

Which is better diaphragm or centrifugal pump? Unlike centrifugal systems, sanitary diaphragm pumps are better equipped to handle high viscosity fluids, like chocolate or baby food, and can even handle materials with solids, like soups or chicken gizzards.

What is the major advantage of a diaphragm pump over a centrifugal pump? The 3 main advantages of a diaphragm pump compared to a centrifugal pump are: Excellent head and self-priming capacity. Good dry running capacity.

What are the disadvantages of a diaphragm pump? On the downside, diaphragm pumps work best when the liquid is clean and free of particles or gases. These pumps have check valves, usually balls located on both the intake and discharge sides; if these valves become clogged the pump will become inaccurate in its metering capability and will then lose suction/prime.

Does API rating matter? The API rating is a great way to determine whether the motor oil is safe to use in your engine.

What does the W mean in oil? The “W” that you see on oil labels stands for the word "Winter" because this portion of the label shows the viscosity level of oil when an engine is cold. Motor oil that is thinner can flow more easily and faster.

Which is better, API SN or SP? Engine oils meeting the requirements of API SP deliver several performance advantages versus current API SN and API SN PLUS categories for spark-ignited internal combustion engines, including: Low-speed pre-ignition (LSPI) mitigation throughout the drain interval. Engine and chain wear performance. Corrosion protection.

What is the difference between API 617 and API 672? API 672 was developed for packaged integrally geared units for air many years before API 617 appreciated them for process applications. Integrally geared compressors involve more complex dynamic behavior, introduce more vibration and dynamic factors, and usually have narrower operating margins.

What is the API standard for pump seal? API Standard 682 requires each new or repaired mechanical seal be tested with pressurised air after final assembly. This 'Assembly Integrity Test' acts as a final acceptance test to ensure any commercially produced mechanical seal is assembled correctly and functional.

What is the difference between OH4 and OH3 pumps? OH3 – vertical inline, single-stage, flexibly-coupled, one bearing housing. OH4 – vertical inline, single-stage, pump and driver shafts are rigidly coupled.

What is the API standard for water pumps? API 610 is the API standard relating specifically to centrifugal pumps and centrifugal pumping systems. It provides design criteria for the design of the actual centrifugal pump, as well as how the centrifugal pump is to be tested, and what type of base it is to be mounted on.

What does API stand for in compressors? Through API standards, the American Petroleum Institute provides effective tools to guide the specification, manufacturing, and quality control of air compressors used within a variety of industries and applications.

What is API 617 standard? In summary, API-617 focusses on the peculiarities of overhauling compressors as they are used in integrally geared turbo machines. Although

analytical simulation is complemented by a test of the actual rotor which further evaluates the model and guarantees a safe operation.

What is the difference between ASME and API pumps? Impellers – manufactured without wear rings, ANSI pump impellers are open or semi-open; whereas API pumps feature closed impellers with replaceable casing wear rings.

What does API stand for in pumps? API stands for American Petroleum Institute. This U.S. trade association for the oil and natural gas industries develops standards for petroleum and petrochemical equipment. API maintains more than 500 standards and recommended practices, from drill bits to environmental protection in this industry.

What is the full form of API in seals? API Standard 682, titled "Pumps - Shaft Sealing Systems for Centrifugal and Rotary Pumps," is the American Petroleum Institute (API) standard for end-face mechanical seals.

How many API standards are there? As a leading association with over 800 produced standards, API offers training and certification programs for workers in the industry.

What is the difference between BB and OH pumps? OH - Overhung Pumps - These pumps protrude from the support. The support has to take care of the protruding mass and the dynamic and hydraulic forces. BB - Between Bearing Pumps - The BB pump types are suspended in between the supports in the same horizontal plane as the supports.

What is an OH3 pump? General. Our basic OH3 pump types are vertical, in-line, single stage, overhung pumps with separate bearing bracket flexibly coupled to the motor. The coupling design allow removal of the back pull-out assembly without disturbing the driver, coupling hubs or casing.

What is the difference between pH and OH? My understanding is that pH refers to the concentration of H, or more specifically the concentration of H_3O^+ , whereas pOH is the concentration of OH^- . To calculate pH, use $pH = -\log [H_3O^+]$ and to calculate pOH, use $pOH = -\log [OH^-]$.

What is the API standard for mechanical seals? API 682 is the leading document for mechanical seals in petrochemical, chemical, and pipeline services worldwide. It has combined the aspects of seal design, testing, standardization, and applications to provide the users and OEMs alike with a common source of information for mechanical seals.

What is the difference between API and non API pumps? API pump types satisfy the American Petroleum Institute or API pump standards, a requirement for process pumps in the oil and gas industry. Aside from API process pumps for high-temperature, high-pressure applications, there are also non API process pumps for operations that require a routine chemical process pump.

What is the difference between OH3 and OH4 pumps? OH3: This is a vertical in-line pump with flexible coupling (you can remove the pump from motor easily). OH4: This is a vertical in-line pump with permanent rigid coupling (not removable). By definition, the price difference should not be significant.

Why was Bertolt Brecht controversial? Brecht received the Stalin Peace Prize in 1954. His proximity to Marxist thought made him controversial in Austria, where his plays were boycotted by directors and not performed for more than ten years.

Why was Bertolt Brecht so important? By the time of his death in 1956, Brecht had established the Berliner Ensemble and was regarded as one of the greatest theatrical practitioners close practitionerSomeone who practises or has written theatrical theory and whose theatre may have a definable theatrical form..

What are the theories of Bertolt Brecht acting? Brecht didn't want the actors to play a character onstage, only to show them as a 'type' of person in society. Commenting upon a character as an actor is a clear way of reminding the audience they are watching a play. It means they don't get emotionally attached to characters and think more about the message.

What were Brecht's views on society? Brecht was a Marxist and made his theatre highly political. He wanted his theatre to spark an interest in his audiences' perception of the world. He did not want his audiences to sit passively and get lost in a show's story, but to make them think and question the world they live in.

What are the criticism of Brecht? Criticism of Brecht himself has come from many angles. A common view expressed in the press is that he traduces humanity by presenting all his characters as vile. "Virtually everyone in the play is loathsome, self-interested, grasping, dishonest and corrupt," wrote Thomas Sutcliffe in The Independent.

Why was Brecht exiled? Brecht's political and satirical writing made him an early enemy of the National Socialists. Brecht escaped first to Switzerland, then to Scandinavia. With financial help from his friend and fellow exile, Lion Feuchtwanger, Brecht was able to come to the United States.

Was Bertolt Brecht a Marxist? Because Brecht was a prominent Marxist, he was forced to flee Nazi Germany in 1933. He remained in exile until 1948 and repatriated to East Berlin, in what was to become the socialist German Democratic Republic (GDR).

What is Bertolt Brecht most famous? Bertolt Brecht was one of the most influential playwrights of the 20th century. His works include The Threepenny Opera (1928) with composer Kurt Weill, Mother Courage and Her Children (1941), The Good Person of Szechwan (1943), and The Resistible Rise of Arturo Ui (1958).

What is Brecht's alienation effect? alienation effect, idea central to the dramatic theory of the German dramatist-director Bertolt Brecht. It involves the use of techniques designed to distance the audience from emotional involvement in the play through jolting reminders of the artificiality of the theatrical performance.

What is the Brecht technique? Brechtian theatre, known as Epic theatre, is a didactic play where the audience is encouraged to think objectively and engage with the theatre production directly instead of being a passive spectator. The most famous Brechtian techniques include V-effect, historicisation, and Gestus.

How did Brecht become a stateless citizen? That period of his life came to an end in 1933 when the Nazis came to power in Germany. Brecht fled and during this period the Nazis removed his citizenship, so he was a stateless citizen.

Why did Brecht use music? Instead of a passive identification, Brecht wants the audience to be a critical observer. For this purpose, he refers to alienation methods

and techniques and music also plays a role for this purpose.

What was Bertolt Brecht's main goal? German playwright, Bertolt Brecht's ideas are very influential. He wanted to make the audience think, and used a range of devices to remind them that they were watching theatre and not real life.

What was Brecht's intentions? Brecht's perspective was Marxian, and his intention was to appeal to his audience's intellect in presenting moral problems and reflecting contemporary social realities on the stage.

Why was Brecht so important? Bertolt Brecht was a German poet, playwright, and theatrical reformer whose epic theatre departed from the conventions of theatrical illusion and developed the drama as a social and ideological forum for leftist causes.

What were Brecht's political beliefs? Not only did Bertolt Brecht transform German drama, but his work captured his radical commitment to socialist politics and the emancipation of working people. "Town & Country," our focusing on rural politics, is out now.

Did Brecht support communism? Although Bertolt Brecht never joined the Communist party, he began to study the works of Karl Marx in the late 1920s and sympathized with the Communist cause. He became more critical of the Weimar Republic and wrote political films and plays which were banned by the government.

What is a fun fact about Brecht?

What religion was Bertolt Brecht? Bertolt Brecht was raised in a mixed Catholic-Protestant household. His father, Berthold Friedrich, was a Catholic from the Black Forest, and his mother, Sophie Brezing, was a Protestant.

Was Brecht a pacifist? Brecht entered the University of Munich as a medical student in 1917, but he had more interest in literature and drama than in medicine. Called into the German army, he served in a military hospital during the last year of World War I and became a pacifist. His first play, *Baal*, was completed in 1918.

Why did Brecht reject naturalism? Brecht was bored with the Naturalism that dominated theatre in Europe during the later 19th Century and early 20th Century.

Brecht's response to his historical context was to develop theatre that engaged the

audience directly.

What is construction machinery description? Construction machinery refers to the machine and equipment used to perform certain construction tasks. These are very specific machines specifically built for executing various processes within a construction site.

What is the construction machine called? Backhoe Loader This machine is considered the most versatile earthmover in the construction industry. It includes a bucket in the front and the backhoe attachment in the back, which allows you to excavate trenches, load and unload materials and lift objects.

What machinery is used in construction? Common cranes include tower, mobile, and crawler. Commonly used rollers in construction sites include road or steamrollers. These machines are used by expert site workers to compact asphalt, soil, and concrete, especially in road construction. A grader is another commonly used heavy machinery in construction.

What is the most popular construction machinery?

What is considered machinery? Machinery is any mechanical, electrical, or electronic device designed and used to perform some function and to produce a certain effect or result. The term includes not only the basic unit of the machinery, but also any adjunct or attachment necessary for the basic unit to accomplish its intended function.

What is an example of a machinery? Examples of this are drill presses, cement mixers (agitators), ready-mix concrete trucks, hot steel rolling machines, rock crushers, and band saws. Also included is machinery and equipment used to repair, maintain, or install tangible personal property.

What is a unit construction machine? Unit construction (single station) machines are multi-function machines in which the workpiece is held in a fixed position while the unit heads move relative to the workpiece to carry out the operation or the machine operations.

What do construction machines run on? Kerosene and ethanol engines were used, but today diesel engines are dominant.

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What are the different types of equipment?

What is the difference between equipment and machine in construction?

Machinery refers to large, often complex machines or systems used for specific tasks in industries like manufacturing, construction, or agriculture. Equipment, however, typically includes smaller tools or devices that aid in the operation of machinery or are used for specific tasks.

Why is machinery important in construction? Using construction machinery massively boosts productivity compared to manual labour. Machines like excavators, bulldozers, and backhoes can move incredible amounts of soil, rock, and debris in a fraction of the time it would take a crew with shovels and wheelbarrows.

What is heavy machinery in construction? Machines classified as heavy equipment are found in the construction, forestry, mining, and industrial fields. Heavy equipment is machinery capable of heavy duty work. Heavy equipment comes in a wide range of sizes, and it is used to perform large operations, such as earthwork.

What is the hardest construction machine to operate? Generally, out of all the heavy equipment, motor graders are perceived to be the most difficult vehicles to drive.

Who is the largest construction machinery company in the world? The United States of America-based Caterpillar Inc is the major construction equipment manufacturer in the world (by revenue). The company reported revenues of \$50,971 million for the fiscal year ended December 2021 (FY2021), an increase of 22.1% over FY2020, due to lower provision for credit losses at Cat Financial.

What is the most versatile construction machine? Excavators are one of the most versatile types of construction equipment and they are able to handle and complete many different tasks on construction sites. They can be used for digging, lifting and transporting heavy objects, demolition as well as grading.

What is the difference between a machine and a machinery? In summary, while machines are individual devices designed for specific tasks, machinery refers to a collection or system of machines working together to accomplish a common purpose. Machines are relatively simple and have a narrow scope, whereas

machinery is more complex and has a broader application.

What category does machinery fall under? Property, plant, and equipment (PP&E) are tangible long-term assets. Equipment, machinery, buildings, and vehicles are PP&E assets. PP&E are also called fixed assets.

What goes under machinery and equipment? Equipment and machinery (sometimes they are kept in separate accounts) are those major tools and implements used in the operation of the business. For a service company, these can include computers, copiers, telephone systems, and any electronic gear.

What falls under machinery? Machinery refers to specific machines or machines in general. A farmer has lots of farm machinery, like tractors and plows. Machinery is also the inner workings of something — the machinery of a society is how a society works.

What is classed as machinery? The difference between plant and machinery is that generally machinery will have moving working parts, and plant will not (though computers and similar electronic devices are considered to be machinery, despite have no moving parts). The working parts of a machine are also considered to be machinery.

What is machinery classified? Machinery Classified is a strong established brand in the machine tool market, recognisable for over 25 years as a route to researched and active machine tool buyers.

What type of machines are used in construction?

What are the features of construction machinery?

What machine do construction workers use? Wheel Loaders Wheel loaders are powerful and versatile machines commonly found on construction sites. They are equipped with a large bucket that can lift materials such as rubble, gravel, soil, debris, and dirt, perfect for loading into trucks for transport around the job site.

What is called a construction machine? Construction equipment are those machines that are used to perform certain tasks on a construction site. It can be digging, moving, hauling, and even levelling.

What is construction equipment and machinery? Construction machinery entails all machinery used for activities in construction, ranging from soil excavation to the transportation, loading, and unloading of materials and waste management.

What is the outlook for construction machinery? The construction equipment market is projected to grow from USD 149.7 billion in 2023 to USD 194.7 billion by 2030, at a CAGR of 3.8%.

What is the description of work equipment? Work equipment is defined as any machinery, appliance, apparatus, tool or installation for use at work. The scope of work equipment is therefore extremely wide. Work equipment is found and used in every department in the hospital setting. Every year, there are a number of accidents from using work equipment.

What is the definition of machinery? : machines in general or as a functioning unit. b. : the working parts of a machine. 2. : the means or system by which something is kept in action or a desired result is obtained.

What is the description of industrial machinery? Industrial Machinery means machinery used in a specific trade or manufacture and includes but is not necessarily limited to oil field and construction equipment.

What is the legal definition of construction equipment? It includes, but is not limited to, road and railroad construction and maintenance machinery so designed and used such as portable air compressors, air drills, asphalt spreaders, bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, tracktype tractors, crawler tractors, ditchers, leveling graders, finishing machines, motor graders, ...

What is the job description of a machinery maintenance? Repair or replace broken or malfunctioning components. Perform tests and run initial batches to make sure that the machine is running smoothly. Detect minor problems by performing basic diagnostic tests. Test malfunctioning machinery to determine whether major repairs are needed.

What is the definition of a work machine? To “work a machine” means to be able to use it to do something. Ex: He was trained to work a machine to print very small writing on computers at his last job.

What is the difference between tools equipment and machinery? Tools are handheld devices used for specific tasks, while equipment encompasses a broader range of tools and machinery. Both aid in adapting to nature and improving human life.

What is the definition of construction equipment and machinery? Construction machinery entails all machinery used for activities in construction, ranging from soil excavation to the transportation, loading, and unloading of materials and waste management.

What is included in machinery and equipment? Machinery refers to large, often complex machines or systems used for specific tasks in industries like manufacturing, construction, or agriculture. Equipment, however, typically includes smaller tools or devices that aid in the operation of machinery or are used for specific tasks.

What is the difference between a machine and a machinery? In summary, while machines are individual devices designed for specific tasks, machinery refers to a collection or system of machines working together to accomplish a common purpose. Machines are relatively simpler and have a narrower scope, whereas machinery is more complex and has a broader application.

What is industrial machine description? Related Definitions Industrial machinery and equipment means machinery and equipment used by a manufacturer in a manufacturing establishment. Machinery is any mechanical, electrical or electronic device designed and used to perform some function and to produce a certain effect or result.

What falls under machinery? Machinery refers to specific machines or machines in general. A farmer has lots of farm machinery, like tractors and plows. Machinery is also the inner workings of something — the machinery of a society is how a society works.

What is machinery called in business? Generally speaking, plant and machinery is an asset that is used by a business for the purpose of carrying on the business and is not stock in trade, the business premises or part of the business premises

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[note 1].

What is considered equipment in construction? Construction equipment refers to the machinery and tools used in the construction industry to carry out various tasks. These include excavators, bulldozers, cranes, loaders, and many others.

What is the code for construction equipment? Industry: 3531—Construction Machinery and Equipment.

What is the legal definition of machinery? Machinery means any apparatus consisting of interrelated parts used to produce an article of tangible personal property. The term includes both the basic unit and any adjunct or attachment necessary for the basic unit to accomplish its intended function.

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