

# Adept driver test answers

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**When you speed up from 55 to 65 your chance of getting killed?** Finally, your chances of surviving a crash are much better if you are driving slower. Your chances of dying in a crash double when you increase your speed from 55 mph to 65 mph. Almost two-thirds of all tickets are speed related.

**When driving 60 miles per hour on the highway, looking ahead about 15 seconds.?** Maintain eye lead time: Look ahead a minimum of 15 seconds. At 25 mph, that may be a city block; at 60 mph, it's a quarter of a mile. Scanning the road this far ahead gives you more information with which to make decisions.

**What are the big six critical factors?** The Big Six critical factors that reduce the chances of crashes include speed and space management, active visual search, risk perception and hazard recognition, and newer, better-equipped cars. Lifestyle & distracted driving is not one of these factors.

**When you are driving, you should look 15 seconds ahead.?** There is no downside to looking as far down the road as you can. Many drivers focus on the road only 5 or 8 seconds ahead, when really they should be concentrating 15-20 seconds in front of you (at a minimum!).

**Would you survive a 70 mph crash?** This means roughly one-third of individuals involved in head-on collisions at this speed will not survive. When it comes to speeds of 70 mph or higher, the survival rate is extremely low and fatalities are almost guaranteed.

**What speed is guaranteed death?** Collisions between cars also have dire consequences as the speed increases. When a car is going slowly, the risk of serious injury is about 1%. At 50 mph, the risk increases to 69% for injury and the

risk for serious injury increases to 52%. A fatal car accident is practically inevitable at speeds of 70 mph or more.

**What is the 1 second rule in driving?** The rule of seconds advises that if you're driving below 40 mph, you should maintain at least one second of distance for each 10 feet of vehicle length. Over 40 mph, add an extra second. For a truck driver cruising in a longer, heavier vehicle, more space and time is needed.

**What are the 5 master keys to backing?**

**What 5 keys can help you avoid striking a fixed object?**

**What is the big 6 technique?** Big6 (Eisenberg and Berkowitz 1990) is a six-step process that provides support in the activities required to solve information-based problems: task definition, information seeking strategies, location and access, use of information, synthesis, and evaluation (see figure 1).

**What is the big 6?** The Big6 is an information literacy process, a research process, and an inquiry process because it describes the way we complete assignments and solve problems in any situation. The Big6 is a six-stage model to help anyone solve problems or make decisions by using information.

**Who are the Big 6 models?** For a while this group of models were known as “the Big Five”, but the term slowly evolved to describe Campbell, Crawford, Evangelista, Turlington and Claudia Schiffer (who replaced Patitz). This became “the Big Six” when a young Kate Moss came onto the scene.

**What is an intersection with no lights or signs called?** An uncontrolled intersection is a road intersection where no traffic lights, road markings or signs are used to indicate the right of way. They are found either in residential neighborhoods or in rural areas.

**How far should you stop behind a car?** You should stop at a distance from the car in front of you where you can still see where their rear tires touch the pavement.

**How many seconds should your safe gap be on the highway?** The Three-Second Rule Increasing the distance between you and the car ahead can help give you the time you need to recognize a hazard and respond safely. The National

Safety Council recommends a minimum three-second following distance.

### **Has anyone survived a 100 mph car crash?**

**At what speed do most fatalities occur?** Car accidents are one of the leading causes of injury and death worldwide. While there are many factors that contribute to car accidents, speed is often cited as a major culprit. But at what speed do most car accidents happen? According to research, most car accidents occur at speeds below 40 mph.

### **Has anyone survived a 200 mph crash?**

**How fast is death in mph?** The greater the impact speed, the greater the chance of death. A pedestrian hit at 30mph has a very significant (one in five) chance of being killed. This rises significantly to a one in three chance if they are hit at 35mph. Even small increases in speed can lead to an increase in impact severity.

**What speed is survivable?** However, high-speed crashes happen, and people do survive. The factors that play a role in surviving a high-speed collision can include wearing a seatbelt, how you sit in your seat, and the angle of impact. In a head-on collision, for example, many crash experts assess that 43 miles per hour is the line for surviving.

**What speed causes the most deaths?** Speeding and fatalities In a side-impact crash with another vehicle, there's a 90% chance that a driver or passenger will survive at 50km/h. There's a 60% chance at 60km/h, and a 20% chance at 70km/h. In a head-on crash between two vehicles, there's a 95% chance that a driver or passenger will survive at 60km/h.

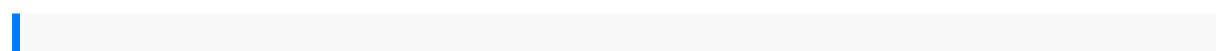
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**Can you survive a 55 mph crash?** Serious Injury and Possible Fatality: 35-55 MPH Hitting a person at a speed of 35-55 MPH is very dangerous, with the chance of death becoming a real possibility. It can also lead to life-altering injuries and

permanent damage.

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**Can you survive a 65 mph crash?** Dropping down to 65mph drops your fatalities to 70%. Dropping down another 5mph to 60mph drops you to 50% fatality rate. The 5mph after that is a 36% chance of fatality. So the 65mph limit is a rather magical number in terms of surviving a worst-case scenario.



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