

# CHAPTER 11 SECTION 5 RETEACHING ACTIVITY IMPERIALISM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA ANSWER

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**What lands did the Dutch East India Company claim?** The company was formally dissolved in 1800 and its colonial possessions in the Indonesian archipelago (including much of Java, parts of Sumatra, much of Maluku, and the hinterlands of ports such as Makasar, Manado and Kupang) were nationalized under the Dutch Republic as the Dutch East Indies.

**What does the land of Southeast Asia form part of?** Just as the European powers rushed to divide Africa, they also competed to carve up the lands of Southeast Asia. These lands form part of the Pacific Rim, the countries that border the Pacific Ocean.

**What happened in Southeast Asia during imperialism?** In the mid to late 19th century, the European powers colonized much of Africa and Southeast Asia. During the decades of imperialism, the industrializing powers of Europe viewed the African and Asian continents as reservoirs of raw materials, labor, and territory for future settlement.

**What were the motives for imperialism in Southeast Asia and what led to Western dominance in that region?** Western dominance The most important reasons for the change were a growing Western technological superiority, an increasingly powerful European mercantile community in Southeast Asia, and a competitive scramble for strategic territory.

**What land was claimed by the Dutch?** Soon Dutch colonists were claiming land as far north as present day Albany, New York; as far south as to include all of present day New Jersey; to Cape Henlopen, Delaware; and as far east as the Connecticut River.

**What trade did the Dutch control in Southeast Asia?** The Dutch thrived off the spice trade, using sites in Java as clearing houses between the various islands of Indonesia and Europe. Likewise, the Spanish used the Philippines as a trading post between South American silver, Chinese silks, and Southeast Asian spices.

**What are the 11 countries in Southeast Asia?** Southeast Asia is composed of eleven countries of impressive diversity in religion, culture and history: Brunei, Burma (Myanmar), Cambodia, Timor-Leste, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam.

**What is Southeast Asia called?** The mainland section of Southeast Asia was referred to as Indochina by European geographers due to its location between China and the Indian subcontinent and its having cultural influences from both neighbouring regions.

**What are the 11 countries in Southeast Asia and their capitals?**

**What was the cause of imperialism in Asia?** Before the Industrial Revolution in the mid-to-late 19th century, demand for oriental goods such as porcelain, silk, spices, and tea remained the driving force behind European imperialism. The Western European stake in Asia remained confined largely to trading stations and strategic outposts necessary to protect trade.

**What parts of Southeast Asia have the highest population density?** Ranked: Asia's Countries By Population Density The city state of Singapore is the densest country in Asia, with more than 8,000 people/km<sup>2</sup>.

**For what two reasons was Southeast Asia important to European imperialism?** As the world entered the years before World War II, another major reason for European involvement in Southeast Asia emerged. Oil was discovered throughout Indonesia and Malaysia, and the climate was perfect for growing trees for rubber. Before, Southeast Asia had been a land that required protection.

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**What were the main reasons why the Europeans colonized Southeast Asia?** A significant feature is the fact that so many Western countries were involved in this colonization -- Portuguese Spanish, Dutch, British, French, Americans. Economic competition and international rivalries were primary motivations, but they were often justified by claims of spreading Christianity and "civilization".

**What is an example of imperialism?** An example of imperialism is the British expansion into India. By building colonies there, the British gained access to Indian spices and textiles for their own economic growth.

**What countries were colonized in Southeast Asia?** Most of Southeast Asia continues to be colonized during the first half of the twentieth century: Vietnam, Cambodia, and Laos by the French; Malaysia and Myanmar (Burma) by the British; Indonesia by the Dutch; and the Philippines by the United States. Only Thailand remains independent.

**What were the settlements of Dutch East India Company?**

**What colonies did the Dutch West India company found?** The Dutch West India Company never proved nearly as profitable and essential for international trade in the Americas as its counterpart in the East Indies. However, it established some colonies, including the founding of New York, and it played a significant role in the slave trade.

**What areas did the Dutch East India Company control?**

**Who claimed land for Dutch in North America?** The rivers Hudson explored did not lead to westward waters, but he traded with the Native Americans for furs, and claimed the area for the Dutch Republic.

### **Soon I Will Be Invincible: Questions and Answers About the Novel by Austin Grossman**

Austin Grossman's 2007 novel, "Soon I Will Be Invincible," delves into the complex themes of power, identity, and the consequences of one's choices. Here are some frequently asked questions and answers about the book:

### **1. What is the main premise of the novel?**

The novel follows the story of Fat Charlie, a bullied high school student who gains superpowers after drinking the blood of a godlike being. As he explores his newfound abilities, Charlie struggles to reconcile his former self with the invincible force he has become.

### **2. How does Charlie's character develop throughout the novel?**

Initially, Charlie is timid and isolated, but his superpowers give him a newfound sense of confidence. However, as he grapples with the ethical implications of his abilities, Charlie's morality and identity become increasingly complex. He must learn to balance his own needs with the consequences of his actions.

### **3. What are the ethical dilemmas that Charlie faces?**

Charlie's superpowers force him to confront the boundaries between right and wrong. As he becomes more powerful, he realizes that he has the ability to harm others with ease. The novel explores the temptations and dangers of unchecked power, and the responsibility that comes with it.

### **4. What is the role of the Justice League in the story?**

The Justice League, a fictional team of superheroes, initially appears as Charlie's idols. However, as Charlie's powers grow, he begins to question the League's motivations and their commitment to justice. The novel explores the nature of heroism and the different ways that power can be used.

### **5. What is the significance of the title "Soon I Will Be Invincible"?**

The title of the novel reflects Charlie's journey towards becoming invincible both physically and morally. It suggests that invincibility is not simply a matter of physical strength, but also a state of inner confidence and ethical fortitude. Charlie's story ultimately explores the challenges and rewards of finding one's true self in the face of immense power.

**What travel document can I use instead of passport?** Enhanced Driver's License (see below) Trusted Traveler Program card (NEXUS, SENTRI or FAST) U.S. Military  
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identification card when traveling on official orders.

**Can you use a birth certificate instead of a passport to go to Mexico?** No. A birth certificate can only be used as proof of identity, but will not grant you entry into Mexico.

**What happens if I don't have my passport and I'm in Mexico?** What Should I Do if I Lose My Passport While Traveling? You will have to replace the passport before returning to the United States. Contact the nearest U.S. embassy or consulate for assistance. Contact information for U.S. embassies and consulates is also available in our country information pages.

**What documents do I need to travel to and from Mexico?** U.S. citizens must present a valid U.S. passport book or card, and an entry permit issued by Instituto Nacional de Migración. Enter Mexico with valid proof of automobile registration, even if remaining in the border zone.

**Can I use my birth certificate to come back from Mexico?** In a nutshell, U.S. and Canadian citizens older than 16 years old have to show a passport, passport card or another accepted document to cross back into the U.S. Children under 16 may show an original or copy of their birth certificate, a Consular Report of Birth Abroad, a Naturalization Certificate, a Canadian ...

**What are alternatives to not having a passport?** Note: You still need to perform an alternative form of identification, such as a photo of your driver's licence, government-issued ID, health insurance, or train pass. Birth certificates or international student cards can also be accepted.

**Can I use my driver's license to go to Mexico?** No. You need a passport for all international travel.

**Can you come back from Mexico with a driver's license?** U.S. citizens may present a valid U.S. passport; Passport Card; enhanced driver's license; Trusted Traveler Program card (SENTRI or Global Entry); U.S. military identification card when traveling on official orders; U.S. Merchant Mariner document when traveling in conjunction with official maritime business; or Form I- ...

**Can a US permanent resident go to Mexico without a passport?** Green Card holders hold the right to live and work in the United States permanently without restriction. They have the same rights as any US citizen, even when traveling outside the United States. Therefore any green card holder who plans to go to Mexico needs a valid passport from their country of origin.

**Can an American get back into the US without a passport?** All U.S. citizens need U.S. passport books if re-entering by air. Land and sea border crossings accept additional travel documents, such as U.S. Passport cards and Trusted Traveler cards. Child travelers have additional options - see the Traveling with Children section.

**Has anyone flown to Mexico without a passport?** US citizens must present a valid passport when traveling to Mexico. This applies whether you're flying or driving. For air travel, a passport is mandatory. For land travel, you can enter with just a passport card, but a passport book is still recommended for international travel.

**How quickly can you get a replacement passport?** It takes an average of three weeks to get your passport using this standard service, but it can take six weeks or longer during the peak summer months, so give yourself plenty of time before you plan to travel.

**Can I use my birth certificate to go to Mexico on a cruise?** U.S. citizens on closed-loop cruises will be able to enter or depart the country with proof of citizenship, such as an Enhanced Driver's License (EDL), a government-issued birth certificate (issued by the Vital Records Department in the state where he or she was born) or passport, and if 16 or older, a government ...

**Can I use my birth certificate to go to Mexico in 2024?** You cannot fly internationally with a passport card, and you cannot travel to Mexico with a Real ID. Please be aware that you can no longer use proof of U.S. citizenship, like an embossed birth certificate, with a government-issued photo ID (more on those below) to get into or out of the country.

**Can I travel back to the US from Mexico with a passport that expires in 2 months?** Visitors traveling to the U.S. are required to be in possession of passports

that are valid for six months beyond the period of their intended stay in the U.S.

**Can I come back to the US with just my ID?** Q: Do I need a passport if I have a REAL ID? If you are traveling internationally you will still need your passport. If you are traveling domestically, you will only need one valid form of identification – either your REAL ID or another acceptable alternative such as a passport, not both.

**What documents do I need to enter Mexico from the US?** A valid passport book is required to enter Mexico by air, and those attempting to enter at an airport with a U.S. passport card only may be denied admission.

**What can I use if I don't have a passport?** The SENTRI card can be used in place of a passport for travel across any US border by land or sea. Travelers must be pre-approved by Customs and Border Protection and must provide fingerprints and attend a 30 minute interview. The SENTRI card is valid for 5 years.

**What can I travel with instead of a passport?**

**What can I use instead of ID and passport?**

**What do I need besides a passport?** Driver's license, passport, and travel visa  
Beginning in May 2025, domestic travelers must have a Real ID, an identification card that meets the standards laid out by the U.S. government in the Real ID Act of 2005.

**Can I use my travel document as a passport?** A transportation company (such as an airline) can accept a TPS travel authorization document instead of a visa as proof that you are authorized to travel to the United States. A TPS travel authorization document does not replace your passport.

**What is considered a valid travel document?** The most common form of travel document is the passport, a booklet-form identity document issued by national authorities or the governments of certain subnational territories containing an individual's personal information as well as space for the authorities of other jurisdictions to affix stamps, visas, or other ...

**What can replace a passport?** If you are in the U.S. and your passport is lost or stolen, you must use Form DS-11 to apply for a new passport in person. Follow the

guidance from the State Department, which is based on how quickly you need your new passport. Check current processing times to find out how long it will take.

**What countries accept US travel documents?** U.S. Refugee Travel Document (United States) visa not required for Germany, Netherlands, Belgium, Croatia, Slovenia, Slovakia, Hungary and Cyprus. Australian Convention Travel Document. This document by itself does not allow the bearer to return to Australia; for that, a separate visa must be obtained.

## **Software Engineering 2 BCS: Questions and Answers**

### **1. What is Software Engineering 2 BCS?**

Software Engineering 2 BCS (British Computer Society) is an advanced undergraduate degree program that provides a thorough understanding of the principles and practices of software engineering. It builds upon the knowledge gained in the Software Engineering 1 BCS program and covers concepts such as software architecture, project management, and quality assurance.

### **2. What are the core topics covered in Software Engineering 2 BCS?**

The core topics covered in Software Engineering 2 BCS include:

- Software architectures
- Object-oriented design
- Project planning and management
- Software testing and quality assurance
- Ethics and professional practice in software engineering

### **3. What are the benefits of studying Software Engineering 2 BCS?**

Studying Software Engineering 2 BCS offers several benefits, including:

- Enhanced knowledge and skills in software engineering
- Increased employability in the software industry
- Improved problem-solving and critical thinking abilities
- Preparation for a career in software development or management



#### 4. What are the career prospects for graduates of Software Engineering 2 BCS?

Graduates of Software Engineering 2 BCS have excellent career prospects in the software industry. They can pursue roles such as:

- Software Engineer
- Software Architect
- Project Manager
- Quality Assurance Engineer
- Technical Leader

#### 5. What are the entry requirements for Software Engineering 2 BCS?

To be eligible for admission to Software Engineering 2 BCS, students typically need to hold a Software Engineering 1 BCS degree or an equivalent qualification. They should also have a strong academic record and demonstrate a passion for software engineering.

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