

# GREAT GATSBY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

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**What are some good questions about The Great Gatsby?**

**What are the essential questions of The Great Gatsby?** Essential Questions and Skills: How is Nick “the perfect narrator?” How is this novel a critical commentary of American society? How does Fitzgerald use symbolism and irony in the novel? What are the effects of the symbolism and irony? How does the novel's structure affect the unwinding of the plot?

**What are some unanswered questions in The Great Gatsby?** There are so many tantalising questions that lie unanswered. Some must remain so — for example, would Tom ever have sold Wilson a car? Who was Owl-eyes? Whose teeth are on Wolfshiem's cuffs?

**Why did Daisy marry Tom?** Why did Daisy marry Tom? Even though she was still in love with Gatsby, Daisy most likely married Tom because she knew he could provide her with more material comforts.

**Why did Daisy not choose Gatsby?** Daisy promised to wait for Gatsby, but in 1919 she chose instead to marry Tom Buchanan, a young man from a solid, aristocratic family who could promise her a wealthy lifestyle and who had the support of her parents.

**Did Daisy actually love Gatsby?** She reveals that Gatsby had met Daisy back in 1917, and the two fell in love. However, they separated when Gatsby left to fight in World War I. After the war, Gatsby never returned, and Daisy decided to marry Tom.

**Why did Gatsby choose Nick?** Nick is also Daisy's cousin, which enables him to observe and assist the resurgent love affair between Daisy and Gatsby. As a result of his relationship to these two characters, Nick is the perfect choice to narrate the novel, which functions as a personal memoir of his experiences with Gatsby in the summer of 1922.

**What is the main lesson of The Great Gatsby?** The moral of The Great Gatsby is that the American Dream is ultimately unattainable. Jay Gatsby had attained great wealth and status as a socialite; however, Gatsby's dream was to have a future with his one true love, Daisy.

**Why did Daisy cry over the shirt?** Daisy isn't really talking about—or weeping over—the shirts from England. Her strong emotional reaction comes from the excitement of Gatsby having the proper wealth, and perhaps remorse over the complexity of the situation; he is finally a man she could marry, but she is already wed to Tom.

**What was Gatsby's biggest problem?** Gatsby's biggest weakness is his love for Daisy. He is determined to get Daisy back and he thinks that for him Daisy leaves her husband Tom. The story of his love for Daisy is one of the great love stories of American literature. He sees her with her as the result of his dream.

**What secrets was Gatsby hiding?** In the course of the novel, and no doubt the new film version, we find out what Gatsby is hiding: not only his criminal bootlegging, but also his family name, Gatz, and his poor, ethnic-American roots, which in the end exclude him from the upper-class Anglo-American social circles he hoped to enter.

**Why does Nick not hate Gatsby?** Nick is particularly taken with Gatsby and considers him a great figure. He sees both the extraordinary quality of hope that Gatsby possesses and his idealistic dream of loving Daisy in a perfect world.

**Why did Tom betray Daisy?** Desire makes Tom betray Daisy. Finally, love is what ends Gatsby's life. For these reasons, a red broken heart is the main shape of the collage. Furthermore, other than the symbol, the theme is demonstrated through the words and actions of some characters.

**Why didn't Daisy go to Gatsby's funeral?** Daisy does not want to be seen attending Gatsby's funeral because she does care about her reputation, despite the fact that she has never loved Tom. As a result, she makes the decision to abstain out of concern that she will damage both her connection with Tom and her standing in the eyes of the general public.

**Who forced Daisy to marry Tom?** She couldn't marry Gatsby because he was poor. Tom was rich and masterful; he “swept her off her feet” and his dominating nature made her feel secure.

**How to find answers in IELTS reading?**

**How to read IELTS reading quickly?** Start reading in groups of 3 - 5 words or chunking. To train yourself, try to read three to five words at a time and check if you understand the meaning of the sentence or phrase once you are done. Keep practicing on this with three words first and gradually work up to five words using your peripheral vision.

**How many correct answers to get 8.5 in IELTS Reading?**

**Can we see our IELTS answers?** - You can only request a copy of your IELTS exam answer sheet within 40 days of the test date. After this period, it will no longer be available. - You can request a copy either by mail or in person, depending on the test center's policy.

**How can I get 7.5 in IELTS reading?**

**How can I get 6.5 in IELTS reading?** Focus on grammar and sentence structure: Develop a good understanding of English grammar rules and sentence structures. This will help you construct clear and grammatically correct sentences. Improve listening skills: Practice listening to various English accents, podcasts, and videos.

**How can I get 7.0 in IELTS reading?** In order to get a band 7, you need to answer 30-32 questions correctly. That means making no more than 10 incorrectly! The best way to ensure this is to work on your reading skills prior to the exam. Practice reading quickly, because time is the biggest difficulty.

## **Is IELTS 6.5 B2 or C1?**

## **What is 27 out of 40 in IELTS reading?**

**Is 4.5 a good score in IELTS?** An IELTS band 4.5 is between an IELTS band 4 and a band 5. At an IELTS band 4, you have a very basic understanding of English and you are more comfortable communicating in familiar situations. It is difficult to use complex language. Then, at an IELTS band 5, you have a limited command of the language.

**Can I copy and paste in IELTS Reading?** You can copy and paste from the text for the Reading and Writing tests. When it comes to Reading and Writing, sometimes it pays to just simply copy and paste certain information from the text to the answer sheet and just edit from there.

**Do IELTS repeat questions?** IELTS interviewers will only repeat a question once. If you ask them to say the question a third time, they won't do it. Instead, they will simply move on to the rest of the interview. Kuangyan has written a good tutorial on how and when to ask for clarification in IELTS Speaking.

**Is 7.5 a good IELTS score?** An Overall 7.5 IELTS score is considered to be a very good score. It means that you have a high level of English proficiency and can communicate effectively in a variety of situations. A band score of 7.5 is equivalent to a CEFR level of C1, which is the upper-intermediate level of English proficiency.

**Is IELTS 7.0 hard?** Achieving a score of 7 in the IELTS test, particularly in the production skills of Writing and Speaking, can be challenging. Many candidates face difficulty in making the leap from 6.5 to 7.

**Can I retake IELTS reading only?** You can retake any one skill of the IELTS test, whether it's Listening, Reading, Writing, or Speaking. The format and timing of that IELTS One Skill Retake test is the same as a normal IELTS test, only you can save time by not needing to complete the other three skills.

## **How to solve IELTS reading easily?**

**Is IELTS 8.5 a good score?** Overall score of 8.5 is quite excellent. With this score, you can satisfy any universities' language proficiency requirements. You are considered between expert user and very good user of English.

**Why am I stuck at 6.5 in IELTS?** One common reason for a 6.5 score is not fully addressing the task requirements. Make sure you understand the prompt clearly, analyze it thoroughly, and organize your response effectively. Develop a clear thesis statement and ensure each paragraph relates to the main topic and supports your arguments coherently.

**Is 6.0 a good score in IELTS?** So, if you have scored 7 or more then you are marked as a good user. If you scored 8 then you are a very good user. Also, if you scored 6 then also you are a competent user. Below we have described the different IELTS Band scores to understand the IELTS score better.

**How can I get 9 in IELTS reading?**

**Does IELTS 7 band mean C1?** As a very quick guide: If your organisation requires an IELTS score of 5.5–6.5, this is equivalent to CEFR level B2. IELTS 7–8 correspond to CEFR level C1, which is the most widely accepted level for admission to universities in English-speaking countries.

**How to get 8 in IELTS reading?**

**How to find key words in IELTS Reading?**

**How to find true false in IELTS Reading?**

**How to write Reading answers in IELTS?** For the IELTS Reading test, the same rules about capital letters apply. You can write all your answers in upper or lower case or a combination of both (using capitals at the beginning of proper nouns).

**How to find answers for Reading comprehension?**

**How to crack reading in IELTS?**

**How can I ace my IELTS reading section?**

**How to find synonyms in IELTS reading?** In the IELTS test itself you won't have time to note down three or four synonyms for each keyword. So, what should you do? Be aware that you are unlikely to find identical words in the question and in the text. As you read the question, actively think of synonyms for the keywords.

**Do IELTS readings repeat?** When it comes to IELTS Listening and Reading, questions never repeat. For Writing and Speaking, the answer is yes and no. Now, what does it even mean? — You would ask.

**Can I write T instead of true in IELTS reading?** You can write T instead of True on your answer sheet but make sure your handwriting is clear. The answers follow the order of information in the passage for these questions.

**Do IELTS answers have to be exact?** USE THE EXACT WORDS OR NUMBERS GIVEN IN THE RECORDING The correct answer will always be exactly the same as that spoken on the recording. There will be no paraphrasing. If you find you need to change to a different conjugation or tense, for example, your answer will be wrong.

**How can I get answers fast in IELTS reading?** Find out the keywords - The first quick round of reading will give you a fair idea on what the passage is all about. While doing so, make sure to underline or highlight the keywords or any information that you find relevant. This again will help you reach your answers in a quick way.

**How to get 8.5 marks in IELTS reading?** Tips to score well in the IELTS Reading test In Academic Reading, begin by quickly going through each passage to identify features like the topic, style, likely source, writer's purpose, and intended reader. Reading tasks sometimes have an example answer. If so, study it and understand why it's correct.

**What is the best way to solve reading in IELTS?**

**How can I know my IELTS reading answer?** Your IELTS Reading scores are calculated by the number of correct answers you have out of 40 questions in the test. You get one mark for each correct answer in the IELTS Reading test.

**What is the trick to reading comprehension?** Give the text an initial glance, noting headings, diagrams, tables, pictures, bolded words, summaries, and key questions.

Consider reading introductions and conclusions to gather main ideas. After you preview, predict what the section or chapter will be about and what the main concepts are going to be.

**How to get 100 on reading comprehension?** Read the passage carefully before answering the question. Take a few minutes to read the entire passage so that you understand the main ideas. As you read, look for main ideas and supporting examples. Don't try to answer any questions before you read the entire passage. You don't want to miss something important!

## **Meet Tim Bowler, the River Boy**

### **Who is Tim Bowler?**

Tim Bowler is an acclaimed Australian author best known for his award-winning children's novel, "River Boy." Born in 1953, Bowler spent his childhood exploring the banks of the Murray River in Victoria, Australia. His experiences growing up in this natural environment inspired many of his books.

### **What is "River Boy" about?**

"River Boy" is a semi-autobiographical novel published in 1999. It follows the story of Tom, a 12-year-old boy who runs away from home to live on the Murray River. Along the way, he encounters a diverse cast of characters, including a kind-hearted eel fisherman, a mischievous magpie, and a wise old pelican. Together, they embark on a journey of self-discovery and resilience against the backdrop of the Australian wilderness.

### **What themes does the book explore?**

"River Boy" explores several themes, including:

- The power of nature and the importance of respecting the environment
- The challenges and rewards of growing up
- The value of friendship and community
- The search for a sense of belonging and purpose

### **What awards has "River Boy" won?**

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"River Boy" has received numerous accolades, including:

- The Children's Book Council of Australia Book of the Year Award (2000)
- The New South Wales Premier's Literary Award for Children's Literature (2000)
- The Victorian Premier's Literary Award for Children's Fiction (1999)

### **Why is "River Boy" so beloved by readers?**

"River Boy" has captured the hearts of readers young and old with its beautiful writing, compelling characters, and timeless themes. It is a story that celebrates the power of imagination, the importance of embracing nature, and the resilience of the human spirit.

### **The American School: A Global Context from the Puritans to the Obama Administration**

**Introduction** American education has a long and complex history intertwined with the nation's social, political, and economic development. From its Puritan roots to the modern era, schools have played a pivotal role in shaping American society and its place in the world.

**Para 1: Puritan Influence and Enlightenment Ideals** Early American education was strongly influenced by Puritan values, emphasizing literacy, obedience, and religious instruction. However, by the 18th century, Enlightenment ideals began to seep into the curriculum, promoting critical thinking, natural philosophy, and the study of ancient languages. These ideas influenced the establishment of universities and academies that would later become major centers of learning in the United States.

**Para 2: Expansion and Diversity** As the American frontier expanded, schools were established in new territories, mirroring the diversity of the population. By the late 19th century, immigration, urbanization, and industrialization created a melting pot of students and educational challenges. Schools became increasingly focused on social integration and vocational training.



**Para 3: 20th Century Innovations** The 20th century witnessed significant educational reforms and pedagogical innovations. The progressive education movement emphasized experiential learning and child-centered approaches. After World War II, the Cold War's competition with the Soviet Union led to federal investment in science, math, and foreign language education. The civil rights movement also spurred efforts to desegregate schools and provide equal access to education for all students.

**Para 4: Global Connections** Throughout American history, schools have played a role in connecting the nation to the rest of the world. Missionaries established schools abroad, while international students flocked to American universities. In the post-World War II era, globalism and intercultural understanding became increasingly important themes in education.

**Para 5: The Obama Administration and Beyond** The Obama administration prioritized education reform, focusing on improving teacher quality, increasing access to early childhood education, and promoting STEM education. However, issues such as school choice, standardized testing, and equity in education continue to spark debates and shape the future of American schooling.

## **Questions and Answers**

**Q: How did Puritan beliefs influence American education?** A: Puritan values emphasized literacy, obedience, and religious instruction in schools.

**Q: What were the key Enlightenment ideals that shaped American education?** A: Critical thinking, natural philosophy, and the study of ancient languages became prominent in the curriculum.

**Q: What were the major educational challenges faced in the 19th century?** A: Immigration, urbanization, and industrialization led to a diverse student population and a need for social integration and vocational training.

**Q: How did the Cold War impact American education?** A: Federal investment in science, math, and foreign language education grew in response to competition with the Soviet Union.

**Q: What are some recent trends in American education?** A: Education reform efforts have focused on improving teacher quality, increasing access to early childhood education, and promoting global connections.

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