

# GEOGRAPHY CHALLENGE 5

## ANCIENT GREECE ANSWERS

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**What are 5 geographical features of ancient Greece?**

**What was a challenge of the geography of Greece?** Isolated Communities and the Difficulties of Travel Greece's steep mountains and surrounding seas forced Greeks to settle in isolated communities. Travel by land was hard, and sea voyages were hazardous. Farming in Ancient Greece Most ancient Greeks farmed, but good land and water were scarce.

**What is the geographic location of the Greek civilization?** Where was ancient Greece located? Ancient Greek civilization was concentrated in what is today Greece and along the western coast of Turkey. However, ancient Greek colonists established cities all around the Mediterranean and along the coast of the Black Sea.

**Why is Greece so mountainous?** Extension in the Aegean beginning roughly 24 million years ago is primarily responsible for creating the series of parallel, northwest-southeast-trending mountain ranges and valleys that characterize peninsular Greece.

**What is Greece in geography?** Greece has the longest coastline in Europe and is the southernmost country in Europe. The mainland has rugged mountains, forests, and lakes, but the country is well known for the thousands of islands dotting the blue Aegean Sea to the east, the Mediterranean Sea to the south, and the Ionian Sea to the west.

**How did geography affect Ancient Greece?** The mountains isolated Greeks from one another, which caused Greek communities to develop their own way of life.

Greece is made up of many mountains, isolated valleys, and small islands. This geography prevented the Greeks from building a large empire like that of Egypt or Mesopotamia.

**What are the 5 themes of geography in Greece?** In this Prezi, I will be explaining the 5 themes of geography through Ancient Athens, Greece. The 5 themes are, Location, (Absolute & Relative) Region, Place, Movement, and Human Interactions with the environment.

**What challenges did ancient Greece face?** Conflict and social unrest was created by the wide gap between the rich and the poor. Different city-states had completely different forms of government and ways of life (e.g., Sparta and Athens). Slavery eroded the economy by taking work away from the plebeians.

**What is the geography of ancient Greece reading?** Greece is made up of peninsulas, island and is very mountainous. The Greeks settled and farmed along the flat, coastal plains. The flat areas along the coast had rich soil that allowed Greeks to grow grapes, olives and grains. Because of the mountains, Greeks developed their own cities, government and way of life.

**What geographical features led the ancient Greeks to create city-states?** Greek city-states likely developed because of the physical geography of the Mediterranean region. The landscape features rocky, mountainous land and many islands. These physical barriers caused population centers to be relatively isolated from each other.

**Who might the geographical features of ancient Greece have been most useful to and why?** People living near the Mediterranean, Aegean, and Ionian Seas became fishers, sailors, and merchants. Because of Greece's location in the eastern Mediterranean, it was a perfect location for trade. Greek sailors were highly skilled and traveled as far as ancient Egypt to trade their products.

**What was the geography of the Greek period?** The ancient Greeks divided the world into three continents, Europe, Asia, and Libya (Africa). The Hellespont formed the border between Europe and Asia. The border between Asia and Libya was generally considered to be the Nile river, but some geographers, such as Herodotus objected to this.

**How did the geography of Greece shape its earliest history?** The main physical geographic features of Ancient Greece included mountains, islands, and the sea. The mountains of Ancient Greece separated people geographically. Due to this separation, Greek city-states tended to be isolated from one another. This meant that societies grew and developed independently.

**Is Greece flat or hilly?** Mainland Greece covers about 80% of the total territory and is largely mountainous. The largest mountain range of Greece is the Pindus range, the southern extension of the Dinaric Alps, which forms the spine of the Greek mainland, separating Epirus from Thessaly and Macedonia.

**What are three major aspects of Greek geography?** The three major aspects of Greek geography are the peninsular mainland, the Peloponnese peninsula, and the Greek islands. These each feature different types of terrain.

**What best describes the geography of Greece?** Greece was a mainly mountainous landscape, with the Pindus Mountains and Mount Olympus, surrounded by water on three sides by the Ionian Sea, the Mediterranean Sea, and the Aegean Sea. This meant that the Greek city-states of Ancient Greece were separated by mountains and water.

**What is the climate and geography of Ancient Greece?** Much like modern-day Greece, Ancient Greece had hot, dry summers and mild, wet winters. In fact, Greece is famous for its Mediterranean climate. This climate is located between about 30° and 45° latitude north and south of the Equator and on the western sides of the continents.

**What is the role of Greek in geography?** Greeks were the first to demonstrate the importance and utility of geographical knowledge to the world. They talked of man-environment relationship and stressed that geography as a discipline provides the best understanding of interdependencies between human beings and nature.

**What is the mountainous terrain of Greece?** Greece's mountainous terrain covers some four-fifths of the country, much of which is deeply dissected. A series of mainland mountain chains running northwest-southeast enclose narrow parallel valleys and numerous small basins that once held lakes.

**What percent of Greece is mountains?** Even though the country is famous for its islands and seas, some 80 percent of its landmass is mountainous. At one end of the backbone of Greece are the peaks of Varnountas and Grammos and at the other the Pindos range and legendary Olympus, just north of verdant Pelion.

**Why was farming difficult in Greece?** Farming was difficult in Ancient Greece primarily due to the geography. Greece is not a low, flat place, akin to modern Kansas or Nebraska. Instead, it is a region of mountains and islands, where there is relatively little open plainslands for growing crops.

**What are the 5 major themes of geography?** To help you understand how geographers think about the world, consider geography's five themes—location, place, region, movement, and human-environment interaction.

**What summarizes the geography of Greece?** The correct answer is " a rocky, mountainous land". Greece is a small country compared to other countries such as Russia and Canada. Most of its geography comprises mountains, with more than 300 distributed along its territory.

**How did ancient Greece modify their environment?** As the Greek civilization and population expanded, it progressively destroyed the forests for firewood, charcoal (needed in firing pottery and other industrial processes), and lumber. The great trees were often burned by accident or as part of a military operation, or simply to create more open pastureland.

**What are some geological features of Greece?** The country has numerous mountains and mountain ranges and the majority of the country is covered in mountains. Rich in limestone, the country's sediment is ideal for the formation of caves and canyons. Forests, rivers, valleys, and mountains are major features of Greece's physical geography.

**What are the features of Greece's geography?** Greece is a peninsular and mountainous country located in Southern-Eastern Europe, in the Balkans peninsula, and has a land area of 128,900 km<sup>2</sup> (49,769 sq. miles). The country has the largest coastline in Europe (13,676km) due to its numerous islands. It has a total of 2,000 islands but only 168 are inhabited.

**What was the geography of ancient Greece in 6th grade?** Geography helped shape early Greek civilization?: The Greeks lived on rocky, mountainous lands surrounded by water. The mainland is a peninsula, an area of land surrounded on three sides by water. It is mountainous and there are many islands. The coastline is rugged.

**Who might the geographical features of ancient Greece have been most useful to and why?** People living near the Mediterranean, Aegean, and Ionian Seas became fishers, sailors, and merchants. Because of Greece's location in the eastern Mediterranean, it was a perfect location for trade. Greek sailors were highly skilled and traveled as far as ancient Egypt to trade their products.

**What are Greek features?** But beyond the typical Mediterranean stereotype of dark hair, brown eyes and olive skin that we often associate with people of Greek descent, we also know that modern Greeks are quite diverse in appearance, including those with much fairer coloring (blue and green eyes, blond hair and even the occasional redhead), and ...

**How did the Greeks contribute to geography?** In the field of cartography, they brought the first map of the world on paper with the help of projections. Even the philosophical foundations of human geography have their roots in the Greek and Roman scholarship; worth mentioning are the writings of Strabo.

**What was ancient Greece originally known as?** The Greeks called themselves Hellenes and their land was Hellas.

**What are 5 physical features of Ancient Greece?**

**What is the climate and geography of Ancient Greece?** Much like modern-day Greece, Ancient Greece had hot, dry summers and mild, wet winters. In fact, Greece is famous for its Mediterranean climate. This climate is located between about 30° and 45° latitude north and south of the Equator and on the western sides of the continents.

**How does the geography of Greece help explain the rise and development of the Greek city state?** Greek city-states likely developed because of the physical geography of the Mediterranean region. The landscape features rocky, mountainous

land and many islands. These physical barriers caused population centers to be relatively isolated from each other. The sea was often the easiest way to move from place to place.

**How did geography shape ancient Greece?** The mountains of Ancient Greece separated people geographically. Due to this separation, Greek city-states tended to be isolated from one another. This meant that societies grew and developed independently. City-states had their own governments.

**What was the geography of the Greek period?** The ancient Greeks divided the world into three continents, Europe, Asia, and Libya (Africa). The Hellespont formed the border between Europe and Asia. The border between Asia and Libya was generally considered to be the Nile river, but some geographers, such as Herodotus objected to this.

**What are the geographic features of Corinth Greece?** Natural features around the city include the narrow coastal plain of Vocha, the Corinthian Gulf, the Isthmus of Corinth cut by its canal, the Saronic Gulf, the Oneia Mountains, and the monolithic rock of Acrocorinth, where the medieval acropolis was built.

**What was the geography of Ancient Greece 6th grade?** As a peninsula, the people of Greece took advantage of living by the sea. The mountains in Greece did not have fertile soil good for growing crops, like in Mesopotamia, but the mild climate allowed for some farming. The Greeks, like many other ancient civilizations, felt deeply connected to the land they lived on.

**What was the geography of Ancient Greece best described as?** Greece was a mainly mountainous landscape, with the Pindus Mountains and Mount Olympus, surrounded by water on three sides by the Ionian Sea, the Mediterranean Sea, and the Aegean Sea. This meant that the Greek city-states of Ancient Greece were separated by mountains and water.

**What are the geographic features of Greece?** Greece is a mostly mountainous country with a very long coastline, filled with peninsulas and islands. The climate can range from semi-desert to cold climate mountain forests.

**What is the ITIL certification path?** To become an ITIL Practice Manager, end-learners must complete five of the following modules, plus the ITIL 4: Foundation and ITIL 4: Create, Deliver and Support certifications: Monitor, Support & Fulfil. ITIL 4 Incident Management. ITIL 4 Service Desk. ITIL 4 Problem Management.

**What are the 4 levels of ITIL certification?** ITIL 4's certification scheme comprises four levels: Foundation, MP (Managing Professional), SL (Strategic Leader) and Master. This page provides an overview of the ITIL 4 certification scheme, explains how to transition from ITIL 2011/ITIL v3 and provides links to our ITIL training courses.

**How many certifications are there in ITIL?** ITIL Foundation The official ITIL certification training program currently consists of 12 certifications that demonstrate an individual's knowledge from a very basic, introductory level up to an advanced level that indicates overall mastery.

**Which ITIL certification should I take first?** ITIL Foundation The Foundation module is the entry level qualification and is for professionals just starting out on their ITIL 4 journey or even for existing ITSM workers who are looking to update their existing knowledge. It covers the fundamental concepts, terminology, and key elements of ITIL.

**What are the 5 stages of ITIL?**

**How fast can I get ITIL certification?** For most individuals with little or no prior ITIL® knowledge, dedicating 20-30 hours of focused study is typically sufficient to prepare for and pass the ITIL® Foundation exam. The ITIL® Foundation exam consists of 40 multiple-choice questions that must be completed within 60 minutes.

**How much does an ITIL exam cost?** Different Level-based ITIL certification costs \$150–\$1000. The \$150–\$300 ITIL 4 Foundation exam fee. Intermediate certification exam fees range from \$500 to \$700.

**Is the ITIL 4 exam worth IT?** An ITIL certification should be considered a worthwhile investment in your future livelihood. The exact amount ITIL Foundation experts earn depends on their location, role, and experience level. Professionals with ITIL 4 Foundation and IT service management (ITSM) certifications earn an average salary

of \$98,212.

**Is ITIL 4 in demand?** In addition to this, ITIL 4 is a globally recognized certification, and many organizations require or prefer ITIL 4 certified professionals for IT service management roles. As a consequence, ITIL 4 certified professionals are in high demand and can command higher salaries.

**Is ITIL certification worth IT in 2024?** Yes, pursuing ITIL V4 in 2024 is worthwhile, especially for individuals working in service desk roles. Many service desk companies follow the ITIL framework to enhance service management processes.

**Does the ITIL expire?** ITIL Intermediate, Managing Professional, and Strategic Leader: Certifications at these higher levels have a validity period of three years. After three years, you are required to renew your certification to demonstrate that you have kept up-to-date with the evolving ITIL practices.

**What is the highest ITIL certification?** The ITIL 4 Master is the pinnacle of a long and demanding journey but a truly rewarding and valuable experience for anyone who achieves it.

**Can you self study for ITIL 4?** ITIL Foundation certification exam prep can be refined through homeroom or distance learning choices, just as through self-study. There is no requirement for you to take on a training workshop before you sit for the Foundations exam.

**Does ITIL certification increase salary?** As an ITIL 4 Certified Managing professional you can expect a minimum salary hike of 15%-18%. Visit our ITIL 4 Managing Professional page for further details about the certification.

**Is the ITIL exam open book?** With the exception of the ITIL Practitioner exam, all are closed book, no notes.

**How many levels of ITIL certification are there?**

**What are the 4 pillars of ITIL?**

**What is the difference between ITIL and ITSM?** For those familiar with Agile methodologies, the difference between ITSM and ITIL is akin to the one between



Agile and Scrum. While ITSM (or Agile) is a methodology, ITIL (or Scrum) is a framework for implementing that methodology. The connection between the two is strong; ITIL was created with ITSM in mind.

**How much does the ITIL exam cost?** ITIL Exam cost For those who prefer self-study, you can use the available resources to prepare for the ITIL exam then book your test directly through PeopleCert for \$680 to \$865 per test. The practitioner-level exams cost \$280 per test. All of the ITIL exams are proctored tests administered by PeopleCert.

**Is IT worth getting ITIL certification?** Is the ITIL Certification Worth It? ITIL certifications come with many benefits. With an ITIL certification, you can enhance your career prospects and earning potential. You'll have a globally recognized certification and will be able to manage a variety of IT projects.

**Can I take the ITIL exam online?** The ITIL Certification Exam can be taken at any time, any day, from any place, within 5 months of purchasing the package. Once you have concluded the ITIL Foundation training course, simply register with your Thought Rock exam ID for your ITIL certification exam online and choose the date and time that is best for you.

**What is the average salary for ITIL 4?**

**Does ITIL expire?** All candidates with a PeopleCert Global Best Practice certification, such as ITIL® 4 or PRINCE2, must renew their certifications every three years to keep their credentials current and stay up to date with the skills needed in their chosen professions.

**Is the ITIL test hard?** The difficulty level of the ITIL 4 Foundation Exam varies depending on an individual's background and level of experience in IT service management. However, generally speaking, the Exam is consider to be of moderate difficulty.

**Which is better, CompTIA or ITIL?** In summary, ITIL focuses on IT service management, enhancing service delivery, and customer satisfaction. CompTIA certifications validate core IT skills across various domains, offering a broader range of IT career opportunities.

**Is ITIL certification still relevant in 2024?** Industry trends: ITIL remains a widely recognized framework in the IT industry, and certification can enhance your marketability. Personal development: Even if not immediately applicable, the knowledge gained through ITIL certification can broaden your knowledge of IT service management.

**Is ITIL in demand?** As a result, the demand for ITIL professionals is skyrocketing in the United States. Types of ITIL Jobs in the U.S.: ITIL Service Manager: Responsible for overall service management and strategy, ensuring that IT services align with business goals.

**What is ITIL V3 or V4 certification?** ITIL V3 and ITIL V4 are certifications related to IT Service Management. ITIL stands for Information Technology Infrastructure Library and is a framework that provides guidelines for IT Service Management.

**How many levels are there in ITIL?**

**What is ITIL V4 certification?** The ITIL 4 Foundation exam is an entry-level certification test and a good starting point for anyone wanting to challenge their skills in the ITIL framework for IT service management. The exam will test your understanding of the core ITIL 4 principles, which often include Lean, Agile, and DevOps concepts.

**Is ITIL 4 worth IT?** An ITIL certification should be considered a worthwhile investment in your future livelihood. The exact amount ITIL Foundation experts earn depends on their location, role, and experience level. Professionals with ITIL 4 Foundation and IT service management (ITSM) certifications earn an average salary of \$98,212.

**Is ITIL v3 obsolete?** ITIL v3 Foundation (English) to be discontinued as of July 1, 2021.

**How much does ITIL 4 certification cost?** 29,000, with subsequent certifications priced at Rs. 32,000 each. By investing approximately Rs. 50,000 in your ITIL 4 certification, you can enjoy long-term returns on your career investment.

**What is PMP vs ITIL 4?** Industry Recognition: ITIL certifications are widely recognized in the IT industry and are often required or preferred for IT service management roles. PMP certifications, on the other hand, are globally recognized across various industries, including construction, healthcare, information technology, and finance.

**What is the highest ITIL certification?** The ITIL 4 Master is the pinnacle of a long and demanding journey but a truly rewarding and valuable experience for anyone who achieves it.

**Do ITIL certifications expire?** ITIL Intermediate, Managing Professional, and Strategic Leader: Certifications at these higher levels have a validity period of three years. After three years, you are required to renew your certification to demonstrate that you have kept up-to-date with the evolving ITIL practices.

**Will there be an ITIL 5?** As of now, there has yet to be an official release date for ITIL 5. AXELOS, the organization responsible for overseeing the ITIL framework, has not made any official announcements regarding the release of ITIL 5.

**Which ITIL certification should I take?**

**How long is ITIL 4 certification good for?** When do I have to renew my ITIL certification? Candidates have to update their ITIL certification within three years from the issue date.

**How to learn ITIL quickly?** Create a study schedule and stick to it. Immersing yourself in the material consistently over a shorter period can enhance retention and understanding. Utilise exam study guides: Invest in reputable ITIL exam study guides and resources. These guides often summarise key concepts and provide ITIL exam-specific tips.

**What is the average salary for ITIL 4?**

**Which is better, CompTIA or ITIL?** In summary, ITIL focuses on IT service management, enhancing service delivery, and customer satisfaction. CompTIA certifications validate core IT skills across various domains, offering a broader range of IT career opportunities.

**Is ITIL certification still relevant in 2024?** Industry trends: ITIL remains a widely recognized framework in the IT industry, and certification can enhance your marketability. Personal development: Even if not immediately applicable, the knowledge gained through ITIL certification can broaden your knowledge of IT service management.

**What is the summary of Hannibal Lecter and philosophy the heart of the matter?** In Hannibal Lecter and Philosophy, 16 philosophers come at Hannibal the way he comes at his victims - from unexpected angles and with plenty of surprises. Several chapters look at the mind of this proud and accomplished killer, psychiatrist, and gourmet cook. Is he a sociopath or a psychopath, or are these the same?

**What is the Hannibal Lecter theory?** Hannibal Lector is the devil, and Clarissa Starling sells her soul to him in order to stop Buffalo Bill in the form of sharing her secrets. It makes sense if you think of her final confession to him as handing over her soul when you consider that her secret inner trauma was imagery of sheep being slaughtered.

**What is Hannibal's IQ?** I reckon he scored 117 in high school, but according to some sites they tested his IQ again in prison and then he supposedly scored 145.

**What is the latest edition of Head First PMP?** Summary. Head First PMP book was written by Jennifer Greene and Andrew Stellman. Till date, many versions have evolved with time in accordance with the main reference guide i.e. PMBOK Guide. Latest version used for Head First PMP is 4th edition in compliance to PMBOK Guide latest version i.e. 6th edition.

**Which edition of Pmbok is used for PMP exam?** According to PMI, the PMBOK 7 is a reference book for the PMP exam, along with other books. However, since the exam also tests you on PMBOK 6 content, you must go through the PMBOK 6 content too. The advantage of reading PMBOK 6 is that it covers the exam content much more extensively than PMBOK 7.

**What is the difference between Rita Mulcahy and Pmbok guide?** Rita Mulcahy draws concepts from the Examination Content Outline (ECO), the PMBOK guide, and the Process Groups: A Practice Guide. It comprehensively covers the entire

PMP syllabus. The book is a simplification of the PMBOK guide, so we suggest reading both to fill any knowledge gaps and to secure your certification.

**When did PMP 7th edition come out?** The most recent update in its guide is the PMBOK 7 seventh edition, which was released in August 2021.

**Is the new PMP exam more difficult?** Most people find the PMP exam to be very challenging. Not to mention, changes to the test added in 2021 have only added to the difficulty. This may be why many people, including serious test takers, find they have to take the test more than once to succeed.

**Is the 2024 PMP exam based on the 7th edition?** Consequently, if you're preparing for the exam in 2024, you should use the PMBOK 7th edition for your prep and use the current version of the ECO as your exam reference.

**How many hours to study for PMP?** On average, most candidates spend between 2 to 5 months preparing for the PMP exam, with approximately 150-200 hours of study. However, the exact duration can vary based on the factors we discussed. Remember, it's not about how long you study but how effectively you do.

**Is PMBOK 6th edition still valid?** It may be classified as 'old wine in a new bottle' where PMI has done no improvement apart from summarizing the contents of PMBOK 6th Edition in a new standard. So, as long as you have access to either of these books, there is no reason to worry!

**Is PMBOK enough to pass PMP?** A simple answer to the above question is a No. As discussed in the previous section, studying the PMBOK Guide is not essential to pass the PMP exam. You read the Guide if you want to.

**Is PMBOK outdated?** Well, short answer is: No! There is no new PMBoK Guide version coming along with those changes! The PMBoK Guide 5th Edition is and will still be valid. So, next question would be: "And when is the next Version of the PMBoK Guide being released?"

**What is the difference between PMBOK 5 and 6?** The most noticeable thing that differentiates PMBOK 5th and 6th Edition is the introduction of Agile concepts across all the knowledge areas. This means that you will find many concepts and ideas of the Agile Practice Guide in this edition.

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**What is the latest PMP exam version?** The latest version of the PMBOK Guide (A Guide to Project Management Body of Knowledge) is 7th edition. It was released in August 2021.

**Is the new CAPM exam based on PMBOK 7th edition?** The CAPM exam will be based on the PMBOK Guide Seventh Edition, but some questions may not align with it. This is because the exam includes critical job tasks identified by a volunteer task force based on their experience and resources.

**When was the PMP updated?** Through their in-depth analysis the PMI determines what knowledge should be tested that best reflects the ever-changing roles and responsibilities of certified project managers. The new PMP exam changes that went into effect at the beginning of 2021 are based on recommendations from research conducted in 2019.

**When was PMBOK 1st edition released?** The first ever edition of the PMBOK Guide was first published in 1996 by PMI. PMI saw a need to put together an official document and guide to advance the development of the project management profession.

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