Anne frank question and answers

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What are some questions about the diary of Anne Frank?

Who is Anne Frank short answer? Anne Frank, a Jewish teenager, wrote a diary of her family's two years in hiding (1942–44) during the German occupation of the Netherlands in World War II, and the book—which was first published in 1947, two years after Anne's death in a concentration camp—became a classic of war literature, personalizing the Holocaust ...

What is the main message of the diary of Anne Frank? There are many important messages in this book, but the most important message is that all people have the right to live in freedom. Anne's story shows us that just because people may be a different religion or race, doesn't mean that they should be treated differently.

What was Anne Frank's gender? Annelies Marie "Anne" Frank (German: [?an?(li?s ma??i?) ?f?a?k], Dutch: [??n??lis ma??ri ?fr??k, ??n? ?fr??k]; 12 June 1929 – c. February or March 1945) was a German-born Jewish girl who kept a diary documenting her life in hiding amid Nazi persecution during the German occupation of the Netherlands.

What is 1 important fact about Anne Frank? Throughout her stay, Anne wrote a diary. This diary, after her death, would reveal to the world a first-person account of a Jewish girl's experience of the Holocaust: the fear, the hiding and the hope for a better future.

Why did Anne that she was alone? Answer: Anne Frank feels lonely and neglected throughout her time in the Secret Annex because she receives very little support from the others who are in hiding. Her older sister and her mother do not provide her with the emotional support that she craves.

What was Anne Frank's nickname for her diary? Answer and Explanation: Anne Frank nicknamed her diary "Kitty." The diary was written in Dutch, the language of Frank's adopted homeland of the Netherlands. It was discovered by her father after Frank's death, and is one of the best-selling books in history.

Why does Anne Frank like her dad? Anne Frank and her father generally had a strong relationship. Anne felt her father understood her more than her mother or sister did, and she respected him.

Why does Anne want to keep a diary? Answer: Anne wants to keep a diary because she had hardly any friends to confide in. Secondly, she can't talk about day-to-day happenings. In keeping a diary she would do so.

Was Anne right when she said? No, Anne was not right when she said that the world would not be interested in the musings of a thirteen year old girl. Her diary was published under the name 'The Diary of a young girl'.

How did Anne Frank treat her diary? Answer: Writing in a diary was a strange experience for Anne Frank because she had never written anything before in a diary as she had received it as a gift on her thirteenth birthday. She considered the diary to be her best friend, where she could write all her thoughts and feelings.

Where did Anne Frank hide? Anne and the others went into hiding at Prinsengracht 263, which consisted of a main house and an annex. Otto Frank's company was in the main house. Here, the helpers (Otto's employees) kept the company running. The people in hiding had lived in the annex for two years when they were discovered.

Who was Anne Frank attracted to? The most striking example was her love for Peter van Pels. On 19 March 1944, Anne wrote in her diary about an intimate conversation with Peter: 'We told each other so much, so very very much, that I can't repeat it all, but it was lovely, the most wonderful evening I have ever had in the "Secret Annex".

What was Anne Frank's favorite color? Anne Frank's favorite color is not explicitly stated in The Diary of a Young Girl. Some readers have inferred that it may have been either red, as her diary was red-and-white-plaid; however, this is speculation.

ANNE FRANK QUESTION AND ANSWERS

How is Anne Frank a hero? Anne wrote about everything going on in Amsterdam at the time. She documented everything, which has helped us learn a lot of history during the Holocaust. Anne Frank is a hero known for her courage, optimism, and inspiration.

What were Anne Frank's last words? Anne's last entry was written on Tuesday 1 August 1944. It reads: Dearest Kitty, "A bundle of contradictions" was the end of my previous letter and is the beginning of this one.

Why did Anne Frank call her diary kitty? What did Anne Frank name and call her diary? She called it Kitty, after a character in a book series that Anne was fond of. Kitty was the name of the diary, but she was writing to an imaginary friend as she filled the pages.

What was Anne Frank's favorite food? Answer and Explanation: In her entry dated April 3, 1944, in The Diary of a Young Girl, Anne discusses the food rations and her opinions on them during their hiding. Her favorite food during the war due to limited and declining options was liverwurst and jam on plain bread.

Did Anne Frank have a job? Anne Frank never had a job, because she was still in grade school when her family was forced into hiding in 1942.

What is Anne Frank famous for? Anne Frank was a German girl and Jewish victim of the Holocaust who is famous for keeping a diary of her experiences. Anne and her family went into hiding for two years to avoid Nazi persecution. Her documentation of this time is now published in The Diary of a Young Girl.

What did Anne Frank want to be when she grew up? When she was growing up, Anne Frank wanted to be a writer or a journalist.

Who was Anne's true friend? Out of all the characters from her club, Kitty was the one who slowly but surely emerged as Anne's best friend. When exactly Anne decided to address her letters only to Kitty is unclear, because her diaries from 1943 have not survived.

What are some fun facts about Anne Frank?

Who inspired Anne Frank? Answer and Explanation: While the diary mostly contains Anne's own musings about her life, there are several people who directly influenced its content, most notably Otto Frank, Gerrit Bolkestein, and Cissy van Marxveldt.

What are the essential questions of the diary of Anne Frank? ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS? How were Anne Frank's Holocaust experiences shaped by her individual circumstances? How did the events of the Holocaust and World War II affect the lives of the Frank family? What choices did Anne make in writing her diary? How does she describe life inside the "Secret Annex"?

Why did Anne Frank maintain a diary question answer? Expert-Verified Answer She had no friends whom which she could talk about such personal stuff. she felt a diary is something that doesn't give it'd opinions or talk back like people do. so Anne decided to keep a diary and keep it as her good friend. Thus she decided to maintain a diary.

What made Anne decide to write a diary? Anne wants to keep a diary as she doesnt have friends. She needs some channel through which she can get rid off all the burden and pain she is suffering from. Hence she wants to keep a diary.

How did Anne Frank end her diary? In her final entry, Frank wrote of how others perceive her, describing herself as "a bundle of contradictions." She wrote: "As I've told you many times, I'm split in two.

What are some focus questions for Anne Frank?

What is the main lesson of Anne Frank? Anne Frank's diary taught that we don't really need all the stuff that we think we really "need", like a TV, or a smartphone. Anne Frank learned how to enjoy even the smallest bits of life, like the sun, or the sound of birds, a sound that I particularly have found quite annoying.

Why did Anne Frank get her diary? During the Nazi occupation of the Netherlands, Anne Frank received a blank diary as one of her presents on 12 June 1942, her 13th birthday.

What did she name her diary? Answer. Anne named her diary as kitty.

How does Anne feel about her father? Anne felt that her father was the most adorable father she had ever seen. Anne remembered her grandmother even after her death. She wrote in her diary that no one knew how often she thought of her grandmother and still loved her.

Why was the diary given to Anne Frank? On 12 June 1942, Anne was given a diary for her thirteenth birthday. It was something she really wanted. Her parents let her to pick one out herself in a bookshop.

Who gifted the diary to Anne? This is an autobiography of a young girl Anne Frank, who expresses her thought in a diary. Her father has gifted the Diary on her 13th birthday, which she calls with the name of 'Kitty'. Anne Frank is a Jewish girl who is hiding during World War II, in order to avoid the Nazis.

Why did Anna go to keep a diary? Answer: Anne wants to keep a diary because she had hardly any friends to confide in. Secondly, she can't talk about day-to-day happenings. In keeping a diary she would do so.

Why does Anne write in her first diary? Answer: Anne gave a brief sketch of her life since no one would understand a word of her stories to her diary if she were to plunge right in. She, therefore, wrote a brief sketch of her life, even though she disliked doing so.

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Was Anne right when she said? No, Anne wasn't right when she said that the world wouldn't be interested in the musings of a thirteen-year-old girl. Later her diary was published under the name 'The Diary of a young girl'. It was translated from its original Dutch into many languages and it became one of the world's most-read books.

What are 5 interesting facts about Anne Frank?

What is the meaning of clinical dietitian? Clinical Dietitian: a dietitian who has responsibility for diagnosing and treating nutritional problems, using the Nutrition Care Process/Dietetic Process (NCP). Clinical dietitians can work in any health care setting, including primary health care, often in an interdisciplinary team.

What is the role of Clinical Nutrition and dietetics? "Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics" is concerned with therapeutic uses for nutrition in medical settings as part of a complete health care programme. It deals with the prevention, diagnosis and management of nutritional and metabolic changes related to acute and chronic diseases.

What is a Clinical Nutrition journal? Clinical Nutrition, the official journal of ESPEN, The European Society for Clinical Nutrition and Metabolism, is an international journal providing essential scientific information on nutritional and metabolic care and the relationship between nutrition and disease both in the setting of basic science and clinical ...

Does UCC offer Clinical Nutrition and dietetics? The University of Cape Coast School of Allied Health Sciences through the Department of Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics (DCND-UCC) uses technical, innovative, and practical teaching and learning procedures to produce competent nutritionists and dietitians with knowledge and skills required to address nutrition and ...

What is MS and RDN? The mission of the Master of Science and Registered Dietitian Nutritionist (MS/RDN) Professional Program is to prepare students to become Registered Dietitian Nutritionists who can apply advanced knowledge and skills from both didactic and supervised experiential learning experiences into entrylevel practice.

What is in dietetics? Definition and History of Dietetics Dietetics is defined as 'the application of the science of nutrition to the human being in health and disease.' However, the term 'dietitian,' used to describe a practitioner of dietetics, was in use long before the science of nutrition had become an accepted discipline.

What is the difference between a nutritionist and a dietician? A dietitian may also go by "registered dietitian nutritionist" or RDN. In short, nutritionist refers to a

broader category of professionals that help people eat healthy, whereas dietitians are nutritionists with specialized training. All dietitians are nutritionists, but not all nutritionists are dietitians.

What is the focus of clinical nutrition? A1: Clinical nutrition involves the application of nutrition science to address health conditions and promote overall well-being. It focuses on creating personalized dietary plans to manage diseases and support recovery.

What is clinical nutrition practice? Clinical Nutrition is the study of the relationship between the food consumed and wellbeing. A Clinical Nutritionist assists individuals with their health concerns by tailoring nutrition and lifestyle recommendations to their needs. Therapeutic grade dietary supplements may also be recommended.

What is the clinical nutrition method? Clinical nutrition centers on the prevention, diagnosis, and management of nutritional changes in patients linked to chronic diseases and conditions primarily in health care.

What is the difference between nutrition and clinical nutrition? Nutrition is the science that expounds the interaction of nutrients and other substances in food. Clinical nutrition is nutrition of patients in health care. ... It incorporates primarily the scientific fields of nutrition and dietetics.

What are clinical trials in nutrition? There are a variety of human intervention study designs in nutrition research, but the most common, especially in pharmaceutical/medical research, is the clinical trial. A clinical trial is a scientifically controlled study using consenting people to find the safety and effectiveness of different items/regimens.

Which country is best for clinical nutrition and Dietetics? The United States boasts some of the world's most prestigious nutrition programs. With renowned institutions like Harvard University, Tufts University, and the University of California, Berkeley, the country offers a diverse range of programs suitable for aspiring nutritionists.

What is the best university to study nutrition and Dietetics? University of Nigeria, Nsukka: With a focus on research and innovation, the University of Nigeria,

Nsukka offers a Bachelor of Science degree in Human Nutrition and Dietetics. Graduates of this program contribute to the development of evidence-based interventions for nutritional challenges in Nigeria.

Is RDN the best source of medical nutrition information? RDNs are the most reliable source for accurate and reliable health information about diet and nutrition. RDNs provide proven, research-based advice on a wide variety of concerns such as food allergies/intolerances, weight issues/plateaus and the nutritional implications of many chronic illnesses.

What is LDN nutrition? Licensed Dietitian or Licensed Dietitian Nutritionist (LD/LDN): indicates the dietitian is licensed to practice. Licensing is state specific, and forty-five out of fifty states have enacted specific regulations regarding the practice of dietetics.

What is LDN vs RDN? The RD marks someone as a Registered Dietitian. The LD or LDN is for Licensed Dietitian (Nutritionist), which means the practitioner is legally licensed to practice in their state.

What is RDN and CDN? The State of New York has a licensure for CDN's – Certified Dietitian-Nutritionists. The bottom line: Registered dietitian Nutritionists (RDNs) and CNSs, and CNCBs are the only credentialed, board-certified food and nutrition experts with extensive training and formal education.

Can dietitians diagnose? First, a dietitian can't diagnose any health conditions. So, this means that while a dietitian can help you treat or manage your health condition through nutrition therapy, they can't provide you with a diagnosis. Second, dietitians can't legally prescribe medications.

Is dietetics the same as nutrition? On the surface, "dietitian" and "nutritionist" are synonyms. They both help people develop wholesome, sustainable eating habits and become overall healthier individuals. But the main difference between dietitians and nutritionists lies in the legal restrictions that each title carries.

Is nutrition and dietetics a good? Nutrition and Dietetics is a great field to get into if you are wanting to expand on your interest in food, whilst also helping people of all ages improve their physical and mental health.

What is meant by clinical nutrition? What is clinical nutrition? Clinical nutrition can be defined as the study and overall analysis of the relationship between ingested food and the overall wellbeing of the human body.

What is the meaning of RD dietitian? A health professional who has special training in diet and nutrition. Registered dietitians offer advice on nutrition and healthy eating habits to help people improve their health and well-being.

What is full RDN? A Registered Dietitian Nutritionist is a specially trained professional with extensive education and training in the science of nutrition.

Stephen Ambrose: The Acclaimed Historian and His Notable Books

Q1: Who is Stephen Ambrose? A1: Stephen Ambrose (1936-2002) was an American historian, author, and professor. Known for his extensive research and captivating narratives, Ambrose received numerous awards for his groundbreaking works.

Q2: What are Stephen Ambrose's most famous books? A2: Ambrose's most notable books include:

- "Undaunted Courage" (1996): An account of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.
- "Band of Brothers" (1992): The Pulitzer Prize-winning story of an elite unit during World War II.
- "D-Day" (1994): A comprehensive history of the Allied invasion of Normandy.

Q3: What is the significance of "Band of Brothers"? A3: "Band of Brothers" is a groundbreaking work that humanizes the experiences of soldiers in World War II. Ambrose's meticulous research and personal interviews with surviving veterans provide an intimate and deeply moving account of the war. It inspired the popular HBO miniseries of the same name.

Q4: What is the historical impact of "Undaunted Courage"? A4: "Undaunted Courage" rekindled interest in the Lewis and Clark Expedition, highlighting its significance in American history. Ambrose's vivid descriptions of the explorers' journey and their encounters with Native American tribes have made it a valuable ANNE FRANK QUESTION AND ANSWERS

resource for historians and students alike.

Q5: What is Ambrose's legacy? A5: Stephen Ambrose's legacy as a historian is enduring. His extensively researched and engaging books have brought history to life for millions of readers. Through his works, Ambrose inspired countless individuals to explore the complexities of the past and appreciate the sacrifices made by those who came before us.

What does Giddens say about sociology? Anthony Giddens defines sociology as the "study of social institutions brought into being by the industrial transformation of the past two or three centuries." This is a direct quote from his book New Rules of Sociological Method, published in 1976.

What is the contribution of Anthony Giddens in sociology? In the second stage Giddens developed the theory of structuration, an analysis of agency and structure, in which primacy is granted to neither. His works of that period, such as Central Problems in Social Theory (1979) and The Constitution of Society (1984), brought him international fame on the sociological arena.

What are the main ideas of Anthony Giddens? Giddens has developed a highly influential theory that attempts to reconcile one of the oldest dichotomies in social theory—that of agency vs. structure. In his theory of structuration, Giddens argues that sociologists should not see individual agency and larger social structures as opposed to one another.

What did Anthony Giddens believe? According to Giddens, there is a duality of structure by which social practice, the principal unit of investigation, has both a structural and an agency-component. The structural environment constrains individual behaviour, but it also makes it possible. He also noted the existence of a specific form of a social cycle.

What are Giddens beliefs in society? Beliefs in society: fundamentalism Giddens and Davie theorise that fundamentalism is a product of and response to globalisation. This is because the processes of globalisation can undermine traditional social norms relating to family, gender, and sexuality.

What is Giddens' theory? Giddens's theory Giddens argues that just as an individual's autonomy is influenced by structure, structures are maintained and adapted through the exercise of agency. The interface at which an actor meets a structure is termed "structuration."

What is the scope of sociology Anthony Giddens? The scope of sociology is extremely wide, ranging from the analysis of passing encounters between individuals on the street to the investigation of interna- tional relations and global forms of terrorism. Most of us see the world in terms of the familiar features of our own lives -family, friendships and work.

Is Anthony Giddens a classical sociologist? His breadth of expertise has helped establish both his early expository works on classical sociological theory as well as his later sociology textbooks as standard reading for anyone entering into sociological endeavours.

Who is the father of sociology? The French philosopher Auguste Comte (1798–1857)—often called the "father of sociology"—first used the term "sociology" in 1838 to refer to the scientific study of society. He believed that all societies develop and progress through the following stages: religious, metaphysical, and scientific.

What is the core of culture according to Anthony Giddens? Culture as structure is, in fact, the central idea in Giddens' sociology. According to this view, culture consists of the underlying rules employed in social interactions and through which social systems are reproduced.

What are the 4 parts of modernity according to Giddens? ? In above sections we have discussed Giddens idea of modernity. Strongly arguing that the present condition is not post-modern rather it is an era of high modernity. He has discussed the four institutional dimensions of modernity viz. Capitalism, Industrialism, Surveillance and Military power.

Is Giddens a functionalist? The study shows that while Giddens strived to reject functionalism and the concept of social function altogether, in the figurational approach developed by Elias it is possible to use some of the concepts of

functionalism without necessarily accepting its controversial tenets.

What is Giddens trust theory? Giddens describes trust as "confidence in the reliability of a person or system, regarding a given set of outcomes or events, where that confidence expresses a faith in the probity or love of another, or in the correctness of abstract principles" (Giddens, 1991a, p.

What are the four basic institutions that Giddens uses to define modernity? For Giddens, modernity is developed due to the interactions of many institutions and each level specified by classical theorists plays a part. Thus, for him, modernity has four institutional dimensions: capitalism, industrialism, surveillance, and military power.

What is the concept of power by Anthony Giddens? e) Anthony Giddens: Power as Dependency and Domination Here, the term capacity refers to the capability of an individual to bring about a change in the course of a series of events through intervention. On the other hand, power in the narrow sense is largely relational.

What is social structure according to Giddens? According to Giddens, structure is a sum of "rules and resources, organized as properties of social systems" that exists only as structural properties (1984, p. 25). Structure for Giddens is both medium and outcome as it is created through process. Thus, social life is perceived as process and not product.

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of clinical dietetics, stephen ambrose books, anthony giddens sociology 7th edition

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