

# DATA AND COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS 10TH EDITION WILLIAM STALLINGS BOOK ON COMPU

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**What is data and computer communication?** Data communication is the process of transferring data from one place to another or between two locations. It allows electronic and digital data to move between two networks, no matter where the two are located geographically, what the data contains, or what format they are in.

**What is the subject code for data communication and computer network? :** 22414 Course Code: 22414 1. RATIONALE A data communication and computer networks has been growing with rapid technological progress.

**What is the difference between data communication and computer networking?** Computer Science Data communications refers to the transmission of this digital data between two or more computers and a computer network or data network is a telecommunications network that allows computers to exchange data.

**What are the different types of communication used in computer networks?** Data communication between different devices are broadly categorised into 3 types: Simplex communication, Half-duplex communication, and Full-duplex communication. It is a one way or unidirectional communication between two devices in which one device is sender and other one is receiver.

**What are the 5 basic components of data communication?**

**What is taught in data communication?** You'll be taught about all aspects of data communication systems, from transmission methods and hardware to information coding, with a focus on the latest advances in technology.

**What is the widely used code in data communication?** ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is the most common character encoding format for text data in computers and on the internet.

**What are data communications codes?** Data communications codes are used to represent characters and symbols such as letters, digits and punctuation marks. • Data communications codes are called character codes, character sets, symbol codes or character languages.

**What is coding in data communication?** What is Line Coding? In telecommunication, a line code (also called digital baseband modulation, also called digital baseband transmission method) is a code chosen for use within a communications system for baseband transmission purposes. Line coding is often used for digital data transport.

**Why to learn data communication and computer network?** Data communication is essential for enabling the exchange of information between devices and systems, supporting various applications and services such as email, web browsing, and online collaboration. What are the benefits of computer networking in modern computing?

**What is the role of computer network in data communication?** Computer networking refers to interconnected computing devices that can exchange data and share resources with each other. These networked devices use a system of rules, called communications protocols, to transmit information over physical or wireless technologies. Let's answer some common computer networking FAQs.

**What are the advantages and disadvantages of data communication and network?** Advantages include performance enhancement, resource sharing, increasing storage capacity and improved communication. Disadvantages of Computer Networks include potential risks like security concerns, server dependence, high setup costs, maintenance needs, and limited resource capacities.

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**What is the most expensive wired media?** Fiber Optic It is the most expensive of wired mediums and offers the highest rates of data transmission. They are often used in long distance communications and are never affected by any electromagnetic fields. This is because it involves light.

**What is a message in data communication?** Message : This is most useful asset of a data communication system. The message simply refers to data or piece of information which is to be communicated. A message could be in any form, it may be in form of a text file, an audio file, a video file, etc.

**What is the basic of data communication?** Data communication specifically refers to the process of using computing and communication technologies to transfer data (the message) from a sender to a receiver — or even back and forth between participating parties.

**What is computer communication?** Computer communication refers to the exchange of data and information between two or more computers over a communication channel. It allows computers to share resources, collaborate on tasks, and access information stored on other devices.

**What is computer data and computer information?** Data can be defined as a representation of facts, concepts, or instructions in a formalized manner, which should be suitable for communication, interpretation, or processing by human or electronic machine. Information is organized or classified data, which has some meaningful values for the receiver.

**What is the purpose of data communication?** The fundamental purpose of data communications is to exchange information between user's computers, terminals and applications programs. ! In its simplest form data communications takes place between two devices that are directly connected by some form of point-to-point transmission medium.

**What is computer data and examples?** Data is information that can be interpreted and used by computers. It is a collection of facts, such as numbers, words, measurements, observations or even just descriptions of things. In computing, data is typically stored electronically in the form of files or databases.

**How do you memorize First Aid for Step 1?** A few ways to start are mind maps, putting the content in your own words, or using mnemonics. Combine with a good study tool: While First Aid is excellent for high-yield content, it's beneficial to complement your studies with other resources like question banks, medical apps, or a visual learning tool like Picmonic.

**Is First Aid and Uworld enough for Step 1?**

**Do I need to read First Aid for Step 1?** First Aid STEP 1 is always updated to reflect the newest tested materials on the STEP 1 exam. That's why I recommend reading the latest version of the First Aid STEP 1 before taking your exam.

**How long does it take to go through First Aid Step 1?**

**Is Amboss better than UWorld?** The USMLE STEP 1 and STEP 2 Qbanks by AMBOSS are better than UWorld both in terms of questions as well as explanations which are more clear and helpful and even link to the relevant library article should you want a deeper dive. I can't thank AMBOSS enough for their spectacular knowledge & Qbank apps.

**How many UWorld questions a day Step 1?** With over 3,200 Step 1 and over 3,500 Step 2 questions, students studying for either of these USMLE Step exams can feel easily overwhelmed. The trick to managing this volume is to make a schedule and stick to it. For most students, this means getting through three blocks of 40 questions per day, 5-6 days per week.

**Is 60% enough to pass Step 1?** Notice of such review and any adjustments will be posted on the USMLE website. The percentages of correctly answered questions required to pass varies by Step and from form to form within each Step. However, examinees typically must answer approximately 60% of questions correctly to achieve a passing score.

**Is pathoma or First Aid better?** While reading textbooks, such as BRS physiology, can be a good reference guide, Pathoma is much better for conceptualizing pathways, and this is precisely where First Aid falls short. In a prior blog post we wrote "Use Pathoma as an appetizer or a nightcap to your studying, not as the main course."

**Can you pass Step 1 by just doing UWorld?** UWorld alone is not enough. You should use UWorld along with these tips to effectively prepare for Step 1: Combine UWorld with other resources, such as First Aid and NBME self-assessments. Start with a small question pool at the beginning of each topic to determine which concepts you need to focus on the most.

**What is the best resource for USMLE Step 1?** There are generally two resources recommended for your practice exams: the UWorld Self-Assessments and the NBME practice tests. NBME Practice Tests: The NBME is the same body that administers the Step 1 exam, and their practice tests are made up of old USMLE Step 1 test questions.

**How to approach First Aid USMLE?**

**Is Step 1 the hardest exam?** Is Step 1 a Difficult Exam? Many students find Step 1 to be a hard exam. This is likely your biggest exam since the MCAT. Including breaks, that test was 7.5 hours and for Step 1, you can add an additional 30 minutes of fun for a total of 8 hours (spoiler: Step 2 is 9 hours, but that's for another time!).

**How many hours a day to study for USMLE Step 1?** It is ideal for studying 8-12 hours daily for USMLE step 1. However, study hours vary from student to student. Therefore, try studying for different durations and see what works best for you. Medical students usually have 2-3 months between the second-year final exams and the USMLE Step 1 exam.

**Can you pass Step 1 in 2 months?** Studying for step 1 can a three-to-four months or four-to-six weeks. How rigorous your study plan is will determine how much time you spend preparing for the USMLE overall. Although, even with a rigorous study plan, you'll want to take breaks and quiz yourself on materials throughout.

**What is the passing score for Step 1?** \* USMLE Step 1 score reporting is reported as pass/fail only for exams taken on or after January 26, 2022. On the three-digit score scale, the passing standard is 196.

**How much does UWorld cost?** UWorld's ABIM Qbank subscription ranges from \$399 for 3 months at minimum to \$729 for 2 years of access, with 2 options in between. To provide some context, these prices are midrange compared to other

available ABIM Qbanks available.

**How to get AMBOSS for free?** We offer a free trial for 5 days so that you can try out AMBOSS, without obligation to start a membership. We will not take any payment information for you to register your account, and you are free to explore the entire AMBOSS platform, including 50 questions from the AMBOSS Qbank!

**How much is AMBOSS per year?** The AMA member price of AMBOSS Knowledge Library membership is \$13.49 per month or a yearly cost equivalent to \$9.68 per month. An upgrade to full Qbank access is an additional, one-time purchase on top of your AMBOSS membership.

**Is it possible to do 120 UWorld questions a day?** If you're making/doing excellent Anki cards, you might top out at doing 80-120 questions/day. However, while you will find people who (productively) do more than 120 UWorld questions in a day, they are often not doing Anki.

**Is 40 UWorld questions a day good?** Group 1: Try to do at least two blocks of 40 questions. I would recommend a maximum of three blocks a day if you plan to review all the information that day. The blocks will take about three hours each to answer the questions and review the material.

**How many practice tests should I take for Step 1?** How many NBME tests should I take? Three NBME tests seems to be the number to shoot for Step 1 and 2 CK. There are six available Step 1 practice tests, three tests for Step 2 CK, and one test for Step 3.

**How do you remember First Aid?** First aid is as easy as ABC – airway, breathing and CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation). In any situation, apply the DRSABCD Action Plan.

**How do people remember everything for Step 1?** You Have to Memorize SOME Things, but NOT Everything Instead, by asking, “why?” for everything – and memorizing only the things you can't explain – you'll remember more. More importantly, by mastering the essential concepts, you'll solve the all-important transfer problem and use critical concepts on your USMLEs.

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**How do you do First Aid step by step?** 10TH EDITION WILLIAM STALLINGS BOOK ON COMPU

**What is the mnemonic sample in First Aid?** SAMPLE is an acronym or mnemonic used by first responders during the secondary assessment. It stands for Signs & symptoms, Allergies, Medications, Past Medical History, and Events leading up to the present injury – hence the acronym SAMPLE.

**What is static electricity for grade 6?** Define static electricity: Static electricity is the result of an imbalance between negative and positive charges in an object. These charges can build up on the surface of an object until they find a way to be released or discharged?.

**What is the law of static electricity?** The key phrase to remember in static electricity is: “Opposite charges attract, while the same charges repel.” For instance, when two plastic rods have been rubbed with a cloth, they repel each other. This is because as both rods are rubbed with the same type of cloth, they acquire the same charges or electrons.

**What is static electricity in very short answer?** static electricity, form of electricity resulting from the imbalance between positive and negative charges within a material that occurs when electrons (the negatively charged particles in an atom) move from one material to another.

**What is the simple experiment for static electricity?** Arrange the cans in a line on a hard, smooth floor. Rub a balloon on your head to create a static charge. Place the balloon behind each can to see it roll away by itself. Set up a can race to see who can move their can the fastest using the power of static electricity.

**What are 4 examples of static electricity?** Answer and Explanation: Examples of static electricity include lightning, clothing getting stuck together after being in the dryer, brushing dry hair with a plastic comb, and walking on a carpeted floor and then touching a metal doorknob.

**What are 5 facts about static electricity?**

**What causes static electricity?** There are three main causes of static electricity; friction, separation and induction. Friction As two materials are rubbed together the electrons associated with the surface atoms on each material come into very close proximity with each other. These surface electrons can be moved from one material

to another.

**What is static electricity for kids?**

**What are the three types of static?**

**What is static electricity for dummies?** The rubbing of certain materials against one another can transfer negative charges, or electrons. For example, if you rub your shoe on the carpet, your body collects extra electrons. The electrons cling to your body until they can be released. As you reach and touch your furry friend, you get a shock.

**What is the danger of static electricity?** Some dangers posed by static electricity are: Electric shock due to the flow of current through the body, causing a person everything from an uncomfortable zap to falls, burns, or stopping the heart. Fires or explosions due to the ignition of flammable or explosive mixtures.

**Is static electricity AC or DC?** Static electricity is a build up of an electrical charge on the surface of an object. It is considered static due to the fact that there is no current flowing as in AC or DC electricity.

**What law is static electricity?** Coulomb's inverse-square law, or simply Coulomb's law, is an experimental law of physics that calculates the amount of force between two electrically charged particles at rest. This electric force is conventionally called the electrostatic force or Coulomb force.

**What are 3 possible ways to lose static electricity?**

**What are two situations that can generate static electricity?**

**What happens when you get shocked by static electricity?** The spark associated with static electricity is caused by electrostatic discharge, or simply static discharge, as excess charge is neutralized by a flow of charges from or to the surroundings. The feeling of an electric shock is caused by the stimulation of nerves as the current flows through the human body.

**What are 5 uses of static electricity?** Objects charged with opposite electric charges attract each other, and objects charged the same charge repel each other.



Static electricity is generally used in photocopying, air filters (especially electrostatic precipitators), automotive paints, paint sprays, theatres, operating rooms, dust testing and printers.

**How to make static electricity in a classroom?** What to do: See if you can create some static electricity by rubbing various materials together! 1. Using one of the fabric pieces, rub one of the other objects (ruler, comb, pens, or markers) back and forth for several seconds to build up a static charge.

**How do I explain static electricity to a child?**

**What is the most extreme example of static electricity?** Lightning can happen inside a cloud, between clouds and between clouds and the ground. Lightning is the most powerful form of static electricity you can experience. This is why thunderstorms can be very dangerous.

**What is static electricity in simple words?** Static electricity is an imbalance of electric charges within or on the surface of a material. The charge remains until it is able to move away by means of an electric current or electrical discharge.

**What are the three types of static electricity?** There are three types of static generation: contact, detachment, and frictional static build up. Contact static build up is one of the simplest methods of static generation. In this type of static generation, a charge is generated simply from two objects contacting one another and separating.

**How to prevent static electricity?**

**What material causes the most static electricity?**

**Is static electricity like a magnet?** A magnet is an object that can attract some metals like iron. Static electricity can also attract objects without touching them, but it works a bit differently. It can attract and repel due to electrical charges.

**What are two important facts about static electricity?** You build up a static charge when two objects touch each other and the electrons move from one object to the other. One object will become positively charged and the other will become negatively charged. Objects with the same charge will push away from each other.

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Objects with opposite charges will attract.

**How far can static electricity jump?** As a consequence, most static effects come from sources no more than a few meters away (exception: atmospheric electricity/lightning, which has a range of kilometers due to the enormous amounts of charge involved).

**What is static electricity for kids?**

**What is the difference between static and current electricity grade 6?** Static electricity creates lightning and static cling. Current electricity is the electricity that powers our homes and electrical devices. Current electricity is named for the way electrons move. They “flow” in one direction - like a river current.

**What is a static shock for kids?** An electric shock can happen when a person approaches a metal object or another person. This is caused by static electricity close static electricityA build-up of electrical charge on an object, which can be either positive or negative..

**What is static force class 6?** Static friction is a force that keeps an object at rest. Static friction definition can be written as: The friction experienced when individuals try to move a stationary object on a surface, without actually triggering any relative motion between the body and the surface on which it is on.

**What are 4 dangers of static electricity?** Electrostatic sparks may have enough energy to produce electric shocks, cause electronic damage, spoil mechanical components, disrupt production processes, and generate fires and explosions.

**What causes static electricity?** There are three main causes of static electricity; friction, separation and induction. Friction As two materials are rubbed together the electrons associated with the surface atoms on each material come into very close proximity with each other. These surface electrons can be moved from one material to another.

**What are 3 uses of static electricity?** Objects charged with opposite electric charges attract each other, and objects charged the same charge repel each other. Static electricity is generally used in photocopying, air filters (especially electrostatic precipitators), automotive paints, paint sprays, theatres, operating rooms, dust testing and power

**What is electricity for Grade 6?** Electricity is the flow of electrical energy from one place to another. Electricity flows through conductors, but it cannot flow through insulators. A closed circuit is needed for electricity to flow and power our electronics.

**Is lightning static electricity?** Lightning is essentially a supercharged form of static electricity. The electrical charges build up when storm clouds reach high into the atmosphere where water particles are either frozen or remaining liquid as super-cooled water.

**What are the two types of electricity static and current?**

**What are two important facts about static electricity?** You build up a static charge when two objects touch each other and the electrons move from one object to the other. One object will become positively charged and the other will become negatively charged. Objects with the same charge will push away from each other. Objects with opposite charges will attract.

**What is static electricity for dummies?** The rubbing of certain materials against one another can transfer negative charges, or electrons. For example, if you rub your shoe on the carpet, your body collects extra electrons. The electrons cling to your body until they can be released. As you reach and touch your furry friend, you get a shock.

**What are some examples of static electricity?** There are a number of common examples of static electricity. Static electricity can be seen when a balloon is rubbed against one's hair, for example. Another common example is the shock one receives after walking across a carpet and then touching a door knob. Lightning is also the result of static electric discharge.

**What are 5 examples of static friction?**

**What are the 4 laws of static friction?** The laws of friction are given as follows: It always contradicts the motion. It always acts tangentially along the surface of the contact of the object. It is always independent of the area of contact between the two objects. It always depends on the nature of the object's surfaces in contact. It is always directly ...

**Is rolling friction static or kinetic?** In rolling motion without slipping, a static friction force is present between the rolling object and the surface.

**What is the plot of La Lllamarada?** The novel describes the sugar industry in the island, class struggles and the way of living in rural Puerto Rico in the beginnings of 20th century.

**What is the plot of love in LA?** "Love in L.A." is a short story in the third person written by Dagoberto Gilb, published in 1986. This story is about two people who get into a car accident and how one of the characters lies to escape a severe situation.

**What is the summary of La intrusa?** This is a drama of passion involving two brothers inseparable in work and play, and a woman who comes between them. Soon all three are trapped in their own hell of jealousy and death. Published: Princeton, NJ : Films for the Humanities & Sciences, 2002, c2001.

**What is the irony in love in LA?** In the fiction story "Love in L.A.", irony is used because, although Jake dreamed about a better life he wasn't willing to do anything to change his current life, as well as make better decisions.

**What genre is love in LA?** "A modern approach to cinéma vérité gives way to uncanny and surreal lyricism in Love In LA, a bleary, impressionistic anti-fairy tale that finds solace in its depiction of loneliness and narcissism.

**What is the message of love in LA?** "Love in L.A." by Dagoberto Gilb explores themes of disillusionment and superficiality in modern life. The story follows Jake, a daydreaming, irresponsible man who gets into a minor car accident in Los Angeles.

**What is the moral of La La Land?** This movie demonstrates the dilemma people face in pursuing their dreams while giving up what they love and making sacrifices. Achieving your dreams sometimes comes at a price. It hurts to see the characters fall in love, then split off into the world to perhaps never see each other again.

**What is the plot of La La Land?**

**What is the plot of La Place?** Description. La Place looks at a daughter's relationship with her father. In a fragmented and retrospective way the narrator

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describes her feelings of separation and betrayal that arise when education and marriage place her in a social class with different values, language, tastes and behaviour.

**What is the plot of *El anatomista*?** In sixteenth-century Venice, celebrated physician Mateo Colombo finds himself behind bars at the behest of the Church authorities. His is a crime of disclosure, heinous and heretical in the Church's eyes, in that his research threatens to subvert the whole secular order of Renaissance society.

**What is the plot of *Andorra*?** C: 9m, 3f, extras Andri is a young Jewish boy whose life was saved when a benevolent schoolteacher brought him to Andorra to escape the Blacks' persecution of the Jews in the neighbouring state. He is now engaged to Barblin, the teacher's daughter, and finds employment as a carpenter's apprentice.

**What is the plot of *Le Roi Soleil*?** Louis falls in love with Marie Mancini, an Italian emigrant without noble birth, niece of Cardinal Mazarin. To prove himself as a man, the young monarch decides to join the war at the head of his armies despite Marie's attempt to stop him due to her bad premonition.

**What is the plot of *La Piscine*?**

**What is the plot of *Arturo Ui*?** Bolt) A grimly humorous 'parable play' in blank verse, in which Hitler's rise to power is illustrated in the story of a small-time gangster's take-over of the greengrocery trade in Chicago. A brief six-line Epilogue points out how nearly Hitler ruled the world.

**What is the plot of the *Spanish tragedy*?** The Spanish Tragedy, also known as Hieronimo, after the main character, takes place in Spain and Portugal during their battle. It begins with Don Andrea being murdered by his enemy Balthazar and follows his ghost's journey with the personified Revenge.

**What is the summary of *El Gesticulador*?** El Gesticulador centers around Cesar Rubio, an unemployed professor who, in the aftermath of the Mexican Revolution, settles with his family in a small town in the north of Mexico. There, a professor from Harvard University confuses him for a missing revolutionary hero with the same name.

**What country owns Andorra?** Andorra, officially the Principality of Andorra, is a sovereign landlocked country on the Iberian Peninsula, in the eastern Pyrenees in Western Europe, bordered by France to the north and Spain to the south.

**Is Andorra a rich country?** The small, landlocked country of Andorra boasts a wealth that surpasses its neighbours - Spain and France – with the per capita income exceeding both European averages.

**What are 3 interesting facts about Andorra?**

**Did the Sun King have a brother?** Monsieur, brother of Louis XIV 1640-1701 Philippe de France, brother of Louis XIV, known as “Monsieur”, played no part in the political affairs of the kingdom.

**Why was Louis XVI called the Roi Soleil?** The concept of divine right allowed Louis to quash emerging rebellions while establishing legitimacy. Louis became known as le Roi Soleil, the Sun King, furthering his claim of divine lineage by recalling the ancient Greek god Apollo and declaring himself, in his usual modest manner, to be the center of the universe.

**What is the plot of Valiente?** Plot. The soap's story centered on best friends: Don Armando Braganza and Damian Valiente, most especially their sons, Theo Braganza and Gardo Valiente, whose lives are opposite from each other. Theo was born rich, a playboy and was groomed as heir to Hacienda Braganza.

**What is the plot of La Pucelle?** Story. Prier and her brother Culotte are novices with the demon-hunting organization, La Pucelle. They've just passed their final exams and are ready to do real work fighting demons and zombies, but quickly find themselves embroiled in a series of plots orchestrated by a rival church with dark intentions.

**What is the plot of La Bella Durmiente?** Plot. The folktale begins with a princess whose parents are told by a wicked fairy that their daughter will die when she pricks her finger on a particular item. In Basile's version, the princess pricks her finger on a piece of flax. In Perrault's and the Grimm Brothers' versions, the item is a spindle.

**How did La Piscine end?** Jean-Paul, who has also been drinking, at first stops him from climbing out of the water, then deliberately pushes Harry under and holds him down until he drowns.

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