

DECENTRALIZATION AND FEDERALISM IN THE PHILIPPINES

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What is the concept of decentralization in the Philippines? define decentralization as the "the transfer of planning, decision-making, or administrative authority from the central government to its field. organizations, local administrative units, semiautonomous and parastatal.

What does federalism mean in the Philippines? WHAT IS FEDERALISM ? A system of government under which a significant government powers are shared between the Federal and the Regional /State Governments. PAPAANO ANG HATI-AN NG KAPANGYARIHAN AT YA- MANG PANGKALAHATAN; HOW WILL POWER AND RESOURCES BE DIVIDED BE- TWEEN FEDEDERAL AND REGIONAL GOVERNMENTS?

How federalism decentralizes our policies? In Federalism, power is decentralized by giving two entities within the country equal status and power. For example, in the United States, power is divided between two equal partners—the federal government and the states. In Canada, this division involves a central government and provinces.

Why did federalism fail in the Philippines? By 2021, efforts to introduce a federal form of government in the Philippines has halted. Among the factors include lack of support from members of the Congress, lack of public awareness on federalism, and public skepticism on charter change which is a prerequisite for federalism.

What is the main purpose of decentralization? Importance of decentralisation are as follows: It allows the lower management to be more actively involved in the business, which ensures growth of the business as well as personal growth. Delegation of authority to lower level managers provides them with confidence to

perform a task.

Is Philippines education centralized or decentralized? There is near consensus on the view that Philippine basic education governance is highly centralized and as such should be rethought to ensure efficient and effective delivery of education services.

Do you think federalism is good in the Philippines? Aside from the economic aspect, federalism is also seen as the best means to address problems in Mindanao which suffers the most from ethno-religious conflicts. Duterte added that the current unitary form of government has not worked well given the ethnic diversity in the country.

Is federalism good or bad? The benefits of federalism are that it can encourage political participation, give states an incentive to engage in policy innovation, and accommodate diverse viewpoints across the country.

What is the main purpose of federalism? United States, 564 U.S. 211, 222 (2011) (By denying any one government complete jurisdiction over all the concerns of public life, federalism protects the liberty of the individual from arbitrary power. When government acts in excess of its lawful powers, that liberty is at stake.); United States v.

What is a good example of federalism? Some characterize the European Union as the pioneering example of federalism in a multi-state setting, in a concept termed the "federal union of states".

What is federalism in simple terms? Overview. Federalism is a system of government in which the same territory is controlled by two levels of government. Generally, an overarching national government is responsible for broader governance of larger territorial areas, while the smaller subdivisions, states, and cities govern the issues of local concern.

What are the benefits of a decentralized government? BENEFITS OF DECENTRALIZATION Transparency: There is a clear link between payments made by local tax-payers and the level of services provided at the local level. Subsidiarity: There are efficiencies gained by ensuring that democratically elected officials are

accountable to the electorate.

Is the Philippines a unitary or a federal government? The Philippines is governed as a unitary state under a presidential representative and democratic constitutional republic in which the president functions as both the head of state and the head of government of the country within a pluriform multi-party system.

What is the main disadvantage of federalism? The disadvantages are that it can set off a race to the bottom among states, cause cross-state economic and social disparities, and obstruct federal efforts to address national problems.

How many federal states are there in the Philippines? Other later variations adjusted the proposed states and increased the number of states to 11. Aquilino Pimentel Jr. Senator Aquilino Pimentel Jr. proposed Joint Resolution No.

Which is a disadvantage of decentralization? Higher Costs: Decentralization can entail higher costs due to the duplication of resources and efforts. It can be harder to save costs and share resources in decentralized systems. Organizations need to allocate resources for decentralized decision-making processes and technology, which could incur additional expenses.

What is decentralization in simple words? Decentralization is the process of shifting control from one main group to several smaller ones. The decentralization of government, for example, gives more power to the individual states, rather than concentrating it at the federal level.

What is an example of decentralization? Example of Decentralisation Good examples of decentralised business are Hotels, supermarket, Dress showrooms and etc. Because it is not possible for one person to focus on more than 100 branches which have branches throughout the world, take an example of a hotel.

What is the difference between devolution and decentralization in the Philippines? In decentralization, central government functions are transferred to the regions but officials and functions remain under the control of the same department, office or ministry; under devolution, the national government confers powers and authority to local government units to perform specific functions and ...

Is the Philippines a centralized government? The Philippines is often referred to as a country that operates within a unitary system of governmental administration. In general a unitary state is one where the central or national government has supreme power and authority over all its constituent or local units.

Who controls the education system in the Philippines? The educational system is managed by three government agencies by level of education: the Department of Education (DepEd) for basic education; the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) for higher education; and the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA) for technical and vocational education.

What are the concepts of decentralization? Decentralisation is referred to as a form of an organisational structure where there is the delegation of authority by the top management to the middle and lower levels of management in an organisation.

What is the basic idea behind the decentralization? When power is taken away from Central and State governments and given to local government, it is called decentralisation. The basic idea behind decentralisation is that there are a large number of problems and issues which are best settled at the local level.

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What are the basic principles of decentralization? The main principles of decentralisation are political proximity and competition. The main principles of decentralisation are institutional mechanisms, creation of spaces for participation, political and civil will, capacity development at the local level, careful implementation, and democratic governance.

What was Sumerian Mesopotamian religion? Mesopotamian religion was polytheistic, worshipping over 2,100 different deities, many of which were associated with a specific state within Mesopotamia, such as Sumer, Akkad, Assyria or Babylonia, or a specific Mesopotamian city.

What was the religion of Mesopotamia Babylonia? Temples and Religious Life
Babylonians were polytheistic and worshiped a large pantheon of gods and goddesses. Some of the gods were state deities, like Marduk, the chief patron god of Babylon, who dwelled in a towering temple. Others were personal gods that families worshiped at humble home shrines.

What were the spiritual beliefs of ancient Mesopotamia? Mesopotamian religion was polytheistic, with followers worshipping several main gods and thousands of minor gods. The three main gods were Ea (Sumerian: Enki), the god of wisdom and magic, Anu (Sumerian: An), the sky god, and Enlil (Ellil), the god of earth, storms and agriculture and the controller of fates.

What role did ancient Mesopotamians think gods and magic played in the world? The magical arts In the ancient Mesopotamian view, gods and humans shared one world. The gods lived among men on their great estates (the temples), ruled, upheld law and order for humans, and fought their wars.

What god did Mesopotamia worship? Among the most important of the many Mesopotamian gods were Anu, the god of heaven; Enki, the god of water; and Enlil, the “Lord of the Air,” or the wind god. Deities were often associated with particular cities. Astral deities such as Shamash and Sin were also worshipped.

Who did Sumerians worship? Religion. Sumerians believed in anthropomorphic polytheism, or of many gods in human form, which were specific to each city-state. The core pantheon consisted of An (heaven), Enki (a healer and friend to humans), Enlil (gave spells spirits must obey), Inanna (love and war), Utu (sun-god), and Sin (moon-god).

Where is Mesopotamia in the Bible? What was Mesopotamia from the Bible and what happened to it? Mesopotamia means the “between(the) rivers” , and refers to the land between the Tigris and the Euphrates rivers in the middle east. It also included the area containing the rivers that flow into those two rivers.

What is Babylon called today? Babylon was an ancient city located on the lower Euphrates river in southern Mesopotamia, within modern-day Hillah, Iraq, about 85 kilometers (55 miles) south of modern day Baghdad.

What is Mesopotamia called today? Today, Mesopotamia is known as present-day Iraq. In the broader sense, the historical region of Mesopotamia also includes parts of present-day Iran, Turkey, Syria and Kuwait. A map showing the extent of Mesopotamia.

What is the oldest religion in the world? Hinduism (/ˈhɪnduːzəm/) is an Indian religion or dharma, a religious and universal order by which its followers abide. The word Hindu is an exonym, and while Hinduism has been called the oldest religion in the world, it has also been described as sanātana dharma (Sanskrit: सनातन धर्म, lit.

What was the spiritual center of Mesopotamia? For thousands of years, Nippur was the religious centre of Mesopotamia, where Enlil, the supreme god of the Sumerian pantheon, created mankind, and lived in the E-kur, the 'mountain house' or the assembly of the gods, parallel in Greek mythology to Mount Olympus.

How were humans created in Mesopotamian mythology? This account begins after heaven was separated from earth, and features of the earth such as the Tigris, Euphrates, and canals established. At that time, the god Enlil addressed the gods asking what should next be accomplished. The answer was to create humans by killing Alla-gods and creating humans from their blood.

What is the oldest magic system? The earliest known written magical incantations come from ancient Mesopotamia (modern Iraq), where they have been found inscribed on cuneiform clay tablets that archaeologists excavated from the city of Uruk and dated to between the 5th and 4th centuries BC.

What are the demons in Mesopotamian religion? Mostly, they were depicted as outlaws; the demoness Lamashtu, for instance, was hurled from heaven by her father An because of her wickedness. The demons attacked human beings by causing all kinds of diseases and were, as a rule, viewed as wind and storm beings.

What is Sumerian magic? Sumerian Beliefs One of the key elements of Sumerian magic was the use of incantations. These were prayers or recitations of specific words, often accompanied by ritual actions, that were believed to have the power to influence the gods and spirits.

What does the Bible say about the Sumerians? The only reference to Sumer in the Bible is to 'the Land of Shinar' (Genesis 10:10 and elsewhere), which people interpreted to most likely mean the land surrounding Babylon, until the Assyriologist Jules Oppert (1825-1905 CE) identified the biblical reference with the region of southern Mesopotamia known as Sumer and, ...

What was Marduk the god of? According to ancient Mesopotamian mythology, Marduk was seen by many as the god of creation and the patron god of the city of Babylon. Marduk was also seen as the Babylonian god of justice, compassion, healing, and magic, and is sometimes referred to as a god of thunderstorms and agriculture.

Who is the Sumerian god of magic? Definition. Enki (also known as Ea, Enkig, Nudimmud, Ninsiku, Nissiku) was the Sumerian god of wisdom, fresh water, intelligence, trickery and mischief, crafts, magic, exorcism, healing, creation, virility, fertility, and art.

Is Yahweh a Sumerian god? Although some late 19th and early 20th Century scholars proposed that the Israelite god Yahweh is a form of the Sumero-Akkadian god Enki/Ea, this theory was quietly abandoned in the scholarly reaction against "Pan-Babylonism," and has not been revived since that time.

What does Enlil mean in the Bible? Enlil meant Lord Wind: both the hurricane and the gentle winds of spring were thought of as the breath issuing from his mouth and eventually as his word or command. He was sometimes called Lord of the Air.

What race are the Sumerians? the most likely birthplace of the Sumerian people. The Arabian Peninsula: The simplest and most obvious conclusion is that the Sumerians were a Semitic people, just like their Akkadian neighbors and everyone else in the region (bear in mind that Semitic doesn't just mean Jewish, it also means Arabic).

What is the god and religion of Mesopotamia? Religions are human institutions that, at their best, help people to experience and be close to God. However, the relationship between a religion and God is like the relationship between a radio and music. Just because you don't have one does not mean that you can't experience

the other.

What was the Mesopotamian religion primarily based on? Triad of Heaven. The three most important deities in the Mesopotamian pantheon during all periods were the Gods- An, Enlil, and Enki. equatorial sky, Enlil with those of the northern sky, and Enki with those of the southern sky.

What was the religion of the ancient origin point of Mesopotamia? Mesopotamia is the ancient origin point for Judaism, which is a monotheistic religion originating in the Bronze Age in the eastern Mediterranean. Judaism has no single founder and its holy book is the Torah.

What was the religion in Mesopotamia and Egypt? The religions in both Mesopotamia and ancient Egypt were polytheistic, meaning they believed in multiple gods and goddesses, and were based on nature. Both civilizations had gods of the sky, earth, freshwater, and the sun, as well as gods devoted to human emotions and the underworld.

Toyota 4E-FE Engine Manual PDF Download: A Comprehensive Guide

The Toyota 4E-FE engine is a 1.3-liter inline-four gasoline engine that was produced by Toyota from 1989 to 2000. It was used in a wide variety of Toyota vehicles, including the Corolla, Tercel, and Paseo. The 4E-FE engine is known for its reliability and fuel efficiency, making it a popular choice for budget-minded drivers.

Q: Where can I download a PDF of the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual?

A: You can download a PDF of the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual from several online sources, including:

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Q: What information is included in the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual?

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A: The Toyota 4E-FE engine manual includes a wide range of information about the engine, including:

- Specifications and dimensions
- Maintenance and repair procedures
- Troubleshooting tips
- Exploded diagrams
- Wiring diagrams

Q: Who should download the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual?

A: The Toyota 4E-FE engine manual is a valuable resource for anyone who owns or works on a vehicle with a 4E-FE engine. This includes:

- DIY mechanics
- Professional mechanics
- Automotive students
- Car enthusiasts

Q: Is the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual easy to use?

A: The Toyota 4E-FE engine manual is well-organized and easy to use. It includes a table of contents, index, and glossary to help you find the information you need quickly.

Q: How much does the Toyota 4E-FE engine manual cost?

A: The Toyota 4E-FE engine manual is typically available for free download from the sources listed above.

What is the vibration level as per ISO 10816? Unrestricted operation: this assumes a motor/pump that has been in operation beyond the original start-up. An acceptable vibration level would be less than 0.16 in/sec (pk) or 2.8 mm/sec (rms).

What is the ISO standard for mechanical vibration? ISO 10816-21 specifies the measurement and evaluation of mechanical vibration of wind turbines and their

components by taking measurements on non-rotating parts.

What is ISO 10816 6 classification? The norm ISO 10816-6[1] classifies the vibration of the machinery in seven levels. The standard does not indicate how to classify the machinery that is being measured. It only indicates that as an example many industrial and marine Diesel engines are classified 5, 6 and 7.

What is the vibration spec for ISO? An acceptable vibration level would be below 0.16 in/sec (pk) or 2.8 mm/sec (rms).

What is the safe vibration level? The exposure limit value (ELV) is the maximum amount of vibration an employee may be exposed to on any single day. For hand-arm vibration the ELV is a daily exposure of 5 m/s² A(8).

How do you measure vibration value? An accelerometer or ceramic piezoelectric sensor is commonly used to measure vibration. Most accelerometers rely on the use of the piezoelectric effect, which occurs when a voltage is generated across certain types of crystals as they are stressed.

What is the difference between ISO 10816 3 and ISO 10816 7? ISO 10816-3 refers to industrial machines with a rated capacity of more than 15 kW and rated speeds between 120 rpm and 15000 rpm, measured on site. ISO 10816-7 refers to centrifugal pumps for industrial application.

What is the difference between ISO 7919 and ISO 10816? Historically, ISO 7919 focused on the measurement and evaluation of mechanical vibrations on rotating shafts, while ISO 10816 provided guidelines for vibration assessment directly on machinery bodies.

What is the allowable vibration limit for buildings? For continuous long term vibration, 10 mm/s peak vibration velocity is seen as a safe limit for structural integrity in industrial buildings.

What is ISO 10816 3 guidelines? This part of ISO 10816 provides specific guidance for assessing the severity of vibration measured on bearings, bearing pedestals, or housings of industrial machines when measurements are made in situ. Two criteria are provided for assessing the machine vibration.

How to check the vibration of a motor? The frequency of vibration is measured by accelerometers, MEMS sensors, and/or piezoelectric sensors, which convert vibration data into electrical signals for analysis. Vibration testing personnel measure vibration with handheld analyzers, wireless vibration sensors, or through on-line vibration monitoring systems.

What is ISO Class 6 equivalent to? Class 1,000 cleanrooms, or 1K cleanrooms, are equivalent to an ISO 6 cleanroom environment. With a maximum of 10,000 airborne particles below 0.5 micrometers permitted per cubic foot, they are also the fourth cleanest environment, according to federal 209E standards.

What is the latest ISO standard for vibration? ISO 20816-3:2022 Mechanical vibration — Measurement and evaluation of machine vibration Part 3: Industrial machinery with a power rating above 15 kW and operating speeds between 120 r/min and 30 000 r/min.

What are the 3 important parameters used to measure vibration? The three main parameters measured to evaluate the vibration characteristics of a piece of equipment are acceleration, displacement, and velocity.

What is the frequency range of ISO 10816? ISO 10816 keeps the lower frequency range flexible between 2 and 10 Hz, depending on the machine type. The upper frequency is 1000 Hz. ISO 10816 operates with the term vibration magnitude, which, depending on the machine type, can be an RMS value of vibration velocity, acceleration or displacement.

What is the vibration limit as per ISO 10816 standards velocity in mm sec RMS? ... to vibration severity standards ISO 10816 shown in Table 1, the satisfactory/acceptable vibration level in Class I machines is in the range 1.12 to 1.80 mm/sec (RMS). The unsatisfactory level (monitor closely) of vibration is in the range 2.80 to 4.5 mm/sec (RMS). ...

What is the threshold value for vibration? Vibration detection thresholds are dependent on stimulation frequency because they are mediated by different sensory receptors. According to the human psychophysical tuning curve, thresholds lie between ~20 nm to ~45 μm .

What is the vibration limit for API? API 610 states that vibration levels must be less than 3mm/s for horizontal pumps and less than 5mm/s for vertical pumps within the Preferred operating region and that this can increase by 30% when moving outside the Preferred operating region.

What is the allowable vibration limit for buildings? For continuous long term vibration, 10 mm/s peak vibration velocity is seen as a safe limit for structural integrity in industrial buildings.

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