

# LIVESTOCK FARMING URDU

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**What is livestock farming in Pakistan?** Pakistan's main livestock consists of buffalo, cattle, sheep, goats, camels, horses, and chickens. These animals provide hides and skins, meat, eggs, and milk for the country and are a valuable source of trade internationally.

**What is farming livestock called?** The breeding, maintenance, slaughter and general subjugation of livestock, called animal husbandry, is a part of modern agriculture and has been practiced in many cultures since humanity's transition to farming from hunter-gatherer lifestyles.

**What are the livestock resources of Pakistan?** As of 2020, there were approximately 41.2 million buffaloes, 49.6 million cattle, 5.4 million donkeys, 78.2 million goats and 30.9 million sheep in Pakistan. Commercial poultry numbered 170.1 million broilers and 10.36 million layers in 1999.

**What is a word for a livestock farmer?** Grazier: A farmer which raises livestock such as sheep or cattle. Also known as a producer or pastoralist.

**Why goats are so important in Pakistan?** Q Why goats are so important? Ans: Provide milk, meat and skin. Goat hair is used in woolen clothes.

**What disease is in livestock in Pakistan?** Lumpy skin disease (LSD) is a viral disease that affects farm animals including water buffalo. It is caused by the contagious LSD virus, a member of the Poxviridae family's Capripox genus. Skin sores are thought to be the most common site of infection since the virus may live for lengthy periods in lesions or scabs.

**Is chicken considered livestock?** § 780.328 Meaning of livestock. The term “livestock” includes cattle, sheep, horses, goats, and other domestic animals ordinarily raised or used on the farm. This is further discussed in § 780.120. Turkeys or domesticated fowl are considered poultry and not livestock within the meaning of this exemption.

**What is the difference between livestock farming and farming?** Livestock farmers can't store their commodities. While the market price changes daily, crop farmers can store their grain for a long time and sell when the market price gets better. For livestock, when the animal is fat, it's time to be sold regardless of how good the price is. This especially rings true for dairy!

**What is a female cow called?** Mature female cattle are called cows and mature male cattle are bulls. Young female cattle are called heifers, young male cattle are oxen or bullocks, and castrated male cattle are known as steers.

**What do they farm in Pakistan?** The most important crops are wheat, sugarcane, cotton, and rice, which together account nearly more than 75% of the value of total crop output. Pakistan's largest food crop is wheat.

**What are the six main types of livestock in Pakistan?**

**Is cattle farming profitable in Pakistan?** In his own words, cattle rearing is nothing short of a highly profitable venture. Muhammad Yousuf Khan, another cattle farmer and a graduate with a diploma in Cattle Farm Management from Muhammad Nawaz Sharif University of Agriculture (MNSUAM), narrates his story of success.

**What is a cow farmer called?** The more common term for a person who owns and works with dairy cattle usually is dairy farmer, while a person with beef cattle is a cattle rancher. Being farmers and ranchers, American cattlemen are generally landowners, though on occasion the terms may include foremen or managers of particularly large operations.

**What do you call livestock farming?** Animal husbandry is the branch of agriculture concerned with animals that are raised for meat, fibre, milk, or other products. It includes day-to-day care, management, production, nutrition, selective breeding, and the raising of livestock.

**What are livestock owners called?** A farmer (also called an agriculturer) is a person engaged in agriculture, raising living organisms for food or raw materials. The term usually applies to people who do some combination of raising field crops, orchards, vineyards, poultry, or other livestock.

**Which goat is most milking in Pakistan?** The most famous dairy goat breeds of Pakistan are Kamori, Beetal and Pateri. Kamori is considered as the cow of the poor farmer as it is good in milk production.

**What do goats eat in Pakistan?** In summer season along with grazing, Zizyphus leaves, sorghum and bajra are the main fodders fed to goats; while, maize and guara fodders are also fed in small quanti- ties. Groundnut straw and wheat straw are fed to milking goats as supplemental dry fodders throughout the year.

**Are goats native to Pakistan?** The markhor (*Capra falconeri*) is a wild goat species that lives in the mountainous regions of Pakistan, Afghanistan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, and India. Though considered Pakistan's national mammal and a crucial part of the region's natural heritage, its population is critically endangered.

**What virus is in cows in Pakistan?** Pakistan has also been afflicted by LSD, with a high number of animals infected at many cattle ranches in Karachi, 190,000 cases of LSD have been reported nationwide, with greater than 7500 deaths attributable to the illness.

**What is new disease in Pakistan?** ISLAMABAD (Reuters) -One case of the mpox virus has been detected in Pakistan of the clade 2 variety, the country's ministry of health said on Monday, adding that no cases of the earlier clade 1 strain of the disease have been diagnosed.

**Which disease is fatal in livestock?** Bovine leukemia virus causes a blood-borne infection in the white cells of cattle, resulting in a chronic infection. Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE), widely referred to as "mad cow disease," is a progressive and fatal disease of the nervous system in cattle.

**Is pork A livestock?** Pigs are a popular form of livestock, with more than one billion pigs butchered each year worldwide, 100 million in the United States. The majority of pigs are used for human food, but also supply skin, fat and other materials for use in

clothing, ingredients for processed foods, cosmetics, and medical use.

**Is Pig considered livestock?** livestock, farm animals, with the exception of poultry. In Western countries the category encompasses primarily cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, horses, donkeys, and mules; other animals, such as buffalo, oxen, llamas, or camels, may predominate in the agriculture of other areas.

**Do fish count as livestock?** As such, livestock includes animals such as cattle, horses, sheep, and fur-bearing animals, but does not include farmed birds (turkeys, chickens, pigeons, geese), fish, shellfish, amphibians (frogs), and reptiles.

**What are the six main types of livestock in Pakistan?**

**What type of farming does Pakistan have?** The most important crops are wheat, sugarcane, cotton, and rice, which together account nearly more than 75% of the value of total crop output. Pakistan's largest food crop is wheat.

**What does livestock farming do?** Lesson Summary. The term livestock refers to animals such as pigs, sheep, goats, cows, horses, and chickens raised for food and other products. Livestock farming is the process of raising these animals for various purposes such as providing clothing, food, and transportation.

**What are the problems faced by livestock farmers in Pakistan?** Inadequate Infrastructure: The expansion of the cattle industry is hampered by inadequate infrastructure, including processing, storage, and transportation facilities. This restricts the marketability of cattle products and causes post-harvest losses.

**Are lions found in Pakistan?** The Asiatic lion or the Persian lion was once found in Saudi Arabia, Turkey, Iran, Mesopotamia, Pakistan, and India. But today its population is down to just over 500 individuals. All of them are in Gir.

**What animal is Pakistan known for?** The markhor is the national animal of Pakistan. It was one of the 72 animals featured on the World Wide Fund for Nature Conservation Coin Collection in 1976.

**Is cattle farming profitable in Pakistan?** In his own words, cattle rearing is nothing short of a highly profitable venture. Muhammad Yousuf Khan, another cattle farmer and a graduate with a diploma in Cattle Farm Management from Muhammad Nawaz

Sharif University of Agriculture (MNSUAM), narrates his story of success.

**Which crop is most profitable in Pakistan?** Potato is one of the major edible and profitable crop of Pakistan. Potato is forth important crop after wheat, rice and maize.

**Which crop is the backbone of Pakistan?** The country's major crops are: Wheat. Cotton.

**What is Pakistan's main source of income?** Traditionally the economy of Pakistan has been semi- industrialized with agriculture as the major contributor to GDP, with centers of growth along the Indus River. Over the decades services and industrial sectors have developed significantly.

**What livestock is the most profitable?** Cattle are among the most profitable livestock for small farms because they are easy to raise and offer multiple income opportunities. While large-scale cattle farms — which can create sustainability concerns — raise cows primarily for meat, small farms can capitalize on various products to increase their bottom line.

**How many cows are there in Pakistan?** Cattle population has surpassed 50 million in Pakistan. There are 15 breeds of cattle out of which Sahiwal, Red Sindhi and Cholistani are milch breeds while the rest are considered as draught puprose breeds. There is no defined beef breed for meat production.

**Why is farming livestock a problem?** One of the biggest ways livestock farming contributes to climate change is through the emission of greenhouse gasses, which trap heat in the Earth's atmosphere and cause global temperatures to rise.

**What animals are preferred for livestock farming in Pakistan?** In Pakistan livestock includes cattle, buffalo, sheep, goat, camels, horses, asses and mules. Buffalo breeds found in Pakistan are Nili Ravi, Kundi and Aza Kheli. Nili Ravi is considered best buffalo breed in world and known as Black Gold of Pakistan.

**What is the main crop of Pakistan?** Rice is the a major food staple and one of the country's important export crops. Other crops include sugarcane, chickpeas, pearl millet (bajra), corn (maize), rapeseed and mustard, as well as a variety of garden crops, including onions, peppers and potatoes.

**How can livestock farming be improved in Pakistan?** Pakistan should use green pesticides and organic fertilisers to reduce pollution caused by agricultural sources. The country needs to enhance the genetic diversity of the cows used for dairy farming. It requires better embryos for high-yield milk and the long lives of animals.

## **Win, Lose, or Draw Phrases: A Q&A Exploration**

**Introduction:** The phrase "win, lose, or draw" is a common expression used in sports and other competitive contexts. It signifies that the outcome of a contest can result in three possible results: a win, a loss, or a draw. This article delves into the meanings behind these phrases and provides examples to illustrate their usage.

**Q: What does it mean to "win"? A:** Winning refers to achieving success in a competition or contest. It implies superiority over the opponents and securing the desired outcome. In sports, winning typically involves scoring more points, goals, or completing an objective.

**Q: What does it mean to "lose"? A:** Losing signifies failure or defeat in a contest. It suggests that the opposing party has outperformed or outsmarted the individual or team. Losing can be a disappointing experience, but it often provides valuable lessons for improvement.

**Q: What does it mean to "draw"? A:** A draw occurs when both parties in a contest or challenge end with equal scores or outcomes. It signifies a stalemate or a tie, where neither side has a clear advantage over the other. Draws can be frustrating but also provide a sense of fair play and sportsmanship.

**Q: What are some examples of "win, lose, or draw" phrases? A:**

- **Victory:** "We won the game!"
- **Defeat:** "We lost the match."
- **Tie:** "The contest ended in a draw."
- **Undecided:** "The outcome of the election is still up in the air."
- **Close encounter:** "It was a win or lose situation, and we barely came out on top."

**Conclusion:** The phrases "win, lose, or draw" are versatile and widely used to describe the outcomes of various contests and challenges. They convey the concepts of victory, defeat, and stalemate, highlighting the range of possible results in competitive scenarios. Understanding the meanings and implications of these phrases helps us appreciate the dynamics of competition while fostering a spirit of sportsmanship and fair play.

**What is the book reason to breathe about?** Unwavering hope. In a town where most people worry about what to be seen in and who to be seen with, Emma Thomas would rather not be seen at all. She's more concerned with feigning perfection, pulling down her sleeves to conceal the bruises. Emma doesn't want anyone to know how far from perfect her life truly is.

**Why do books need to breathe?** Books, like most things in storage, need a little breathing room. Packing these rare treasures too tightly could result in moisture getting trapped between the pages. Airflow is key to reducing mold.

**What genre is "Reason to Breathe"?**

**What is the theme of the book breathe?** I guess Breathe is really about the subject of obsessive love. Can someone love too much - as Mary does - and where does that lead? In addition, if someone commits a terrible crime do they ever deserve to be forgiven? I don't think there are any right or wrong answers to such moral questions.

**How to store 100 year old books?** Storage — Store books away from sources of heat and moisture. Avoid attics and garages, where temperatures can get high and where there can be problems with water or high humidity. These conditions cause paper to become brittle (think of old newspaper clippings). Moisture can also attract insects.

**Can I store books under my bed?** Utilizing under-bed storage is a clever way to fill empty space and keep your books accessible yet neatly tucked away. Furthermore, bed risers can safely make your bed higher and expand the space you have for storing things under the bed.

**Is it better to store books in cardboard or plastic boxes?** In terms of book storage boxes and bins, there are two main things to consider: material and size. When it comes to selecting a material, the options typically are plastic or cardboard? Plastic is a little better, as it doesn't absorb any moisture, doesn't have much smell, and can't be eaten through easily by rodents.

**What genre is breathing?** Musically, "Breathing" is a Eurodance song that displays influences of electro and house, and features "tribal vocal chorales" in the background. It samples the song "Pilentze Pee", which is sung by the Bulgarian State Television Female Vocal Choir.

**Is there a book called breathe?** In *Breath*, journalist James Nestor travels the world to discover the hidden science behind ancient breathing practices like Pranayama, Sudarshan Kriya and Tummo, to figure out what went wrong and how to fix it.

**What genre is need to breathe?** NEEDTOBREATHE self-identifies as a rock band, but is often categorized as a Christian rock band as well. The band has been signed to mainstream labels, formerly to Atlantic Records, and releasing their latest record under the Elektra Records label.

**Is breathe a good book?** Full of fascinating information and compelling arguments, this eye-opening (or more aptly a mouth-closing and nostril-opening) work is highly recommended for those with health conditions related to sleep apnea, asthma, and snoring.

**What story is breathe based on?** 'Breathe' details life of British polio survivor Robin Cavendish, who contracted the disease in Kenya in 1958. As Rotary prepares to celebrate World Polio Day on 24 October, an inspiring new film depicting the devastating impact of polio is hitting theaters.

**What is the summary of breathing?** respiration, Process of taking in air for oxygen and releasing it to dispose of carbon dioxide. The amount of air inhaled and exhaled in an average human breath (tidal volume) is about one-eighth the amount that can be inhaled after exhaling as much as possible (vital capacity).

**What is the story behind breathe?** 'Breathe' details life of British polio survivor Robin Cavendish, who contracted the disease in Kenya in 1958. As Rotary prepares



to celebrate World Polio Day on 24 October, an inspiring new film depicting the devastating impact of polio is hitting theaters.

**What is the book *breathing lessons* about?** The story describes the joys and pains of the ordinary marriage of Ira and Maggie Moran as they travel from Baltimore to attend a funeral and back home again in one day. It also examines Maggie's attempts to reconcile her son and daughter-in-law.

**What is the story behind the *keep breathing*?** When a small plane crashes in the middle of the Canadian wilderness, a lone survivor must battle the elements — and her personal demons — to stay alive.

**What is the story of *they breathe*?** The game is about some invasion going on in a flooded forest. At first you don't get what's going on, you find other frogs that struggle for air and after some time you find strange moose-like creatures that float through the water.

## **Why We Get Sick: Questions and Answers**

### **Why do we get sick?**

Our bodies are constantly exposed to germs, viruses, and other pathogens that can cause illness. When these invaders enter our bodies, our immune system fights back. If our immune system is strong, we will usually be able to fight off the infection and stay healthy. However, if our immune system is weakened, we may get sick.

### **What are some factors that can weaken our immune system?**

There are many factors that can weaken our immune system, including:

- Stress
- Lack of sleep
- Poor nutrition
- Smoking
- Alcohol abuse
- Certain medications
- Chronic diseases

## **How can we strengthen our immune system?**

There are a number of things we can do to strengthen our immune system, including:

- Getting enough sleep
- Eating a healthy diet
- Exercising regularly
- Managing stress
- Avoiding smoking and alcohol
- Getting vaccinated
- Taking supplements, such as vitamin C or zinc

## **What are some common illnesses that we can get?**

There are many different illnesses that we can get, including:

- Colds
- Flu
- Pneumonia
- Ear infections
- Strep throat
- Food poisoning
- Urinary tract infections
- Skin infections

## **How can we prevent getting sick?**

There are a number of things we can do to prevent getting sick, including:

- Washing our hands frequently
- Covering our mouths and noses when we cough or sneeze
- Avoiding contact with sick people

- Getting vaccinated
- Taking precautions when traveling to areas where there are outbreaks of disease

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