

# COMPUTER HARDWARE AND MAINTENANCE LAB MANUAL

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**What is computer hardware and maintenance?** PC hardware maintenance is the process of auditing, upgrading, and maintaining a computer's physical parts to ensure the components perform optimally. IT hardware maintenance involves caring for components such as the keyboard, CD drives, hard disk, battery, and other peripherals.

**What is a computer hardware laboratory?** The Hardware and Maintenance Lab is used by the students to give the training/knowledge regarding the: Different hardware components of a computer and their troubleshooting.

**What are the hardware maintenance tools for a computer?** Essential hardware tools for computer maintenance include screwdrivers (both Phillips and flathead), compressed air canisters for dust removal, anti-static wrist straps, thermal paste for CPU cooling, cable ties for cable management, and a multimeter for testing power supplies and other components.

**What are the maintenance practices in computer laboratory?**

**What are the four types of hardware maintenance?**

**What are three basic computer maintenance?** Here are some recommended basic computer maintenance topics: Installing Current Operating System Updates. Clearing the Cache in your Internet Browser(s) Maintaining Current Anti-Virus Software.

**What are the five requirements of a computer laboratory?** Requirements of a Computer Laboratory. ii)Good ventilation. iii)Reliable & Enough source of power supply. iv)Free from Dust and Moisture. v)Enough floor space.

**What is another name for a computer lab?** The term 'Internet café' is often used interchangeably with 'computer lab' but may differ from a computer lab in that users can also connect to the Internet using their own computer or device, and users of a computer lab generally do not need any equipment of their own.

**What is the job description of a computer lab?** Typical Duties and Responsibilities Enforces procedures for the use of the laboratory area and the use of equipment, supplies, materials, software, hardware and peripherals. Troubleshoots and diagnoses basic problems with computer equipment. Performs minor maintenance and repair on equipment, as necessary.

**What are examples of computer maintenance?**

**How do I maintain my computer hardware?**

**Which software is used for maintenance of computer?** The correct answer is System Utilities. System Utilities is the name of the software that is used for maintenance and configuration of Computer Systems.

**What are the 10 rules in a computer lab?**

**How to manage a computer lab?**

**What are 3 good rules of computer maintenance?**

**What is computer hardware and maintenance course?** It includes installing- diagnosing- troubleshooting- upgrading all hardware- operating system- software and network administration- in a timely and accurate fashion- and provides end user training and assistance whenever required. Required Qualification : Plus two, VHSE, ITI.

**What is the job description of a computer hardware maintenance?** This involves installing and updating desktops or laptops, ensuring software is working efficiently, and troubleshooting all IT issues within the company. Hardware technicians work for

a variety of organizations that use computers. It is usually a full-time role typically performed in an office-based environment.

**What do you mean by computer maintenance?** Computer maintenance means keeping your computers and laptops in good condition through regular cleanings, hard drive updates, and virus prevention. Doing so can lengthen the lifespan of your devices and it can also help you browse the web more safely.

**What are examples of common computer hardware problems?**

## **Summary of NCERT English for Class 10**

The NCERT English textbook for Class 10 consists of a wide range of prose, poetry, and non-fictional texts. It covers various literary devices, language skills, and critical thinking concepts. Here is a brief summary of the chapters along with frequently asked questions:

### **Chapter 1: The Necklace**

- This story by Guy de Maupassant explores the themes of vanity, greed, and the consequences of materialism.
- **Question:** What is the central conflict in "The Necklace"?
- **Answer:** Mathilde's desire for wealth and status versus her actual financial situation.

### **Chapter 2: The Lost Child**

- M.R. Anand's short story depicts the plight of a lost boy and the challenges he faces in an unfamiliar city.
- **Question:** What does the lost child represent in the story?
- **Answer:** Symbol of vulnerability, innocence, and the difficulties of urban life.

### **Chapter 3: Footprints Without Feet**

- This science fiction story by Ruskin Bond explores the concept of time travel and its potential consequences.
- **Question:** What is the main reason behind Mr. Oliver's time travel?

- **Answer:** To witness the Independence of India.

#### **Chapter 4: The Hundred Dresses, Part 1**

- This excerpt from the novel by Eleanor Estes tells the story of Wanda Petronski, a Polish immigrant who faces bullying at school.
- **Question:** Why does Maddie befriend Wanda after initially bullying her?
- **Answer:** She realizes the injustice of her actions and feels empathy for Wanda.

#### **Chapter 5: The Hundred Dresses, Part 2**

- The concluding part of the novel reveals the true nature of Wanda's "hundred dresses" and exposes the superficiality of her classmates.
- **Question:** What is the significance of the final drawing competition?
- **Answer:** It symbolizes the triumph of kindness and imagination over prejudice and conformity.

### **Unveiling the Secrets: Q&A on "The True Confessions of Charlotte Doyle"**

#### **1. Who is Charlotte Doyle and what is her story?**

Charlotte Doyle is the 13-year-old protagonist of Avi's novel. In the year 1832, she embarks on a sea voyage from England to America aboard the brig Seahawk. Along the way, she encounters a tyrannical captain, faces challenges both physical and emotional, and uncovers a shocking secret about her family.

#### **2. What is the significance of Charlotte's decision to cut her hair?**

After witnessing the injustice and horrors aboard the Seahawk, Charlotte cuts her hair as a symbol of defiance. She rejects the constraints of traditional femininity and asserts her independence, determined to challenge the oppressive authority.

#### **3. What is the secret that Charlotte discovers about her family?**

Throughout the journey, Charlotte pieces together clues and discovers that her father is not her biological father. This revelation shakes her identity and forces her to confront the truth about her lineage.

#### **4. Who is the true antagonist of the novel?**

While Captain Jaggery is the obvious villain, the true antagonist is the system of injustice and oppression that he represents. The novel exposes the inequality and cruelty that plagued seafaring in the 19th century, particularly towards women and children.

#### **5. What is the ultimate message of "The True Confessions of Charlotte Doyle"?**

The novel celebrates the power of resilience, the importance of challenging authority, and the enduring spirit of a young girl determined to forge her own path. Charlotte's journey teaches readers the value of honesty, self-discovery, and fighting for justice, no matter the odds.

**What are the principles of management according to Gupta?** The book elaborately describes the five functions of a manager—Planning, Organizing, Human Resource Management, Leading, and Directing and Control. The chapter-end exercises and practice quizzes encourage the student to rehearse the various concepts learnt throughout the text.

#### **Who published the book Principles of management?**

**What are the 5 basic principles of management?** Good managers discover how to master five basic functions: planning, organizing, staffing, leading, and controlling. Planning: This step involves mapping out exactly how to achieve a particular goal.

**What are the 4 principles of management?** Originally identified by Henri Fayol as five elements, there are now four commonly accepted functions of management that encompass these necessary skills: planning, organizing, leading, and controlling. 1 Consider what each of these functions entails, as well as how each may look in action.

**Who is father of principles of management?** Henry Fayol is popularly known as the father of modern management as he suggested the 14 principles of management in the 20th century. His research and findings helped several enterprises scale their production and work in an efficient manner.

**Is Principles of management a hard class?** I think if you have a general idea of business, even an interest in this, you can pass it cold. That would be barely scraping by, but you would most likely pass. I wouldn't put it as the easiest, but it definitely was in that general category. I think I studied about a week and a half last July, and passed with a 52.

**Who originally developed the 4 principles of management?** The Principles of Scientific Management (1911) is a monograph published by Frederick Winslow Taylor where he laid out his views on principles of scientific management, or industrial era organization and decision theory.

**Who was given 14 principles of management?** Henry Fayol, also known as the Father of Modern Management Theory, gave a new perception on the concept of management. He introduced a general theory that can be applied to all levels of management and every department. He envisioned maximising managerial efficiency.

**What are the principles of management according to Jethro?** Jethro's principle of management is a simple illustration of change management. Jethro told his son-in-law, Moses, that what he was doing was not good either for his health or for managing such a vast company of people through the desert.

**Who gave 7 principles of management?** Henri Fayol was known as the father of modern management. He gave us the famous 14 principles of management.

**What are the basic principles of management as per ancient Indian wisdom?** The holistic approach of management is based on the spiritual principle of unity, oneness, and non-dual concept. Under these principles of unity, the Universe is an undivided whole where each and every particle is connected with every other particle. Hence, entire humanity is one.

[summary of ncert english of class 10, the true confessions of charlotte doyle, principles of management meenakshi gupta online](#)

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