

PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

NOTES

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What is the penal couple theory? The penal couple is defined as the relationship between perpetrator and victim of a crime. That is, both are involved in the event. A sociologist invented the term in 1963. The term is now accepted by many sociologists.

What is Karmen's theory of victimology? Introduction: According to Karmen, (2013, p. 2) Victimization is an asymmetrical interpersonal relationship that is abusive, painful, destructive, parasitical, and unfair.

What is the theory of criminology and penology? Penology is a subfield of criminology that deals with the philosophy and practice of various societies in their attempts to repress criminal activities, and satisfy public opinion via an appropriate treatment regime for persons convicted of criminal offences.

Who is the father of victimology? Answer and Explanation: Benjamin Mendelsohn, a French-Israeli attorney was the "father of victimology."

What are the 4 types of mens rea? There are four types of mens rea, acting purposely, acting knowingly, acting recklessly, and acting negligently.

What are the 4 levels of the Model Penal Code? Model Penal Code: The Model Penal Code recognizes four different levels of mens rea: purpose (same as intent), knowledge, recklessness and negligence.

What are the 4 theories of victimology? The four theories are Deviant Place Theory, Lifestyle Theory, Victim Precipitation Theory, and Routine Activities Theory.

Studying these different theories of victimization can be helpful in explaining why certain people have a higher likelihood of becoming victims.

What is Schafer victimology theory? Schafer (1968) suggests that victims have a functional responsibility to avoid provoking others into victimizing them and to prevent their own victimization. His typology combines elements from both von Hentig and Mendelsohn, including both personal characteristics (von Hentig) and victim behavior (Mendelsohn).

What is the deviant theory in victimology? The deviant place theory states that an individual is more likely to become the victim of a crime when exposed to dangerous areas. In other words, a mugger is more likely to target a person walking alone after dark in a bad neighborhood.

What is strain anomie theory? Anomie and strain theories are among the first truly sociological explanations of the causes of deviant behavior. These theories seek to understand deviance by focusing on social structures and patterns that emerge as individuals and groups react to conditions they have little control over.

What is the Lombroso theory? Lombroso argued that criminals could be identified through general characteristics they shared with one another, which he designated as composing a criminal type. His core idea was atavism, which means that he understood criminals to be evolutionary throwbacks who were inferior to non criminals.

What is the new penology? The New Penology is defined as the management, surveillance and control of specific groups of people (Feeley & Simon, 1992). In this regard, it is not the goal of the system to punish or rehabilitate, rather, it is about identifying and managing recalcitrant groups.

What are the 4 branches of victimology? Branches of victimology;- Victimology. is divided into four branches. They are as follows :- ? General Victimology; ? Theoretical Victimology; ? Panel Victimology; ? Critical Victimology.

What is victim thinking? Victim mentality is a psychological concept referring to a mindset in which a person, or group of people, tends to recognize or consider themselves a victim of the negative actions of others.

What is an example of victimology? For example, the carelessness of some motorists made the tasks of thieves easier; reckless behaviour on the part of intoxicated customers in a bar often attracted the attention of robbers; and provocation by some brawlers caused confrontations to escalate to the point that the instigator was injured or even killed.

Can you commit a crime without intent? Finally, some criminal offenses do not require intent at all. These are strict liability crimes.

What does actus reus mean? Actus Reus is Latin for “guilty act.” It is usually referred to in combination with the term “Mens Rea,” which means “guilty mind.” In order for a person to be criminally liable for doing something, they need to have done it with criminal intent or recklessness.

What is the legal term for not knowing something? In law, ignorantia juris non excusat (Latin for "ignorance of the law excuses not"), or ignorantia legis neminem excusat ("ignorance of law excuses no one"), is a legal principle holding that a person who is unaware of a law may not escape liability for violating that law merely by being unaware of its content.

What does MPC mean in court? Model Penal Code (MPC) is a penal code, or set of laws regarding crimes and their respective punishments, that is used in the United States. It was initially published in 1962, by the American Legal Institute.

What is the Durham test? Under the Durham test, a defendant is entitled to an insanity defense if their illegal conduct is the product of a mental disease or defect. In other words, the Durham test asks if a mental disease or defect was the but-for cause of the criminal conduct.

What is the irresistible impulse test? The irresistible impulse test applies to an accused who may know the nature and quality of the offense and be aware that it is wrong but who may be irresistibly driven to commit the act by an overpowering impulse resulting from a defective mental condition.

What are the key paradigms in victimology? According to Karmen, the three major victimological paradigms are what he refers to as the conservative tendency, the liberal tendency and the radical-critical tendency.

What is the father of victimology? Another instigator on the study of crime victims is the French-Israeli attorney Benjamin Mendelsohn, who created the term victimology. He is, in the literature, considered to be the father of victimology (Doerner & Lab, 2011; Ferguson & Turvey, 2009; Wilson, 2009).

What is repeat victimization? Repeat victimization refers to the total number of offenses experienced by a victim or target including the initial and subsequent offenses. A person's house may be burglarized twice in a year or 10 times, and both examples are considered repeats.

What is victim precipitation? Victim precipitation is a criminology theory that analyzes how a victim's interaction with an offender may contribute to the crime being committed. The theory is most commonly associated with crimes like homicide, rape, assault, and robbery.

What is victim blaming theory victimology? Victim blaming happens when the survivor of a crime or traumatic event is partly or completely blamed for their experience and their response to that experience. People who victim blame believe the survivor had control over the situation and could have prevented it by being more careful or behaving better.

What is victim provocation? Victim provocation occurs when a person does something that incites another person to commit an illegal act. Provocation suggests that without the victim's behavior, the crime would not have occurred. Provocation, then, most certainly connotes blame. In fact, the offender is not at all responsible.

What is the penal theory? : a development of the satisfaction theory of the atonement introduced by the Protestant reformers and prevalent in Lutheran and Reformed orthodoxy that holds that Christ reconciled man to God by participating in human life to the extent of taking on himself without corruption the status of sinner and bearing in his ...

What is an example of a purposely model penal code? A person who plans and carries out a homicide, for example, purposely commits that crime. The MPC helps lawyers and judges recommend the appropriate charge and penalty for committing

certain crimes based on culpability.

What is couple in theory of structure? A couple consists of two parallel forces that are equal in magnitude, opposite in sense and do not share a line of action. It does not produce any translation, only rotation. The resultant force of a couple is zero. BUT, the resultant of a couple is not zero; it is a pure moment.

What is the cheater theory of criminology? Cheater theory views criminal behavior as an evolved male strategy that is due to the distinct reproductive strategies employed by males and females (Machalek and Cohen 1991). For example, the mating strategy for males is based on the number of fertile females available to reproduce with.

What are the 4 theories of punishment? There are different kinds of punishment that a person can face. In order to understand them, first, we need to understand the theories of the punishment. There are majorly four theories of punishment. These theories are the deterrent theory, retributive theory, preventive theory, and reformative theory.

What are the 7 theories of corrections? These models include; colonial, penitentiary, reformatory, progressive, medical, community, and crime control.

What is the punitive atonement? Penal substitution, also called penal substitutionary atonement and especially in older writings forensic theory, is a theory of the atonement within Protestant Christian theology, which declares that Christ, voluntarily submitting to God the Father's plan, was punished (penalized) in the place of (substitution) ...

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What is the MPC intent? Model Penal Code Criminal Intent The Model Penal Code divides criminal intent into four states of mind listed in order of culpability: purposely, knowingly, recklessly, and negligently.

What is a trad relationship? Simply stated, traditional relationships tend to follow the framework that suggests couples function best when the male partner works outside of the home and is the “provider” while the female partner takes on the role of homemaker and covers the majority of childcare duties.

What is a torsional couple? A torsion couple, also known as a torque couple, is a pair of equal and opposite forces separated by a finite distance, producing a rotational force around an axis.

What is the leaning couple theory? The green line theory is the idea. that if a person is leaning into their partner, they are more insecure. and if they stand up straighter, they are self assured.

What is the arousal theory of criminology? Arousal theory suggests that delinquents and criminals have suboptimal arousal levels. Thus, they are neurologically inclined to seek stimulation in a variety of ways and to tolerate more pain in satisfying their need for stimulation.

What is a paradox in criminology? Criminologists have discovered a number of conundrums and paradoxes. A conundrum is a confusing or difficult question, and a paradox is a seemingly reasonable finding that leads to a senseless, logically unacceptable, or contradictory conclusion.

What is the neutralization theory? Finally, in explaining their own deviant behavior, Neutralization Theory suggests a variety of responses that individuals and groups employ to deflect culpability after committing a crime (Benson, 1985; Sykes & David Matza, 1957).

Team Sponsorship Letter: An Essential Guide

What is a Team Sponsorship Letter?

A team sponsorship letter is a formal document sent by a sports team to potential sponsors outlining the opportunity to support the team financially. It highlights the team's achievements, goals, and the benefits of sponsoring the team.

What should be included in a Team Sponsorship Letter?

- **Introduction:** Introduce the team and its history or achievements.
- **Team Goals and Objectives:** Describe the team's short-term and long-term goals, including their plans for the upcoming season.
- **Benefits of Sponsorship:** Outline the specific benefits that sponsors will receive, such as exposure through jerseys, website, or social media platforms.
- **Sponsorship Proposal:** Detail the sponsorship packages available, including the cost and specific benefits for each level of sponsorship.
- **Call to Action:** Encourage potential sponsors to contact the team for further discussion or to express their interest in sponsoring the team.

How to write an effective Team Sponsorship Letter?

- **Use strong visuals:** Include images or logos of the team to make the letter more visually appealing.
- **Quantify results:** Provide data or statistics to demonstrate the team's success and potential for growth.
- **Highlight community involvement:** Emphasize the team's role in the local community and any outreach programs they participate in.
- **Proofread carefully:** Ensure that the letter is free of any errors or inconsistencies.
- **Follow up regularly:** Contact potential sponsors regularly to express appreciation for their consideration and to provide updates on the team's progress.

The World as a Text: 4th Edition by Silverman

What is the main idea of "The World as a Text: 4th Edition" by Silverman?

"The World as a Text" argues that all aspects of human experience are embedded in and shaped by language and writing. Silverman contends that the world is a "text" in which we live, move, and have our being. Human experience is mediated through language and writing, which give meaning and structure to our perceptions, interactions, and identities.

How does Silverman support his argument?

Silverman draws upon a wide range of disciplines, including linguistics, cognitive science, anthropology, and sociology, to support his argument. He provides numerous examples of how writing and literacy have influenced human history, culture, and cognition. For instance, he discusses how the alphabet revolutionized human communication, how print technology transformed the spread of knowledge, and how the internet has created a new global textuality.

What is the significance of the concept of "textuality"?

Textuality, according to Silverman, refers to the ways in which writing and language permeate all aspects of human experience. It goes beyond the written word to include other forms of communication, such as images, sounds, and gestures. Silverman emphasizes that textuality is not limited to the physical manifestations of writing but also includes the underlying cognitive and social processes involved in creating and interpreting texts.

How does the book address issues of power and identity?

Silverman explores the ways in which writing and literacy have been used as tools of power and control throughout history. He argues that the ability to read and write has often been associated with social privilege and access to knowledge. Moreover, he examines how texts and narratives can shape our identities and create a sense of belonging or exclusion.

What are the implications of Silverman's theory for the study of communication?

Silverman's work has significant implications for the study of communication. It suggests that we need to consider the textual dimensions of all forms of

communication, including face-to-face conversations, mass media, and digital technologies. By recognizing the world as a text, we can gain a deeper understanding of how communication shapes our social and cultural worlds.

The Eye: Vision Anatomy Worksheet Answers

1. What is the cornea? Answer: The clear, dome-shaped outer layer of the eye that helps focus light.

2. What is the pupil? Answer: The dark, round opening in the center of the iris that allows light to enter the eye.

3. What is the iris? Answer: The colored part of the eye that controls the size of the pupil.

4. What is the lens? Answer: The flexible, transparent structure behind the pupil that adjusts its shape to focus light onto the retina.

5. What is the retina? Answer: The light-sensitive layer at the back of the eye that contains millions of cells (photoreceptors) that convert light into electrical signals.

6. What is the optic nerve? Answer: The bundle of nerve fibers that carries visual signals from the retina to the brain.

7. What is the vitreous humor? Answer: The clear, jelly-like substance that fills the large cavity of the eye behind the lens.

8. What is the aqueous humor? Answer: The clear, watery fluid that fills the small chamber of the eye behind the cornea and in front of the lens.

9. What is the macula? Answer: The small, central area of the retina responsible for sharp, detailed vision.

10. What is the fovea? Answer: The small, pit-like area in the center of the macula responsible for the sharpest vision.

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