

PHILOSOPHIC CLASSICS 6TH EDITION FROM PLATO TO DERRIDA

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What does Derrida say about Plato? Derrida writes: 'The play of the other within being must needs be designated "writing" by Plato in a discourse which would like to think of itself as spoken in essence, in truth, and which nevertheless is written. '

What is the name of the most famous piece of literature written by Plato and explain what it was about? Plato's most famous work is the Republic, which details a wise society run by a philosopher. He is also famous for his dialogues (early, middle, and late), which showcase his metaphysical theory of forms—something else he is well known for.

What is Derrida's main point in deconstruction? In the deconstruction procedure, one of the main concerns of Derrida is to not collapse into Hegel's dialectic, where these oppositions would be reduced to contradictions in a dialectic that has the purpose of resolving it into a synthesis.

What are the main ideas of Derrida? Possible and Impossible Aporias In particular, Derrida has described the paradoxes that afflict notions like giving, hospitality, forgiving and mourning. He argues that the condition of their possibility is also, and at once, the condition of their impossibility.

Did Plato have a wife? Plato did not have children, and it is assumed based on textual evidence that he never married. He did have a number of siblings, however: three brothers, Glaucon, Antiphon, and Adeimantus of Collytus, and one sister, Potone.

What is Plato's famous allegory called? Plato's famous allegory of the cave, written around 380 BCE, is one of the most important and influential passages of The Republic.

What was Plato's real name? Plato's actual given name was apparently Aristocles, after his grandfather. "Plato" seems to have started as a nickname (for platos, or "broad"), perhaps first given to him by his wrestling teacher for his physique, or for the breadth of his style, or even the breadth of his forehead (all given in D.L. 3.4).

What are the criticism of Derrida? Critics of Derrida have been often accused of having mistranslated the phrase in French to suggest he had written "Il n'y a rien en dehors du texte" ("There is nothing outside the text") and of having widely disseminated this translation to make it appear that Derrida is suggesting that nothing exists but words.

What is the philosopher Jacques Derrida most associated with? Jacques Derrida (1930–2004) was the founder of "deconstruction," a way of criticizing not only both literary and philosophical texts but also political institutions.

What is the objection of poetry by Plato? Plato objected poetry on the basis of education, by saying that it cultivates evil habits and not practical. But it is not so about all the poems or all the arts. As at that time Homer's epics were the part of studies and in them heroes were lusty, cunning and cruel dealing only with war and other things.

What is the idea of difference in Derrida's philosophy? Saussure, Derrida coined the term *différance*, meaning both a difference and an act of deferring, to characterize the way in which linguistic meaning is created rather than given. For Derrida as for Saussure, the meaning of a word is a function of the distinctive contrasts it displays with other, related...

Solution of Data Communication and Networking by Behrouz A. Forouzan, 3rd Edition

Question 1: Describe the OSI (Open Systems Interconnection) model.

Answer: The OSI model is a conceptual framework for network architecture that divides network functionality into seven layers. Each layer provides specific services and relies on the services of the lower layers. The layers are: Physical, Data Link, Network, Transport, Session, Presentation, and Application.

Question 2: Explain the difference between TCP and UDP.

Answer: TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) is a reliable, connection-oriented transport protocol that ensures the reliable delivery of data over a network. UDP (User Datagram Protocol) is a connectionless, unreliable transport protocol that provides best-effort delivery without error detection or flow control.

Question 3: What is the purpose of a router?

Answer: A router is a networking device that interconnects two or more networks. It routes data packets between different networks by determining the best path for each packet based on network topology and routing protocols. Routers maintain routing tables that store routing information and help them make forwarding decisions.

Question 4: Describe the different types of network topologies.

Answer: There are several types of network topologies, including: Bus, Star, Ring, Mesh, and Hybrid. Each topology has its advantages and disadvantages, such as scalability, fault tolerance, and bandwidth utilization. Choosing the appropriate topology depends on the requirements of the network.

Question 5: Explain the concepts of congestion control and flow control.

Answer: Congestion control is a set of mechanisms used to prevent network congestion by managing data flow. It aims to match the rate of data transmission to the available bandwidth and network capacity. Flow control, on the other hand, is a protocol mechanism that prevents a sender from overwhelming a receiver with data faster than the receiver can process. It ensures that data is transmitted at a rate that the receiver can handle.

Toronto Notes: Frequently Asked Questions and Answers

1. What is the Toronto Notes program? Toronto Notes is a program established by the City of Toronto to provide low-interest loans to eligible homebuyers and homeowners. These loans are intended to help individuals and families purchase or renovate homes in Toronto, particularly those who may face barriers to traditional mortgage financing.

2. Who is eligible for Toronto Notes? To be eligible for Toronto Notes, applicants must meet certain income and residency requirements. This includes:

- Being a resident of the City of Toronto
- Earning an annual household income below specified limits
- Having no recent history of mortgage or rent arrears

3. What types of loans are available through Toronto Notes? Toronto Notes offers two types of loans:

- **Down Payment Assistance Loan:** This loan provides up to \$250,000 to cover a down payment on a home purchase.
- **Homeowner Renovation Loan:** This loan provides up to \$50,000 for renovations or accessibility upgrades to an existing home.

4. How do I apply for Toronto Notes? Applications for Toronto Notes are processed through the City of Toronto's website. Applicants will need to provide documentation of their income, assets, and residency. The application process typically takes several weeks.

5. What are the benefits of Toronto Notes? Toronto Notes offers several benefits to eligible applicants, including:

- Low interest rates
- Flexible repayment terms
- Financial assistance to purchase or renovate a home
- Support for low- and moderate-income households
- Opportunities to build home equity and wealth

The Management Myth: Debunking Modern Business Philosophy

Modern business philosophy is riddled with myths and misconceptions. These beliefs often lead to poor management practices and hinder organizational effectiveness. By questioning and debunking these myths, we can create a more enlightened approach to management.

Myth 1: Micromanagement Leads to Success

- **Question:** Is it true that close supervision and constant control improve team performance?
- **Answer:** Micromanagement stifles creativity, innovation, and motivation. Trusting employees to perform their tasks independently leads to greater autonomy and increased productivity.

Myth 2: Leaders Are Born, Not Made

- **Question:** Are leadership skills inherent or can they be developed over time?
- **Answer:** Leadership is a skill that can be learned and refined. By providing support, mentorship, and opportunities for growth, organizations can foster the development of effective leaders.

Myth 3: Intuition Always Guides the Best Decisions

- **Question:** Should business decisions solely rely on gut instinct and personal judgment?
- **Answer:** While intuition can be valuable, it should be balanced with data-driven analysis and objective evaluation. Informed decision-making processes lead to more consistent and effective outcomes.

Myth 4: Shareholders' Interests Should Prevail

- **Question:** Is the primary purpose of a business to maximize shareholder value?

- **Answer:** A balanced perspective considers the interests of all stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, and the community. By focusing on long-term sustainability and creating value for all, businesses can achieve greater success and social impact.

Myth 5: Competition Drives Innovation

- **Question:** Does fierce competition consistently foster innovation?
- **Answer:** While competition can spur some innovation, it can also lead to conformity and risk aversion. Collaboration and open innovation can create a more fertile environment for breakthrough ideas and solutions.

By debunking these myths, we can move towards a more enlightened and effective approach to management. This involves fostering a culture of trust, empowering teams, making decisions based on evidence, considering the interests of all stakeholders, and encouraging collaboration and innovation.

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