REPORTED SPEECH STATEMENTS WITH EXPRESSIONS OF TIME

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What are time expressions in reported speech?

How should change in time expression be noted in reported speech? Time and place must often change when going from direct to reported speech. "I saw him today", she said. She said that she had seen him that day.

What are the 20 examples of reported speech?

What are the rules for time in reported speech? 3. Time. Remember, when we report a speech, what was happening will be over by the time we are doing it. Hence, what was "now" would be "then", "yesterday" would be the "previous day" (and not yesterday from the point you are speaking.).

What is the example of time expression?

How do you write time expressions?

What are the 5 rules of reported speech?

What is an example of sentences with a time and place? For example, "I'll meet you at the coffee shop at 2 pm. This time, this place." Another common variant is "time and place." This phrase can be used to refer to a general time and location. For example, "The concert will be held at the stadium on Friday night.

What is backshift in tense and time expressions indirect speech? 'Backshift' refers to the changes we make to the original verbs in indirect speech because time has passed between the moment of speaking and the time of the report. I said, 'I'm

not very happy at work. 'I told her I was not very happy at work.

What are the 3 most common reporting verbs in reported speech? When we tell someone what another person said, we often use the verbs say, tell or ask. These are called 'reporting verbs'. However, we can also use other reporting verbs.

What are 3 sentences with reported speech?

What are the 4 types of reported speech with examples? The reported speech can be Assertive/Declarative, Imperative, Interrogative, and Exclamatory. Reported verb is the tense in which the sentence is spoken. It can be 'Past', 'present', 'Future'.

What happens to time expressions in reported speech? Normally, the tense in reported speech is one tense back in time from the tense in direct speech: She said, "I am tired." = She said that she was tired. She said that she always drank coffee. "I am reading a book", he explained.

How do you write minutes in reported speech? Use reported speech when writing minutes and always use the past tense. Use the conditional tense, i.e: 'would' instead of 'will' and 'should' rather than 'shall' to show future action. Don't say 'The Chair thinks the policy needs changing', say 'The Chair thought the policy needed changing'.

What is the time change into indirect speech? Answer: He asked what the time was.

Where to put time expressions in a sentence? Expressions of time go at the end of a statement. NEVER put Place or Time between Verb and Object I have in the kitchen breakfast. * Definite expressions of time can also go at the beginning of the sentence if they are not the main focus in the sentence.

What is an example of a time expression of present continuous? Now, go over the meaning and some examples of the most common time expressions for the present continuous. Now: I'm texting my mum now. At the moment: The old man is reading the newspaper at the moment. At present: Dolores is taking care of her neighbors' dogs at present.

How do you use the expression by the time? We use "by the time" to express that an action or a condition will end, complete, or change by a certain point. The action will end, complete, or change by a certain point. So, we can use "by the time" in the past or in the future.

What is an example of a time expression? We use the time expression for to communicate a period of time, the duration of something that happens. For example: In the present simple: I work everyday for 8 hours. In the past simple: He played football for 2 hours last night.

How do you express time in a sentence? Saying the time When we talk about time on a clock, we use am to refer to times between 12.00 in the night and 11.59 in the day and we use pm to refer to times between 12.00 in the day and 11.59 in the night: I never get up before 10 am. We weren't home until 1.00 am. It was 7.00 pm before the plane took off.

How do you express time correctly?

What are the 20 examples of direct speech and indirect speech?

How to teach reported speech easily? Write the sentence in direct speech on the board, and the reporting sentence right next to it. Make sure students understand that the verb in simple past was changed to past perfect. Report on what your students said about their weekend. Then, ask students to continue reporting on what their classmates said.

What are the 5 types of sentences in reported speech?

What is the expression of time in sentence? Time Expressions Often Used in the Past Use 'yesterday' when speaking about the previous day. Use 'the day before yesterday' to speak about two days earlier. I visited my best friend yesterday. They had math class the day before yesterday.

What is a good sentence for time? He asked me the time. What time did he leave? I phoned my mother to ask what time she was coming home. The time is now 19 minutes past the hour.

What time is it in reported speech? They are used to report a question that someone has asked in the past. Here are some examples: Direct speech: "What time is it?" he asked. Reported speech: He asked what time it was.

What are examples of time expressions in the present?

What are examples of past time expressions?

What are the 5 rules of reported speech?

What are the 4 types of reported speech with examples? The reported speech can be Assertive/Declarative, Imperative, Interrogative, and Exclamatory. Reported verb is the tense in which the sentence is spoken. It can be 'Past', 'present', 'Future'.

What is an example of a time expression of present continuous? Now, go over the meaning and some examples of the most common time expressions for the present continuous. Now: I'm texting my mum now. At the moment: The old man is reading the newspaper at the moment. At present: Dolores is taking care of her neighbors' dogs at present.

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What time expressions are used with the present perfect? We often use the present perfect to say what we've done in an unfinished time period, such as today, this week, this year, etc., and with expressions such as so far, until now, before, etc. They've been on holiday twice this year. We haven't had a lot of positive feedback so far.

What is an example of a past perfect time expression?

What time expressions do we use with the past continuous? Time expressions such as "at that time," "while," "when," "as," "during," or specific time references are commonly used with the past continuous tense.

What is an example of time in the past tense?

What is an example of a reported speech statement? "Call me when you get home." Mom said we should call her when we get home. Mom said to call her when we get home.

What are the 20 examples of direct speech and indirect speech?

What are the 3 most common reporting verbs in reported speech? When we tell someone what another person said, we often use the verbs say, tell or ask. These are called 'reporting verbs'. However, we can also use other reporting verbs.

How to teach reported speech easily? Write the sentence in direct speech on the board, and the reporting sentence right next to it. Make sure students understand that the verb in simple past was changed to past perfect. Report on what your students said about their weekend. Then, ask students to continue reporting on what their classmates said.

How to change a sentence into reported speech? Reported speech is when we tell someone what another person said. To do this, we can use direct speech or indirect speech. direct speech: 'I work in a bank,' said Daniel. indirect speech: Daniel said that he worked in a bank.

What is the formula for reported speech? Generally, you can't go wrong if you follow these guidelines (from the original statement to reported speech): Simple Present -> Simple Past. Present Continuous -> Past Continuous. Present Perfect -> Past Perfect.

Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics: A Comprehensive Guide

Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics is a comprehensive study guide that provides a solid understanding of the fundamental principles and applications of fluid dynamics. This article aims to answer some common questions about the book, providing a brief overview of its contents and value as a resource.

1. What is Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics?

Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics is a self-study guide that covers the core concepts of fluid dynamics. It presents the material in a clear and concise manner,

with numerous solved problems and practice exercises. The book is designed to assist students in understanding the theoretical principles and applying them to real-world situations.

2. What are the topics covered in Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics?

The book covers a wide range of topics in fluid dynamics, including:

- Basic concepts and properties of fluids
- Fluid statics and hydrostatic pressure
- Fluid kinematics and dynamics
- Conservation laws (mass, momentum, energy)
- Viscous flows and boundary layer theory
- Incompressible and compressible flow
- Potential flows and airfoil theory

3. Who is the target audience for Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics?

The book is primarily intended for undergraduate students in engineering, physics, and applied mathematics who are studying fluid dynamics. It can also serve as a valuable reference for practicing engineers and researchers who need to brush up on the fundamentals of the subject.

4. What are the benefits of using Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics?

- Provides a thorough review of fluid dynamics concepts
- Includes numerous solved problems and practice exercises
- Enhances understanding of theoretical principles and their applications
- Supports students in preparing for exams and assignments
- Can be used as a supplementary resource to university lectures

5. Where can I find Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics?

Schaum's Outline of Fluid Dynamics is available in print and electronic formats. It can be purchased from major bookstores, online retailers, and the publisher's website (McGraw-Hill Education).

Study Guide to Technical Analysis of the Financial Markets

1. What is technical analysis and how does it differ from fundamental analysis?

Technical analysis is the study of price and volume data to identify patterns and trends in the financial markets. It focuses on past price movements to predict future market behavior, while fundamental analysis examines macroeconomic factors, company financials, and industry trends to determine the intrinsic value of an asset.

2. What are the key types of technical indicators?

Technical indicators are mathematical formulas that help traders identify trends, support and resistance levels, and momentum. Common indicators include moving averages, trendlines, Bollinger Bands, and Fibonacci retracement levels.

3. How can technical analysis be used to identify trading opportunities?

By analyzing price and volume charts, traders can identify potential buy and sell signals. Technical indicators help confirm trends, indicate overbought or oversold conditions, and provide support and resistance levels for entry and exit points.

4. What are some of the limitations of technical analysis?

Technical analysis is not a foolproof method and should be used in conjunction with other research. It cannot predict the future with certainty and is subject to the influence of market sentiment and exogenous factors.

5. How can I learn more about technical analysis?

There are numerous resources available to learn about technical analysis, including books, online courses, and workshops. By studying the methods and principles, traders can gain a deeper understanding of the financial markets and improve their decision-making process.

Sports: A Conversation with Michael A. Leeds and Peter Von Allmen

Question 1: What are your insights on the current state of sports today?

Michael A. Leeds: Sports have become a global phenomenon, transcending boundaries and uniting people from all walks of life. They foster health, well-being, and inclusivity while also providing entertainment and inspiration.

Peter Von Allmen: I agree. The increasing accessibility of sports through technology and social media has allowed more people to connect with their favorite athletes and teams, creating a passionate and engaged fan base.

Question 2: How can sports positively impact society?

Leeds: Sports have the power to promote social harmony, teach teamwork and discipline, and develop leadership skills. They provide a platform for individuals to express themselves and connect with others.

Von Allmen: Additionally, sports can address social issues, such as gender equality, race relations, and poverty, by raising awareness and inspiring action.

Question 3: What are your thoughts on the role of technology in sports?

Leeds: Technology is revolutionizing sports by enhancing training, improving performance, and providing fans with unprecedented access. Analytics, wearable devices, and virtual reality are reshaping how we experience sports.

Von Allmen: However, it's important to ensure that technology complements and enhances the human experience rather than replacing it.

Question 4: What are the challenges and opportunities facing the sports industry?

Leeds: The sports industry is constantly evolving, with new technologies, regulations, and fan expectations emerging. Adaptability, innovation, and a commitment to athlete well-being are crucial for navigating these challenges.

Von Allmen: Opportunities exist in areas such as data analytics, personalized experiences, and sustainability. By harnessing these trends, the industry can continue to grow and thrive.

Question 5: What advice would you give to young people aspiring to a career in sports?

Leeds: Passion, dedication, and a willingness to persevere are essential. Seek out mentors, embrace challenges, and never give up on your dreams.

Von Allmen: Remember that sports are more than just competitions. They have the power to make a positive impact on both individuals and society. Use your platform to inspire and unite others.

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