FOUNDATION OF GERONTOLOGY

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What is the study of gerontology? Gerontology is the scientific study of the processes and problems of aging from all aspects—biologic, clinical, psychologic, sociologic, legal, economic, and political.

What do you study in gerontology? Gerontology is the study of the physical aspects of aging, as well as the mental, social and societal implications of aging. Unlike geriatrics, which concentrates on the medical aspects of aging bodies and how they change and adjust to change in elder years, the field of gerontology has a multidisciplinary focus.

What is the main focus of gerontology? Gerontology is multidisciplinary and is concerned with physical, mental, and social aspects and implications of aging. Geriatrics is a medical specialty focused on care and treatment of older persons.

What are the three main areas of gerontology study? Gerontology is the study of the biological, psychological, and social aspects of aging.

What does a gerontologist do? A gerontologist studies all aspects of the aging process and works to support the needs and wants of older adults. Some gerontologists work within healthcare. Many others work in a wide range of sectors, including business and education.

Is gerontology a good major? A gerontology degree prepares you to pursue many careers in aging services. You can become an advocate for older adults, improve their quality of life and build a connection with them. The great thing about gerontology? It pairs well with many other fields.

Do gerontologists go to med school? Most Common Geriatric Conditions: These include chronic diseases like heart disease and diabetes, cognitive impairments such as dementia, and mobility issues. Gerontologist Education: Some gerontologists go to medical school, while others come from different educational backgrounds but specialize in aging.

How long is school for gerontology? Our students typically complete the degree in two years of full-time study, or 12 credits per semester.

What is an example of gerontology? What is an example of gerontology? An example of gerontology is a social worker who works specifically with an elderly population. Gerontology studies human maturation and development in populations as they relate to psychosocial challenges related to the processes of aging.

What age is considered old? A third sub-grouping is young-old (65 to 74), old (74 to 84), and old-old (85+). Describing sub-groups in the 65+ population enables a more accurate portrayal of significant life changes.

What are the two main types of gerontology? Two main types of gerontology are social gerontology and biogerontology. As their names indicate, social gerontology deals more with the social and emotional aspects of aging while biogerontology studies the physical and biological aspects.

What is the age range for gerontology? Although there are different ways to classify this population, some studies have classified elderly adults between the ages of 65 and 74 years as youngest-old, those between ages 75 and 84 years as middle-old, and those aged over 85 years as oldest-old [5].

What is a gerontology degree? Gerontology is concerned with the study and application of knowledge about the physical, social, and economic conditions of older people. Aging affects all aspects of human activity, thus gerontology is multidisciplinary in nature. The program prepares students for careers in the field of aging.

What would gerontology fall under? Gerontology is a broad, multidisciplinary field that investigates a variety of issues around aging throughout the human lifespan. Geriatrics is a medical specialty focusing on caring for the unique health needs of FOUNDATION OF GERONTOLOGY

older adults.

Is gerontology a branch of psychology? What Are Gerontology and Clinical Geropsychology? Geropsychology is a specialty of psychology that applies clinical psychology and research to the population of older adults.

Is gerontology the same as geriatrics? While geriatrics deals with the care of the elderly and their needs, gerontology is the study of aging and its impacts on the population. Gerontologists perform a support function in educating and understanding aging, while geriatricians deal with the care of these older adults.

Why would you see a gerontologist? Specific health concerns seniors should discuss with their geriatrician include, but are not limited to, difficulty walking, insomnia, memory problems, falls, incontinence, advance care directives, polypharmacy, depression, caregiver burden and frailty.

Is a gerontologist a nurse? Gerontology nursing is a unique field in nursing which requires nurses to focus their care on older population. This population tend to have more comorbidities such as high blood pressure, diabetes, heart conditions, etc. This field requires complex care to fulfill their needs.

What is the most common graduate degree in gerontology? The most common graduate degree in gerontology is a Master's in Gerontology, offering specialized knowledge in aging-related studies. It prepares individuals for careers in healthcare, social services, or policy development, focusing on the needs of older adults. Some also pursue Doctoral degrees (Ph.

What is the main goal of gerontology? Gerontology: A Field of Study The purpose of gerontology isn't to extend life but to improve its quality by minimizing the impact of age-related diseases and conditions. Gerontologists advocate for the unique needs of older adults, which vary depending on a person's race, gender and health.

Is a master's in gerontology worth it? Another of the biggest reasons why a master's in gerontology degree is worth it is this degree can help catapult you to a doctorate in the field of gerontology, which creates additional career and income opportunities.

What is the work in the field of gerontology? Gerontology impacts many disciplines, including social work, physiology, public health, policy, psychology, and social science. Individuals can pursue gerontology careers in any of these fields. Gerontology graduates are most likely to find jobs in hospitals, nursing homes, rehabilitation centers, and patient's homes.

What is the difference between a geriatrician and a gerontologist? Geriatrics: Highlighting the Differences. While geriatrics deals with the care of the elderly and their needs, gerontology is the study of aging and its impacts on the population. Gerontologists perform a support function in educating and understanding aging, while geriatricians deal with the care of these older adults ...

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Star Trek RPG Adventures: Frequently Asked Questions

Q: What is the Star Trek RPG? A: The Star Trek RPG is a tabletop role-playing game that allows players to immerse themselves in the Star Trek universe. It provides a framework for creating their own characters, exploring iconic locations, and embarking on exciting missions.

Q: What do I need to play the Star Trek RPG? A: You will need the Star Trek Adventures Core Rulebook, which contains all the rules and guidelines you need to play. You will also need a set of polyhedral dice (d4, d6, d8, d10, d12, d20), character sheets, and a game master to guide the adventure.

Q: What types of adventures can I expect to play? A: The Star Trek RPG offers a wide range of adventure options, from diplomatic missions and scientific exploration to combat and espionage assignments. The universe is your canvas, and your FOUNDATION OF GERONTOLOGY

imagination is the limit.

Q: How is character creation handled? A: Character creation in the Star Trek RPG

allows players to customize their characters extensively. You can choose from

different species, professions, and backgrounds. You can also select from a variety

of skills, talents, and traits to create a unique and memorable character.

Q: What are the mechanics of the game? A: The Star Trek RPG uses a dice-

based system to resolve actions. Players roll dice to determine the success or failure

of their actions, with modifiers based on their character's skills and abilities. The

game also includes a variety of special rules and sub-systems to simulate the unique

aspects of the Star Trek universe, such as starship combat and diplomatic

encounters.

The 5 Essential People Skills for Success

In today's fast-paced, competitive world, strong people skills are essential for

success in both personal and professional life. According to Dale Carnegie Training,

there are five key people skills that are crucial for developing effective relationships,

achieving goals, and resolving conflicts.

1. Asserting Yourself

Assertiveness is the ability to express your thoughts, feelings, and needs in a clear

and direct manner while respecting the rights of others. It's not about being

aggressive or pushy, but rather about confidently communicating your perspective.

Question: How can I assert myself without coming across as overly aggressive?

Answer: Focus on using "I" statements to express your needs. For example, instead

of saying "You need to help me," try saying "I need your help with this project."

2. Listening to Others

Effective listening involves paying attention to what others are saying, understanding

their point of view, and responding with empathy. It builds trust and fosters stronger

relationships.

Question: How can I become a better listener?

Answer: Practice active listening by making eye contact, nodding, and asking

clarifying questions. Avoid interrupting and try to see things from the other person's

perspective.

3. Resolving Conflicts

Conflict is a natural part of human interaction. Resolving conflicts effectively requires

a willingness to compromise, find common ground, and maintain a respectful

dialogue.

Question: What are the steps to resolving a conflict?

Answer: According to Dale Carnegie Training, the steps include:

Identify the problem

Express your emotions and concerns

• Listen to the other person's perspective

Brainstorm solutions together

• Compromise and find a mutually acceptable solution

4. Building Relationships

Strong relationships are the foundation for success. Building relationships involves

being genuine, showing interest in others, and demonstrating empathy.

Question: How can I build stronger relationships?

Answer: Make an effort to connect with others on a personal level. Share

experiences, ask questions, and offer support. Be reliable and keep your

commitments.

5. Handling Criticism

Criticism is an inevitable part of life. Handling criticism effectively requires

maintaining a positive attitude, understanding the source of the feedback, and using

it to improve.

Question: How can I handle criticism without getting defensive?

Answer: Take a step back and consider the feedback objectively. Ask clarifying questions and try to understand the intent behind the criticism. Use it as an opportunity for personal growth and development.

What are the financial instruments under IFRS 9? Equity instruments All equity investments in scope of IFRS 9 are to be measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, with value changes recognised in profit or loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in 'other comprehensive income'.

Is IFRS 9 applicable to banks? – IFRS 9 allows a bank to switch to a new hedge accounting model that is aligned more closely with risk management. The new model may allow additional hedging strategies; however, some current hedging strategies may be restricted.

Is IFRS used in Thailand? These guidelines, referred to as International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), are used in a large number of nations worldwide. Thailand has embraced IFRS, like many other nations, however there are certain distinctions between Thai and IFRS that must be recognized.

What is the IFRS 9 rule? IFRS 9 requires the fair value movements in a financial liability designated to be measured at FVPL that are attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability should be presented in other comprehensive income, as opposed to being presented in profit or loss.

What is IFRS 9 for dummies? IFRS 9 describes requirements for subsequent measurement and accounting treatment for each category of financial instruments. It presents the rules for derecognition of financial instruments, with focus on financial assets.

What are the financial instruments subsequent measurement for IFRS 9? Subsequent measurement of financial assets IFRS 9 divides all financial assets that are currently in the scope of IAS 39 into two classifications - those measured at amortised cost and those measured at fair value.

Who does IFRS 9 apply to? Contrary to widespread belief, IFRS 9 affects more than just financial institutions. Any entity could have significant changes to its FOUNDATION OF GERONTOLOGY

financial reporting as the result of this standard. That is certain to be the case for those with long-term loans, equity investments, or any non-vanilla financial assets.

Will IFRS 9 significantly impact banks provisions and financial statements? IFRS 9 – Aligns the measurement of financial assets with the bank's business model, contractual cash flow characteristics of instruments, and future economic scenarios. Banks may have to take a "forward-looking provision" for the portion of the loan that is likely to default, as soon as it is originated.

What are the regulatory requirements for IFRS 9? IFRS 9 requires an entity to recognise a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

What are the accounting standards in Thailand? The accounting standards in Thailand are known as the Thailand Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS). The TFRS is a set of rules that are required to be applied when preparing and presenting financial statements of publicly accountable entities.

Which countries do not follow IFRS? In addition, despite the great number of countries that have adopted IFRS, the three largest economies in the world—the United States, China, and Japan—have not yet fully accepted the IFRS into their national reporting standards, even for listed companies [6].

What is the difference between US GAAP and Thai GAAP? US GAAP requires the capitalization of debt acquisition costs and subsequent amortization of such amounts over the life of the related debt using the effective interest method. Thai GAAP does not prescribe specific accounting treatments for employee benefits.

What is IFRS 9 in banking? IFRS 9 allows a variety of approaches in measuring expected credit losses (ECL) and industry thinking continues to evolve at the date of this publication. Banks will need to take account of their individual circumstances in determining the approach taken to measuring ECL and the appropriate disclosures.

What are financial instruments as per IFRS 9? In accordance with IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, a company recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

What is the applicability of IFRS 9? IFRS 9 permits an entity to choose as its accounting policy either to apply the hedge accounting requirements of IFRS 9 or to continue to apply the hedge accounting requirements in IAS 39.

What is a financial instrument in IFRS? Key definitions [IAS 32.11] Financial instrument: a contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

What are the classifications of financial assets in accordance with IFRS 9? Categories of financial assets under IFRS 9 Amortised cost. Fair value through other comprehensive income with recycling to P/L ('FVOCI with recycling'). Fair value through other comprehensive income without recycling to P/L ('FVOCI no recycling'). Fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL').

What are classified as financial instruments? Basic examples of financial instruments are cheques, bonds, securities. There are typically three types of financial instruments: cash instruments, derivative instruments, and foreign exchange instruments.

What are financial instruments under Volcker Rule? The Volcker Rule prohibits banks from using their own accounts for short-term proprietary trading of securities, derivatives, and commodity futures, as well as options on any of these instruments.

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