

Birds of myanmar

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What is Myanmar's national bird? The grey peacock-pheasant is the national bird of Myanmar.

What is the rarest bird in Myanmar? White-bellied heron, a critically endangered bird more rare than leopard with a total number of about 40 in Myanmar, has been recorded by NSCI group, a young Myanmar research team. One of the rarest species in the world, It is found only in the northern Myanmar and there are only about 40 birds in Myanmar.

What birds are in Chin State Myanmar? Bird species include*: Falconidae: White-rumped Falcon, Collared Falconet, White-eyed Buzzard. Psittacidae: Alexandrine Parakeet, Red-breasted Parakeet, Rose-ringed Parakeet, Blossom-headed Parakeet. Strigidae: Asian barred Owlet. Apodidae: Crested Treeswift.

Are there eagles in Myanmar? Wallace's Hawk-eagle There are bigger and more majestic eagle species in the Mergui Archipelago: the White-bellied Sea Eagle, the Grey-headed Fish Eagle or the Crested Serpent-eagle.

What is the Burmese mythical bird? Hinthya - Hamsa the Brahmin bird, famed as the bird with most pleasant voice; symbol of the Mon people, Mon State and Bago Region.

What is Myanmar's traditional animal? Fauna. The green peafowl, called the 'daung' (Burmese: ??????) or u-doung (???????) in Burmese, is one of the national animals of Myanmar. In Burmeses traditions, peafowl is regarded as a symbol of the descendance of the sun. The dancing peacock, ka-daung (Burmese: ??????) was used as the symbol of the Burmese monarch ...

What are the names of two birds in Myanmar?

Which is the Myanmar Crow? The house crow is the common name of *Corvus splendens insolens*. It is a subspecies of crow and belongs to the family Corvidae. It is the darkest crow in color and lacks the grey collar. *Corvus splendens insolens* is found in the Myanmar country.

What is Myanmar's national flower? Padauk(*Pterocarpus macrocarpus*) The golden fragrant flowers of Padauk are also considered as the national flower of Myanmar. While the tree symbolizes strength, the flower represents youth, love and romance with its fragrant scent.

Are Burmese and Chin the same? The Chin are one of the founding groups of the Union of Burma, along with the Shan, Kachin, and Burmese. The Chin speak a variety of related languages, and share elements of culture and traditions.

What language is spoken in Chin State Myanmar? Hakha Lai, or Hakha Chin, is a language spoken mostly in the state of Chin, Myanmar. The native speakers of Hakha Lai are believed to be over 170 thousand, who live in Northwest Myanmar as well as in the neighboring area in India and Bangladesh.

What is the religion of Chin Myanmar? A mountain people by tradition, though this has been changing, perhaps 80 per cent of the Chin are Christians, while most of the remaining population are mainly Buddhists or animists, and according to some, a very small Jewish sect.

Who is the national bird of Myanmar? The green peafowl (*Pavo muticus*) or Indonesian peafowl is a peafowl species native to the tropical forests of Southeast Asia and Indochina. It is the national bird of Myanmar.

Are there wolves in Myanmar? Republic of the Union of Myanmar at a glance This paper states that “the wolf, while not positively confirmed, may be an occasional inhabitant of North Myanmar.”

Which animal is important in Myanmar? The Official National Animal of Myanmar. Both the Indochinese tiger and the grey peacock pheasant are on the list of national symbols. The endangered green peafowl was once a symbol of the monarchy and

still appears throughout the country today.

What is the bird of death myth? The Aderyn y corff (sometimes Aderyn corff or Deryn corff; occasionally spelled Aderyn y Corph in archaic forms; all these roughly translate to Corpse bird) is a bird from Welsh folklore who portends death.

What does the Burmese owl mean? Owls are considered symbol of good luck in Myanmar, especially when they come in pair. The female is always seen carrying a young one. Owls are loved by the locals as they represent wisdom. They are a part of old folklore and stories for children. Owls are engrained in the Myanmar culture.

What is the huge bird of legend? According to legend, the roc was a giant bird large and strong enough to carry an elephant in its claws. As incredible as it may seem, long ago people believed this bird of prey was real. Famous explorers like Marco Polo described the roc from travelers' tales.

What is the lucky animal in Myanmar? The owl is considered a lucky animal in Myanmar. Hung on rearview mirrors as a charm, it is believed that if one enters into your house, luck will follow.

Which animals are rare in Myanmar?

What is Myanmar's national fruit? National Fruits of Countries in Southeast Asia
?????????????????? ?? Malaysia: Durian or Papaya ?? Myanmar: Cucumber Tree (Averrhoa Bilimbi) ?? Thailand: Mangosteen ?? Vietnam: Dragon Fruit ?? Indonesia: Durian ?? Singapore: Durian ?? Philippines: Mango ?? Cambodia: Chicken Egg Banana #AsianSEAStory #SEAsian #ASEAN # ...

What is Myanmar's national animal? The green peafowl, called the 'daung' (Burmese: ??????) or u-doung in Burmese, is one of the national animals of Myanmar. The Grey peacock-pheasant or Burmese peacock-pheasant (*Polyplectron bicalcaratum*) is the Official "National bird of Myanmar" respectively.

What is the national tree of Myanmar? Myanmar's Padauk Tree The Padauk tree was chosen as Myanmar's national tree in 1948 for its cultural and historical significance. Renowned for its vibrant red or orange blossoms, it symbolizes the strength, endurance, and beauty of the nation.

What is 2 love birds? Meaning of lovebirds in English. two people who are obviously very much in love with each other: Look at those two lovebirds holding hands and gazing into each other's eyes.

What is the national bird of Indonesia? The spectacular Javan Hawk-eagle (*Spizaetus bartelsi*), locally known as Elang Jawa was declared Indonesia's national bird and symbol of all the country's rare species in 1993.

What is Myanmar's national flower? Padauk(*Pterocarpus macrocarpus*) The golden fragrant flowers of Padauk are also considered as the national flower of Myanmar. While the tree symbolizes strength, the flower represents youth, love and romance with its fragrant scent.

Why is peacock a symbol of Myanmar? The peacock, symbolic of the sun and of Buddhism, was also said to stand for happiness and unity.

What are the names of two birds in Myanmar?

What is the rarest bird in Indonesia? The Bali Starling (*Leucopsar rothschild*) also known as the Rothschild's Mynah or Bali Mynah, and locally called Jalak Bali is a critically endangered species, endemic to the island of Bali. Today in the wild these very rare birds can be found only in the West Bali National Park and at Nusa Penida.

What is the mythical bird in Indonesia? In Indonesian mythology, the Garuda is a mythical bird-like creature that serves as the mount of Lord Vishnu in Hinduism. Known as "Garuda Pancasila" in Indonesia, it symbolizes the nation's foundation principles embodied in the Pancasila—the five principles that underpin the Indonesian state ideology.

What is the legendary bird of Indonesia? Garuda Pancasila is the national emblem of Indonesia. It is an eagle- or hawk-like bird and the name of symbol derived from Garuda, the mythical bird vehicle of Vishnu, one of the principal deities of Hinduism.

Who is the national bird of Myanmar? The green peafowl (*Pavo muticus*) or Indonesian peafowl is a peafowl species native to the tropical forests of Southeast Asia and Indochina. It is the national bird of Myanmar.

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Banana #AsianSEAStory #SEAsian #ASEAN # ...

What is the most beautiful flower in Myanmar? Thazin (Myanmar Orchid) Thazin
is the most coveted and appreciated flower Among Myanmar wild orchids. It blooms
with tiny white flowers in graceful sprays that grow out of a small, bright-green, pear
shaped bulb.

What is the lucky symbol of Myanmar? Owls are considered symbol of good luck
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(Burmese: ??????) or u-doung in Burmese, is one of the national animals of
Myanmar.

What is the traditional symbol of Myanmar? The elephant and the lion are
important symbols in Myanmar culture and convey fraternity and peace. More
symbols surround the centre, such as elephants for the teak industry, people of the
agricultural industry, temples, and spired monasteries.

What is the national tree of Myanmar? Myanmar's Padauk Tree The Padauk tree
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splendens insolens*. It is a subspecies of crow and belongs to the family *Corvidae*. It
is the darkest crow in color and lacks the grey collar. *Corvus splendens insolens* is
found in the Myanmar country.

What is the national sport of Myanmar? Chinlone (Burmese: ??????????,
pronounced [t????????? ló????]), also known as caneball, is the traditional, national
sport of Myanmar (Burma). It is non-competitive, with typically six people playing

together as one team.

Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene: Questions and Answers

1. Chii chinonzi Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene?

Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene is the official Shona translation of the Holy Bible, recognized by Christian denominations and Bible societies in Zimbabwe. It is a reliable and accurate translation that has been in use for generations.

2. Ndiani akashandura Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene?

The Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene was translated by a team of scholars and theologians representing various Christian denominations in Zimbabwe. The translation process began in 1934 and was completed in 1994.

3. Ndiani akaburitsa Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene?

The Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene was published by the Bible Society of Zimbabwe, which is a non-profit organization dedicated to the distribution of the Bible in Shona and other local languages.

4. Ko kune musiyano here pakati peShona Bhaibheri Dzvene nemamwe maBhaibheri eShona?

Kunenge kusina musiyano mukuru pakati peShona Bhaibheri Dzvene nemamwe maBhaibheri eShona. Zvisinei, Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene inozivikanwa nekururama kwayo, mutauro wacho wakajeka uye uri nyore kubata.

5. Ndedzipi dzimwe shanduro dzeBhaibheri dziripo muShona?

Kunze kweShona Bhaibheri Dzvene, kune dzimwe shanduro dzeBhaibheri dziripo muShona, dzakadai saBhaibheri reDuramanzwi reShona neBhaibheri reJesi. Shona Bhaibheri Dzvene, zvisinei, inoramba iri shanduro yakafarirwa uye yakagamuchirwa zvikuru yeBhaibheri muShona.

What is the origin of the solar system? Formation. Our solar system formed about 4.6 billion years ago from a dense cloud of interstellar gas and dust. The cloud collapsed, possibly due to the shockwave of a nearby exploding star, called a

supernova. When this dust cloud collapsed, it formed a solar nebula – a spinning, swirling disk of material.

What is the solar system question answer? The Solar System is a system of a Sun and the objects that move around it. Our solar system consists of our star, the Sun and everything bound to it by gravity - the planets like the Earth, asteroids, meteors, comets and many more.

What is the origin of the Earth nebular hypothesis? The nebular hypothesis is the possible explanation for how the Sun, the Earth, and the rest of the solar system formed approximately 4.6 billion years ago out of the gravitational collapse of a large cloud of gas and dust left behind from previous star formation and star life cycles.

What is the origin of the solar system from a cloud of gas and dust called? The Sun and the planets formed together, 4.6 billion years ago, from a cloud of gas and dust called the solar nebula.

What is the origin of the solar system quizlet? The nebular theory states that the solar system formed from a rotating cloud of dust and gas. According to the nebular theory, the solar nebula is formed from what? According to the nebular theory, the solar nebula is formed from the material expelled by previous stars.

Where does solar originate from? Solar power works by converting energy from the sun into power. There are two forms of energy generated from the sun for our use – electricity and heat. Both are generated through the use of solar panels, which range in size from residential rooftops to 'solar farms' stretching over acres of rural land.

What are 5 questions about the solar system?

Why is Pluto no longer a planet? Answer. The International Astronomical Union (IAU) downgraded the status of Pluto to that of a dwarf planet because it did not meet the three criteria the IAU uses to define a full-sized planet. Essentially Pluto meets all the criteria except one—it “has not cleared its neighboring region of other objects.”

What is planet short answer? A planet is a celestial body that (a) is in orbit around the Sun, (b) has sufficient mass for its self-gravity to overcome rigid body forces so

that it assumes a hydrostatic equilibrium (nearly round) shape, and (c) has cleared the neighborhood around its orbit.

What is the origin of the earth? The Earth formed over 4.6 billion years ago out of a mixture of dust and gas around the young sun. It grew larger thanks to countless collisions between dust particles, asteroids, and other growing planets, including one last giant impact that threw enough rock, gas, and dust into space to form the moon.

What are the 7 theories of the origin of the earth? There are famous seven early theories of the origin of the earth are “Gaseous Hypothesis of Kant”, “Jean and Jeffery's Tidal or gravitational theory”, “The Nebular Hypothesis of Laplace”, “Hoyle's Supernova Hypothesis”, “Schmidt's Interstellar Hypothesis”, “The Planetesimal Hypothesis of Chamberlin” and “Hoyle's ...

What is the origin of the solar system according to the nebular and encounter theories? The Nebular Theory explained that the Solar System originated from a nebula that was disrupted by a nearby supernova. The Encounter Theory suggests that the Solar System formed as a result of a near collision between a passing star and the Sun.

What is it called when smaller objects stick together to form planets? What is accretion, and how does it work for planet formation? Accretion is the process where small particles of dust, gas, and ice collect and stick together gradually. Gravity attracts these particles together, and they continue to accumulate to form a larger mass.

What two things was the Earth started by? The standard model for the formation of the Solar System (including the Earth) is the solar nebula hypothesis. In this model, the Solar System formed from a large, rotating cloud of interstellar dust and gas called the solar nebula.

Which is an accurate description of a comet? Comets are frozen leftovers from the formation of the solar system composed of dust, rock, and ices. They range from a few miles to tens of miles wide, but as they orbit closer to the Sun, they heat up and spew gases and dust into a glowing head that can be larger than a planet.

What best explains the origins of the solar system? The favoured paradigm for the origin of the solar system begins with the gravitational collapse of part of an interstellar cloud of gas and dust having an initial mass only 10–20 percent greater than the present mass of the Sun.

What is the first scientific explanation of the origin of the solar system? The first recorded use of the term "Solar System" dates from 1704. The current standard theory for Solar System formation, the nebular hypothesis, has fallen into and out of favour since its formulation by Emanuel Swedenborg, Immanuel Kant, and Pierre-Simon Laplace in the 18th century.

What is the origin of the solar system Protoplanet hypothesis? The protoplanet hypothesis suggests that a great cloud of gas and dust of at least 10,000 million kilometers in diameter rotated slowly in space about 5,000 million years ago. As time passed, the cloud shrank under the pull of its own gravitation or was made to collapse by the explosion of a passing star.

What is the origin of the term solar? From Late Middle English solar, from Latin *sōl* 'sun', from *sōl* ('sun'), from Proto-Indo-European **sólh₂wl̥* ('sun').

Where did our solar system originate? The solar system as we know it began life as a vast, swirling cloud of gas and dust, twisting through the universe without direction or form. About 4.6 billion years ago, this gigantic cloud was transformed into our Sun.

What is the origin of solar cells? In 1883, American inventor Charles Fritts made the first solar cells from selenium. Though Fritts had hoped his solar cells might compete with Edison's coal-fired power plants, they were less than one percent efficient at converting sunlight to electricity and thus not very practical.

What best explains the origins of the solar system? The favoured paradigm for the origin of the solar system begins with the gravitational collapse of part of an interstellar cloud of gas and dust having an initial mass only 10–20 percent greater than the present mass of the Sun.

Who created the solar system in the Bible? First of all we have from scripture the significant Old Testament verse of Isaiah 45:18, For this is what the LORD says—he

who created the heavens, he is God; he who fashioned and made the earth, he founded it; he did not create it to be empty, but formed it to be inhabited . . .

What are the five theories of the origin of the solar system? These are the Nebular Hypothesis of Laplace, the Planetesimal Hypothesis of Chamberlin and Moulton, and the Capture Theory of See. Darwings theory of Tidal Friction is scarcely a distinct hypothesis, but is mentioned separately on account of its application to all of the others.

What is the origin of the universe and solar system summary? According to the big bang theory, the universe blinked violently into existence 13.77 billion years ago. The big bang is often described as an explosion, but imagining it as an enormous fireball isn't accurate. The big bang involved a sudden expansion of matter, energy, and space from a single point.

What is the difference between Edexcel Igcse paper 1 and 2? Paper 1 covers topics such as number, algebra, and geometry. Paper 2 covers topics such as statistics, probability, and calculus. Both papers are two hours long and are worth 80 marks each.

Is Edexcel harder than Cambridge? In fact, the difficulty of these two boards are equivalent. Both Cambridge and Edexcel are globally accepted by many universities worldwide, so you cannot clearly tell which one is harder than another. It depends on your personal perception towards each board as well.

What is a passing grade for Igcse Edexcel? Anything except a U is technically a pass. Typically students need at least 5 passes grade 4 and above to be considered for A level and often need a 6 or better in the subjects they want to study. How low grades are actually perceived and valued depends on where you are and what you want to do.

What is IGCSE maths paper 2? Both Paper 2 and Paper 4 in IGCSE CIE Math cover the same four main topics: Number, Algebra, Shape & Space, and Probability & Statistics. However, there's a difference in the emphasis and question style: Focus: Paper 2 leans more towards short answer questions across all four topics.

Is Edexcel the easiest exam board? So the “easiest” exam board to achieve a pass is OCR. It has the highest percentage of pupils (64.75%) who achieved a Grade 4 or higher. However, if you're aiming for the very top grades, Pearson Edexcel boasts the highest number of students (9.9%) achieving Grade 8 or Grade 9 results.

Is IGCSE Edexcel harder than GCSE? While traditionally IGCSEs were considered to be more difficult, owing to the fact that grades were fully dependent on final assessments, since the 2017 GCSE reforms that eradicated coursework, there is now a negligible difference in the assessment methods of the two.

Is Edexcel accepted in the USA? Pearson Edexcel A levels are widely recognised in the USA for admission to higher education institutions, and additionally completing Pearson Edexcel International A levels (IAL®) may permit you to obtain higher education credits in the USA.

Is Cambridge accepted in the USA? Our exams are accepted by some of the largest international recruiters in the USA including NYU, Northeastern University, Embry Riddle University and the University of Michigan. C1 Advanced is accepted by many universities and colleges including: University of Idaho.

Should I take Cambridge or Edexcel? Which Is Better, Edexcel Or Cambridge? The choice between Edexcel and Cambridge depends on individual preferences and needs; Edexcel is known for its practical and applied approach, while Cambridge is renowned for its rigorous and theoretical emphasis.

Is 75% an A in IGCSE? is no Grade 'a*', the percentage uniform mark range for Grade 'a' is 80–100. ' The information in this factsheet is intended as a guide for schools in countries where percentage uniform marks appear on statements of results for Cambridge IGCSE®, Cambridge O Level and Cambridge International AS & A Level.

What is 90% in IGCSE?

What grade is 60% in IGCSE?

Is IGCSE paper 2 non-calculator? > Paper 1 will be a non-calculator paper. Paper 2 will continue to assess calculator skills.

What is the difference between paper 2 and paper 4 IGCSE? Paper 2 contains only short-answer questions and accounts for 35% of the overall grade with a total of 70 marks available. Paper 4 is made up of structured questions with a weightage of 65% and a total of 130 marks available.

What is paper 1 and paper 2 in IGCSE? The biggest difference between Paper 1 and Paper 2 is the allocation of marks for knowledge, analysis and evaluation. Paper 2 has less focus on assessing knowledge and has a higher allocation of marks for analysis and evaluation.

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What is the difference between paper 1 and paper 2 IGCSE biology? Two papers make up the exam: Paper 1 is a multiple-choice test, and Paper 2 has structured questions like data analysis and experimentation. Students must have a thorough knowledge of topics like genetics, ecology, human physiology, and plant biology to prepare for the exam.

What is the difference between paper 1 and paper 2 GCSE English? Paper 1 features one 20th or 21st century literary prose text. Paper 2 features one non-fiction text and one literary non-fiction text (one 19th century text and one 20th or 21st century text). The 19th century text could be non-fiction or literary non-fiction.

What's the difference between paper 1 and paper 2 in GCSE maths? Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1) in Mathematics All three papers must be at the same tier of entry and must be completed in the same assessment series. Paper 1 is a non-calculator assessment and a calculator is allowed for Paper 2 and Paper 3. Each paper is 1 hour and 30 minutes long. Each paper has 80 marks.

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