

FEBRUARY 4 2014 MCLANE COMPANY

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When did McLane start? Pioneers of Wholesale Since 1894.

Who owns McLane? McLane has been a wholly owned subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway since 2003.

Who is the CEO of McLane? McLane is led by an experienced leadership team committed to driving growth and innovation. Tony Frankenberger, CEO, began his career at McLane in 1985 as a washer, fueler, and mechanic in the transportation department.

When did Walmart buy McLane? 1990. McLane Company acquired by Walmart. The McLane IP was used to create grocery distribution operations.

When did McLane buy MBM? Headquartered in North Carolina, MBM has gained an outstanding reputation for establishing world class standards in the industry. In July of 2012 MBM became a subsidiary of the McLane Company.

What is the culture of McLane Company? Our Culture McLane is committed to empowering teammates through LEAD to make bold moves and celebrate taking calculated risks, being people-centric in operations and strategy, coaching and fostering professional growth and collaboration, and making data-driven decisions.

How much do McLane executives make? The average McLane Company executive compensation is \$236,390 a year.

What is the multimedia information retrieval system? Given a collection of multimedia documents, the goal of multimedia information retrieval (MIR) is to find the documents that are relevant to a user information need. A multimedia document is a complex information object, with components of different kinds, such as text,

images, video and sound, all in digital form.

What is the multimedia IR model? Multimedia information retrieval (MMIR or MIR) is a research discipline of computer science that aims at extracting semantic information from multimedia data sources.

What are the two main types of information retrieval systems? 1. indexing system – indexing and searching methods and procedures (an indexing system can be human or automated); 2. collection of documents – text, image or multimedia documents, or document surrogates (for example bibliographical records);

What is an example of information retrieval software? Information Retrieval Services Search engines: These are the most common type of IR service, and they allow users to search the Internet for websites, documents, and other types of information. Some examples of search engines include Google, Bing, and Yahoo.

What are the IR models in information retrieval techniques? A retrieval model (IR) chooses and ranks relevant pages based on a user's query. Document selection and ranking can be formalized using matching functions that return retrieval status values (RSVs) for each document in a collection since documents and queries are written in the same way.

What is classic IR model with examples? Classic Information Retrieval models can be implemented with ease. Its examples include Vector-space, Boolean and Probabilistic IR models. In this system, the retrieval of information depends on documents containing the defined set of queries. There is no ranking or grading of any kind.

What are different IR modes? Six of these vibrations involve only the CH₂ portion: two stretching modes (?): symmetric (?s) and antisymmetric (?as); and four bending modes: scissoring (?), rocking (?), wagging (?) and twisting (?), as shown below.

What are the fundamentals of information retrieval? Designing and using a retrieval system involves four major activities: information analysis, information organization and search, query formulation, and information retrieval and dissemination.

What are the information retrieval tools? The basic information retrieval tools include: bibliographies, catalogues, indexes, finding aids, registers, online databases, etc.

What are the three basic models of information retrieval?

What are the three big issues in IR? The main issues of the Information Retrieval (IR) are Document and Query Indexing, Query Evaluation, and System Evaluation.

Which software is needed to retrieve information? An IR system is a software system that provides access to books, journals and other documents; it also stores and manages those documents. Web search engines are the most visible IR applications.

What is the difference between IR and web search? Information retrieval systems (IRS) are field concerned with retrieval of information. A search engine is the application of IR techniques. A web search engine is a tool to find information on the www. Search engines are updating their index to the World Wide Web.

What is the MMS system? MMS stands for Multimedia Messaging Service. It was built using the same technology as SMS to allow SMS users to send multimedia content. It's most popularly used to send pictures, but can also be used to send audio, phone contacts, and video files.

What is an information retrieval system? Information retrieval (IR) is a process that facilitates the effective and efficient retrieval of relevant information from large collections of unstructured or semi-structured data. IR systems assist in searching for, locating, and presenting information that matches a user's search query or information need.

What is a multimedia system in information technology? A multimedia computer system is one that can create, import, integrate, store, retrieve, edit, and delete two or more types of media materials in digital form, such as audio, image, full-motion video, and text information.

What is an example of a data retrieval system? Examples of Data Retrieval When a user types a query into the search engine, the system retrieves relevant web

pages based on factors such as keywords, page quality, and user preferences. This process of data retrieval delivers the most pertinent information to the user in a matter of seconds.

Solutions Upper Intermediate Unit 2 Test

Paragraph 1: Vocabulary

1. Which word means "a small amount of liquid"? (a) sip (b) gulp (c) cup (d) pint

Answer: (a)

2. What is a synonym for "extremely"? (a) quite (b) moderately (c) very (d) mildly

Answer: (c)

3. Which word refers to a very large building? (a) mansion (b) cottage (c) apartment (d) skyscraper **Answer:** (d)

Paragraph 2: Grammar - Present Perfect and Past Simple

1. Complete the sentence: "I ____ (not see) him for ages." **Answer:** have not seen

2. Choose the correct form of the verb: "They ____ (leave) yesterday." **Answer:** left

3. Which sentence is correct? (a) I have been to Paris before. (b) I went to Paris before. **Answer:** (a)

Paragraph 3: Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and answer the question:

"The world's population is growing rapidly, and this is putting a strain on our resources. We need to find sustainable solutions that will allow us to meet the needs of future generations without destroying the planet."

What is the main topic of the passage? **Answer:** The need for sustainable solutions to address the growing population.

Paragraph 4: Writing Task

Write a paragraph about a sustainable solution that could help address the challenges mentioned in the reading passage.

Paragraph 5: Listening Comprehension

Listen to the recording and answer the question:

"What is one of the speaker's main concerns about the future of our planet?"

Answer: The depletion of natural resources

Wittgenstein: Understanding and Meaning

Ludwig Wittgenstein, the renowned Austrian philosopher, devoted much of his work to exploring the nature of understanding and meaning. His ideas have profoundly influenced our understanding of language and communication.

What is Meaning, According to Wittgenstein?

According to Wittgenstein, the meaning of a word or expression lies not in some abstract concept but in its "use" within a specific linguistic community. He believed that language is a tool that we use to communicate and that the meaning of words is determined by how they are used in actual linguistic situations.

How Do We Understand Language?

Wittgenstein argued that we understand language through a process of "following rules." When we hear or read a sentence, we automatically follow the grammar and conventions of language to interpret its meaning. This process is often unconscious and unreflective, allowing us to communicate effectively without explicitly thinking about the rules.

The Limits of Understanding

However, Wittgenstein also acknowledged the limits of understanding. He believed that there are some things that are inherently ineffable, beyond the reach of language. These include the nature of God, the meaning of life, and the subjective experience of consciousness.

Private Language

In his later work, Wittgenstein explored the concept of "private language." He argued that it is impossible to have a genuinely private language that is not shared with others. Language, he maintained, is inherently social and requires the agreement of a community to have meaning.

Conclusion

Wittgenstein's ideas on understanding and meaning have challenged traditional philosophical notions and continue to shape our thinking about language today. His insights have helped us to understand that meaning is not fixed and abstract but rather a dynamic process that is constantly negotiated and renegotiated within linguistic communities.

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