

Analysis of aspirin tablets lab report

spectrophotometric

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What is the spectrophotometric analysis of aspirin? Introduction: A colored complex is formed between aspirin and the iron (III) ion. The intensity of the color is directly related to the concentration of aspirin present, therefore, spectrophotometric analysis can be used. A series of solutions with different aspirin concentrations will be prepared and complexed.

How can spectrophotometers ensure the purity of aspirin? After acidification, UV and visible wavelength spectrophotometers can be used to measure light absorption in a sample. These results give a highly accurate and quantifiable concentration levels of aspirin content, which can be represented numerically to ensure uniformity and effectiveness.

What is the purpose of the synthesis of aspirin lab report? Purpose: The purpose of this experiment is to synthesize the common pain killer aspirin via an esterification reaction between Salicylic Acid and Acetic Anhydride in the presence of concentrated sulfuric acid acting as a catalyst.

What is the absorbance of aspirin? acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) used up: Sodium salicylate will then be reacted with acidic Fe^{3+} to form salicylatoiron(III) complex, $[\text{FeSal}]^+$. This complex displays a maximum absorption at a wavelength of 525 nm and has a purplish red color.

What is the purpose of the spectrophotometric analysis? Spectrophotometry is used in chemistry for quantitative analysis and in biochemistry for studying enzyme kinetics. It plays a crucial role in environmental testing, detecting pollutants in water and air.

What is the spectrophotometric analysis based on? Thus, in simple words the spectrophotometer is based on the Beer-Lambert Law which states that the amount of light absorbed is directly proportional to the concentration of the solute in the solution and thickness of the solution under analysis.

What laboratory method is used to improve the purity of aspirin? Because today's aspirin is mass produced in tablet form, Spectrophotometers are a reliable and economical way to keep the purity of Aspirin consistent throughout the manufacturing process.

What is the best method of determining the purity of aspirin? The purity of the product is examined using three methods: titration, melting point, and spectroscopic assay. For a pure aspirin, the melting point is 138-140 degrees Celsius. The melting point of salicylic acid is 158-161 degrees Celsius.

At which wavelength does aspirin absorb light? The UV absorbance of aspirin was determined at 254 nm, and the fluorescence of salicylic acid was measured at 425 nm.

What was the conclusion of the aspirin experiment? Conclusion: A total of 2.169 grams of pure aspirin was synthesized out of a possible yield of 2.52 grams. Thus, there was 86.07% product yield. Acetylation of salicylic acid makes aspirin less acidic and therefore less damaging to the digestive system of the human body.

What affects the purity of aspirin? Aspirin on exposing to air undergoes hydrolysis and because of this hydrolysis, the purity of aspirin drops. Salicylic acid, sulfuric acid, and acetic acid can contaminate aspirin and make it impure. Physical properties like melting point and boiling point also influence the purity of aspirin.

How is aspirin prepared and analyzed? The Chemistry of Aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) Aspirin is prepared by chemical synthesis from salicylic acid, through acetylation with acetic anhydride. The molecular weight of aspirin is 180.16g/mol. It is odourless, colourless to white crystals or crystalline powder.

What is the spectral data of aspirin? Aspirin contains aliphatic, aromatic and carboxylic acid protons that span a wide range of the ^1H spectrum, and signal integration reveals a 3:4:1 intensity distribution, respectively. The carboxylic acid

resonance ($\text{O}=\text{COH}$) is identified by a characteristic downfield chemical shift at 11.77 ppm.

What is the wavelength of aspirin? In the US pharmacopoeia and Japanese pharmacopoeia (dissolution test), the analytical wavelength for aspirin is specified as 270 nm. However, by also including the measurement at the wavelength of 205 nm, the presence of decomposition product such as salicylic acid or additives can be confirmed.

What affects the absorption of aspirin? Aspirin absorption is pH sensitive at the level of the small intestine. Salicylate elimination occurs through two pathways via the creation of salicyluric acid and salicyl phenolic glucuronide. Salicylic acid is renally cleared, which can be increased by raising the urinary pH.

What is the purpose of spectrophotometric analysis of commercial aspirin?
Purpose: The purpose of this lab is to determine the amount of aspirin in a commercial aspirin product. This lab may also be used to determine the purity of the aspirin produced in the Microscale Synthesis of Acetylsalicylic Acid lab.

How to interpret spectrophotometer results? Absorbance and transmittance are related by the equation, $A = -\log T$. So, the spectrophotometer measures T , then calculates A , which is displayed on the output reader. The higher the amount of absorbance means less light is being transmitted, which results in a higher output reading.

What is the theory behind spectrophotometric analysis? Spectrophotometry is a procedure for determining how much light is reflected by a chemical material by measuring the strength of light as a light beam travels through the sample solution. The fundamental theory is that light is absorbed or emitted over a certain wavelength spectrum by each compound.

What is the purpose of spectrophotometric? Spectrophotometry is a method to measure how much a chemical substance absorbs light by measuring the intensity of light as a beam of light passes through sample solution. The basic principle is that each compound absorbs or transmits light over a certain range of wavelength.

What can you analyze with a spectrophotometer? The spectrometer, or spectrophotometer, is an analytical instrument used to identify or confirm the chemical species, chemical structure, or concentration of substances in a sample.

How to do spectrophotometric analysis?

What is the conclusion of the synthesis of aspirin lab report? Conclusion/ Discussion: The main objective of this experiment was successful in determining the aspirin by synthesizing the reagents using the crystallization and vacuum filtration in obtaining pure crystal. Through the TLC, melting point range and FeCl_3 test the main product (pure aspirin) was obtained.

What is the purity of aspirin tablets? Standards for medications are defined by the United States Pharmacopeia (USP) (6). Aspirin tablets must contain not less than 95 percent and not more than 105 percent of the labeled amount of $\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_4$ (acetylsalicylic acid).

What is the purpose of aspirin experiment? Your two primary objectives in this experiment will be to synthesize and analyze aspirin. There is more than one way to synthesize aspirin; in this experiment, you will react acetic anhydride with salicylic acid in the presence of phosphoric acid (which acts as a catalyst).

How to determine the amount of aspirin in a tablet? To determine the amount of acetylsalicylic acid present in an aspirin tablet, the easiest process would be to dissolve a tablet and titrate it with a base. Titration uses a solution of known concentration to react completely with an analyte to determine its concentration or amount.

How do you know if aspirin is impure? If the aspirin is pure, it will melt at a narrow range, if not sharply, at the literature value of aspirin's melting point. If the sample is impure, the sample will melt at a temperature lower than the literature melting point by a deviation roughly proportional to the amount of impurity present.

What is the most likely impurity in aspirin? A. The most likely impurity in aspirin synthesis is the presence of a small amount of unreacted starting material, salicylic acid.

How is the analysis of aspirin? First, you will measure the melting point of a sample of your product. Second, you will use a Colorimeter or Spectrometer to test the absorbance of your aspirin after it has been “prepped” with an iron solution to give it color.

What is the elemental analysis of aspirin? The elemental mass percent composition of aspirin is 60.00 % C, 4.48 % H, and 35.52 % O.

What is the UV determination of aspirin? The UV absorbance of aspirin was determined at 254 nm, and the fluorescence of salicylic acid was measured at 425 nm.

Why is UV light used to detect aspirin? Here's why: when iron is added to aspirin, it produces violet tetraaquosalicylatroiron complex. To put it simply there is a visible violet color reaction. Because violet is the color with the shortest wavelength (400-420 nm) it can easily be measured by a Visual Spectrophotometer.

What is the back titration analysis of aspirin tablets? Since it is insoluble in water, aspirin has to be determined by a 'back titration' technique. This involves treating a sample of aspirin of accurately known mass with a known amount of sodium hydroxide. SSERC is a Company Limited by Guarantee and a registered educational charity.

What is the wavelength of aspirin? In the US pharmacopoeia and Japanese pharmacopoeia (dissolution test), the analytical wavelength for aspirin is specified as 270 nm. However, by also including the measurement at the wavelength of 205 nm, the presence of decomposition product such as salicylic acid or additives can be confirmed.

What is the method of determination of aspirin? Aspirin is a weak acid that also undergoes slow hydrolysis; i.e., each aspirin molecule reacts with two hydroxide ions. To overcome this problem, a known excess amount of base is added to the sample solution and an HCl titration is carried out to determine the amount of unreacted base.

What is the conclusion of the synthesis of aspirin lab report? Conclusion: A total of 2.169 grams of pure aspirin was synthesized out of a possible yield of 2.52

grams. Thus, there was 86.07% product yield. Acetylation of salicylic acid makes aspirin less acidic and therefore less damaging to the digestive system of the human body.

What is the synthesis and analysis of aspirin? The Chemistry of Aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) Aspirin is prepared by chemical synthesis from salicylic acid, through acetylation with acetic anhydride. The molecular weight of aspirin is 180.16g/mol. It is odourless, colourless to white crystals or crystalline powder.

What is the chemistry of aspirin tablet? The chemical formula for Acetylsalicylic Acid is $C_9H_8O_4$. Similarly, the extended formula for the same is said to be $CH_3COOC_6H_4COOH$. Further, the molecular mass of it is around 180.159 g mol⁻¹.

What is the spectral data of aspirin? Aspirin contains aliphatic, aromatic and carboxylic acid protons that span a wide range of the ¹H spectrum, and signal integration reveals a 3:4:1 intensity distribution, respectively. The carboxylic acid resonance (O=COH) is identified by a characteristic downfield chemical shift at 11.77 ppm.

What does UV absorbance detect? A UV Vis spectrophotometer is an instrument designed to measure the absorbance in the UV Vis region using the Beer-Lambert law. It measures the intensity of light passing through a sample solution in a cuvette and compares it to the intensity of the light before it passes through the sample.

What is the expected RF value of aspirin? The R_f values are 0.70 for salicylic acid and diflunisal, 0.67 for aspirin and methyl salicylate, 0.60 for gentisic acid, 0.57 for p-aminosalicylic acid, and 0.40 for salicyluric acid. Detection limits of 1 ppm or less for all the analytes compared favorably to limits of more than 20 ppm for Trinder's test.

Why is UV spectrophotometry important in pharmaceuticals? UV Spectrophotometry Applications in Pharmaceuticals Dissolution testing: Spectrophotometers can analyze dissolution testing results for oral medication dosages. Chemical quantification and identification: Spectrophotometers can confirm the chemical makeup, purity, and ingredients of drugs.

Why do we use UV light in electrophoresis? Post-Electrophoresis Analysis. After we have removed our gel from the running tank, we need to use ultraviolet light to

visualize the DNA and verify that our Restriction Digest was successful.

What is the chromatography method of aspirin? Samples are dissolved in methylene chloride and analyzed directly by adsorption chromatography in a 7-min separation using an isocratic mobile phase. Recoveries averaged 99% over a 200-10,000 ppm concentration range with standard deviations of 4% for the four compounds of interest.

Suzuki Swift Parts in Malaysia: A Comprehensive Guide

Where Can I Find Suzuki Swift Parts in Malaysia?

Finding Suzuki Swift parts in Malaysia is now easier than ever. Reputable auto parts retailers offer a wide range of genuine and aftermarket parts for various Suzuki Swift models. Online platforms like Lazada and Shopee also have numerous vendors selling a diverse selection of parts.

What Are the Most Commonly Replaced Suzuki Swift Parts?

Due to its popularity, the Suzuki Swift has a good aftermarket support system. Some of the most commonly replaced parts include brake pads, brake rotors, spark plugs, air filters, and engine oil. These components experience wear and tear over time and need regular maintenance or replacement.

How Can I Ensure I'm Getting Genuine Suzuki Swift Parts?

When purchasing parts for your Suzuki Swift, it's crucial to differentiate between genuine and aftermarket options. Genuine parts are manufactured by Suzuki and are designed specifically for your vehicle. They offer superior quality and fit, ensuring optimal performance and safety.

What Are the Benefits of Using Genuine Suzuki Swift Parts?

Investing in genuine Suzuki Swift parts comes with several advantages. These parts are meticulously engineered to meet the highest standards of quality, durability, and

compatibility. They are also designed to integrate seamlessly with your vehicle's systems, ensuring reliable performance.

Where Can I Get Help with Suzuki Swift Part Installation?

If you lack the necessary expertise to install Suzuki Swift parts yourself, it's recommended to seek professional assistance. Authorized Suzuki service centers are trained to handle complex repairs and replacements, ensuring that your vehicle receives the best possible care.

What is the summary of raising a spirited child? Brief summary Raising Your Spirited Child by Mary Sheedy Kurcinka is a practical guide for parents of children with strong-willed and intense personalities. It offers valuable insights and strategies for understanding and effectively nurturing these unique spirits.

What is the temperament of a spirited child? High energy level. She may be physically active, always exploring, and unable to slow herself down without help. She may be restless, fidgety, constantly on the move. She may have no sense of what is appropriate behavior and may not follow rules.

What percentage of kids are spirited? You are not alone. Every year approximately 20 percent of all babies born are spirited. That means that there are millions of other parents who empathize with you and understand the challenges you face. You are not failing as a parent.

What are spirited children like as adults? They have big emotions Their highs are really high and their lows are really low, there isn't much in between. A high level of sensitivity as a child lends itself to becoming an extremely empathetic adult. These people care deeply about others and are more likely to experience passion and purpose in life.

Does a spirited child have ADHD? If your child is energetic and finds it hard to sit still, they may be displaying some of the signs of ADHD. But if they are also able to control their impulses and emotions, pay attention, and respond appropriately in school and at home, they are probably just an energetic individual, and not affected by ADHD.

Is a spirited child autistic? Highly sensitive children and autism are distinct concepts, but they can sometimes intersect. Highly sensitive children have a heightened awareness and strong reactions to stimuli, including noise, light, and emotional situations. They may also be empathetic and can be easily overwhelmed by new contexts and changes.

What are spirited child strengths?

What is the characteristic of a spirited child that has intensity? ^ Intensity. This is one of the easier traits to spot. ^ The loud, dramatic, ear-piercing shrieks that can be heard from down the street or across the grocery store. ^ There is no halfway for an intense child. ^ They have powerful tantrums, but they also shout with glee and laughter.

How do you discipline a spirited child?

Are spirited children gifted? One important thing to remember is that gifted children vary so much. There are gifted children who are 'spirited' and are overwhelming in their intensity and energy.

How do you parent a high spirited child? Give them some control. High-spirited children want to be in charge and make decisions. Encourage them to be responsible and make wise choices by giving them the chance to make some family decisions. For example, let your child decide which chores they want to do — not whether or not they're going to do any chores.

What is a spirited perceptive child? The spirited child — often called "difficult" or "strong-willed" — can easily overwhelm parents, leaving them feeling frustrated and inadequate. Spirited kids are, in fact, simply "more" — by temperament, they are more intense, sensitive, perceptive, persistent, and uncomfortable with change than the average child.

What is a spirited child in psychology? Spirited children love to be at the centre of everything, they are eager to learn, they absorb a lot of information and want share what they've learned by demonstrating or talking about their knowledge.

What is a strong-willed child intelligence? There's no doubting the fact that strong-willed children can be overwhelming at times; their intelligence fills them with a need to challenge authority figures, their creativity makes them expert negotiators, and they frequently demand a great deal of attention and validation.

How to handle a free spirited child?

How to calm a high energy child? Try yoga, meditation, or breathing exercises to calm the child. Deep breathing sends more oxygen to the brain and is calming. Over active children usually have really short attention spans. Offer the child to switch to something else before they become restless.

Which parent gives ADHD? Available evidence suggests that ADHD is genetic—passed down from parent to child. ADHD seems to run in at least some families. At least one-third of all fathers who had ADHD in their youth have children with the condition. What's more, the majority of identical twins share the ADHD trait.

Are ADHD kids on the spectrum? Autism and ADHD are separate conditions that share some symptoms. Any parent or caregiver who is concerned that a child is showing signs of one or both conditions should talk to their doctor.

What happens when you yell at an autistic child? Yelling can often make behaviors worse and physical aggression can increase due to the increase in frustration and inability to understand why the adult is yelling.

What Disney character has autism? Renee is a thirteen-year-old girl who is nonverbally autistic. She appears in the Pixar SparkShorts film, Loop. Renee enjoys playing ringtones on her phone and touching interesting textures (like reeds). She communicates by vocalizing, gesturing, and showing people things on her phone.

Is autism from the mother? The inheritance of autism-related genetic factors can occur through both maternal and paternal lines. While the exact mechanisms are complex and not fully understood, researchers have identified various genetic variations that can be passed down from either parent.

What is the meaning of a spirit child? A spirit child is a Ghanaian term for a disabled child who is believed to possess magical powers that cause misfortune.

Disability in Ghana is greatly stigmatized and very often the only way considered socially acceptable to treat disabled children is to kill or exorcize them with the assistance of a witchdoctor.

How to raise a spirited child? Teach your child to problem-solve. Help him identify alternative solutions and anticipate consequences. Teach him to identify his feelings as well as his desires. Use effective communication skills to provide opportunities for teaching empathy for others; this will help him learn to resolve conflicts cooperatively.

What are spirited child strengths?

What is the spirit of a child quote? A child's spirit is like a child, you can never catch it by running after it; you must stand still, and, for love, it will soon itself come back.

How do you describe a chemical reaction? Chemical reactions involve interaction between chemicals such that all reactants are changed into new materials. The properties of the new materials are different from those of the reactants.

Which are descriptions of chemical reactions? chemical reaction, a process in which one or more substances, the reactants, are converted to one or more different substances, the products. Substances are either chemical elements or compounds. A chemical reaction rearranges the constituent atoms of the reactants to create different substances as products.

What can a chemical reaction be described by? Chemical reactions are described with chemical equations, which symbolically present the starting materials, end products, and sometimes intermediate products and reaction conditions. Chemical reactions happen at a characteristic reaction rate at a given temperature and chemical concentration.

What are the five types of chemical reactions 11.2 Lesson check? The five general types of reaction are combination, decomposition, single-replacement, double-replacement, and combustion.

What are chemical reactions explained simply? Chemical reactions are the processes by which chemicals interact to form new chemicals with different

compositions. Simply stated, a chemical reaction is the process where reactants are transformed into products.

What is an example of a chemical reaction with explanation? A chemical reaction is a process in which reactants react chemically and convert into products by chemical transformation. For example, Respiration – we inhale oxygen which reacts with glucose and produces carbon dioxide, water and energy.

Which best describes chemical reaction? The chemical reaction is a process that leads to the transformation of a chemical substance into another matter or form. In a chemical reaction, there is a rearrangement of atoms by the breaking and reforming of chemical bonds. Like the burning of paper which is converted into smoke.

What is a chemical reaction in short notes? In a chemical reaction, only the atoms present in the reactants can end up in the products. No new atoms are created, and no atoms are destroyed. In a chemical reaction, reactants contact each other, bonds between atoms in the reactants are broken, and atoms rearrange and form new bonds to make the products.

What are the 4 main types of chemical reactions? The Main Types of Chemical Reactions The main four types of reactions are direct combination, analysis reaction, single displacement, and double displacement. If you're asked the five main types of reactions, it is these four and then either acid-base or redox (depending who you ask).

What causes a chemical reaction? A chemical reaction occurs when moving molecules hit each other, breaking their bonds and producing an exchange of atoms that form new products. Another way a chemical reaction can occur is through the vibration of substances; when they do so with sufficient energy, they can be broken down into smaller molecules.

What describes a chemical change? In a chemical change the properties of the new substances are different from the original, the particles are different and the number of particles can change.

What are the rules for chemical reactions? Chemical equations must be balanced -- they must have the same number of atoms of each element on both sides of the

equation. As a result, the mass of the reactants must be equal to the mass of the products of the reaction.

Which factor does not affect reaction rate? One of the factors which do not affect the rate of the reaction is temperature.

What is the purpose of balancing a chemical equation? Chemical reactions need to be balanced to abide by the law of conservation of mass which states that matter cannot be created or destroyed. A balanced chemical equation gives a rough idea of the number of reactants that are required for a reaction.

What are the two products of a combustion reaction? For a combustion reaction, the products will always be carbon dioxide (CO_2) and water (H_2O). Combustion reactions always have two products: carbon dioxide and water.

What is a chemical reaction in my own words? A Chemical Reaction is a process that occurs when two or more molecules interact to form a new product(s). Compounds that interact to produce new compounds are called reactants whereas the newly formed compounds are called products.

What are the signs of a chemical reaction?

What is chemical explained simply? A chemical is any substance that has a defined composition. In other words, a chemical is always made up of the same "stuff." Some chemicals occur in nature, such as water. Other chemicals are manufactured, such as chlorine (used for bleaching fabrics or in swimming pools).

What is chemical reaction in easy words? Chemical Reaction: – The processes, in which a substance or substances undergo a chemical change to produce new substance or substances, with entire new properties, are known as chemical reactions. The nature and identity of products totally different from the reactants.

Which is the best example of a chemical reaction? Burning, cooking, rusting and rotting are examples of chemical changes.

What are the basics of a chemical reaction? According to the modern view of chemical reactions, bonds between atoms in the reactants must be broken, and the atoms or pieces of molecules are reassembled into products by forming new bonds.

Energy is absorbed to break bonds, and energy is evolved as bonds are made.

What are the two major types of chemical reactions called?

What is the most important type of chemical reaction? Some synthesis reactions can result in more than one product. Photosynthesis is one of the most important chemical reactions on Earth. It allows plants and some microbes to convert water and carbon dioxide gas into storable sugar and oxygen.

Why are chemical reactions important? Chemical reactions help us understand the properties of a substance. By studying the way a substance interacts with another substance, we can learn its chemical properties. These properties can be used to identify an unknown sample. By observing chemical reactions, we are able to understand how the natural world works.

How do you describe a reaction in writing? A full reaction goes beyond a physical response like, “She stared” or “Her eyes blazed.” (In fact, I would encourage you not to make your characters' eyes do that much work.) Instead, use a combination of physical clues, dialogue, and rich interiority . Indicate both how it's going and what comes next.

How do you describe chemical reactivity? The reactivity of a substance is a chemical property that is best defined as the ability of a substance to interact chemically with a second substance. Reactivity will often happen when two or more substances are physically mixed together or come in contact with each other.

How do you describe the reaction? A reaction is an action taken in response to something. If you're telling your parents that you want to move out, you'll see by their reaction that they're sad about it. A reaction is often a physical in nature. A chemical reaction describes the way a chemical behaves when combined with another substance.

What statement describes a chemical reaction? The chemical equation is a statement that describes a chemical reaction in terms of symbols and formulae.

How do you start a reaction paragraph? The introduction should mention the topic you're reacting to and your overall reaction—there's no need to go into detail about your reaction just yet. Succinctly state your reaction in a clear thesis statement. If

your essay title asks a question, you should answer it in the intro paragraph.

How do you write a reaction essay example?

How do you start a reaction paper sentence? How Do You Start An Introduction For a Reaction Paper? You should also distinguish the objective facts and your own opinions. Use phrases like 'I believe', 'I think', 'In my opinion', 'My first reaction was', 'I was especially moved by', 'The author was successful in making me feel', and so on.

How do you describe a chemical reaction in words? Word equations are a quick and simple way of summarising chemical reactions. Look at the description of this reaction: "Calcium carbonate powder reacted with a solution of dilute hydrochloric acid. The chemicals produced were a solution of calcium chloride, liquid water and carbon dioxide gas."

What is a chemical reaction best described as? Final answer: A chemical reaction is a transformation where atoms are rearranged to form new substances by breaking and forming chemical bonds. It can be either exothermic or endothermic, depending on whether it releases or absorbs energy.

How to write a chemical reaction? The Rules for Writing Chemical Equations is first to write the symbols with positive charge valency. Next, write the valency of each atom at the top of its symbol. Finally, split the valency number by their highest common factor, ignoring the positive or negative radicals. The radical's valency should be switched.

How do you explain a chemical reaction? In a chemical reaction, only the atoms present in the reactants can end up in the products. No new atoms are created, and no atoms are destroyed. In a chemical reaction, reactants contact each other, bonds between atoms in the reactants are broken, and atoms rearrange and form new bonds to make the products.

What are the 4 main types of chemical reactions? The Main Types of Chemical Reactions The main four types of reactions are direct combination, analysis reaction, single displacement, and double displacement. If you're asked the five main types of reactions, it is these four and then either acid-base or redox (depending who you

ask).

How do you know a chemical reaction is occurring write a description?

Summary. Chemical reactions can be identified via a wide range of different observable factors including change in color, energy change (temperature change or light produced), gas production, something burning, and the formation of a precipitate.

What is the statement of a chemical reaction? A Chemical Reaction is a process that occurs when two or more molecules interact to form a new product(s). Compounds that interact to produce new compounds are called reactants whereas the newly formed compounds are called products.

Which statement correctly describes the chemical reaction? The correct statement that describes a chemical reaction is that bonds between atoms break and reform.

Which process is a chemical change? Burning, cooking, rusting and rotting are examples of chemical changes.

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