

KNOWLEDGE AND POSTMODERNISM IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE HEGEMONY AND EXPERIENCE

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What is postmodernist theory of knowledge? In a postmodern view of the world facts, truth and knowledge is regarded as fabricated and constructed in particular discourse communities.

What is the postmodern perspective in history? In the most general sense, postmodernism stands for the proposition that western society in recent decades has undergone an epochal shift from the modern to a post- modern era said to be characterized by the final repudiation of the Enlightenment's legacy of belief in reason and progress and by a pervasive incredulity ...

What is the historical context of postmodernism? Postmodernism is a late 20th-century movement in philosophy and literary theory that generally questions the basic assumptions of Western philosophy in the modern period (roughly, the 17th century through the 19th century). Western philosophy: Modern philosophyRead more about modern philosophy.

What are the three main concepts of postmodernism? The key concepts of sociological postmodernism are subject, identity, text, and symbol. On these grounds, postmodernity is characterized as a form of social order in which the electronic media play a prominent role, symbolic codes are pervasive, and social identities are fragmented.

What is postmodern theory in simple terms? Postmodernism says that since peoples' opinions change, and since one person's opinion cannot be more right than

another, it means nothing to say that (for example) one work of art is better than any other. Postmodernism says that art, music, and literature, for example, can be anything that its maker says that it is.

What are the key features of postmodernism theory?

What is an example of postmodern perspective? Postmodernists reject the concept of absolute truth. Therefore, religion and political systems are just futile attempts to understand the chaos. Don't believe everything you read online or see on television because the media only offers illusions and false hope.

What is the main focus of postmodernism? Postmodernism relies on concrete experience over abstract principles, knowing always that the outcome of one's own experience will necessarily be fallible and relative, rather than certain and universal.

What is the best explanation of postmodernism? The “post” in postmodern suggests “after”. Postmodernism is best understood as a questioning of the ideas and values associated with a form of modernism that believes in progress and innovation. Modernism insists on a clear divide between art and popular culture.

How does postmodernism affect history? Postmodernists depict historians as engaged in a disciplined endeavour to 'appropriate' a past that is meaningless and shapeless. They proclaim that in reality there are no narratives (or models) back there that are not in all their essentials invented, constructed and/or borrowed by historians.

What is the central message of postmodernism? Answer and Explanation: The central message of postmodernism essentially states that there is no such thing as an objective, single truth independent of humans' capacity to interpret and explain.

What is a major influence on postmodernism? Technology has directly influenced two major themes of the Postmodern Period: digitalization and globalization. Digitalization has led to a democratization of art.

What is the main argument of postmodernism? The primary tenets of the postmodern movement include: (1) an elevation of text and language as the fundamental phenomena of existence, (2) the application of literary analysis to all phenomena, (3) and questioning of reality and representation, (4) a critique of knowledge, (5) and postmodernism in history and culture. (6) A critique of EXPERIENCE

metanarratives, (5) an argument against method and ...

What is the basic belief of postmodernism? In the Post Modern view there are no absolutes of any kind and there are no universal truths nor universal criteria for beauty and nor are there universal principles of the GOOD. Thus, there is a return of relativism in the sphere of morality. With that return there is also the threat of chaos which relativism spawns.

What are the main factors of postmodernism? The term is associated with scepticism, irony and philosophical critiques of the concepts of universal truths and objective reality. The term was first used around 1970. As an art movement postmodernism to some extent defies definition – as there is no one postmodern style or theory on which it is hinged.

How do postmodernists view society? Postmodernists disagree with the premise that society is orderly and predictable. They view sociological theories as merely metanarratives, big stories that are no longer able to explain the diversity of personal relationships, so it is no longer possible to make generalised statements of theories about family life.

What does postmodern mean for dummies? involving a view of society or a style in art that is very recent but different from what came immediately before: The book reassures adherents of postmodern culture that they are on the cutting edge of change.

What is the best example of postmodernism in everyday life?

What is postmodernism in simple terms? Postmodernism is a term used to refer to a variety of artistic, cultural, and philosophical movements that claim to mark a break with modernism. What they have in common is the conviction that it is no longer possible to rely upon previous ways of representing reality.

What postmodernism beliefs in society? Postmodernism is an approach that attempts to define how society has progressed to an era beyond modernity. Within this era individuals are more likely to have a greater importance placed on science and rational thought as traditional metanarratives no longer provide a reasonable explanation for postmodern life.

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What does postmodernism say about God? First, there is no sharp distinction between reason on the one hand and faith or revelation on the other. In addition, the world is best understood through interactions with God, even though a full understanding of God is never possible. Those interactions include culture, language, history, technology, and theology.

What are postmodern theories of learning? The postmodern approach to learning is founded upon the assertion that there is not one kind of learner, not one particular goal for learning, not one way in which learning takes place, nor one particular environment where learning occurs (Kilgore, 2001).

What is an example of postmodernism? Postmodern movies aim to subvert highly-regarded expectations, which can be in the form of blending genres or messing with the narrative nature of a film. For example, Pulp Fiction is a Postmodern film for the way it tells the story out of the ordinary, upending our expectations of film structure.

What is postmodernism vs critical theory? Critical theorists understand knowledge as a logical outcome of neatly categorized human interests; they believe that people tend to know about what they are interested in being able to do. On the other hand, postmodern theorists view knowledge as not fixed or certain, opposing the idea of it being rational.

What postmodern theories emphasize? Postmodern philosophy is often particularly skeptical about simple binary oppositions characteristic of structuralism, emphasizing the problem of the philosopher cleanly distinguishing knowledge from ignorance, social progress from reversion, dominance from submission, good from bad, and presence from absence.

Stalin's Ocean-Going Fleet: Soviet Naval Strategy and Shipbuilding Programs, 1935-53

Q&A on the CASS Series: Naval Policy and History

1. What was the significance of Stalin's Ocean-Going Fleet? A: Stalin's Ocean-Going Fleet was a major component of the Soviet Union's World War II naval strategy. It was intended to project Soviet power beyond its coastal waters and compete

with the naval powers of the time.

2. How did the Soviet Union develop and implement its naval shipbuilding programs?

A: The Soviet Union embarked on a massive shipbuilding program, constructing a large number of cruisers, destroyers, submarines, and auxiliary vessels. The program was driven by the Five-Year Plans, which set ambitious targets for naval expansion.

3. What were the main features of the Soviet naval shipbuilding program during this period?

A: The Soviet shipbuilding program prioritized large-scale production of standardized vessels. Many ships were built using similar designs, enabling mass production and reducing costs.

4. What impact did the Ocean-Going Fleet have on the Soviet Union's naval strategy?

A: The Ocean-Going Fleet enhanced Soviet naval capabilities and allowed for operations in distant waters. It enabled the Soviet Union to support its allies, conduct commerce raiding, and challenge Western naval powers in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

5. What are the key insights from the CASS Series on Naval Policy and History?

A: The CASS Series provides valuable insights into the development and implementation of Soviet naval strategy and shipbuilding programs. It highlights the importance of naval power in shaping international relations and offers a comprehensive analysis of the Soviet Union's efforts to build a strong and capable navy.

Stocks: Stock Trading Basics and Strategies for Beginners (3rd Edition)

Q1: What is stock trading? A: Stock trading involves buying and selling shares of companies that are publicly traded on stock exchanges. When you buy shares, you become a shareholder of the company and own a small portion of its assets and earnings.

Q2: What are the basic principles of stock trading? A: Understanding the concepts of risk and reward, market trends, and company fundamentals is crucial. Higher returns come with increased risk, and it's important to diversify your portfolio by investing in different stocks or industries.

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Q3: How do I get started with stock trading? A: Open a brokerage account with a reputable firm and fund it with the amount you wish to invest. Research potential investments, set a budget and stick to it, and consider consulting with a financial advisor for personalized guidance.

Q4: What are some common trading strategies for beginners? A: Value investing involves buying stocks below their intrinsic value, while growth investing focuses on companies with promising growth potential. Technical analysis uses historical price data to predict future trends. Other strategies include momentum trading and dividend investing.

Q5: How can I avoid costly mistakes? A: Set realistic profit targets, manage your risk by using stop-loss orders, don't panic-sell during market downturns, and avoid chasing rapid stock price increases. Remember that investing is a long-term game, and patience often pays off.

What is the morphology of Malvaceae pollen? The literature consulted revealed that pollen grains from Malvaceae s.l. are highly heterogeneous, characterizing the subfamilies as eurypoline, mainly in terms of the type of aperture, exine ornamentation, and pollen size (Saba and Santos 2015; Silveira Júnior et al. 2017; Saba et al. 2020; Lopes et al. 2021).

What is the taxonomic significance of pollen morphology? Pollen morphology is conducted as an aid to the morphological study and a significant tool for modern taxonomist for the delimitation of species. Mature pollen grain size, exine sculpturing, and number of pores are the most distinctive features. Palynological data has been useful at generic and specific level.

What is the pollen morphology of Hibiscus? Two distinct pollen types were recognized based on polarity, shape, diameter and spine index of the pollen grains. The genus, Hibiscus is characterized by apolar, pantoporate and globose to spheroidal pollen grains whereas Abutilon is delimited by isopolar, 3-zonoporate and suboblate-spheroidal pollen grains.

What are the morphological features of pollen? The shape of the pollen grain is commonly found in round, ovule, triangular, disc or in a bean-shape with a smooth to

spiky texture. The natural colour of pollen grains are white, which may also vary depending on the plant species. Some are yellow in colour, or orange, or cream and so on.

What are the distinguishing characteristics of Malvaceae? The Malvaceae are distinctive in being herbs, shrubs, or trees, often with stellate trichomes, typically with an epicalyx, the calyx valvate, the corolla often convolute [sometimes valvate or imbricate] the stamens connate as a tube or 5–? bundles, with monothecal or dithecal anthers, gynoecium syncarpous [rarely ...

What are the morphological features of Hibiscus flower? Hibiscus leaves are ovate, simple and 8 to 10.5 cm long. They are spirally arranged around a long stalk. The flowers are bisexual, large and showy, grow up to 25 cm wide, stalked and arising singly from the upper leaf axils. The five free petals joined at the base may be white, yellow or red colour.

What is the role of morphology in taxonomy? Morphology provides us with the basis for the understanding of function, taxonomy, heredity, ecology, development, and other branches of biology, therefore giving us a platform to study other branches.

What is the taxonomic importance of morphological characters? Morphological features, including seedling morphological characters, provide valuable data for the identification and classification of plant taxa 5. Therefore, morphological data is essential in plant taxonomy for accurate species identification and understanding of evolutionary relationships 3 1 5.

What is the significance of taxonomic classification? Taxonomy serves as a beacon of knowledge, guiding us toward a deeper understanding of our place in the natural world and our responsibility to protect it. Unraveling the relationships built out via taxonomic efforts also provides clues to issues regarding lost species, and reasons surrounding their extinction.

What is the pollen morphology of bougainvillea? The shapes of fresh pollen grains of Bougainvillea genotypes are spheroidal to prolate-spheroidal or suboblate after infolding. The sexine of Bougainvillea pollen grains consists of columellae and a reticulate cristatum, with or without microechini.

What is the function of the pollen in hibiscus flower? Pollen is essential for sexual reproduction of flowering plants and plants that produce cones. Each pollen grain contains male gametes necessary for fertilisation. The scientific study of living and fossilised pollen grains is known as palynology. The male part of flowering plants is the stamen.

Which pollination takes place in hibiscus? Option (D): Hibiscus is naturally pollinated by insects. Hibiscus has very bright-colored petals that attract a lot of insects and thus insects pollinated them.

What is the pollen morphology of Malvaceae? Pollen grains of Malvaceae are usually spheroid or globular in its outline, colporate or porate with echinate sculpture. Pollen exine always consists of sexine and nexine; the latter is usually thicker than the former (Christensen 1986, a).

What is the role of pollen morphology in taxonomy? Study of pollen character has been proved to be very useful in solving taxonomic disputes. Palynological evidences appeared very effective in plant taxonomy and Phylogeny since the pollen grains possess distinctly unique characters which are genetically controlled.

What is the structure and function of the pollen? Pollen grains are microscopic structures that carry the male reproductive cell of plants. The inside of the grain contains cytoplasm along with the tube cell (which becomes the pollen tube) and the generative cell (which releases the sperm nuclei). The outer shell is made of two layers.

What is the structure of Malvaceae flower? They generally have five valvate sepals, most frequently basally connate, with five imbricate petals. The stamens are five to numerous, and connate at least at their bases, but often forming a tube around the pistils. The pistils are composed of two to many connate carpels.

What type of seeds are in the malvaceae family? Okra, cotton, cacao, and durian are well-known species within the Malvaceae family, containing several genres and species. The genera Alcea, Malva, and Lavatera also include common ornamentals and citrus trees such as tilia (lime or linden tree).

What type of inflorescence is in the Malvaceae family? Some of the common and important genera in the Malvaceae family are Hibiscus, Alcea, Lavatera, and Gossypium.

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What is the morphology of hibiscus pollen? We first demonstrate that pollen of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* has a strong symmetry regarding the distribution of its spines over the spherical grain. These spines form spherical hexagons and pentagons.

What is unique about the hibiscus flower? The large, trumpet-shaped flowers have five or more petals, and come in a range of colors, including white, pink, orange, red, yellow, purple, and multi-hued patterns. Hibiscus blossoms open wide, inviting pollinators from bees to hummingbirds to reach in for a deep drink of nectar.

What is the morphology character of flower? Flower morphology consists of a large number of parameters, including the number and shape of petals, number of stamens, petal size and the number and arrangement of styles and ovaries.

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What is the pollen morphology of the family Asteraceae? The pollen grains are radially symmetric, isopolar, small to medium, oblate-spheroidal, subprolate or prolate-spheroidal ($P/E = 0.96-1.1$), 3-colporate and equinolophate (Figs. 1-6).

What is the morphology of Poaceae pollen? Poaceae pollen have monoporate grains of a very uniform morphology that are adapted to anemophily (Page 1978; Salgado-Labouriau & Rinaldi 1990; Joly et al. 2007).

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