- 1.2 [20/20/20] <1.6> They will sell a range of chips from that factory, and they need to decide how much capacity to dedicate to each chip. Imagine that they will sell two chips. Phoenix is a completely new architecture designed with 7 nm technology in mind, whereas RedDragon is the same architecture as their 10 nm Blue-Dragon. Imagine that RedDragon will make a profit of \$15 per defect-free chip. Phoenix will make a profit of \$30 per defect-free chip. Each wafer has a 450 mm diameter.
- a. How much profit to you make on each water of Phoenix chips?

$$\frac{\pi * (450/2)^2}{7} = \frac{\pi * 450}{\sqrt{2*7}}$$

$$= \frac{\pi * (50,625)}{7} - \frac{\pi * 450}{\sqrt{14}}$$

Die yield = Wafer yield \* 1/(1+ Defects per unit area \* Die area)

$$= 1/211 \rightarrow 0.004739$$

Profit = Dies per Nafer \* dre yield \* defects per area

= 22, 342.62 \* 1/211 \* 30

= 3, 176.6758

La 0.0003176

Profit on Phoenix chips = 0.003176

Profit on the nix chips - 0.003176

b. How much profit do you make on each wafer of Red Oragon chips?

Red Dragon

area = 10nm diameter = 450 nm

clefects = 15

Dies per water = 7 \* (water diameter /2) = 1 \* water diameter /2) = 1 \* Oic area

$$= \frac{\chi * (450/2)^2}{10} - \frac{\chi * 450}{\sqrt{2^* 10}}$$

$$= \frac{11 * (50,625)}{10} - \frac{11 * 450}{20}$$

Die yield = Wafer yield \* 1/(1+ Defects per unit area \* Die area)

Profit = Dies per wafer \* dre yveld \* defects per area

## Profit on Red Dragon chips = 0.0015455

Phoenix chips per month, and your facility can fabricate 70 mafers a month, how many wafers should you make of each chip?

Red Dragon Chips per Month = 50,000 = 3.213

Dies per wafer for Red Oragon 15,558.1961

Phoenix Chips per Month = 25,000 = 1.12

Dies per wafer for Phoenix 22,342.62

The most lucrative split would is 3 hed Dragon thips and I Phoenix thip.