# Problem Reporter

Anthony Cope, Evan Kroske, Jesse Brizzi

# Vision and Scope

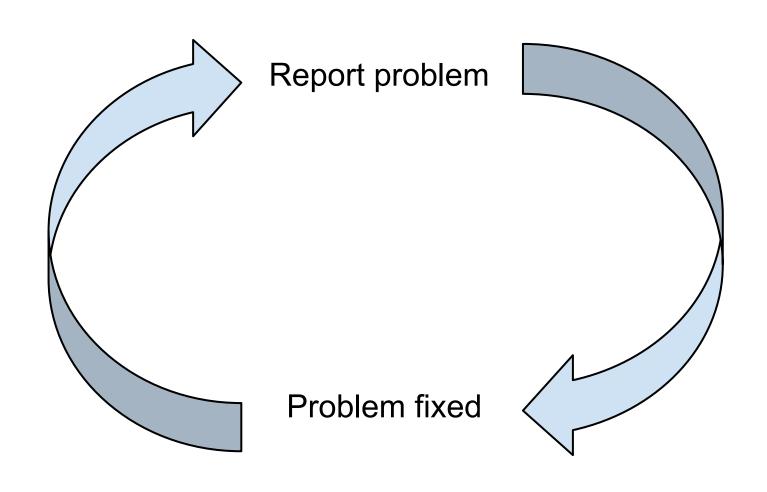
#### **Vision**

- Beautify USF campus
- Connect student with USF administration

#### Scope

- Report problems on campus
- View status of reported problems
- Administration manages problem reports

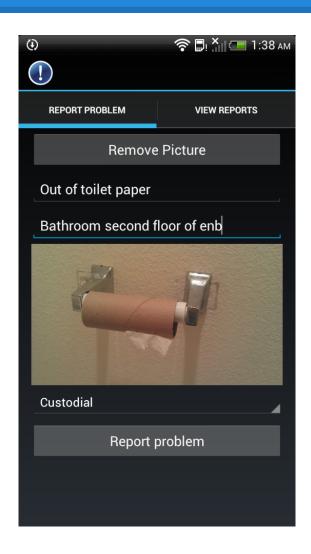
# Problem Reporting Feedback Loop



## **Report Problems**

#### **Technologies**

- Geolocation
- Fragments
- Asynchronous networking
- JSON encoding



- Fragments are normally used to manage applications layouts over screens with differing sizes.
- We used them to implement our simple to use tab interface.

```
kfragment xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:tag = "ReportProblemFragment"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:name="com.example.pictures.ReportProblemFragment"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:layout="@layout/report_problem_fragment" />
```

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    ActionBar actionBar = getActionBar();
    actionBar.setNavigationMode(ActionBar.NAVIGATION MODE TABS);
    actionBar.setDisplayShowTitleEnabled(false);
    Tab tab = actionBar.newTab()
            .setText("Report problem")
            .setTabListener(this)
            .setTag(REPORT PROBLEM TAG);
    actionBar.addTab(tab);
    tab = actionBar.newTab()
        .setText("View reports")
        .setTabListener(this)
        .setTag(REPORT LIST TAG);
    actionBar.addTab(tab);
}
```

```
@Override
public void onTabSelected(Tab tab, FragmentTransaction ft) {
    switch ((Integer)tab.getTag()) {
    case REPORT PROBLEM TAG:
        if (reportProblemFragment == null) {
            reportProblemFragment = Fragment.instantiate(this, ReportProblemFragment.class.getName());
            ft.replace(android.R.id.content, reportProblemFragment);
        else {
            ft.attach(reportProblemFragment);
        break;
    case REPORT LIST TAG:
        if (reportListFragment == null) {
            InputMethodManager inputManager = (InputMethodManager)getSystemService(Context.INPUT METHOD SERVICE);
            inputManager.hideSoftInputFromWindow(this.getCurrentFocus().getWindowToken(), InputMethodManager.HIDE NOT ALWAYS);
            reportListFragment = Fragment.instantiate(this, ReportListFragment.class.getName());
            ft.replace(android.R.id.content, reportListFragment);
        else {
            ft.attach(reportListFragment);
        //((ReportListFragment)reportListFragment).updateList(problems); // update the fragment with latest list
        break;
```

# Fragments vs Activities onCreate vs onCreateView

```
@Override
public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup container, Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreateView(inflater, container, savedInstanceState);

    View v = inflater.inflate(R.layout.report_problem_fragment, container, false);
    return v;
}
```

# **Attach Picture to Problem Report**

#### **Technologies**

- Intents
- Camera
- Local storage



#### Camera

#### Call the default in Camera app.

```
private void dispatchTakePictureIntent(int actionCode) {
    Intent takePictureIntent = new Intent(MediaStore.ACTION_IMAGE_CAPTURE);
    startActivityForResult(takePictureIntent, actionCode);
}
```

#### Retrieve the image.

```
private void handleSmallCameraPhoto(Intent intent) {
    Bundle extras = intent.getExtras();
    mImageBitmap = (Bitmap) extras.get("data");
    mImageView.setImageBitmap(mImageBitmap);
}
```

#### Camera

#### Call the default in Camera app.

```
Intent takePictureIntent = new Intent(MediaStore.ACTION IMAGE CAPTURE);
//creates folder ProblemReporterPictures in the Picture Directory
File storageDir = new File(
        Environment.getExternalStoragePublicDirectory(
            Environment.DIRECTORY PICTURES), "ProblemReporterPictures");
storageDir = new File(storageDir.getAbsolutePath()); // gets full path
if(storageDir.mkdirs() | storageDir.isDirectory()){ //if new directory successfully created or already there
   try {
        File f = createImageFile(storageDir); // individually name image based on current time
        takePictureIntent.putExtra(MediaStore.EXTRA OUTPUT, Uri.fromFile(f)); // add storage location info
        takePictureIntent.putExtra(MediaStore.EXTRA SIZE LIMIT, Integer.toString(640*480));
        startActivityForResult(takePictureIntent, actionCode); // send to camera app
    } catch (IOException e) {
        // TODO Auto-generated catch block
        e.printStackTrace();
        Log.w(TAG, "error saving file");
else
    Log.w(TAG, "Make dir failed");
```

#### Camera

#### Retrieve the image.

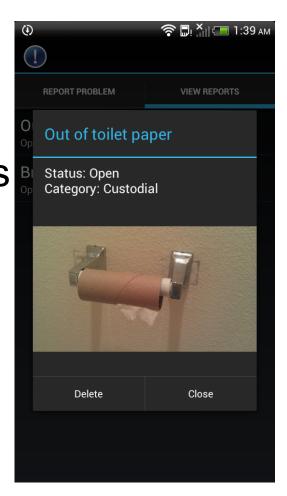
```
@Override
public void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent data) {
    if (requestCode == TAKE_PICTURE_CODE && resultCode == Activity.RESULT_OK) {
        grabImage(currentPhotoPath);
        pictureButtonString = (String) getText(R.string.remove_picture);
        pictureButtonSaysRemove = true;
    }
}
```

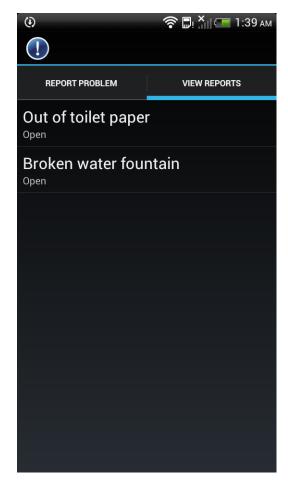
# Report Problem Demo

# View Status of Reported Problems

#### **Technologies**

- ListFragment
- ListAdapter
- Asynchronous networking
- JSON





## ListAdapter

- Custom adapter for displaying list
- Bridge between the data and the ListView

# Asynchronous networking

Android Asynchronous Http Client

```
public class BackendClient {
    private static final String BASE_URL = "http://enigmatic-anchorage-8896.herokuapp.com";
    private static AsyncHttpClient client = new AsyncHttpClient();

public static void get(String url, RequestParams params, AsyncHttpResponseHandler responseHandler) {
        client.get(getAbsoluteUrl(url), params, responseHandler);
    }

    public static void postJson(Context context, String url, HttpEntity entity, AsyncHttpResponseHandler responseHandler) {
        client.post(context, getAbsoluteUrl(url), entity, "application/json", responseHandler);
    }

    public static void postParams(Context context, String url, RequestParams params, AsyncHttpResponseHandler responseHandler) {
        client.post(context, getAbsoluteUrl(url), params, responseHandler);
    }

    private static String getAbsoluteUrl(String relativeUrl) {
        return BASE_URL + relativeUrl;
    }
}
```

# **ListAdapter Demo**

# Manage Problem Reports with Web Application

- View reports on map
- Mark reports as complete
- Authentication

# Web Application Technologies



#### **Amazon S3**

- Durable file storage and hosting
- Pay for what you use
- No storage limits



# Using S3

#### On Amazon:

- 1. Sign up
- 2. Create bucket
- 3. Create credentials for your app

#### In your app:

- 1. Create client with credentials
- 2. Create request
- 3. Send request



#### **Demo Time!**

http://enigmatic-anchorage-8896.herokuapp.com/admin/login

### In conclusion

- Goals
- Features
- Technologies

# **Questions?**