

# Homework 6

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1. (2 points) Model selection

We fit a linear on a fictitious dataset to obtain the following result:

Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~ x1 + x2, data = data.homework)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-1.3335	-0.7237	-0.1705	0.5762	1.9115

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	0.2990	0.2546	1.174	0.25641
x1	0.6538	0.2458	2.660	0.01650 *
x2	0.7397	0.2136	3.464	0.00297 **

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.03 on 17 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.4633, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4002

F-statistic: 7.337 on 2 and 17 DF, p-value: 0.005044

- (a) Suppose we wish to select a submodel using best subset selection. Write down the list of models we will consider.
- (b) Suppose we fit a model with only the  $x_1$  variable.

Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~ x1, data = data.homework)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-3.0831	-0.8359	0.2331	0.8785	1.7681

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	0.001078	0.304097	0.004	0.997
x1	0.381063	0.295527	1.289	0.214

Residual standard error: 1.307 on 18 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.08456, Adjusted R-squared: 0.0337

F-statistic: 1.663 on 1 and 18 DF, p-value: 0.2136

Suppose we wish to use the *BIC* to select the model. Compute the *BIC* for each model. Which would you select? The residual sum of squares is 18.0399 for the full model (with two variables). The RSS is 30.77 for the reduced model (with one variable).

2. (3 points) Bayes Estimator

Define the Gamma distribution with parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  to have p.d.f. (for  $\lambda > 0$ ).

$$f(\lambda) = C(\alpha, \beta) \lambda^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta\lambda}, \quad (1)$$

where  $C(\alpha, \beta)$  is a normalizing constant. The Gamma distribution has mean  $\alpha/\beta$ .

Suppose that we observe  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ , and we have a prior on  $\lambda$  given by  $\lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$ .

Compute the posterior distribution of  $\lambda$  given  $x$ . Compute the Bayes estimator (posterior mean)  $\hat{\lambda}^B$ .

3. (5 points) Contingency tables

Suppose that we wish to model the probability of being cured as a function of whether the patient is treated or not.

We have a trial with 20 patients total, 10 who have been assigned to the treatment, and 10 who have been assigned to the control group.

Cured	Treated	
	Yes	No
Yes	6	4
No	4	6

- Compute the chi-square statistic for testing association between the treatment and whether the patient was cured.
- Suppose that instead we wish to use a logistic regression to model the probability of being cured. Write down the equation for the logistic regression for the treatment group and the control group.
- Compute the observed log-odds ratio from the contingency table. Solve the system to obtain the estimates of the coefficient.