

## 1 Doubts

1. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session2, Exercise, Q3 "How is  $f$  continuous at  $x = 0$ "
2. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session3, Exercise, Q2, (b) "How is  $g(x)$  a function?"
3. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session5, Exercise, Q1, "How is the given function discontinuous at  $x = 0$ "
4. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 2
5. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 11
6. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 12
7. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 22
8. If  $f'(x)$  is given then how to identify differentiability of  $f$ ?
9. If  $f(x)$  is a polynomial and has  $n$  real roots then  $f'(x)$  has  $n - 1$  real roots?
10. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 31
11. Amit M. Agrawal, Differentiation, Session3, Shortcut for Differentiation of Implicit Functions
12. Disprove,

If

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^x x = \underbrace{x + x + x + \dots + x}_{x \text{ times}}$$

then

$$f'(x) = \sum_{n=1}^x 1 = \underbrace{1 + 1 + 1 + \dots + 1}_{x \text{ times}} = x$$

$\therefore$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)) = \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) = x$$

13. Neighbourhood in limits
14. Math StackExchange Question on Continuity of Composite Functions