1 Doubts

- 1. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session2, Exercise, Q3 "How is f continuous at x=0"
- 2. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session3, Exercise, Q2, (b) "How is g(x) a function?"
- 3. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, Session5, Exercise, Q1, "How is the given function discontinuous at x=0"
- 4. Arihant Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 2
- 5. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 11
- 6. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 12
- 7. Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 22
- 8. If f'(x) is given then how to identify differentiability of f?
- 9. If f(x) is a polynomial and has n real roots then f'(x) has n-1 real roots?
- Amit M. Agrawal, Continuity and Differentiability, JEE Type Examples, Example 31
- 11. Amit M. Agrawal, Differentiation, Session3, Shortcut for Differentiation of Implicit Functions
- 12. Disprove,

If

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{x} x = \underbrace{x + x + x + \dots + x}_{x \text{ times}}$$

then

$$f'(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{x} 1 = \underbrace{1 + 1 + 1 + \dots + 1}_{x \text{ times}} = x$$

∴.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)) = \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) = x$$

- 13. Neighbourhood in limits
- 14. Math StackExchange Question on Continuity of Composite Functions
- 15. Math StackExachange Proof on Roots of Odd Degree Polynomials Doubt in answer by Shuchang in Method of IVT.
- 16. Let $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{x} x = \underbrace{x + x + x + \dots + x}_{x \text{ times}}$ are both f and g same?
- 17. Consider the function

$$f(x) = \underbrace{x + x + x + \ldots + x}_{x \text{ times}}$$

What is domain of f?

18. Consider,

$$F(x) = max \{ f_1(x), f_2(x), f_3(x) \} \ \forall \ x \in \mathbb{R}$$

If
$$f_1(x) > f_2(x) \ \forall \ x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Then, Prove or Disprove

$$F(x) = max \{ f_1(x), f_3(x) \}$$

19. Prove or Disprove, If f(x) is a real continuous function for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and f is symmetric about two different lines perpendicular to axis of x (say x = a and x = b, a > b), i.e.

$$f(a-x) = f(a+x)$$

and

$$f(b-x) = f(b+x)$$

then f is periodic with period 2(a-b)

20. Prove or Disprove,

$$\int_0^a f(x)dx = \int_0^a f(a-x)dx$$

21. Prove or Disprove,

$$\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} \frac{\cos^{-1}(1 - x^{2})}{x} = \sqrt{2}$$

22. The range of

$$f(x) = 8^{\cos x} + 8^{\sin x}$$