

# Homework: Lubridate and Purrr

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```
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.1
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.4      v tidyr     1.3.1
## v purrr      1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

## Exercise 1 Question 1

Generate a sequence of dates from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2025, spaced by every two months. Extract the year, quarter, and ISO week number for each date.

Interpretation: every 2 months starting January 1, 2015. This will not include December 31, 2025. The last date within the date range is November 1, 2025.

```
start <- mdy("01/01/2015") #start date
end <- mdy("12/31/2025") # end date
intrv <- interval(start, end) #interval between start and end date
period <- (as.period(intrv)) #convert to period

months_total <- (12*period@year + period@month) #find number of full months in period
#this is simple arithmetic, but doing it this way will make it possible to do this for any 2 dates

date <- map_vec(seq(0, months_total, by = 2), \(x)start + months(x)) #create date vector
year <- map_int(date, ~year(.)) #Create year column

df <- (data.frame(date, year)) %>% #bind those two columns together
  mutate(quarter = quarter(date), iso_week = isoweek(date)) #add the rest of the columns

df

##           date year quarter iso_week
## 1 2015-01-01 2015         1         1
## 2 2015-03-01 2015         1         9
## 3 2015-05-01 2015         2        18
```

## 4	2015-07-01	2015	3	27
## 5	2015-09-01	2015	3	36
## 6	2015-11-01	2015	4	44
## 7	2016-01-01	2016	1	53
## 8	2016-03-01	2016	1	9
## 9	2016-05-01	2016	2	17
## 10	2016-07-01	2016	3	26
## 11	2016-09-01	2016	3	35
## 12	2016-11-01	2016	4	44
## 13	2017-01-01	2017	1	52
## 14	2017-03-01	2017	1	9
## 15	2017-05-01	2017	2	18
## 16	2017-07-01	2017	3	26
## 17	2017-09-01	2017	3	35
## 18	2017-11-01	2017	4	44
## 19	2018-01-01	2018	1	1
## 20	2018-03-01	2018	1	9
## 21	2018-05-01	2018	2	18
## 22	2018-07-01	2018	3	26
## 23	2018-09-01	2018	3	35
## 24	2018-11-01	2018	4	44
## 25	2019-01-01	2019	1	1
## 26	2019-03-01	2019	1	9
## 27	2019-05-01	2019	2	18
## 28	2019-07-01	2019	3	27
## 29	2019-09-01	2019	3	35
## 30	2019-11-01	2019	4	44
## 31	2020-01-01	2020	1	1
## 32	2020-03-01	2020	1	9
## 33	2020-05-01	2020	2	18
## 34	2020-07-01	2020	3	27
## 35	2020-09-01	2020	3	36
## 36	2020-11-01	2020	4	44
## 37	2021-01-01	2021	1	53
## 38	2021-03-01	2021	1	9
## 39	2021-05-01	2021	2	17
## 40	2021-07-01	2021	3	26
## 41	2021-09-01	2021	3	35
## 42	2021-11-01	2021	4	44
## 43	2022-01-01	2022	1	52
## 44	2022-03-01	2022	1	9
## 45	2022-05-01	2022	2	17
## 46	2022-07-01	2022	3	26
## 47	2022-09-01	2022	3	35
## 48	2022-11-01	2022	4	44
## 49	2023-01-01	2023	1	52
## 50	2023-03-01	2023	1	9
## 51	2023-05-01	2023	2	18
## 52	2023-07-01	2023	3	26
## 53	2023-09-01	2023	3	35
## 54	2023-11-01	2023	4	44
## 55	2024-01-01	2024	1	1
## 56	2024-03-01	2024	1	9
## 57	2024-05-01	2024	2	18

```
## 58 2024-07-01 2024      3      27
## 59 2024-09-01 2024      3      35
## 60 2024-11-01 2024      4      44
## 61 2025-01-01 2025      1       1
## 62 2025-03-01 2025      1       9
## 63 2025-05-01 2025      2      18
## 64 2025-07-01 2025      3      27
## 65 2025-09-01 2025      3      36
## 66 2025-11-01 2025      4      44
```

#Exercise 2 Question 2 Given the following dates, compute the difference in months and weeks between each consecutive pair.

```
sample_dates <- c("2018-03-15", "2020-07-20", "2023-01-10", "2025-09-05") %>%
  ymd() #convert sample dates from strings to Dates
dates <- sample_dates %>%
  data.frame() %>%
  select(date = ".") %>% #rename column
  mutate(date_diff = (date - lag(date))%>%as.period(), #find difference between dates
         diff_months = date_diff / months(1), diff_weeks = date_diff / weeks(1)) #convert to weeks and
# interpretation question - is difference in months and weeks referring to 2 differences?
# or is it referring to 1 difference, expressed in months,weeks?
# choosing the former because the differences involve non-integer numbers of weeks
dates
```

```
##      date      date_diff diff_months diff_weeks
## 1 2018-03-15      <NA>          NA          NA
## 2 2020-07-20 858d 0H 0M 0S    28.18891    122.5714
## 3 2023-01-10 904d 0H 0M 0S    29.70021    129.1429
## 4 2025-09-05 969d 0H 0M 0S    31.83573    138.4286
```

#Exercise 3 Question 3 Using map() and map\_dbl(), compute the mean, median, and standard deviation for each numeric vector in the following list

```
num_lists <- list(c(4, 16, 25, 36, 49), c(2.3, 5.7, 8.1, 11.4), c(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))
.f = function(l){
  return(c(mean(l), median(l), sd(l)))
}
map(num_lists, .f)
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] 26.00000 25.00000 17.42125
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 6.8750 6.9000 3.8422
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 30.00000 30.00000 15.81139
```

*#why use map and map\_dbl? there is only one list which needs functions applied to each item  
#the inner lists need multiple functions applied to the whole list instead*

#Exercise 4 Question 4 Given a list of mixed date formats, use map() and possibly() from purrr to safely convert them to Date format and extract the month name.

Assumptions: possible formats are ymd and dmy. (Without assumption, date 1 is ambiguous).

```

date_strings <- list("2023-06-10", "2022/12/25", "15-Aug-2021", "InvalidDate")
d = date_strings[1]
date_convert = function(d){ #function to convert dates in either format
  date = ifelse(is.na(ymd(d)), dmy(d), ymd(d)) %>%
    as.Date()
  return(date)
}
possibly_convert <- possibly(date_convert) #safe version of convert function
possibly_month <- possibly(~month(., label = T)) #safe version of month function
formatted_dates <- map_vec(date_strings, possibly_convert) #convert all to dates
months <- map_vec(formatted_dates, possibly_month) #extract all month names
data.frame(formatted_dates, months) #present as data frame

```

```

##   formatted_dates months
## 1      2023-06-10    Jun
## 2      2022-12-25    Dec
## 3      2021-08-15    Aug
## 4              <NA>  <NA>

```