

## Jointly Distributed Random Variables

### Conditional Distributions:

#### Discrete Case [Ross S6.4]

Recall that for  $P[F] > 0$ :

$$P[E|F] = \frac{P[EF]}{P[F]}$$

Say  $p_Y(y) > 0$ . The **conditional pmf** for  $X$  given  $Y$  is

$$\begin{aligned} p_{X|Y}(x|y) &= P[X = x | Y = y] \\ &= \frac{P[X = x, Y = y]}{P[Y = y]} \\ &= \frac{p_{XY}(x, y)}{p_Y(y)} \end{aligned}$$

The **conditional cdf** for  $X$  given  $Y$  is

$$\begin{aligned} F_{X|Y}(x|y) &= P[X \leq x | Y = y] \\ &= \frac{P[X \leq x, Y = y]}{P[Y = y]} \\ &= \sum_{a \leq x} \frac{P[X = a, Y = y]}{P[Y = y]} \\ &= \sum_{a \leq x} p_{X|Y}(a|y) \end{aligned}$$

If  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent:

$$\begin{aligned} p_{X|Y}(x|y) &= \frac{p_{XY}(x, y)}{p_Y(y)} \\ &= \frac{p_X(x)p_Y(y)}{p_Y(y)} \\ &= p_X(x) \end{aligned}$$

**Example 27.1:** Let  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_1)$  and  $Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_2)$  be independent.

Find the conditional pmf for  $X$  given  $X + Y = n$ .

*Solution:*

**Example 27.2:** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be iid and  $\sim \text{Bernoulli}(p)$ .

Say these result in  $k$  ones. Show that each of the  $\binom{n}{k}$  possible orderings of  $k$

ones are then equally likely.

*Solution:*

---

---

#### Continuous Case [Ross S6.5]

If  $X$  and  $Y$  are continuous, for  $f_Y(y) > 0$ , the **conditional pdf** of  $X$  given

$Y = y$  is

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{XY}(x, y)}{f_Y(y)}$$

We also define:

$$P[X \in A | Y = y] = \int_A f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx$$

and then

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P[X \in A | Y = y] f_Y(y) dy &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ \int_A f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx \right] f_Y(y) dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_A f_{X|Y}(x|y) f_Y(y) dy dx \\ &= \int_A \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XY}(x, y) dy dx \\ &= P[X \in A] \end{aligned} \tag{27.2}$$

With  $A = (-\infty, a]$ , we get the **conditional cdf**

$$F_{X|Y}(a|y) = P[X \leq a | Y = y] = \int_{-\infty}^a f_{X|Y}(x|y) dx$$

If  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent and  $f_Y(y) > 0$ :

$$\begin{aligned} f_{X|Y}(x|y) &= \frac{f_{XY}(x, y)}{f_Y(y)} \\ &= \frac{f_X(x)f_Y(y)}{f_Y(y)} \\ &= f_X(x) \end{aligned}$$

**Example 27.3:** The joint pdf of  $X$  and  $Y$  is

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-x/y} e^{-y}}{y} & 0 < x < \infty, 0 < y < \infty \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Find  $P[X > 1 | Y = 1]$ .

*Solution:*