



# Electric Towers Segmentation by Unsupervised Domain Adaptation Approach

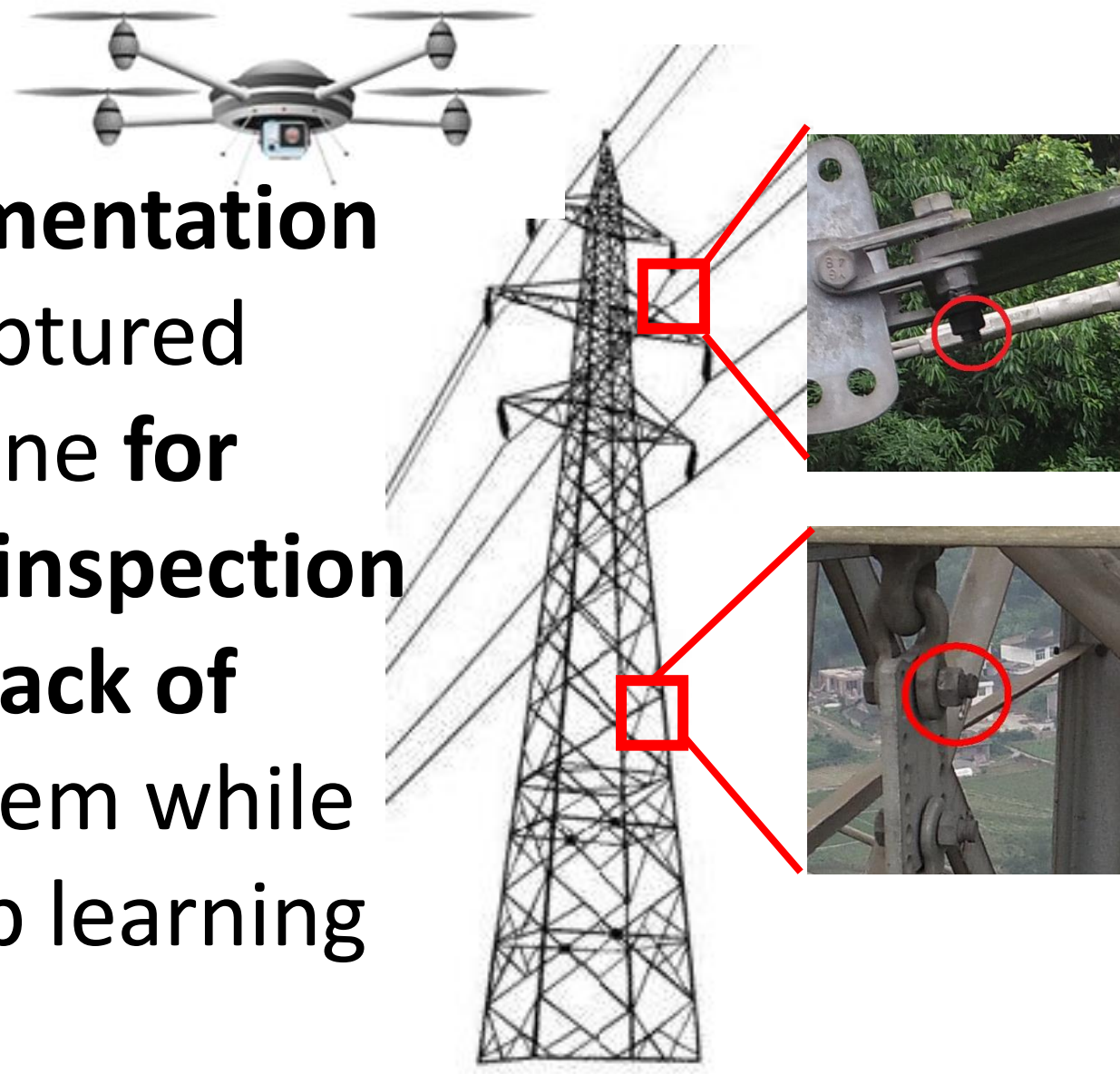
Group 15

0886035 陳心怡, 0856105 吳承翰

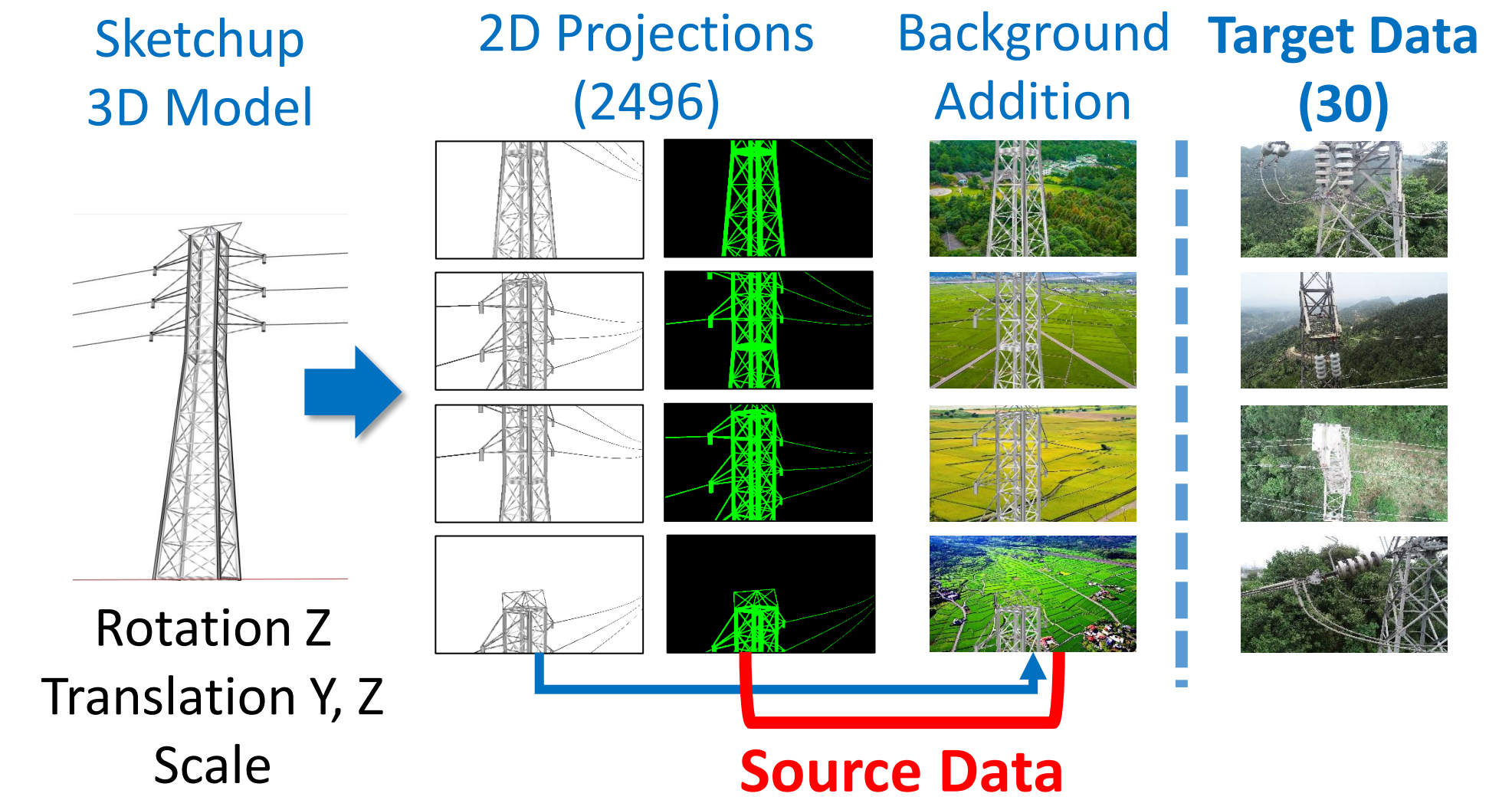
## Introduction

### Background

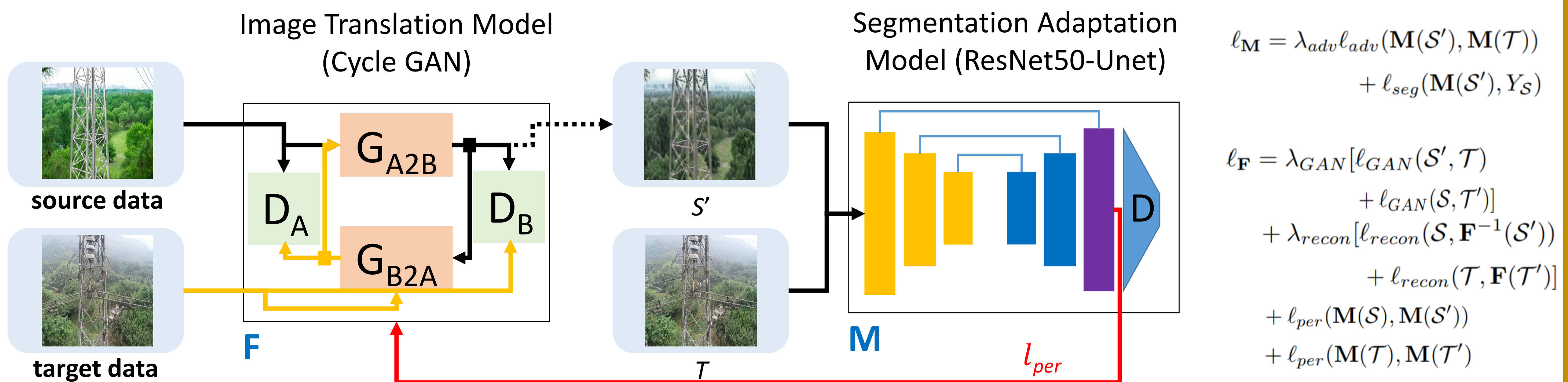
1. **Electric tower segmentation** by using images captured from the smart drone for **further automatic inspection**
2. Suffered from **the lack of ground truth** problem while segmented by deep learning approach



### Data preparation



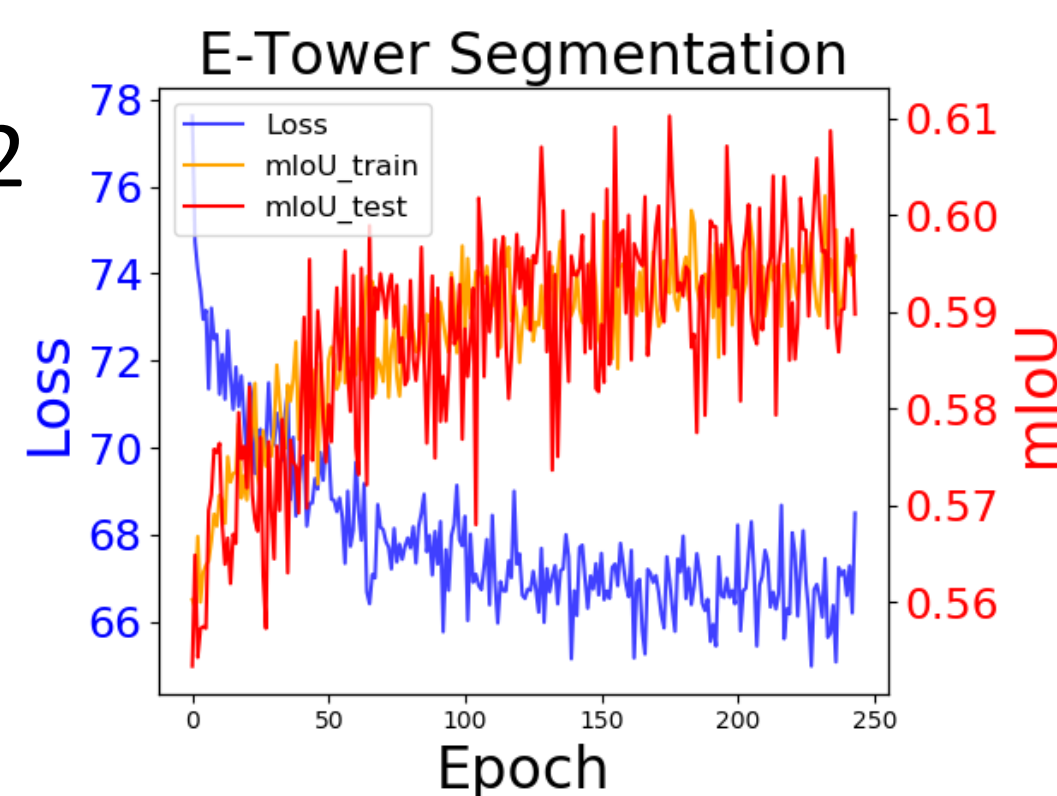
## Proposed Method



## Experimental Results

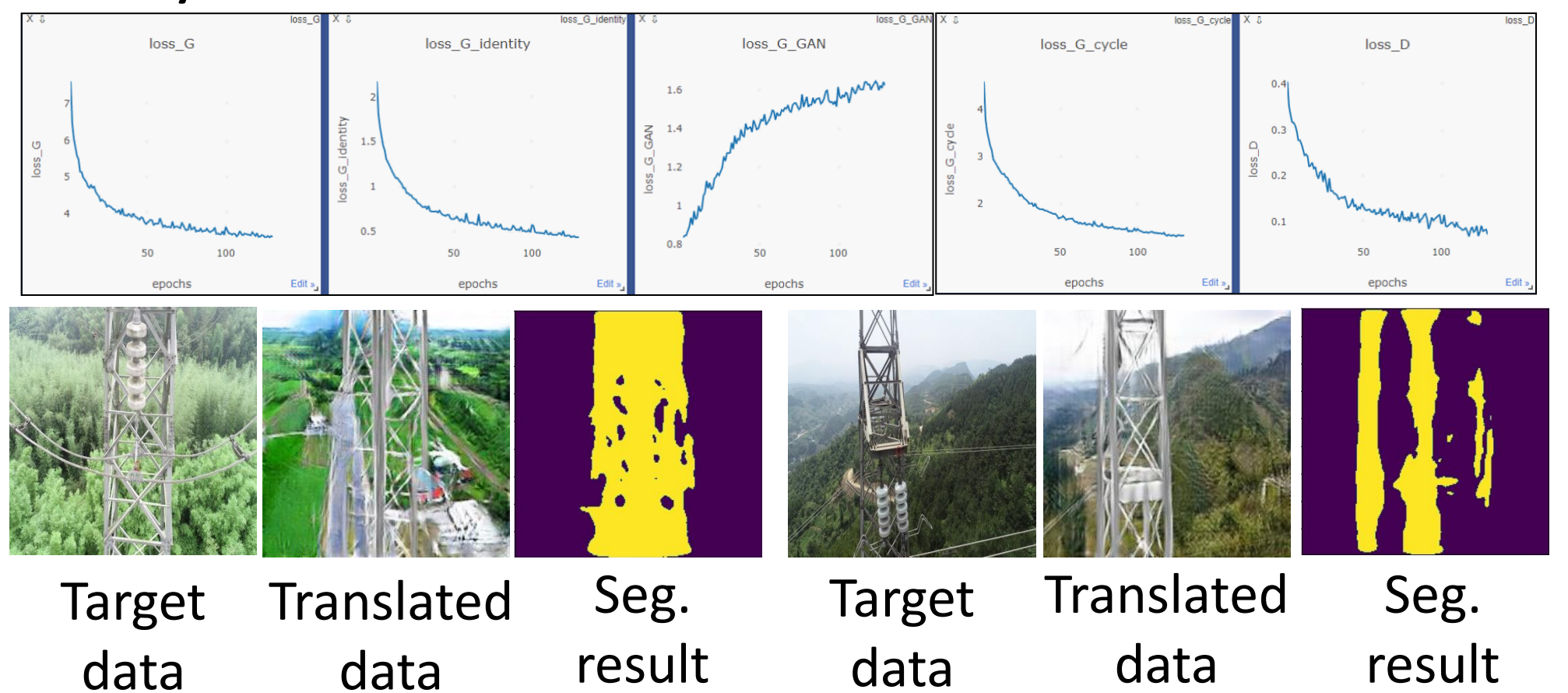
### 1. Segmentation on source dataset S (upper bound)

- Dice Loss
- Train/Val ratio: 0.8/0.2
- mIoU: **0.61**



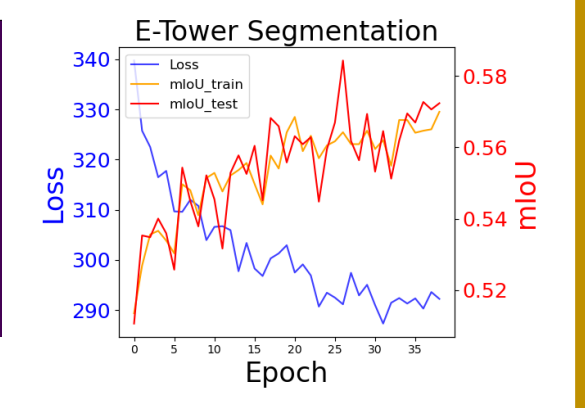
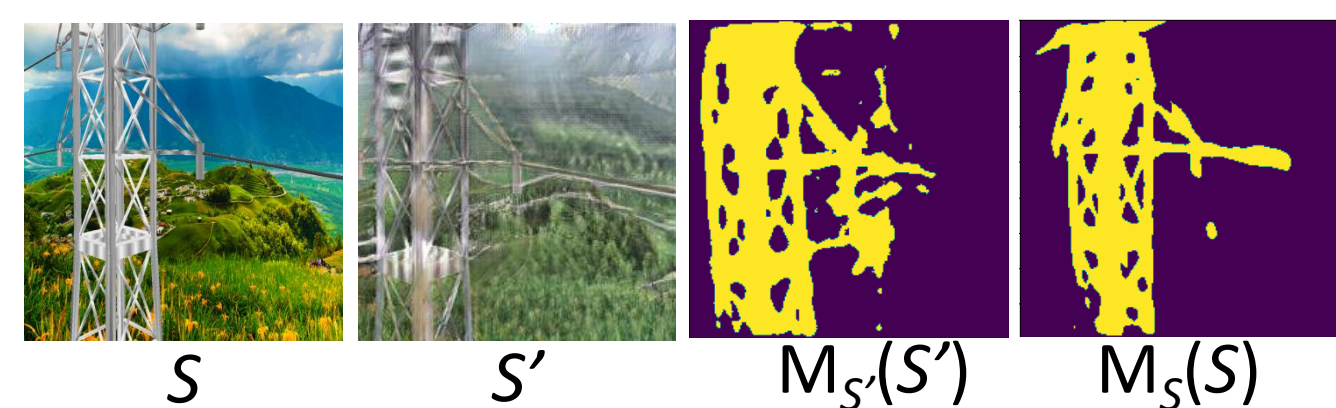
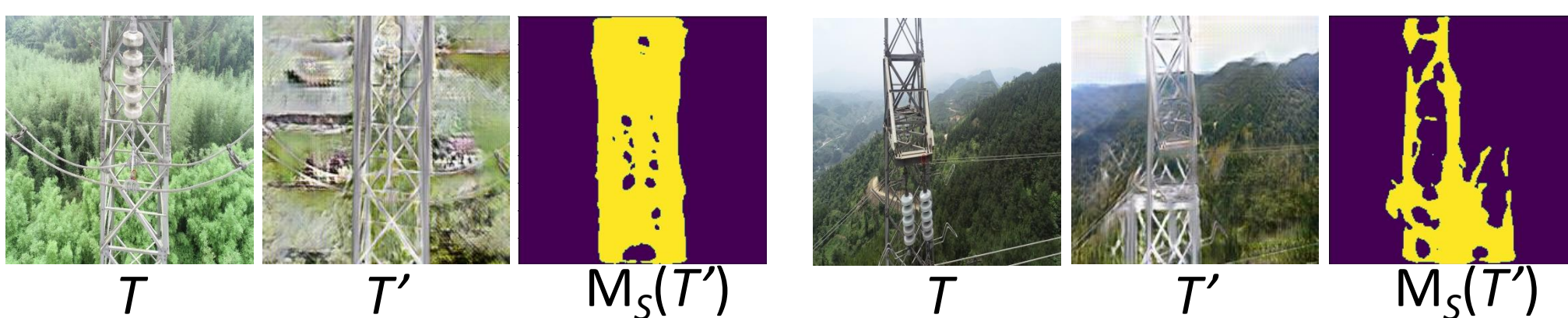
### 2. Segmentation on translated dataset S'

- Cycle GAN



### 3. Segmentation by unsupervised domain adaptation

- Generator improvement (new generator/ old seg. model)
- Adapt. seg. model evaluation (mIoU: 0.58)



## Reference

- [1] Y. Li, L. Yuan, and N. Vasconcelos. Bidirectional learning for domain adaptation of semantic segmentation. In *The IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, 2019.
- [2] J.-Y. Zhu, T. Park, P. Isola, and A. A. Efros. Unpaired image-to-image translation using cycle-consistent adversarial networks. *CoRR*, abs/1703.10593, 2017.