## Project Brief: Lightweight Al Agent for Electrolysis Efficiency Prediction

## 1. Introduction

In this project, you will build a lightweight multi-agent system in n8n that predicts water electrolysis efficiency and summarizes past experiments with highest efficiency. The workflow uses:

- 1. A Webhook trigger to receive free-text requests.
- 2. An LLM-based agent (mistral or other free models) to extract intent ('predict\_run' or 'summarize best') and experimental parameters.
- 3. A Switch node to route between the prediction and summarization branches.
- 4. A Predictor Function node implementing a pre-trained linear model.
- 5. A Summarizer branch that fetches a 50-row CSV from a public URL, parses it, and returns the experiment with the highest efficiency.
- 6. A Respond to Webhook node to return the JSON result.

## **Hints for Students**

- Embed the regression coefficients in your Predictor Function node and apply the linear regression formula (Optional).
- Configure the HTTP Request node's Response Format to 'Text' and set 'Put Output in Field' to 'body'.
- Detect the tab delimiter ('\t') when parsing the CSV of past experiments.
- Use ES5 syntax (no arrow functions) inside Function nodes for compatibility with n8n Cloud.
- Ensure only the Predictor and Summarizer Function nodes feed into the Respond to Webhook node.

## **Deliverables**

- 1. Exported n8n workflow JSON file.
- 2. Screenshots of your complete n8n canvas.
- 3. A PDF report including:
  - Regression RMSE and data preprocessing steps.
  - Example input prompts and output responses.
- 4. (Optional) A short demo video showing the workflow in action.