Analysis of Nasal Epithelium

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R Markdown

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When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
#install.packages("limma")
library(limma)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(tidyverse)
                                                             —— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0
                         ✓ readr
                                     2.1.5
## ✓ ggplot2 3.5.1
                                     1.5.1

✓ stringr

## ✓ lubridate 1.9.3

✓ tibble

                                     3.2.1
                                     1.3.1
## ✔ purrr
              1.0.2
                         √ tidyr
## — Conflicts —
                                                         — tidyverse conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
library(GEOquery)
```

```
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, union
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       combine, intersect, setdiff, union
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:limma':
##
##
       plotMA
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
##
       colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,
##
       get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,
       match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,
##
       Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,
##
##
       table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
##
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##
       Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##
       'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##
       'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
##
## Setting options('download.file.method.GEOguery'='auto')
## Setting options('GEOguery.inmemory.gpl'=FALSE)
```

```
library(pheatmap)

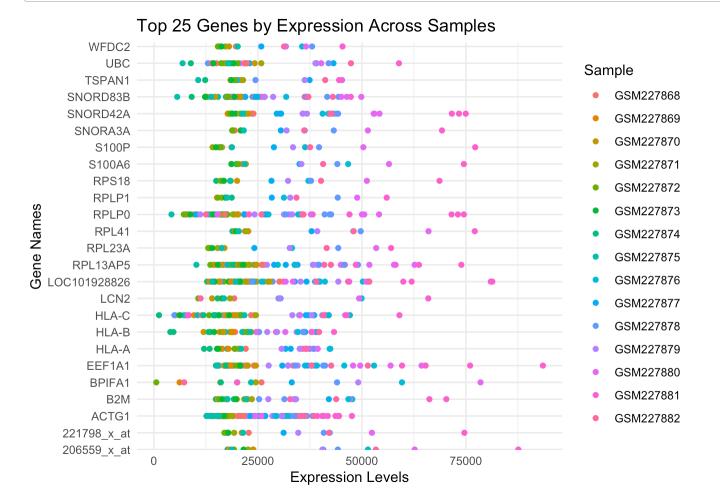
file_path <- "~/Downloads/GDS3309_full.soft"
raw_data <- readLines(file_path)
head(raw_data, 100)</pre>
```

```
[1] "^DATABASE = Geo"
##
##
     [2] "!Database name = Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)"
     [3] "!Database institute = NCBI NLM NIH"
##
     [4] "!Database web link = http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo"
##
     [5] "!Database email = geo@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov"
##
     [6] "!Database ref = Nucleic Acids Res. 2005 Jan 1;33 Database Issue:D562-6"
##
##
     [7] "^DATASET = GDS3309"
     [8] "!dataset title = Cigarette smoking effect on the nasal epithelium"
##
##
     [9] "!dataset_description = Analysis of nasal epithelia from cigarette smokers. Cig
arette smoke creates a field of injury in epithelial cells lining the respiratory tract.
Results extend the concept of a smoking-induced field of injury beyond intrathoracic (br
onchial) epithelia to extrathoracic epithelia that line the nose."
    [10] "!dataset_type = Expression profiling by array"
    [11] "!dataset pubmed id = 18513428"
##
    [12] "!dataset_platform = GPL571"
##
    [13] "!dataset_platform_organism = Homo sapiens"
##
    [14] "!dataset platform technology type = in situ oligonucleotide"
##
    [15] "!dataset_feature_count = 22277"
##
    [16] "!dataset sample organism = Homo sapiens"
##
##
    [17] "!dataset_sample_type = RNA"
    [18] "!dataset channel count = 1"
##
    [19] "!dataset_sample_count = 15"
##
    [20] "!dataset value type = count"
##
    [21] "!dataset_reference_series = GSE8987"
##
    [22] "!dataset order = none"
##
    [23] "!dataset update date = Sep 10 2008"
##
##
    [24] "\(^SUBSET = GDS3309_1\)"
##
    [25] "!subset_dataset_id = GDS3309"
    [26] "!subset_description = control"
##
    [27] "!subset_sample_id = GSM227868,GSM227870,GSM227871,GSM227874,GSM227876,GSM22787
7, GSM227878, GSM227880"
    [28] "!subset_type = agent"
##
    [29] "^SUBSET = GDS3309 2"
##
    [30] "!subset dataset id = GDS3309"
##
    [31] "!subset_description = cigarette smoke"
##
    [32] "!subset sample id = GSM227869,GSM227872,GSM227873,GSM227875,GSM227879,GSM22788
1,GSM227882"
    [33] "!subset type = agent"
    [34] "^Annotation"
##
##
    [35] "!Annotation date = Aug 09 2016"
    [36] "!Annotation_platform = GPL571"
##
    [37] "!Annotation_platform_title = [HG-U133A_2] Affymetrix Human Genome U133A 2.0 Ar
##
ray"
##
   [38] "!Annotation platform organism = Homo sapiens"
   [39] "^DATASET = GDS3309"
##
    [40] "#ID REF = Platform reference identifier"
##
##
    [41] "#IDENTIFIER = identifier"
    [42] "#GSM227868 = Value for GSM227868: Nose10 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
##
samples from Never Smoker"
    [43] "#GSM227870 = Value for GSM227870: Nose12 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
    [44] "#GSM227871 = Value for GSM227871: Nose13 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
```

```
samples from Never Smoker"
## [45] "#GSM227874 = Value for GSM227874: Nose16 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
   [46] "#GSM227876 = Value for GSM227876: Nose31 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
   [47] "#GSM227877 = Value for GSM227877: Nose32 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
    [48] "#GSM227878 = Value for GSM227878: Nose33 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
    [49] "#GSM227880 = Value for GSM227880: Nose35 (Never Smoker); src: Nasal epithelial
samples from Never Smoker"
    [50] "#GSM227869 = Value for GSM227869: Nose11 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
al samples from Current Smoker"
   [51] "#GSM227872 = Value for GSM227872: Nose14 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
##
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [52] "#GSM227873 = Value for GSM227873: Nose15 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [53] "#GSM227875 = Value for GSM227875: Nose17 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [54] "#GSM227879 = Value for GSM227879: Nose34 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
##
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [55] "#GSM227881 = Value for GSM227881: Nose36 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [56] "#GSM227882 = Value for GSM227882: Nose37 (Current Smoker); src: Nasal epitheli
al samples from Current Smoker"
    [57] "#Gene title = Entrez Gene name"
    [58] "#Gene symbol = Entrez Gene symbol"
##
    [59] "#Gene ID = Entrez Gene identifier"
##
    [60] "#UniGene title = Entrez UniGene name"
##
##
    [61] "#UniGene symbol = Entrez UniGene symbol"
    [62] "#UniGene ID = Entrez UniGene identifier"
##
    [63] "#Nucleotide Title = Entrez Nucleotide title"
##
##
    [64] "#GI = GenBank identifier"
    [65] "#GenBank Accession = GenBank accession"
##
    [66] "#Platform_CLONEID = CLONE_ID from Platform data table"
##
    [67] "#Platform ORF = ORF from Platform data table"
##
    [68] "#Platform SPOTID = SPOT ID from Platform data table"
##
    [69] "#Chromosome location = Entrez gene chromosome and location"
##
    [70] "#Chromosome annotation = Entrez gene chromosome annotation"
##
##
    [71] "#GO:Function = Gene Ontology Function term"
    [72] "#GO:Process = Gene Ontology Process term"
##
    [73] "#GO:Component = Gene Ontology Component term"
##
    [74] "#GO:Function ID = Gene Ontology Function identifier"
##
    [75] "#GO:Process ID = Gene Ontology Process identifier"
##
    [76] "#GO:Component ID = Gene Ontology Component identifier"
##
    [77] "!dataset_table_begin"
##
    [78] "ID_REF\tIDENTIFIER\tGSM227868\tGSM227870\tGSM227871\tGSM227874\tGSM227876\tGSM
227877\tGSM227878\tGSM227880\tGSM227869\tGSM227872\tGSM227873\tGSM227875\tGSM227879\tGSM
227881\tGSM227882\tGene title\tGene symbol\tGene ID\tUniGene title\tUniGene symbol\tUniG
ene ID\tNucleotide Title\tGI\tGenBank Accession\tPlatform CLONEID\tPlatform ORF\tPlatfor
m_SPOTID\tChromosome location\tChromosome annotation\tG0:Function\tG0:Process\tG0:Compon
ent\tGO:Function ID\tGO:Process ID\tGO:Component ID"
```

```
start line <- grep("!dataset table begin", raw data)
my data <- read.delim(file path, skip = start line, header = TRUE)
expression data <- my data %>% select(starts with("GSM"))
identifier column <- my data["IDENTIFIER"]</pre>
# Normalize the data
normalized data <- normalizeBetweenArrays(as.matrix(expression data))</pre>
expression df <- cbind(identifier column, expression data)</pre>
# Sample GSM code status mapping as a vector
gsm_status <- c(
 "GSM227868" = "Never Smoker",
 "GSM227870" = "Never Smoker"
 "GSM227871" = "Never Smoker",
 "GSM227874" = "Never Smoker",
 "GSM227876" = "Never Smoker",
 "GSM227877" = "Never Smoker".
 "GSM227878" = "Never Smoker",
 "GSM227880" = "Never Smoker".
 "GSM227869" = "Current Smoker",
 "GSM227872" = "Current Smoker",
 "GSM227873" = "Current Smoker",
 "GSM227875" = "Current Smoker".
 "GSM227879" = "Current Smoker",
 "GSM227881" = "Current Smoker",
 "GSM227882" = "Current Smoker"
# Ensure that the GSM codes in expression df match the order of qsm status
qsm codes <- colnames(expression df) # Exclude the 'IDENTIFIER' column
# Create a new row of smoker status matching the GSM codes
smoker status <- sapply(gsm codes, function(gsm) gsm status[gsm])</pre>
# Add the smoker status as a new row to the dataframe
expression df with status <- rbind(smoker status, expression df)
# Reshaping data for plotting purposes
long df <- expression df %>%
    pivot_longer(cols = starts_with("GSM"),
                 names to = "Sample",
                 values_to = "Expression")
#Decided to take top 25 genes for better visualization purposes
#Steps to take top 25 genes:
#One, Calculate the mean expression for each gene
top genes <- long df %>%
```

```
group by(IDENTIFIER) %>%
    summarize(MeanExpression = mean(Expression, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
    top_n(25, MeanExpression) %>%
    pull(IDENTIFIER)
#Two, Filter the long dataframe to include only the top genes
filtered_long_df <- long_df %>%
    filter(IDENTIFIER %in% top_genes)
#Three, plot with filtered data
#Scatter plot with geom point
ggplot(filtered_long_df, aes(x = IDENTIFIER, y = Expression, color = Sample)) +
 geom_point() +
  scale_x_discrete(expand = expansion(mult = c(0.001, 0.01))) + # Adjust the space betw
een labels
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90,
                                   vjust = 0.5,
                                   hjust = 1,
                                   margin = margin(t = 15))) +
 labs(title = "Top 25 Genes by Expression Across Samples",
       x = "Gene Names",
       y = "Expression Levels") +
  coord flip() + # Optionally flip the coordinates
  theme_minimal()
```



```
#Alternative visualization: Table
#I've commented this out as I prefer the scatter plot
#top 25 genes <- filtered long df %>%
# select(IDENTIFIER, Sample, Expression) %>%
# arrange(IDENTIFIER, Sample)
#print(top 25 genes)
#save to CSV
#write.csv(top 25 genes table, "top 25 genes expression table.csv", row.names = FALSE)
#Principle Component Analysis
# Scale the expression data
expression_data_scaled <- scale(expression_data)</pre>
# Replace infinite values with 0
expression_data_scaled[is.infinite(expression_data_scaled)] <- 0</pre>
# Replace missing (NA) values with 0
expression data scaled[is.na(expression data scaled)] <- 0
# Check the dimensions of the scaled data to ensure it's still valid
cat("Dimensions of the scaled expression data:", dim(expression_data_scaled), "\n")
```

Dimensions of the scaled expression data: 22278 15

```
# Perform PCA
pca_result <- prcomp(expression_data_scaled, center = TRUE, scale. = TRUE)
# Print PCA summary to check the result
summary(pca_result)</pre>
```

```
## Importance of components:
##
                             PC1
                                     PC2
                                            PC3
                                                    PC4
                                                           PC5
                                                                   PC6
                                                                           PC7
## Standard deviation
                          3.7379 0.67714 0.3529 0.33913 0.2511 0.22946 0.22106
## Proportion of Variance 0.9315 0.03057 0.0083 0.00767 0.0042 0.00351 0.00326
## Cumulative Proportion 0.9315 0.96202 0.9703 0.97799 0.9822 0.98570 0.98896
##
                              PC8
                                      PC9
                                             PC10
                                                     PC11
                                                             PC12
                                                                    PC13
                                                                            PC14
                          0.20233 0.18110 0.15753 0.14637 0.12975 0.1098 0.09324
## Standard deviation
## Proportion of Variance 0.00273 0.00219 0.00165 0.00143 0.00112 0.0008 0.00058
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99169 0.99387 0.99553 0.99696 0.99808 0.9989 0.99946
##
                             PC15
## Standard deviation
                          0.08979
## Proportion of Variance 0.00054
## Cumulative Proportion 1.00000
```

```
# Step 4: Extract PCA Results and Add Metadata
# Create a data frame with PCA results
pca_df <- as.data.frame(pca_result$x)</pre>
colnames(pca_df)[1:15] <- colnames(expression_data)</pre>
# Remove the 'Sample' column (which is the 16th column in this case)
#pca_df <- pca_df %>% select(-Sample)
gsm_samples <- colnames(pca_df)[1:15]</pre>
# Create a new row corresponding to SmokerStatus using the gsm_status mapping
smoker status row <- gsm status[gsm samples]</pre>
# Combine the SmokerStatus row with the existing pca df
# We use rbind to add the SmokerStatus row to the top of the dataframe
pca df <- rbind(SmokerStatus = smoker status row, pca df)</pre>
#pca df <- pca df %>% slice(-22280)
# Check the result to ensure SmokerStatus is added correctly at the top
#print(pca df)
# Assuming pca_df already contains your PCA results with SmokerStatus as the first row
# Extract the PCA coordinates (PC1, PC2, etc.) and SmokerStatus
# The SmokerStatus is the first row, so let's separate it from the rest of the PCA data
smoker_status <- pca_df[1, 1:15] # Extract the SmokerStatus row (first row)</pre>
pca_data <- pca_df[-1, 1:15] # Remove the SmokerStatus row to keep only PCA values
# Convert smoker_status into a factor to categorize it as "Never Smoker" or "Current Smo
ker"
# Extract the SmokerStatus as a vector (first row)
smoker_status <- as.vector(as.matrix(pca_df[1, 1:15])) # Convert first row to a vector</pre>
# Convert smoker_status into a factor
smoker_status <- as.factor(smoker_status)</pre>
# Remove the SmokerStatus row from pca_df to keep only PCA data for plotting
pca data <- pca df[-1, 1:15]</pre>
# Convert PCA data into numeric for plotting
pca data <- as.data.frame(lapply(pca data, as.numeric))</pre>
# Transpose the PCA data so that samples are in rows and PCs in columns
pca_plot_df <- as.data.frame(t(pca_data))</pre>
```

PCA of Gene Expression Data: PC1 vs PC2

