Supplemental Material: Endogenous Health Groups and Heterogeneous Dynamics of the Elderly

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Abstract

Section S.1 complements section 2 of the paper by providing a summary of all variables used, a visualization of the sample composition, and summary statistics of the health costs. Section S.2 discusses some technical details about the estimation. Section S.3 gathers the posterior of all the parameters of our model and provides evidence for convergence of the Metropolis-within-Gibbs in terms of effective sample sizes. Section S.4 complements Table 4 providing the whole distribution of medical expenses per health group. Section S.5 gathers all the parameters of the regressions in Table 5 and the results without covariates. Section S.6 complements Section 5.2 by gathering all the estimates for the logit estimation using self-reported case, showing the analogous figures to figure 4 using the remaining education-gender groups, and summarizing the transitions of all groups by education and gender. Finally, S.7 details the replication exercise.

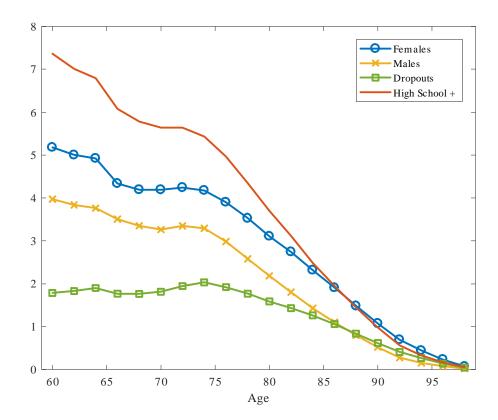
S.1 Data

Table S.1: Variable definition

Variable	Description	Source
	ADLS	
	Respondent reports some difficulty with	
Dress	Dressing	DRESSA
Toilet	Using the toilet	TOILTA
Ватн	Bathing	BATHA
Bed	Getting in and out of bed	BEDA
Walk	Walking across the room	WALKA
Eat	Eating	EATA
	IADLS	
	Respondent reports some difficulty with	
Meals	Preparing meals	MEALSA
Shop	Shopping for groceries	SHOPA
Money	Managing money	MONEYA
Meds	Taking medications	MEDSA
PHONE	Using the phone	PHONEA
Map	Using a map	MAPA
	Financial risk variables	
	Total out-of-pocket medical expenditures since the last	
OOP^\dagger	interview, or the last 2 years for new interviewees.	
	Measured in constant 2000 US dollars	
NT 1 11 /	Respondent lives in a nursing home or other health care	NHMLIV
Nurs-h resident	facility at the time of the interview.	
	Respondent reports if any medically- trained person has	HOMCAR
Received h-care	come to respondent's home since the last interview, or	
	the last 2 years for new interviewees.	
	Classification Method	
CDII	Respondent's self-reported general health status.	SHLT
SRH	Codes range from "1" for Excellent to "5" for Poor.	
Frailty index	Constructed using the variables based on Genworth and	Braun et al. (2017)
Frailty index	Mutual of Omaha LTCI underwriting guidelines	on-line appendix
4-I-ADL	Based on whether the respondent reports difficulty with	
4-1-VDT	any of the previous ADL and/or IADL.	

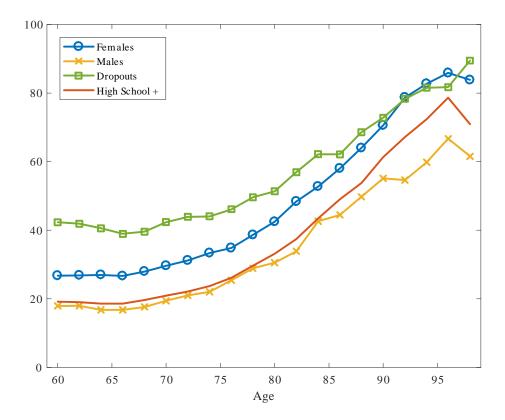
Notes: This table describes the main variables used in the analysis. The last column indicates the source of the data. Capital letters indicate the name of the variable in the HRS RAND v.P. † Includes hospital and nursing home stays, doctor visits, dental treatments, outpatient surgery, prescription drugs, home health care, and special facilities.

Figure S.1: Share of interviewees by age



Notes: This figure shows how the composition of individuals changes across age. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (< 0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. The y-axis is measured in percentage points and the x-axis in years.

Figure S.2: Share of interviewees reporting at least one difficulty with an I-ADL by age



Notes: This figure plots the incidence of problems with I-ADLs. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years.

Table S.2: Summary Statistics

	Wave	Mean	Std	Median	25%	75%
	Est	imation	Sample			
	Current	$\frac{3,027}{3,027}$	9,841	1,070	300	2,754
OOP	Next	,	,	,		,
		3,178	10,433	1,127	333	2,869
Nurs-h resident	Current	2.9	16.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
ruis ii resident	Next	3.4	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D : 1 l	Current	9.7	29.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Received h-care	Next	10.3	30.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mortality	Next	8.5	27.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Cor	nparison	Sample			
OOD	Current	2,897	9,349	1,100	334	2,761
OOP	Next	3,043	10,037	1,145	355	2,852
N 1	Current	2.1	14.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nurs-h resident	Next	2.7	16.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Descined be seen	Current	9.3	29.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Received h-care	Next	10.0	30.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mortality	Next	7.6	26.5	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes: This table presents the summary statistics of the two samples used in the paper. The estimation sample corresponds to the observations that we incorporate into the estimation procedure. Due to missing data, we might not be able to classify individuals in this sample using the alternative classifications; hence we use a restricted sample in order to compare across classification methods. The summary statistics of this latter sample are included in the second panel.

S.2 Estimation details

Letting $p(\mu, \beta)$ denote the priors on the parameter vectors, and $p(h_{it}|h_{it-1}, \mathbf{w}_{it}, \beta)$ the transition probabilities that characterize the health of individual i at time t conditional on her health on the previous period and \mathbf{w}_{it} , which we collect in \mathbf{W} (i.e. age, gender and education level), we can write the priors for both the parameter and latent variables as

$$p(\mathbf{H}|\mathbf{W}, \mathbf{h}_0, \beta) \times p(\mu, \beta) = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \prod_{t=1}^{T} p(h_{it}|h_{it-1}, \mathbf{w}_{it}, \beta) \times p(\mathbf{h}_0) \times p(\mu, \beta),$$

where $\mathbf{h}_0 = (h_{10}, ..., h_{N0})'$ denotes the health of individual i in the period when she enters into the sample. The joint likelihood of the observables we explicitly model is given by

$$\mathcal{L}(\tilde{\mathbf{X}} | \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{H}, \mu, \mathbf{h}_0) = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \prod_{t=1}^{T} p(\mathbf{x}_{it} | h_{it}, \mu),$$

where $\tilde{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{X} \setminus \mathbf{W}$ and the expression for $p(\mathbf{x}_{it}|h_{it},\mu)$ is given in (1). Therefore, we obtain,

$$p(\mu, \beta, \mathbf{H}) \propto \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X} | \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{H}, \mu, \mathbf{h}_0) \times p(\mathbf{H} | \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{h}_0, \beta) \times p(\mathbf{h}_0) \times p(\mu, \beta).$$

We consider the initial health state of each individual as a new set of parameters.

The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed on average 6 waves. Regarding the number of parameters, consider for instance the case of four health status: since the probability of reporting difficulties varies with health status we have that μ is a vector of dimension $12 \times 4 = 48$, and similarly, the transitions are also varying across health types so that β is a vector of dimension $16 \times 6 = 96$. For each wave in which we observe an individual we have 12 observations (one for each I-ADL) which, conditional on parameter values, provide information about her current health status. Therefore, we have 144 parameters (or, if we counted latent variables, 159,168) and more than 1.9 millions of observations.

As for the consistency of parameter estimates, what we need is, at least, the size of panel individuals to increase in order to obtain consistency of the parameters. Finally, the model is a standard regime-switching Markov chain with the exception of a large number of idiosyncratic chains, but this fact does not imply violations on the regularity conditions for the consistency and asymptotic normality of the parameters μ and β . Moreover, the priors we use satisfy the requirements in Barron et al. (1999).

S.3 Parameters posterior and effective sample sizes

Table S.3: Parameter estimates: 2 Groups

Variable	Неа	althy	Imp	aired
	To Hea	althr		
<u> </u>			C 000	(0.400)
Constant	-8.624	(0.278)	-6.920	(0.492)
Age	0.085	(0.004)	0.104	(0.007)
HighSchool	-0.975	(0.298)	-0.020	(0.490)
Female	-1.067	(0.279)	-0.019	(0.516)
$Age \times Female$	0.007	(0.004)	-0.003	(0.007)
$Age \times HighSchool$	0.008	(0.004)	0.004	(0.007)
	To Imp	aired		
Constant	-0.272	(0.369)	-6.334	(0.342)
Age	0.005	(0.005)	0.073	(0.004)
HighSchool	1.891	(0.386)	0.727	(0.332)
Female	-1.129	(0.374)	0.044	(0.352)
$Age \times Female$	0.004	(0.005)	-0.007	(0.004)
$Age \times HighSchool$	-0.020	(0.005)	-0.008	(0.004)
D C	1 1 4 15 1	1 1 1/1		
Pr. of eac				(0,004)
WALK	0.018	(0.000)	0.528	(0.004)
DRESS	0.043	(0.001)	0.596	(0.004)
BATH	0.015	(0.000)	0.589	(0.004)
EAT	0.005	(0.000)	0.303	(0.003)
BED	0.018	(0.000)	0.431	(0.004)
TOILET	0.020	(0.000)	0.403	(0.004)
MAP	0.101	(0.001)	0.568	(0.004)
PHONE	0.013	(0.000)	0.388	(0.004)
MONEY	0.018	(0.000)	0.532	(0.004)
MED	0.008	(0.000)	0.310	(0.003)
SHOP	0.023	(0.001)	0.767	(0.004)
MEAL	0.008	(0.000)	0.621	(0.004)

Notes: Median and standard deviation (in parenthesis) of the posterior of each parameter in the estimation with two groups. estimates and standard errors. Each column refers to the current health group of the individual while each of the first two panels presents the parameters of the transition to a different health group. The last panel gathers the estimation results of the Bernouilli process that drives I-ADLs.

Table S.4: Parameter estimates: 3 Groups

Variable	Неа	althy	F	rail	Impaired						
		To Hea	althy								
Constant	-8.693	(0.350)	-6.658	(0.627)	1.522	(5.529)					
Age	0.085	(0.005)	0.099	(0.009)	0.107	(0.153)					
HighSchool	-0.811	(0.370)	-1.072	(0.624)	-2.622	(6.042)					
Female	-1.446	(0.342)	0.743	(0.620)	0.403	(5.980)					
$Age \times Female$	0.011	(0.005)	-0.015	(0.009)	0.021	(0.079)					
${\rm Age}\times{\rm HighSchool}$	0.006	(0.005)	0.018	(0.009)	-0.050	(0.151)					
		To Fr	rail								
Constant	-0.452	(0.450)	-6.991	(0.410)	-7.978	(1.034)					
Age	0.005	(0.006)	0.077	(0.005)	0.123	(0.015)					
HighSchool	2.008	(0.478)	0.165	(0.402)	-0.262	(0.855)					
Female	-1.591	(0.456)	-0.079	(0.423)	1.172	(1.027)					
$Age \times Female$	0.011	(0.006)	-0.006	(0.005)	-0.023	(0.015)					
${\rm Age} \times {\rm HighSchool}$	-0.023	(0.006)	-0.003	(0.005)	0.012	(0.012)					
To Impaired											
Constant	4.019	(0.896)	-0.014	(0.576)	-5.888	(0.525)					
Age	-0.028	(0.012)	0.008	(0.007)	0.074	(0.007)					
HighSchool	2.168	(0.966)	0.538	(0.576)	1.555	(0.514)					
Female	0.451	(0.915)	0.367	(0.596)	0.877	(0.551)					
$Age \times Female$	-0.015	(0.012)	-0.012	(0.007)	-0.018	(0.007)					
${\rm Age} \times {\rm HighSchool}$	-0.025	(0.012)	-0.005	(0.007)	-0.017	(0.006)					
I	Pr. of eac	ch I-ADL	by healt	h group							
WALK	0.005	(0.000)	0.262	(0.003)	0.725	(0.006)					
DRESS	0.021	(0.001)	0.337	(0.004)	0.807	(0.005)					
BATH	0.004	(0.000)	0.249	(0.004)	0.872	(0.005)					
EAT	0.002	(0.000)	0.072	(0.002)	0.573	(0.006)					
BED	0.007	(0.000)	0.195	(0.003)	0.647	(0.006)					
TOILET	0.009	(0.000)	0.186	(0.003)	0.617	(0.006)					
MAP	0.084	(0.001)	0.343	(0.004)	0.808	(0.006)					
PHONE	0.007	(0.000)	0.117	(0.002)	0.690	(0.006)					
MONEY	0.008	(0.000)	0.206	(0.003)	0.837	(0.005)					
MED	0.004	(0.000)	0.080	(0.002)	0.572	(0.006)					
SHOP	0.005	(0.000)	0.397	(0.005)	0.971	(0.002)					
MEAL	0.003	(0.000)	0.213	(0.004)	0.949	(0.003)					

Notes: Median and standard deviation (in parenthesis) of the posterior of each parameter in the estimation with three groups. estimates and standard errors. Each column refers to the current health group of the individual while each of the first three panels presents the parameters of the transition to a different health group. The last panel gathers the estimation results of the Bernouilli process that drives I-ADLs.

Table S.5: Parameter estimates: 4 Groups

Constant	Variable	Не	althy	Physica	ally frail	Mental	ly frail	Impa	aired
Constant				To E	Healthy				
Age 0.086 (0.044) 0.094 (0.100) 0.114 (0.014) 0.023 (0.042) HighSchool -0.797 (0.362) -1.069 (0.689) -0.648 (1.392) 0.464 (4.72) Female -1.454 (0.330) 0.816 (0.733) 2.007 (1.013) 1.000 (0.066) Age × Female 0.011 (0.004) -0.019 (0.010) -0.012 (0.018) -0.004 (0.054) To Visually frait To Visually frait Constant -1.506 (0.508) -6.464 (0.493) -7.158 (7.180) -0.061 (0.023) Age 0.026 (0.512) 0.102 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) -0.532 (0.944) -0.012 (0.017) Age × HighSchool -0.222 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) -0.523 (0.941) -0.524	Constant	-8.802	(0.331)			-7.972	(1.086)	1.415	(3.528)
HighSchool	Age		,	0.094	` ,	0.114	,	0.023	, ,
Female -1.454 (0.30) 0.816 (0.733) 2.007 (1.413) 1.857 (5.361) Age × Female 0.011 (0.004) -0.019 (0.010) -0.021 (0.018) -0.000 (0.066) Age × HighSchool 0.060 (0.005) 0.017 (0.010) 0.016 (0.019) -0.004 (0.058) Constant -1.506 (0.508) -6.646 (0.493) -7.158 (7.180) -10.056 (1.549) Age 0.026 (0.007) 0.072 (0.006) 0.678 (0.946) 0.161 (0.023) HighSchool 2.346 (0.512) 0.120 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.022 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) 0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.29 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) 0.133 (0.093) 0.022 (0.013) Age HighSchool 2.592 (0.638) <	_		,	-1.069	` /	-0.648	` /		,
Age × HighSchool 0.006 0.017 0.010 0.016 0.019 -0.044 (0.044) To Physically feathers Constant -1.506 (0.508) -6.646 (0.493) -7.158 (7.180) -10.056 (1.549) Age 0.026 (0.007) 0.072 (0.006) 0.678 (0.946) 0.161 (0.023) HighSchool 2.346 (0.512) 0.120 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.009 (0.060) 0.523 (0.94) -0.021 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.029 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) 0.193 (0.949) -0.021 (0.023) Age × HighSchool 2.592 (0.636) 1.485 (1.448) -7.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.023 (0.682) -0.466 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.0494 HighSchool 2.452 <	Female	-1.454	(0.330)	0.816	(0.733)	2.007	(1.413)	1.857	,
To Physically frait Constant -1.506 (0.508) -6.64e (0.493) -7.158 (7.180) -10.056 (1.549) Age 0.026 (0.007) 0.072 (0.006) 0.678 (0.94e) 0.161 (0.023) High School 2.320 (0.523) -0.007 (0.479) -2.371 (7.29) -1.023 (1.107) Female -2.346 (0.512) (0.070) -0.009 (0.006) -5.23 (0.944) -0.51 (0.023) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) -0.523 (0.944) -0.51 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.029 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) -0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.029 (0.008) 0.003 (1.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.23) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.82) -0.305 (1.954) <t< td=""><td>$Age \times Female$</td><td>0.011</td><td>(0.004)</td><td>-0.019</td><td>(0.010)</td><td>-0.021</td><td>(0.018)</td><td>-0.000</td><td>(0.066)</td></t<>	$Age \times Female$	0.011	(0.004)	-0.019	(0.010)	-0.021	(0.018)	-0.000	(0.066)
Constant	$Age \times HighSchool$	0.006	(0.005)	0.017	(0.010)	0.016	(0.019)	-0.004	(0.054)
Age 0.026 (0.007) 0.072 (0.006) 0.678 (0.946) 0.161 (0.023) HighSchool 2.320 (0.523) -0.007 (0.485) -11.409 (6.099) -1.023 (1.107) Female -2.346 (0.512) 0.120 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.009 (0.006) -0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.020 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) 0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.022 (0.068) 1.485 (1.484) -7.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.022 (0.088) 0.033 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.608) 1.798 (1				To Phys	sically frai	il			
HighSchool 2.320 (0.523) -0.007 (0.485) -11.409 (6.099) -1.023 (1.107) Female -2.346 (0.512) 0.120 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.009 (0.006) -0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.029 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) -0.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.022 (0.008) 0.003 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.009) 0.001 0.011 0.011 (0.010 -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool 3.570 (0.943) 0.839	Constant	-1.506	(0.508)	-6.646	(0.493)	-7.158	(7.180)	-10.056	(1.549)
Female -2.346 (0.512) 0.120 (0.479) -2.371 (7.272) 2.903 (1.566) Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.009 (0.066) -0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighScho-l-0.029 (0.007) -0.001 (0.066) 0.193 (0.998) 0.022 (0.015) To Merstally frail To Merstall Age -0.002 (0.008) (0.013 (0.014 (0.145) (0.023) (0.019) 0.082 (0.010) 0.010 (0.010) 0.027 -5.845 (0.597) A	Age	0.026	(0.007)	0.072	(0.006)	0.678	(0.946)	0.161	(0.023)
Age × Female 0.020 (0.007) -0.009 (0.006) -0.523 (0.944) -0.051 (0.023) Age × HighSchool -0.029 (0.007) -0.001 (0.006) 0.193 (0.098) 0.022 (0.015) To Merstally frail Constant 2.592 (0.636) 1.485 (1.484) -7.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.022 (0.008) 0.003 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age × Female	HighSchool	2.320	(0.523)	-0.007	(0.485)	-11.409	(6.099)	-1.023	(1.107)
Constant Constant	Female	-2.346	(0.512)	0.120	(0.479)	-2.371	(7.272)	2.903	(1.566)
Constant 2.592 (0.636) 1.485 (1.484) -7.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.022 (0.008) 0.003 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.094) 0.832 -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female -0.109 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.001) -0.008 (0.002) -0.008 (0.002) -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 -0.007 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.037 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 Age × HighSchool -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008 -0.008	$Age \times Female$	0.020	(0.007)	-0.009	(0.006)	-0.523	(0.944)	-0.051	(0.023)
Constant 2.592 (0.636) 1.485 (1.484) -7.756 (0.742) -2.690 (1.819) Age -0.022 (0.008) 0.003 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.037 (0.51) 0.581 (0.	$Age \times HighSchool$	1 -0.029	(0.007)	-0.001	(0.006)	0.193	(0.098)	0.022	(0.015)
Age -0.022 (0.008) 0.003 (0.019) 0.089 (0.009) 0.064 (0.023) HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) To Issair To Issair (0.013) -0				To Men	tally frail	L			
HighSchool 2.452 (0.682) -0.426 (1.335) 1.448 (0.812) 1.326 (2.064) Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired To Impaired	Constant	2.592	(0.636)	1.485	(1.484)	-7.756	(0.742)	-2.690	(1.819)
Female 1.142 (0.663) 1.798 (1.421) 0.415 (0.822) -0.305 (1.954) Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool - 0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) To Impaired To Impaired To United State In Impaired Constant 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.003 (0.833) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.	Age	-0.022	(0.008)	0.003	(0.019)	0.089	(0.009)	0.064	(0.023)
Age × Female -0.023 (0.008) -0.031 (0.018) -0.010 (0.010) -0.004 (0.025) Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) To Impaired To Impaired Constant 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.015 (0.001) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool 0.037 (0.013) 0.021 0.003 0.004 0.004 </td <td>HighSchool</td> <td>2.452</td> <td>(0.682)</td> <td>-0.426</td> <td>(1.335)</td> <td>1.448</td> <td>(0.812)</td> <td>1.326</td> <td>(2.064)</td>	HighSchool	2.452	(0.682)	-0.426	(1.335)	1.448	(0.812)	1.326	(2.064)
Age × HighSchool -0.025 (0.009) 0.009 (0.017) -0.017 (0.010) -0.002 (0.026) To Impaired Constant 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.001) 0.320 (0.001) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) BEL 0.020 (0.001)	Female	1.142	(0.663)	1.798	(1.421)	0.415	(0.822)	-0.305	(1.954)
Constant 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Emale 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) 0.848	$Age \times Female$	-0.023	(0.008)	-0.031	(0.018)	-0.010	(0.010)	-0.004	(0.025)
Constant 3.570 (0.943) 0.839 (0.832) -2.339 (0.927) -5.845 (0.597) Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.005) Male Dross (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) Dress 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005)<	$Age \times HighSchool$	l -0.025	(0.009)	0.009	(0.017)	-0.017	(0.010)	-0.002	(0.026)
Age -0.019 (0.012) 0.002 (0.011) 0.037 (0.011) 0.076 (0.008) HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.661 (0.007) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079				To In	npaired				
HighSchool 3.228 (1.049) 0.007 (0.783) 0.581 (0.995) 1.338 (0.568) Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.77	Constant	3.570	(0.943)	0.839	(0.832)	-2.339	(0.927)	-5.845	(0.597)
Female 0.149 (1.026) 0.023 (0.833) 0.268 (1.059) 0.724 (0.619) Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) <td>Age</td> <td>-0.019</td> <td>(0.012)</td> <td>0.002</td> <td>(0.011)</td> <td>0.037</td> <td>(0.011)</td> <td>0.076</td> <td>(0.008)</td>	Age	-0.019	(0.012)	0.002	(0.011)	0.037	(0.011)	0.076	(0.008)
Age × Female -0.010 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.011 (0.013) -0.016 (0.008) Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) -0.007 (0.011) -0.018 (0.013) -0.015 (0.008) Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.001 (0.00	HighSchool	3.228	(1.049)	0.007	(0.783)	0.581	(0.995)	1.338	(0.568)
Age × HighSchool -0.037 (0.013) 0.003 (0.010) -0.008 (0.012) -0.015 (0.007) WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.037	Female	0.149	(1.026)	0.023	(0.833)	0.268	(1.059)	0.724	(0.619)
WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.074 (0.002) 0.141 (0.005) 0.661 (0.007) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.703 (0.007) MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.037 (0.002) 0.337 (0.008) 0.584 (0.007) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	$Age \times Female$	-0.010	(0.013)	-0.007	(0.011)	-0.011	(0.013)	-0.016	(0.008)
WALK 0.005 (0.000) 0.320 (0.005) 0.170 (0.006) 0.848 (0.005) DRESS 0.020 (0.001) 0.424 (0.005) 0.193 (0.007) 0.934 (0.004) BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.074 (0.002) 0.141 (0.005) 0.661 (0.007) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.084 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.363 (0.002) 0.337 (0.009)	$Age \times HighSchool$	1 -0.037	(0.013)	0.003	(0.010)	-0.008	(0.012)	-0.015	(0.007)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Pr. of e	ach I-AD	L by hea	lth group			
BATH 0.004 (0.000) 0.293 (0.004) 0.272 (0.008) 0.961 (0.003) EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.074 (0.002) 0.141 (0.005) 0.661 (0.007) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.703 (0.007) MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009)	WALK	0.005	(0.000)	0.320	(0.005)	0.170	(0.006)	0.848	(0.005)
EAT 0.002 (0.000) 0.074 (0.002) 0.141 (0.005) 0.661 (0.007) BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.703 (0.007) MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	DRESS	0.020	(0.001)	0.424	(0.005)	0.193	(0.007)	0.934	(0.004)
BED 0.007 (0.000) 0.248 (0.004) 0.079 (0.004) 0.795 (0.006) TOILET 0.008 (0.000) 0.243 (0.004) 0.062 (0.004) 0.764 (0.007) MAP 0.089 (0.001) 0.236 (0.005) 0.770 (0.009) 0.804 (0.007) PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.703 (0.007) MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	BATH	0.004	(0.000)	0.293	(0.004)	0.272	(0.008)	0.961	(0.003)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	EAT	0.002	(0.000)	0.074	(0.002)	0.141	(0.005)	0.661	(0.007)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	BED	0.007	(0.000)	0.248	(0.004)	0.079	(0.004)	0.795	(0.006)
PHONE 0.009 (0.000) 0.049 (0.002) 0.463 (0.009) 0.703 (0.007) MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.037 (0.002) 0.337 (0.008) 0.584 (0.007) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	TOILET	0.008	(0.000)	0.243	(0.004)	0.062	(0.004)	0.764	(0.007)
MONEY 0.011 (0.000) 0.084 (0.003) 0.743 (0.009) 0.836 (0.006) MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.037 (0.002) 0.337 (0.008) 0.584 (0.007) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	MAP	0.089	(0.001)	0.236	(0.005)	0.770	(0.009)	0.804	(0.007)
MED 0.005 (0.000) 0.037 (0.002) 0.337 (0.008) 0.584 (0.007) SHOP 0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)	PHONE	0.009	(0.000)	0.049	(0.002)	0.463	(0.009)	0.703	(0.007)
SHOP $0.006 (0.000) 0.363 (0.005) 0.728 (0.009) 0.973 (0.002)$	MONEY	0.011	(0.000)	0.084	(0.003)	0.743	(0.009)	0.836	(0.006)
	MED	0.005	(0.000)	0.037	(0.002)	0.337	(0.008)	0.584	(0.007)
MEAL $0.004 (0.000) 0.176 (0.004) 0.580 (0.010) 0.955 (0.003)$	SHOP	0.006	(0.000)	0.363	(0.005)	0.728	(0.009)	0.973	(0.002)
	MEAL	0.004	(0.000)	0.176	(0.004)	0.580	(0.010)	0.955	(0.003)

Notes: Median and standard deviation (in parenthesis) of the posterior of each parameter in the estimation with four groups. estimates and standard errors. Each column refers to the current health group of the individual while each of the first four panels presents the parameters of the transition to a different health group. The last panel gathers the estimation results of the Bernouilli process that drives I-ADLs.

Table S.6: Parameter estimates: 5 Groups

			ар	1 113 010	ally frail	Wientai	ly frail	ттра	aired
			То	Healthy					
-8.502	(0.362)	-12.973	(1.500)	-5.347	(0.701)	-19.282	(3.662)	-6.126	(4.478)
0.082	(0.005)	0.194	(0.023)	0.086	(0.010)	3.565	(0.356)	1.815	(0.543)
-0.988	(0.392)	-0.855	(0.963)	-0.954	(0.690)	6.729	(2.325)	-15.305	(1.543)
-1.688	(0.315)	2.511	(1.254)	0.111	(0.539)	-7.691	(2.239)	-2.373	(1.877)
0.014	(0.004)	-0.035	(0.019)	-0.004	(0.008)	-2.507	(0.306)	1.252	(0.209)
0.009	(0.005)	0.004	(0.014)	0.010	(0.010)	1.186	(0.595)	-0.055	(0.388)
			Γ	о Мар					
-2.566	(1.080)	-9.263	(0.636)	-4.353	(1.345)	-6.960	(0.710)	-2.142	(2.509)
0.049	(0.014)	0.096	(0.008)	0.087	(0.020)	0.100	(0.009)		(0.032)
3.055	(0.971)	-0.434	(0.648)	-3.446	(1.019)	0.207	(0.915)	14.270	(2.579)
-0.689	(0.782)	-1.089	(0.676)	-0.013	(1.229)	-0.708	(0.807)	8.107	(1.709)
-0.011	(0.011)	0.006	(0.009)	-0.021	(0.018)	0.014	(0.011)		(0.901)
-0.031	(0.013)	0.002	(0.008)	0.070	(0.016)	-0.000	(0.012)	0.382	(0.382)
			To Ph	ysically f	rail				
0.219	(0.606)	-3.842	(1.023)	-6.554	(0.445)	1.249	(2.357)	-9.854	(1.113)
0.005	(0.008)	0.063	(0.014)	0.072	(0.006)	0.928	(0.348)	0.160	(0.017)
0.899	(0.640)	2.259	(0.944)	0.030	(0.471)	-9.488	(2.319)	-2.716	(0.894)
-2.043	(0.500)	-2.746	(1.069)	0.212	(0.367)	-8.291	(1.090)	4.153	(0.965)
0.018	(0.007)	0.022	(0.014)	-0.010	(0.005)	-0.798	(0.345)	-0.070	(0.015)
-0.014	(0.008)	-0.022	(0.013)	-0.001	(0.006)	3.051	(0.550)	0.043	(0.013)
			То М	entally fi	ail				
4.789	(1.041)	-0.899	(0.814)	0.397	(1.217)	-5.991	(0.595)	-0.978	(1.363)
-0.039	(0.014)	0.012	(0.010)	0.018	(0.016)	0.070	(0.007)	0.041	(0.017)
1.701	(1.018)	0.048	(0.875)	0.640	(1.063)	0.760	(0.647)	2.717	(1.225)
0.388	(0.993)	3.708	(0.920)	2.310	(0.889)	-0.616	(0.657)	-3.270	(1.224)
-0.011	(0.013)	-0.048	(0.012)	-0.037	(0.011)	0.001	(0.008)	0.034	(0.015)
-0.020	(0.013)	-0.003	(0.011)	-0.005	(0.013)	-0.009	(0.008)	-0.019	(0.015)
			То	Impaired	l				
3.121	(1.015)	3.580	(1.723)	1.186	(0.727)	-1.742	(0.761)	-5.805	(0.555)
-0.011	(0.013)	-0.021	(0.022)	-0.001	(0.009)	0.031	(0.009)	0.076	(0.007)
3.637	(0.903)	2.067	(1.930)	0.468	(0.764)	-0.722	(0.785)	1.123	(0.536)
1.744	(1.033)	-0.769	(1.727)	-0.594	(0.657)	-0.005	(0.846)	0.974	(0.534)
-0.030	(0.013)	0.004	(0.022)	0.000	(0.008)	-0.008	(0.010)	-0.019	(0.007)
-0.043	(0.012)	-0.022	(0.024)	-0.003	(0.010)	0.008	(0.009)	-0.013	(0.007)
		Pr. o	f each I-A	DL by h	ealth gro	up			
0.005	(0.000)	0.016	(0.001)	0.360	(0.005)	0.221	(0.007)	0.878	(0.005)
0.020	(0.001)	0.041	(0.002)	0.463	(0.005)	0.262	(0.008)	0.952	(0.003)
0.004	(0.000)	0.014	(0.001)	0.334	(0.005)	0.359	(0.008)	0.973	(0.003)
0.002	(0.000)	0.007	(0.001)	0.086	(0.003)	0.182	(0.006)	0.693	(0.007)
0.006	(0.000)	0.026	(0.001)	0.273	(0.004)	0.104	(0.005)	0.843	(0.006)
0.008	(0.000)	0.024	(0.001)	0.265	(0.004)	0.089	(0.005)	0.811	(0.006)
0.012	(0.001)	0.588	(0.008)	0.178	(0.004)	0.802	(0.008)	0.822	(0.007)
0.006	(0.000)	0.041	(0.002)	0.052	(0.002)	0.517	(0.008)	0.728	(0.007)
0.006	(0.000)	0.063	(0.002)	0.091	(0.003)	0.792	(0.008)	0.851	(0.006)
0.004	(0.000)	0.021	(0.001)	0.039	(0.002)	0.390	(0.008)	0.604	(0.007)
0.005	(0.000)	0.041	(0.002)	0.401	(0.005)	0.830	(0.007)	0.977	(0.002)
0.004	(0.000)	0.011	(0.001)	0.209	(0.004)	0.690	(0.009)	0.962	(0.003)
	0.082 -0.988 -1.688 0.014 0.009 -2.566 0.049 3.055 -0.689 -0.011 -0.031 0.219 0.005 0.899 -2.043 0.018 -0.014 4.789 -0.039 1.701 0.388 -0.011 -0.020 3.121 -0.011 3.637 1.744 -0.030 -0.043 0.005 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.006 0.006	0.082 (0.005) -0.988 (0.392) -1.688 (0.315) 0.014 (0.004) 0.009 (0.005) -2.566 (1.080) 0.049 (0.014) 3.055 (0.971) -0.689 (0.782) -0.011 (0.013) 0.219 (0.606) 0.005 (0.008) 0.899 (0.640) -2.043 (0.500) 0.018 (0.007) -0.014 (0.008) 4.789 (1.041) -0.039 (0.014) 1.701 (1.018) 0.388 (0.993) -0.011 (0.013) -0.020 (0.013) 3.121 (1.015) -0.011 (0.013) -0.020 (0.013) 3.121 (1.015) -0.011 (0.013) -0.020 (0.013) -0.044 (1.033) -0.043 (0.012) 0.005 (0.000) 0.006 (0.000)	0.082 (0.005) 0.194 -0.988 (0.392) -0.855 -1.688 (0.315) 2.511 0.014 (0.004) -0.035 0.009 (0.005) 0.004 -2.566 (1.080) -9.263 0.049 (0.014) 0.096 3.055 (0.971) -0.434 -0.689 (0.782) -1.089 -0.011 (0.011) 0.006 -0.031 (0.013) 0.002 0.219 (0.606) -3.842 0.005 (0.008) 0.063 0.899 (0.640) 2.259 -2.043 (0.500) -2.746 0.018 (0.007) 0.022 4.789 (1.041) -0.899 -0.039 (0.014) 0.012 1.701 (1.018) 0.048 0.388 (0.993) 3.708 -0.011 (0.013) -0.021 3.637 (0.903) 2.067 1.744 (1	0.082 (0.005) 0.194 (0.023) -0.988 (0.392) -0.855 (0.963) -1.688 (0.315) 2.511 (1.254) 0.014 (0.004) -0.035 (0.019) 0.009 (0.005) 0.004 (0.014)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0.082 0.005 0.1944 (0.023) 0.0866 (0.010) 3.565 (0.356) 1.815 0.988 (0.392) -0.855 (0.963) -0.954 (0.690) 6.729 (2.325) -15.305 1.688 (0.315) 2.511 (1.254) 0.111 (0.539) -7.691 (2.329) -12.305 0.014 (0.004) -0.004 (0.014) 0.010 (0.010) 1.186 (0.595) -0.055 To Mode (0.008) 0.087 0.020 0.010 (0.009) -0.055 To Mode (0.008) 0.037 (0.020) 0.100 (0.009) 0.063 3.055 (0.971) -0.434 (0.648) 3.446 (1.019) 0.207 (0.915) 14.270 -0.689 (0.782) -1.089 (0.676) -0.013 (1.229) -0.708 (0.807) 8.107 -0.011 (0.011) 0.002 (0.079) -0.021 (0.018) 0.070 (0.018) 0.012 0.038 <t< td=""></t<>

Notes: Median and standard deviation (in parenthesis) of the posterior of each parameter in the estimation with five groups. estimates and standard errors. Each column refers to the current health group of the individual while each of the first five panels presents the parameters of the transition to a different health group. The last panel gathers the estimation results of the Bernouilli process that drives I-ADLs.

Table S.7: Effective sample sizes: 4 Groups, k = 20

Constant 125 361 208 431 604 581 168 255 169 126 348 201 377 673 631 117 109 119 119 119 119 110	Variable	Hea	lthy	Physi	cally frail	Ment	ally frail	Imp	paired						
Age 126 348 201 377 673 631 117 109 HighSchool 913 6555 313 768 611 769 430 297 Female 264 520 193 317 739 787 544 337 Age × Female 306 572 173 269 686 797 648 389 Age × HighSchool 97 545 144 [918] 956 580 61 460 332 Age 97 545 144 [918] 956 580 61 460 460 322 57 500 HighSchool 692 760 572 798 632 859 124 [410] Female 105 [483] 325 616 437 564 157 462 Age × HighSchool 746 707 531 748 682 931 98 394 394 394				То Н	lealthy										
HighSchool	Constant	125	[361]			604	[581]	168	[255]						
HighSchool	Age	126	[348]	201	[377]	673	[631]	117	[109]						
Female 264 [520] 193 [317] 739 [787] 544 [337] Age × Female 306 [572] 173 269] 686 [797] 684 [389] Age × HighSchool 97 [591] 316 [761] 737 [704] 460 323 Constant 94 [545] 144 [918] 956 [580] 61 [467] Age 97 [545] 127 [727] 942 [685] 57 [500] HighSchool 692 [760] 572 [798] 632 859 124 410 Female 105 [483] 325 [616] 437 564 157 [406] 488 Age × HighSchool 746 707 531 748 682 931 98 394 HighSchool 147 663 287 1447 287 577 837 892 Female 480	_	913	[655]	313	[768]	611	[769]	430	[297]						
Name		264	[520]	193	[317]	739	[787]	544	[337]						
Age × HighSchool 975 [591] 316 [761] 737 [704] 460 [332] To Physically frail Constant 94 [545] 144 [918] 956 [580] 61 [467] Age 97 [545] 127 [727] 942 [685] 57 600 HighSchool 692 [760] 572 [798] 632 [859] 124 [410] Female 105 [483] 325 [616] 437 [564] 157 [462] Age × Female 115 [569] 256 [580] 567 [600] 160 [488] Age × HighSchool 746 [707] 531 [748] 682 [931] 98 394 Constant 260 [572] 724 523 672 [418] 921 [313] Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 305	$Age \times Female$	306	[572]	173	[269]	686	[797]	684	[389]						
Constant	$Age \times HighSchool$	975		316	[761]	737	[704]	460							
Age 97 [545] 127 [727] 942 [685] 57 [500] HighSchool 692 [760] 572 [798] 632 [859] 124 [410] Female 115 [569] 256 [580] 567 [600] 160 [488] Age × HighSchool 776 [707] 531 [748] 682 [931] 98 [394] To Mentally frail Constant 260 [572] 724 [523] 672 [418] 921 [313] Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 [305] HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324				To Phys	ically frail										
HighSchool 692 [760] 572 [798] 632 [859] 124 [410] Female 105 [483] 325 [616] 437 [564] 157 [462] Age × Female 115 [569] 256 [580] 567 [600] 160 [488] Age × HighSchool 746 [707] 531 [748] 682 [931] 98 [394] To Mentally frail To Mentally frail Constant 260 [572] 724 [523] 672 [418] 921 [313] Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 [305] HighSchool 147 [663] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age x HighSchool 130 [606]	Constant	94	[545]	144	[918]	956	[580]	61	[467]						
HighSchool 692 [760] 572 [798] 632 [859] 124 [410] Female 105 [483] 325 [616] 437 [564] 157 [462] Age × Female 115 [569] 256 [580] 567 [600] 160 [488] Age × HighSchool 746 [707] 531 [748] 682 [931] 98 [394] To Mentally frait To Mentally frait Age 268 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 [305] HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 337 [518]	Age	97	[545]	127	[727]	942	[685]	57	[500]						
Age × Female Age × HighSchool 115 [569] 256 [580] 567 [600] 160 [488] Age × HighSchool 746 [707] 531 [748] 682 [931] 98 [394] To Mentally frail To Mentally frail Constant 260 [572] 724 [523] 672 [418] 921 [313] Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 305 HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 326 Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 310 Age × HighSchool 370 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 863 HighSchool 377 [51		692	[760]	572	[798]	632	[859]	124	[410]						
RighSchool 746 707 531 748 682 931 98 394	Female	105	[483]	325	[616]	437	[564]	157	[462]						
Constant 260 572 724 523 672 [418 921 [313] Age 248 573 756 549 730 [426 890 [305 HighSchool 147 653 287 [447 287 577] 337 [892 Female 489 564 454 [464 258 [494 742 [326 Age × Female 480 549 450 504 332 [459 711 [310 Age × HighSchool 130 606 288 [462 309 565 324 [950 504 489 705 603 1986 [979 1148 [423 817 863 437 438 446 468 46	$Age \times Female$	115	[569]	256	[580]	567	[600]	160	[488]						
Constant 260 [572] 724 [523] 672 [418] 921 [313] Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 [305] HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired	$Age \times HighSchool$	746	[707]			682	[931]	98	[394]						
Age 248 [573] 756 [549] 730 [426] 890 [305] HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired To Impaired <td <="" colspan="6" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>To Men</td><td>tally frail</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>To Men</td> <td>tally frail</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									To Men	tally frail				
HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired To Impaired Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953]	Constant	260	[572]	724	[523]	672	[418]	921	[313]						
HighSchool 147 [653] 287 [447] 287 [577] 337 [892] Female 489 [564] 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired To Impaired Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953]	Age	248	[573]	756	[549]	730	[426]	890	[305]						
Female 489 564 454 [464] 258 [494] 742 [326] Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired To Impaired Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] <td></td> <td>147</td> <td>[653]</td> <td>287</td> <td>[447]</td> <td>287</td> <td>[577]</td> <td>337</td> <td>[892]</td>		147	[653]	287	[447]	287	[577]	337	[892]						
Age × Female 480 [549] 450 [504] 332 [459] 711 [310] Age × HighSchool 130 [606] 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired To Impaired Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group	Female	489	[564]	454	[464]	258	[494]	742							
Age × HighSchool 130 606 288 [462] 309 [565] 324 [950] To Impaired Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] <td>$Age \times Female$</td> <td>480</td> <td>[549]</td> <td>450</td> <td>[504]</td> <td>332</td> <td></td> <td>711</td> <td></td>	$Age \times Female$	480	[549]	450	[504]	332		711							
Constant 834 [622] 1961 [1137] 1140 [423] 786 [781] Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215]	$Age \times HighSchool$	130	[606]	288	[462]	309	[565]	324							
Age 705 [603] 1986 [979] 1148 [423] 817 [863] HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503]				To In	npaired										
HighSchool 377 [518] 593 [1172] 283 [1052] 967 [645] Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048	Constant	834	[622]	1961	[1137]	1140	[423]	786	[781]						
Female 194 [698] 296 [904] 326 [464] 436 [437] Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [168	Age	705	[603]	1986	[979]	1148	[423]	817	[863]						
Age × Female 185 [689] 336 [953] 350 [420] 389 [471] Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] WALK Pr. of each I-ADL by health group WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848]	HighSchool	377	[518]	593	[1172]	283	[1052]	967	[645]						
Age × HighSchool 303 [586] 603 [1173] 289 [928] 1013 [682] WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [Female	194	[698]	296	[904]	326	[464]	436	[437]						
Pr. of each I-ADL by health group	$Age \times Female$	185	[689]	336	[953]	350	[420]	389	[471]						
WALK 4272 [1981] 2636 [1444] 2654 [1802] 2911 [1374] DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] <td< td=""><td>$Age \times HighSchool$</td><td>303</td><td>[586]</td><td>603</td><td>[1173]</td><td>289</td><td>[928]</td><td>1013</td><td>[682]</td></td<>	$Age \times HighSchool$	303	[586]	603	[1173]	289	[928]	1013	[682]						
DRESS 2818 [1289] 4161 [1640] 2711 [2042] 2800 [1888] BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Pr. of</td> <td>each I-AD</td> <td>L by health</td> <td>group</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			Pr. of	each I-AD	L by health	group									
BATH 4837 [5029] 5344 [2215] 2809 [1942] 3297 [2110] EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	WALK	4272	[1981]	2636	[1444]	2654	[1802]	2911	[1374]						
EAT 5725 [2009] 2634 [1503] 2151 [2860] 3555 [1153] BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	DRESS	2818	[1289]	4161	[1640]	2711	[2042]	2800	[1888]						
BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	BATH	4837	[5029]	5344	[2215]	2809	[1942]	3297	[2110]						
BED 3506 [1709] 3235 [1390] 4048 [1495] 1768 [3609] TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	EAT	5725	[2009]	2634	[1503]	2151		3555							
TOILET 4114 [2093] 5863 [2254] 3371 [1686] 2774 [1467] MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	BED		[1709]					1768							
MAP 4794 [2848] 4461 [2077] 1946 [1059] 1891 [1227] PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	TOILET	4114	[2093]			3371	[1686]	2774	[1467]						
PHONE 3025 [932] 4088 [1819] 4046 [1331] 4154 [2274] MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	MAP	4794	[2848]				[1059]	1891							
MONEY 3490 [2007] 3605 [820] 1703 [777] 3139 [1191] MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	PHONE	3025	[932]	4088	[1819]	4046	[1331]	4154	[2274]						
MED 3729 [1564] 4780 [2683] 2325 [1336] 3127 [1765] SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	MONEY							3139							
SHOP 4575 [2182] 3231 [1433] 1875 [1933] 3301 [2710]	MED	3729				2325		3127							
	SHOP														
	MEAL														

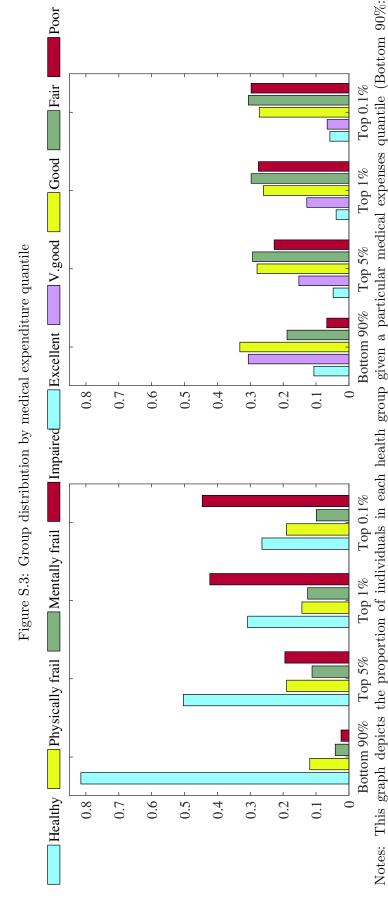
Notes: We compute the effective sample size (ESS) by dividing the chain in k different subchains and computing the average parameter in each subsample i: \bar{g}_i . Then, the effective sample size equals $\frac{ks_N}{s_k}$ where s_k is the standard deviation of \bar{g}_i and s_N is the standard deviation of the parameters over the whole chain. If the model has converged the ESS should increase linearly with the length of the chain. We include the ESS of half of the sample between square brackets.

Table S.8: Effective sample sizes: 4 Groups, k = 40

Variable	Hea	althy	Physi	cally frail	Ment	ally frail	Imp	aired
			То Н	lealthy				
Constant	1491	[924]	1663	[767]	937	[568]	670	[236]
Age	1480	[937]	1787	[789]	896	[585]	730	[253]
HighSchool	1881	[782]	1363	[679]	767	[553]	481	[244]
Female	1103	[554]	1320	[793]	896	[537]	447	[287]
$Age \times Female$	1045	[525]	1307	[837]	888	[532]	389	[270]
$Age \times HighSchool$	1892	[809]	1388	[685]	779	[549]	487	[241]
		. ,	To Phys	ically frail				
Constant	1040	[967]	1112	[1055]	410	[283]	1005	[544]
Age	997	[934]	1181	[1189]	66	[347]	989	[528]
HighSchool	1562	[791]	1250	[1081]	381	[265]	996	[704]
Female	1398	[556]	1633	[698]	358	[245]	851	[480]
$Age \times Female$	1382	[522]	1679	[714]	66	[281]	844	[470]
$Age \times HighSchool$	1502	[778]	1329	[1133]	397	[269]	968	[660]
			To Men	tally frail				-
Constant	939	[469]	1070	[713]	954	[574]	682	[327]
Age	961	[470]	1119	[732]	943	[590]	655	[324]
HighSchool	750	[427]	984	[733]	1038	[591]	742	[640]
Female	1222	[738]	1094	[694]	1441	[600]	756	[443]
$Age \times Female$	1245	[738]	1123	[685]	1403	[596]	695	[421]
$Age \times HighSchool$	744	[421]	1006	[753]	1030	[606]	774	[667]
			To In	npaired				. ,
Constant	1576	[798]	1434	[934]	949	[799]	1472	[888]
Age	1605	[843]	1414	[979]	937	[801]	1449	[923]
HighSchool	1466	[764]	1097	[742]	1027	[945]	1487	[771]
Female	1586	[592]	1173	[876]	1326	[769]	1405	[783]
$Age \times Female$	1602	[610]	1149	[859]	1253	[762]	1429	[771]
$Age \times HighSchool$	1450	[796]	1081	[727]	1029	[977]	1520	[789]
		Pr. of	each I-AD	L by healt	h group			. ,
WALK	4586	[3212]	4708	[1969]	5828	[2961]	3906	[2235]
DRESS	5414	[2721]	6543	[2272]	5300	[3051]	4816	[2281]
BATH	8546	[3201]	4542	[2768]	3567	[2175]	5337	[3998]
EAT	5694	[2788]	7084	[3687]	3955	[3117]	8876	[3955]
BED	7843	[2566]	4817	[2110]	7490	[4200]	3719	[2443]
TOILET	4783	[4090]	4107	[2877]	5249	[2016]	3765	[2594]
MAP	5051	[2471]	3913	[2385]	4253	[2836]	7083	[2911]
PHONE	5381	[2414]	4370	[2357]	3082	[2037]	5716	[3867]
MONEY	8617	[4346]	5531	[3403]	2953	[1629]	7841	[3224]
MED	5726	[3077]	9829	[4552]	3761	[2051]	6567	[3550]
SHOP	4404	[1975]	4384	[2333]	2766	[2072]	6115	[4007]
MEAL	5455	[3671]	5234	[2740]	3760	[1677]	5081	[2920]
Notes: We compute t		. ,						

Notes: We compute the effective sample size (ESS) by dividing the chain in k different subchains and computing the average parameter in each subsample i: \bar{g}_i . Then, the effective sample size equals $\frac{ks_N}{s_k}$ where s_k is the standard deviation of \bar{g}_i and s_N is the standard deviation of the parameters over the whole chain. If the model has converged the ESS should increase linearly with the length of the chain. We include the ESS of half of the sample between square brackets.

S.4 Distribution of medical expenses by health group



the rights corresponds to self-reported health. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old out of Medicaid and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of expenditures over a 2 year period in dollars of 2018. The graph on the left corresponds to our endogenous classification while the graph on < \$8,045; Top 5%: > \$13,054; Top 1%: > \$46,718; Top 0.1%: > \$154,260). Medical expenditures correspond to out-of-pocket medical 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average.

S.5 Parameters Table 5

Table S.9: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: No health

		nedical ding	l Nursing home resident			eived e care	Mortality
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	0.030***	0.030**	0.003***	0.004***	0.006***	0.007***	0.010***
	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-2.413***	-2.919***	0.068***	0.082^{***}	0.087^{***}	0.084***	0.130^{***}
	(0.527)	(0.661)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.042^{***}	0.051^{***}	-0.001***	-0.001***	-0.002***	-0.002***	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-2.063***	-2.781***	-0.123***	-0.146***	-0.090***	-0.082***	0.077^{***}
	(0.476)	(0.599)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.015)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.035***	0.046***	0.002***	0.002***	0.002***	0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Constant	0.021	0.091	-0.181***	-0.237***	-0.336***	-0.367***	-0.580***
	(0.547)	(0.691)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.021)	(0.016)
R2	0.007	0.008	0.043	0.051	0.036	0.035	0.059

Notes: Numbers correspond to the estimates and standard errors (in parenthesis) of the following regression:

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + age_{i,t} \left(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1\right) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education, and $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector of dummy variables indicating to which group the individual belongs. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.10: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: Self-reported health (2 groups)

		medical nding		ng home ident		eived e care	Mortality
\overline{Wave}	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	0.006	0.016	0.001***	0.002***	0.005***	0.006***	0.007***
	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-2.448***	-2.857***	0.027***	0.050***	0.102***	0.115***	0.105***
	(0.542)	(0.681)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.041^{***}	0.049^{***}	-0.000***	-0.001***	-0.002***	-0.002***	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-1.909***	-2.641^{***}	-0.116***	-0.139***	-0.083***	-0.078***	0.081^{***}
	(0.475)	(0.598)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.032***	0.043***	0.002***	0.002***	0.001***	0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Bad	-3.009***	-1.902**	-0.229***	-0.197***	-0.175***	-0.083***	-0.261***
	(0.523)	(0.667)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.015)
$\text{Bad} \times \text{HS}$	1.202***	1.157^{***}	0.009^{***}	0.010^{***}	0.022^{***}	0.015^{**}	0.023^{***}
	(0.131)	(0.160)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.004)
$\text{Bad} \times \text{Age}$	0.052^{***}	0.036^{***}	0.003^{***}	0.003^{***}	0.004***	0.002^{***}	0.005^{***}
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\text{Bad} \times \text{Female}$	0.252*	0.125	0.005**	0.006**	0.028***	0.031^{***}	-0.028***
	(0.121)	(0.150)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)
Constant	1.378*	0.780	-0.071***	-0.153***	-0.265***	-0.353***	-0.438***
	(0.602)	(0.755)	(0.009)	(0.012)	(0.018)	(0.022)	(0.018)
R2	0.015	0.013	0.060	0.062	0.073	0.062	0.093

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a dummy variable that takes value one if the individual reports poor or very poor health (Bad). Individuals reporting excellent, very good, good compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.11: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: Self-reported health (5 groups)

	Current -0.003 (0.013) -2.436*** (0.592) 0.042***	Next 0.014 (0.016) -2.786***	Current 0.001** (0.000)	Next 0.002***	Current	ne care Next	Mortality Next
Age HS	-0.003 (0.013) -2.436*** (0.592)	0.014 (0.016)	0.001**			Next	Next
HS	(0.013) -2.436*** (0.592)	(0.016)		0.002***			1.0110
	-2.436*** (0.592)		(0.000)	0.002	0.003***	0.004***	0.006***
	(0.592)	-2.786***	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$HS \times Age$			0.013	0.034**	0.091***	0.104***	0.091***
$HS \times Age$	0.042***	(0.737)	(0.009)	(0.012)	(0.018)	(0.022)	(0.017)
	0.012	0.049***	-0.000**	-0.001***	-0.002***	-0.002***	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-1.927***	-2.704***	-0.113***	-0.136***	-0.085***	-0.072***	0.088***
	(0.496)	(0.620)	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.015)	(0.018)	(0.015)
$Female \times Age$	0.030***	0.041***	0.002***	0.002***	0.001***	0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Very good	0.489	0.826	-0.015	0.012	-0.066*	-0.059	-0.034
	(0.987)	(1.181)	(0.015)	(0.018)	(0.030)	(0.035)	(0.029)
Good	-0.600	-0.098	-0.056***	-0.043*	-0.142***	-0.155***	-0.111***
	(0.960)	(1.153)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.029)	(0.034)	(0.028)
Fair	-1.857	-1.108	-0.176***	-0.163***	-0.278***	-0.214***	-0.258***
	(0.999)	(1.214)	(0.015)	(0.019)	(0.030)	(0.036)	(0.029)
Poor	-5.767***	-3.562*	-0.436***	-0.347***	-0.246***	-0.151***	-0.441***
	(1.136)	(1.450)	(0.017)	(0.023)	(0.035)	(0.043)	(0.033)
$Very good \times HS$	0.022	-0.235	0.007	0.006	0.016	0.009	0.004
	(0.300)	(0.352)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.009)
$Good \times HS$	0.100	0.148	0.004	0.007	0.016	0.020*	0.006
	(0.287)	(0.337)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.008)
$Fair \times HS$	1.023***	0.953**	0.011^{*}	0.017**	0.035***	0.029**	0.020*
	(0.290)	(0.342)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.009)	(0.010)	(0.008)
$Poor \times HS$	1.934***	1.801***	0.029***	0.025***	0.061***	0.051***	0.071***
	(0.317)	(0.386)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.010)	(0.011)	(0.009)
Very good×Age	-0.004	-0.007	0.000	-0.000	0.001^{*}	0.001^{*}	0.001
	(0.013)	(0.016)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$Good \times Age$	0.017	0.008	0.001***	0.001*	0.002***	0.002***	0.002***
C	(0.013)	(0.015)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$Fair \times Age$	0.039**	0.028	0.003***	0.002***	0.005***	0.004***	0.005***
o .	(0.013)	(0.016)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$Poor \times Age$	0.103***	0.068***	0.007***	0.005***	0.006***	0.004***	0.009***
<u> </u>	(0.015)	(0.019)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.000)
Very good×Female	0.101	$0.174^{'}$	0.000	0.000	0.003	-0.007	-0.003
v	(0.207)	(0.241)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)
$Good \times Female$	0.280	0.319	-0.001	0.002	0.011	0.011	-0.011
	(0.204)	(0.238)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)
$Fair \times Female$	0.241	$0.154^{'}$	0.003	0.005	0.025***	0.024**	-0.023***
	(0.216)	(0.256)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)
$Poor \times Female$	0.821**	0.763^{*}	0.010**	0.008	0.051***	0.050***	-0.063***
	(0.256)	(0.321)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.008)	(0.009)	(0.007)
Constant	1.574	$0.587^{'}$	-0.031*	-0.130***	-0.165***	-0.250***	-0.359***
	(1.003)	(1.220)	(0.015)	(0.019)	(0.030)	(0.036)	(0.029)
R2	0.019	0.015	0.071	0.068	0.090	0.074	0.112

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, \mathbf{z} includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ includes four dummy variables that takes value one if the individual report very good, good, poor or very poor health. Individuals reporting excellent health compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.12: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: ADL: Yes/No

		medical nding		ng home ident		eived e care	Mortality
\overline{Wave}	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	-0.025**	-0.005	0.000	0.002***	0.003***	0.005***	0.006***
	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-3.096***	-3.400***	0.002	0.029**	0.062***	0.083***	0.074***
	(0.533)	(0.667)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.050^{***}	0.055***	-0.000	-0.000**	-0.001***	-0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-0.495	-1.257^*	-0.068***	-0.087***	-0.038**	-0.036*	0.116^{***}
	(0.479)	(0.602)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.010	0.021*	0.001***	0.001***	0.001**	0.001*	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
ADL>0	-9.861***	-9.286***	-0.446***	-0.437***	-0.159***	-0.070**	-0.368***
	(0.568)	(0.737)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.022)	(0.017)
$ADL>0\times HS$	1.469^{***}	1.686^{***}	0.002	0.004	-0.006	-0.004	0.009^*
	(0.145)	(0.182)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.004)
${\rm ADL}{>}0{\times}{\rm Age}$	0.148^{***}	0.133***	0.007^{***}	0.007^{***}	0.005^{***}	0.003****	0.007^{***}
	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
${\rm ADL}{>}0{\times}{\rm Female}$	0.653***	0.805***	0.008***	0.012^{***}	0.014***	0.021***	-0.040***
	(0.143)	(0.183)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.004)
Constant	3.644***	2.474***	-0.000	-0.100***	-0.192***	-0.306***	-0.380***
	(0.574)	(0.716)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.021)	(0.017)
R2	0.022	0.017	0.114	0.098	0.099	0.075	0.098

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a dummy variable that takes value one if the individual presents difficulties with an ADL. Individuals without difficulties compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.13: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: Frailty index quintiles

		ending		ing home sident		Received home care	
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	-0.049***	-0.057***	-0.001***	-0.000	0.001***	0.003***	0.003***
	(0.011)	(0.014)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-3.436***	-4.161***	-0.028***	-0.018	0.046**	0.063**	0.031
	(0.555)	(0.696)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.058***	0.069***	0.000***	0.000	-0.001**	-0.001**	-0.000*
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-0.662	-1.257^*	-0.062***	-0.075***	-0.038**	-0.032	0.133***
	(0.481)	(0.604)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.009	0.019*	0.001***	0.001^{***}	0.001**	0.001^{*}	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Second	-0.229	-1.491	-0.008	-0.047**	-0.033	-0.083**	-0.055^*
	(0.864)	(1.031)	(0.012)	(0.016)	(0.026)	(0.030)	(0.025)
Third	-0.093	-2.730**	-0.019	-0.100***	-0.065**	-0.107***	-0.125***
	(0.842)	(1.002)	(0.012)	(0.015)	(0.025)	(0.029)	(0.024)
Fourth	-0.402	-3.767***	-0.060***	-0.175***	-0.154***	-0.203***	-0.230***
	(0.836)	(1.002)	(0.012)	(0.015)	(0.025)	(0.029)	(0.024)
Top	-10.973***	-12.068***	-0.510***	-0.596***	-0.349***	-0.284***	-0.542***
	(0.798)	(1.003)	(0.011)	(0.015)	(0.024)	(0.029)	(0.024)
$Second \times HS$	-0.129	-0.148	0.001	-0.002	0.007	0.003	0.004
	(0.244)	(0.286)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.007)
$\text{Third} \times \text{HS}$	0.002	-0.028	-0.001	-0.002	-0.002	0.004	-0.009
	(0.235)	(0.275)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.007)
$Fourth \times HS$	0.006	0.111	0.002	-0.001	0.011	0.015^{*}	-0.000
	(0.232)	(0.273)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.007)
$\text{Top} \times \text{HS}$	1.726***	2.247^{***}	0.013***	0.022^{***}	0.008	0.012	0.017^{**}
	(0.224)	(0.272)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.008)	(0.007)
$Second \times Age$	0.008	0.027	0.000	0.001^{***}	0.001	0.001***	0.001**
	(0.012)	(0.014)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\text{Third} \times \text{Age}$	0.011	0.050***	0.000	0.002***	0.001***	0.002^{***}	0.002^{***}
	(0.011)	(0.014)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$Fourth \times Age$	0.022	0.072^{***}	0.001***	0.003***	0.003***	0.004***	0.004^{***}
	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\text{Top} \times \text{Age}$	0.175***	0.186***	0.008***	0.009***	0.008***	0.007^{***}	0.010^{***}
	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\mathbf{Second}{\times}\mathbf{Female}$	0.209	0.033	-0.001	-0.002	-0.003	-0.009	-0.007
	(0.173)	(0.202)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
$Third \times Female$	0.199	0.130	-0.002	-0.000	0.001	-0.006	-0.013**
	(0.171)	(0.201)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
$Fourth \times Female$	0.285	-0.018	-0.001	-0.001	-0.006	0.001	-0.038***
	(0.179)	(0.211)	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
$\mathbf{Top}{\times}\mathbf{Female}$	0.706^{***}	0.813***	0.007**	0.008*	0.016**	0.011	-0.059***
	(0.180)	(0.226)	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.005)
Constant	4.683***	5.407^{***}	0.050***	0.022	-0.078**	-0.169***	-0.206***
	(0.822)	(1.001)	(0.012)	(0.015)	(0.024)	(0.029)	(0.024)
R2	0.027	0.023	0.126	0.115	0.116	0.096	0.121

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector that includes 4 dummy variables that take value one if the individual belongs to the second, third, fourth of fifth quantile of the frailty index proposed by Braun et al. (2017). Individuals in the quintile with the lowest frailness compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.14: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: I-ADLs dummies

		OOP medical spending		ng home	Rec	Mortality	
	sper	nding	resi	ident	hom	e care	
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	-0.031**	0.002	0.001***	0.002***	0.003***	0.005***	0.007***
	(0.011)	(0.014)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-3.544***	-2.845**	0.046***	0.072***	0.039*	0.084***	0.112***
	(0.784)	(0.963)	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.017)	(0.022)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.066***	0.057***	-0.001***	-0.001***	-0.001*	-0.001***	-0.002***
	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	-0.750	-1.581	-0.083***	-0.073***	-0.050***	-0.050**	0.109***
	(0.666)	(0.813)	(0.006)	(0.008)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.016	0.026*	0.001***	0.001***	0.001***	0.001**	-0.002***
	(0.009)	(0.011)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Walk	-0.331	1.637	-0.062***	-0.110***	0.086**	0.147**	0.030
	(1.537)	(1.985)	(0.014)	(0.020)	(0.034)	(0.045)	(0.033)
Dress	0.437	0.011	-0.008	-0.004	0.034	-0.019	-0.055
	(1.357)	(1.714)	(0.012)	(0.017)	(0.029)	(0.038)	(0.029)
Bath	-4.727**	-8.337***	-0.141***	-0.147***	-0.035	0.009	-0.058
	(1.653)	(2.120)	(0.015)	(0.021)	(0.036)	(0.048)	(0.035)
Eat	1.944	-6.313*	0.040*	-0.010	0.040	0.099	-0.083
	(2.063)	(2.785)	(0.018)	(0.028)	(0.046)	(0.064)	(0.044)
Bed	-6.543***	3.756	-0.167***	-0.099***	-0.068*	-0.041	-0.070*
	(1.579)	(2.024)	(0.014)	(0.020)	(0.035)	(0.046)	(0.034)
Toilet	-0.366	-0.575	-0.117***	-0.012	0.013	0.008	-0.065
	(1.610)	(2.061)	(0.014)	(0.021)	(0.035)	(0.047)	(0.034)
Map	0.376	-2.127	-0.020*	-0.035**	-0.011	-0.041	0.051*
	(1.031)	(1.274)	(0.009)	(0.013)	(0.022)	(0.028)	(0.022)
Phone	-0.343	-2.188	0.087***	0.069**	0.002	-0.041	-0.170***
	(1.945)	(2.590)	(0.017)	(0.026)	(0.043)	(0.059)	(0.042)
Money	-4.167*	-4.429*	-0.150***	-0.270***	-0.010	-0.013	-0.135***
	(1.680)	(2.197)	(0.015)	(0.022)	(0.037)	(0.049)	(0.037)
Med	-9.306***	-8.128**	-0.188***	-0.102***	0.011	0.046	-0.034
	(1.965)	(2.665)	(0.017)	(0.027)	(0.044)	(0.061)	(0.043)
Shop	5.321***	2.494	0.050***	-0.081***	-0.035	0.017	-0.028
	(1.500)	(1.902)	(0.013)	(0.019)	(0.032)	(0.042)	(0.032)
Meals	-2.612	0.921		-0.111***	0.181***	0.151**	0.000
	(1.825)	(2.341)	(0.016)	(0.024)	(0.040)	(0.052)	(0.039)
Constant	4.956***	3.593***	0.061***	-0.044***			
	(0.858)	(1.037)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.019)	(0.023)	(0.018)
R2	0.041	0.027	0.315	0.202	0.131	0.088	0.132

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a dummy variable that takes value one if the individual presents difficulties with an ADL. Individuals without difficulties compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.15: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: 4-I-ADL method

	OOP medical spending			ng home ident	Rec hom	Mortality	
							NT /
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	-0.027**	-0.019	-0.001***	0.001***	0.003***	0.005***	0.005***
TT 0	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-2.868***	-3.515***	-0.029***	-0.012	0.031	0.058**	0.037*
	(0.541)	(0.674)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.047***	0.056^{***}	0.000***	0.000	-0.000*	-0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.008)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	0.077	-0.784	-0.052***	-0.068***	-0.021	-0.022	0.120^{***}
	(0.483)	(0.604)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.001	0.014	0.001***	0.001***	0.000	0.000	-0.002***
	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
(1,0)	0.923	-1.840	-0.020	-0.087***	-0.016	-0.053	-0.107***
	(0.871)	(1.073)	(0.012)	(0.016)	(0.026)	(0.031)	(0.026)
(0,1)	-1.468	-6.627***	-0.154***	-0.290***	-0.032	-0.095**	-0.283***
	(0.952)	(1.215)	(0.013)	(0.018)	(0.028)	(0.036)	(0.028)
(1,1)	-13.015***	-13.261***	-0.584***	-0.628***	-0.088***	-0.012	-0.433***
	(0.697)	(0.932)	(0.010)	(0.014)	(0.021)	(0.028)	(0.021)
$(1,0)\times HS$	-0.273	0.234	0.002	0.005	0.022***	0.008	0.008
((0.216)	(0.260)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.008)	(0.006)
$(0,1)\times HS$	0.542^{*}	1.424***	0.003	0.011^{*}	-0.003	0.002	0.008
((0.237)	(0.294)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.007)
$(1,1)\times HS$	3.177***	3.620***	0.023***	0.030***	0.005	0.014^{*}	0.032***
() /	(0.179)	(0.233)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.005)
$(1,0)\times Age$	-0.001	0.031*	0.000*	0.001***	0.001**	0.002***	0.002***
(-)*)**8*	(0.012)	(0.015)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$(0,1)\times Age$	0.026*	0.096***	0.002***	0.004***	0.001**	0.002***	0.005***
(0,1)//1180	(0.012)	(0.016)	(0.002)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$(1,1)\times Age$	0.192***	0.189***	0.009***	0.010***	0.005***	0.003***	0.000)
(1,1) × 11gc	(0.009)	(0.012)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$(1,0)\times$ Female	0.088	0.216	-0.002	0.000)	0.009	0.014^*	-0.027***
(1,0) \ Temale	(0.204)	(0.249)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)
$(0,1)\times$ Female	0.204) $0.513*$	0.249) 0.276	0.006	0.004) 0.009 *	0.000)	0.007)	0.003
$(0,1) \times \text{Female}$							
(1 1) v Ela	(0.228) $0.939***$	(0.284) $1.079***$	(0.003) 0.010^{***}	(0.004) 0.012^{***}	(0.007)	(0.008) 0.019^*	(0.007) $-0.059***$
$(1,1)\times$ Female					0.014*		
C	(0.183)	(0.246)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.005)
Constant	3.705***	3.384***	0.039***	-0.036**	-0.144***	-0.257***	-0.294***
Do	(0.593)	(0.736)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.018)	(0.022)	(0.017)
R2	0.032	0.025	0.162	0.138	0.123	0.091	0.119

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector that includes 3 dummy variables that take value one if the individual presents difficulties with an ADL but no IADL (1,0), if she struggles with an IADL but no ADL (0,1) and if she has difficulties with at least one of each (1,1). Individuals without difficulties compose the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.16: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: 2 Health clusters

		medical nding	Nursing home resident		Receiv home c		Mortality
$\overline{\qquad}$	Current	Next	Current Next		Current Next		Next
Age	-0.036***	-0.018	-0.000***		0.003***	0.005***	0.006***
Q	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-3.980***	-4.645***	-0.031***	-0.011	$0.027^{'}$	0.057**	0.036*
	(0.721)	(0.885)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.062***	0.073***	0.000***	0.000	-0.000	-0.001***	-0.001***
	(0.010)	(0.012)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	0.021	-0.939	-0.048***	-0.061***	-0.027	-0.027	0.127***
	(0.643)	(0.793)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	0.004	0.017	0.001***	0.001***	0.000*	0.000	-0.002***
	(0.009)	(0.011)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Impaired	-14.303***	-16.501***	-0.528***	-0.576***	-0.041*	0.019	-0.403***
	(0.847)	(1.107)	(0.009)	(0.013)	(0.019)	(0.025)	(0.019)
${\rm Impaired}{\times}{\rm HS}$	3.449***	4.572***	0.024***	0.037***	0.012*	0.025***	0.037***
	(0.217)	(0.277)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
${\rm Impaired} {\times} {\rm Age}$	0.214***	0.237***	0.008***	0.009***	0.004***	0.002***	0.008***
	(0.011)	(0.015)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$Impaired \times Female$	e 0.879***	0.874**	0.010***	0.010**	0.013** 0.016*	-0.056***	
	(0.223)	(0.294)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.005)
Constant	5.156***	4.090***	0.032***	-0.064***	-0.167***	-0.290***	-0.329***
	(0.767)	(0.940)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.017)	(0.021)	(0.017)
R2	0.026	0.023	0.155	0.144	0.114	0.09	0.12

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, **z** includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector that includes the probabilities of being physically frail, mentally frail, or impaired. Healthy is the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.17: Parameters of the regression in Table 5: 4 Health clusters

	OOP	OOP medical		ig home	Rec	Mortality	
	sper	nding	resi	dent	hom	Wiortanty	
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
Age	-0.024*	-0.018	-0.000***	0.001***	0.003***	0.005***	0.005***
	(0.011)	(0.013)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
HS	-3.052***	-4.142***	-0.036***	-0.020*	0.030	0.050*	0.023
	(0.726)	(0.892)	(0.007)	(0.010)	(0.016)	(0.020)	(0.016)
$HS \times Age$	0.050***	0.066***	0.001***	0.000	-0.000	-0.001**	-0.001*
	(0.010)	(0.012)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Female	0.532	-0.656	-0.037***	-0.050***	-0.019	-0.011	0.132***
	(0.644)	(0.795)	(0.006)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.018)	(0.014)
$Female \times Age$	-0.005	0.012	0.001***	0.001***	0.000	0.000	-0.002***
	(0.009)	(0.011)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
Physically	1.056	-2.229*	-0.063***	-0.161***	-0.051**	-0.027	-0.164***
	(0.892)	(1.101)	(0.009)	(0.012)	(0.020)	(0.024)	(0.019)
Mentally	-5.734***	-15.558***	-0.296***	-0.509***	-0.070*	-0.125**	-0.352***
	(1.320)	(1.691)	(0.013)	(0.019)	(0.030)	(0.038)	(0.029)
Impaired	-28.442***	-24.854***	-0.777***	-0.833***	0.122***	0.130*	-0.480***
	(1.472)	(2.147)	(0.015)	(0.024)	(0.035)	(0.052)	(0.033)
$Physically \times HS$	0.653**	1.111***	0.005*	0.009**	0.013**	0.006	0.020***
	(0.226)	(0.272)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
$Mentally \times HS$	2.121***	4.519***	0.019***	0.041***	-0.002	0.008	0.017*
	(0.332)	(0.421)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.007)
$\operatorname{Impaired} \times \operatorname{HS}$	8.676***	9.251***	0.087***	0.122***	0.040***	0.026*	0.065***
	(0.362)	(0.527)	(0.004)	(0.006)	(0.009)	(0.013)	(0.008)
$Physically \times Age$	-0.001	0.042**	0.001***	0.003***	0.002***	0.002***	0.004***
	(0.012)	(0.015)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\mathbf{Mentally}{\times}\mathbf{Age}$	0.086***	0.219***	0.004***	0.008***	0.003***	0.003***	0.006***
	(0.017)	(0.022)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
$\operatorname{Impaired} \times \operatorname{Age}$	0.412***	0.367***	0.013***	0.014***	0.004***	0.003***	0.011***
	(0.018)	(0.028)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.000)
Physically×Female	0.349	0.459	-0.001	0.001	0.019** *	0.011	-0.035***
	(0.222)	(0.273)	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.005)
${\bf Mentally}{\bf \times}{\bf Female}$	1.217***	1.399**	0.016***	0.018***	0.041***	0.046***	-0.026***
	(0.339)	(0.435)	(0.003)	(0.005)	(0.008)	(0.010)	(0.007)
${\rm Impaired}{\times}{\rm Female}$	1.230**	0.248	0.006	-0.010	-0.004	-0.003	-0.088***
	(0.386)	(0.591)	(0.004)	(0.007)	(0.009)	(0.014)	(0.008)
Constant	4.248***	3.929***	0.036***	-0.042***	-0.145***	-0.261***	-0.287***
	(0.786)	(0.963)	(0.008)	(0.011)	(0.018)	(0.021)	(0.017)
R2	0.039	0.028	0.262	0.191	0.131	0.099	0.138

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma + (\mathbf{d} \otimes \mathbf{z})'\theta + age_{i,t}(\mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta_1 + \mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\gamma_1) + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference, \mathbf{z} includes gender and education. $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector that includes 3 dummy variables that take value one if the most likely health group is physically frail, mentally frail, or impaired. Healthy is the excluded category. ***,**,* indicate significance at the 99%, 95% and 90% confidence level.

Table S.18: Fraction of explained variance by health classification without covariates

	OOP medical spending		Nursing resid	•	Recei home	Mortality	
Wave	Current	Next	Current	Next	Current	Next	Next
SRH (2 groups)	0.7	0.4	1.3	1.1	4.3	3.1	3.8
SRH (5 groups)	1.0	0.6	2.1	1.6	6.1	4.3	5.7
ADL: Yes/No	1.3	0.7	5.8	4.2	7.9	5.2	4.8
Frailty index	1.6	1.1	6.0	4.9	9.3	7.0	6.6
4-I-ADL	2.0	1.3	10.7	8.2	11.0	7.2	7.7
2 groups (mode)	1.7	1.2	10.1	8.6	10.0	6.7	7.8
4 groups (mode)	2.6	1.6	21.4	13.8	12.0	8.1	10.0
Observations	118,706	94,544	118,706	94,544	117.408	93.268	102.292

Notes: Numbers correspond to the R^2 of the following regression:

$$y_{i,t} = c + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t}\beta + \varepsilon_{i,t}$$

where $y_{i,t}$ is the variable used as a reference and $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ is a vector of dummy variables indicating to which group the individual belongs. In the case of our classification, we use two alternative approaches. First, we substitute $\mathbf{d}_{i,t}$ by a vector containing the probability of individual i at time t of belonging to each cluster (we label it Probs). Secondly, we assign each individual to her most likely health group (which we label as Mode).

S.6 Health dynamics

Table S.19: Parameter estimates: self-reported health (2 groups)

Variable	Exc-V.go	ood-Good	Fair	-Poor				
To	Exc-V.go	ood-Good						
Constant	-10.310	(0.352)	-6.003	(0.297)				
Age	0.109	(0.004)	0.079	(0.004)				
High School	-1.435	(0.365)	-0.412	(0.306)				
Female	-1.682	(0.336)	-0.353	(0.304)				
$Age \times Female$	0.016	(0.004)	0.001	(0.004)				
$Age \times High School$	0.012	(0.005)	0.003	(0.004)				
	To Fair-	Poor						
Constant	-7.675	(0.370)	-7.709	(0.260)				
Age	0.086	(0.005)	0.088	(0.003)				
High School	0.815	(0.383)	1.213	(0.271)				
Female	-1.324	(0.355)	-0.959	(0.272)				
$Age \times Female$	0.012	(0.005)	0.007	(0.004)				
$Age \times High School$	-0.008	(0.005)	-0.014	(0.003)				

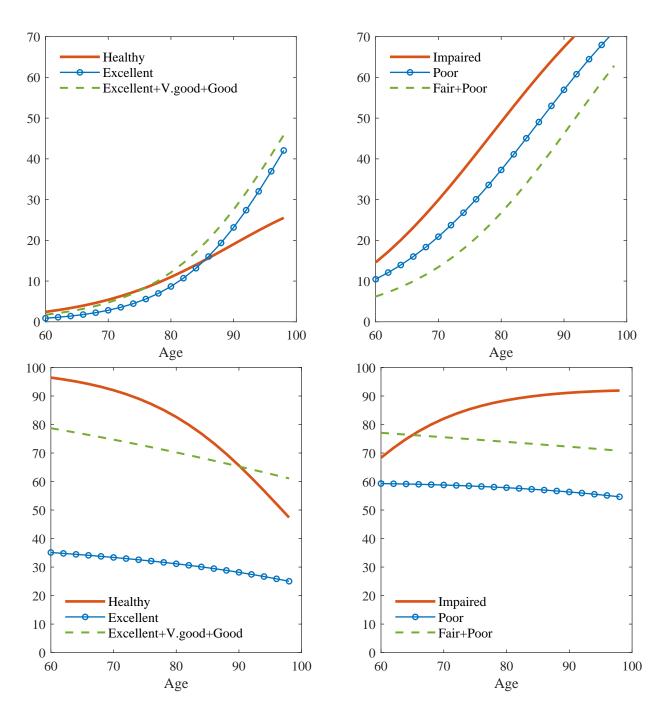
Notes: Parameter estimates and standard errors (in parenthesis) of the logit estimation using two groups of self-reported health. The most healthy group is composed for those individuals who report excellent, very good, or good health; meanwhile, the least healthy one includes those respondents who report poor or very poor health. The second column corresponds to the parameter of an individual who is currently in the healthiest group while the fourth column refers to unhealthy individuals. The first panel shows the estimation results for the transitions to the healthy group whereas the second includes those of the unhealthiest group.

Table S.20: Parameter estimates: self-reported health (5 groups)

Variable	Exce	ellent	V.G	food	Go	ood	F	air	Pe	oor
	To Excellent									
Constant	-11.029	(1.222)	-9.068	(0.773)	-7.446	(0.725)	-6.546	(1.007)	2.149	(2.534)
Age	0.123	(0.015)	0.117	(0.010)	0.111	(0.010)	0.116	(0.014)	0.027	(0.033)
HighSchool	-1.704	(1.240)	-2.279	(0.793)	-0.280	(0.760)	3.014	(1.094)	-1.437	(2.710)
Female	-2.587	(1.089)	-2.374	(0.670)	-0.412	(0.722)	1.011	(1.105)	1.732	(2.679)
$Age \times F$	0.028	(0.014)	0.026	(0.009)	0.002	(0.010)	-0.015	(0.015)	-0.020	(0.035)
$\mathrm{Age}\times\mathrm{HS}$	0.011	(0.016)	0.022	(0.010)	0.004	(0.010)	-0.036	(0.015)	0.018	(0.035)
				To V	Good.					
Constant	-10.463	(1.221)	-10.201	(0.668)	-8.018	(0.488)	-5.456	(0.567)	-3.770	(1.095)
Age	0.117	(0.015)	0.112	(0.008)	0.100	(0.006)	0.084	(0.008)	0.083	(0.015)
HighSchool	-0.442	(1.239)	-2.430	(0.691)	-1.666	(0.506)	-0.718	(0.574)	1.340	(1.150)
Female	-2.556	(1.087)	-1.685	(0.612)	-1.590	(0.466)	0.011	(0.573)	2.082	(1.183)
$Age \times F$	0.028	(0.014)	0.015	(0.008)	0.014	(0.006)	-0.004	(0.008)	-0.033	(0.016)
$Age \times HS$	-0.003	(0.016)	0.023	(0.009)	0.016	(0.006)	0.010	(0.008)	-0.009	(0.015)
O		,		/		,		,		,
				То	Good					
Constant	-10.509	(1.252)	-9.849	(0.676)	-9.537	(0.449)	-6.937	(0.416)	-2.591	(0.693)
Age	0.121	(0.016)	0.110	(0.009)	0.107	(0.006)	0.089	(0.005)	0.055	(0.009)
HighSchool	2.309	(1.271)	-0.290	(0.698)	-0.699	(0.471)	-0.596	(0.427)	0.456	(0.670)
Female	-1.591	(1.137)	-1.565	(0.621)	-1.578	(0.439)	-0.785	(0.422)	-0.430	(0.698)
$Age \times F$	0.016	(0.015)	0.015	(0.008)	0.014	(0.006)	0.006	(0.005)	0.000	(0.009)
$\mathrm{Age}\times\mathrm{HS}$	-0.029	(0.016)	-0.001	(0.009)	0.004	(0.006)	0.005	(0.006)	-0.006	(0.009)
				То	Fair					
Constant	-8.684	(1.369)	-7.133	(0.734)	-7.733	(0.470)	-8.588	(0.376)	-5.989	(0.456)
Age	0.106	(0.018)	0.084	(0.009)	0.090	(0.006)	0.100	(0.005)	0.084	(0.006)
HighSchool	4.448	(1.430)	0.885	(0.762)	0.355	(0.490)	1.274	(0.390)	1.085	(0.464)
Female	-1.801	(1.316)	-1.278	(0.694)	-1.442	(0.460)	-1.053	(0.390)	-0.645	(0.475)
$Age \times F$	0.021	(0.017)	0.013	(0.009)	0.013	(0.006)	0.008	(0.005)	0.002	(0.006)
$\mathrm{Age} \times \mathrm{HS}$	-0.049	(0.018)	-0.007	(0.010)	-0.005	(0.006)	-0.016	(0.005)	-0.012	(0.006)
				То	Poor					
Constant	-3.444	(1.717)	-4.807	(0.938)	-4.710	(0.597)	-5.924	(0.425)	-6.479	(0.394)
Age	0.050	(0.022)	0.068	(0.012)	0.067	(0.008)	0.077	(0.006)	0.081	(0.005)
HighSchool	3.334	(1.803)	2.731	(0.996)	0.464	(0.622)	1.565	(0.440)	1.253	(0.413)
Female	-2.130	(1.725)	-0.201	(0.947)	-1.116	(0.601)	-1.330	(0.446)	-0.758	(0.415)
$Age \times F$	0.024	(0.022)	-0.002	(0.012)	0.009	(0.008)	0.012	(0.006)	0.004	(0.005)
$Age \times HS$	-0.035	(0.023)	-0.028	(0.013)	-0.002	(0.008)	-0.018	(0.006)	-0.012	(0.005)
		, ,		` /		` /		` /		

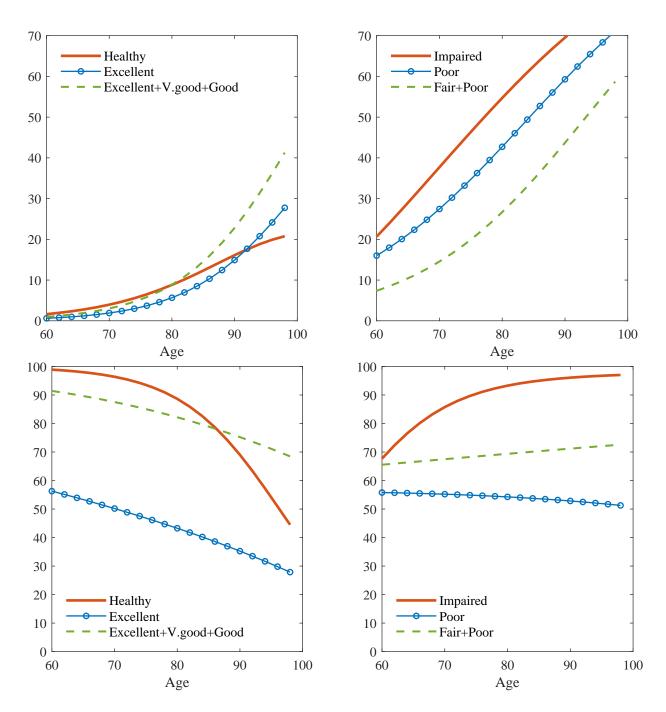
Notes: Parameter estimates and standard errors (in parenthesis) of the logit estimation using the five groups of self-reported health. Each column refers to the current health group of the individual while each panel presents the parameters of the transition to a different health group. For instance the fourth column of the third row of the first panel (-2.279) indicates that high school graduates who currently report very good health are less likely to report excellent in the next wave compared with dropouts.

Figure S.8: Transition to death and persistence: Dropout Males



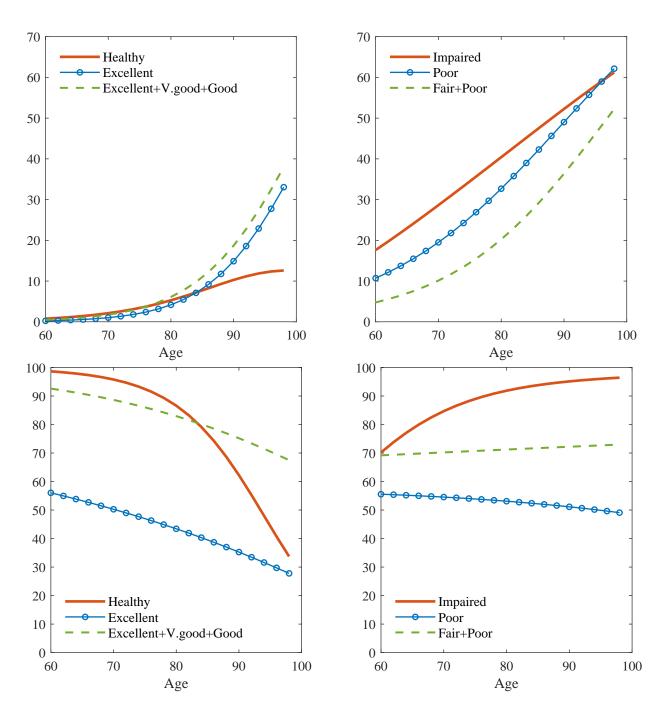
Notes: Upper plots: probability of dying per health group. Lower plots: Probability of maintaining the same health state. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years.

Figure S.9: Transition to death and persistence: High-school Males



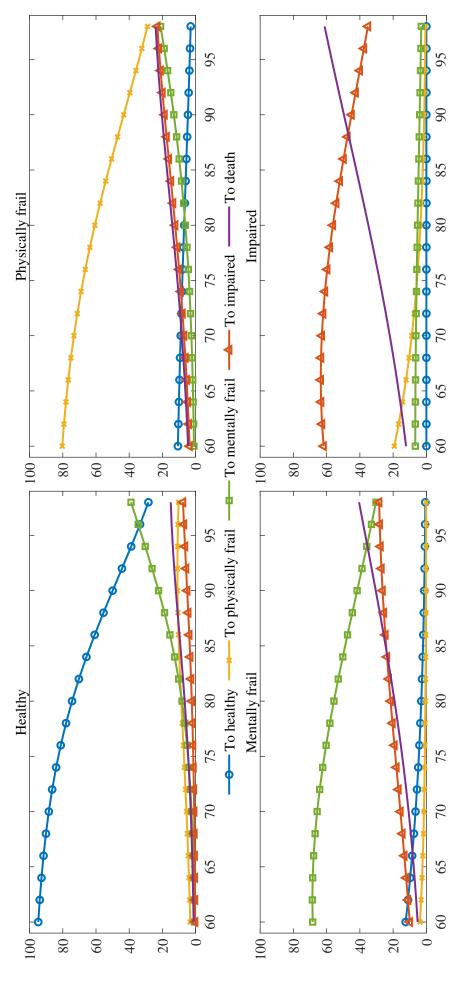
Notes: Upper plots: probability of dying per health group. Lower plots: Probability of maintaining the same health state. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years.

Figure S.10: Transition to death and persistence: High-school females



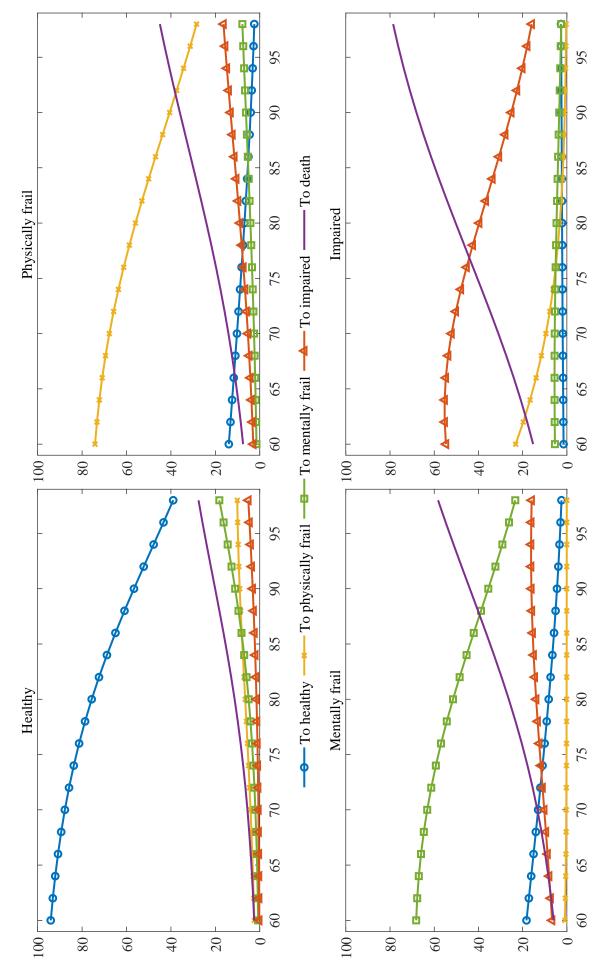
Notes: Upper plots: probability of dying per health group. Lower plots: Probability of maintaining the same health state. RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years.

Figure S.4: Transitions by group as individuals age



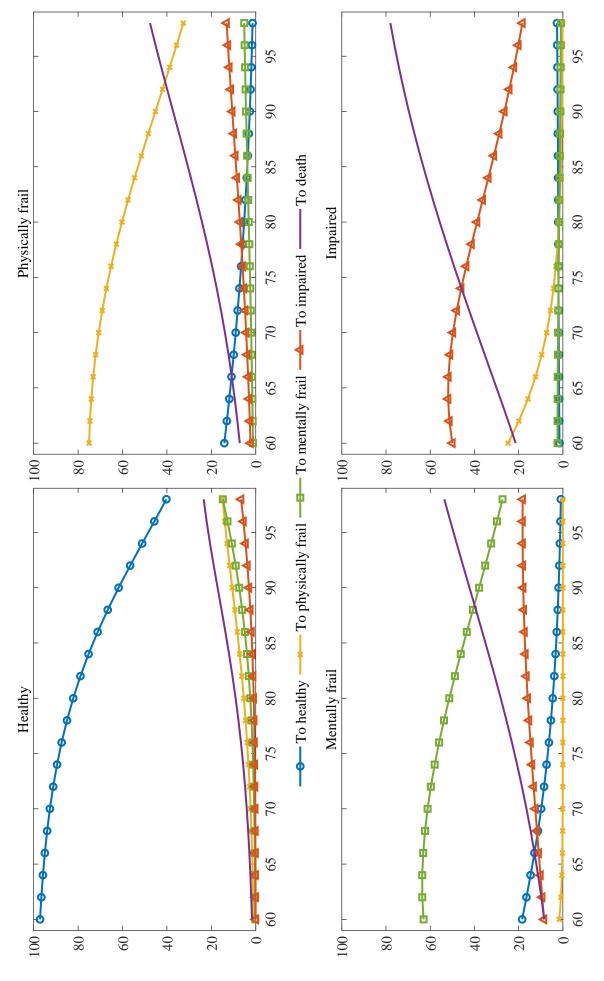
individuals followed 6 waves (12 years) on average. See Section 3 for details about the econometric model and the estimation procedure. The units Notes: RAND HRS Data; sample from 1996 to 2014 (10 waves). We select individuals over 60 years old and we drop individuals whose education, gender or age are missing (<0.1% of observations). The final sample consists of 159,025 interviews (including exit waves) which correspond to 27,369 of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years. This graph corresponds to female dropouts but it is similar if we look at other socio-economic groups (see Supplemental Material)

Figure S.5: Transitions by group as individuals age: Dropouts Males



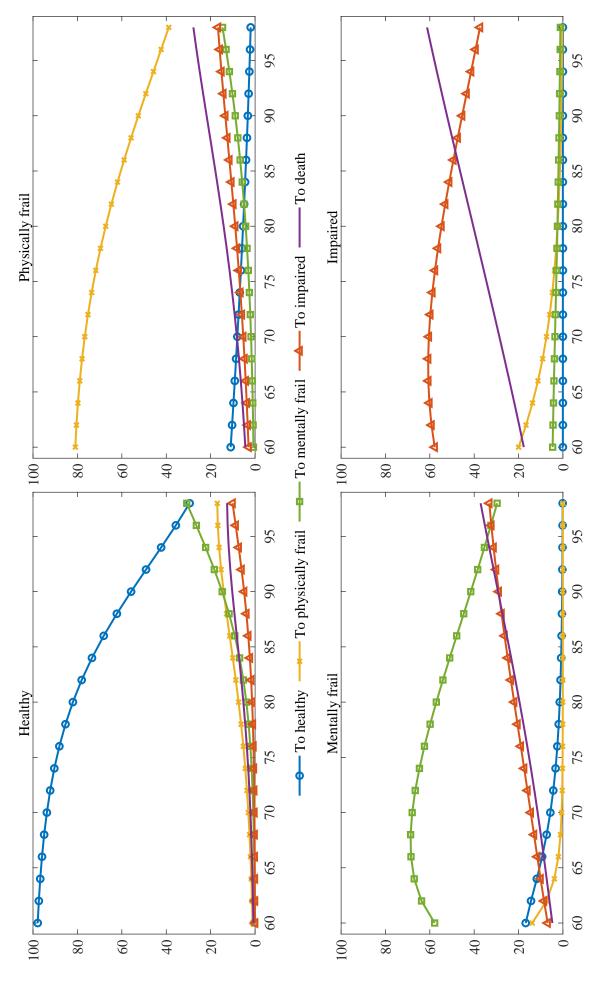
Notes: These figures depict the probability of moving to each health group according to the current health group. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years. This graph corresponds to male dropouts.

Figure S.6: Transitions by group as individuals age: High-school males



Notes: These figures depict the probability of moving to each health group according to the current health group. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years. This graph corresponds to male high-school graduates.

Figure S.7: Transitions by group as individuals age: High-school females



Notes: These figures depict the probability of moving to each health group according to the current health group. The units of the y-axis are percentage points and those of the x-axis are years. This graph corresponds to female high-school graduates.

S.7 Details of the replication exercise

In this appendix we describe the details of the replication exercise of De Nardi et al. (2010). The original model is estimated using a two-step strategy. In the first step the authors estimate the health transitions and medical expenses parameters without using the structural model and, in the second step, they estimate the vector of preference parameters and Medicaid generosity using the method of simulated moments. We reestimate the first step parameters and take their estimated preference parameters in their benchmark model. Following the original paper, we estimate the model using the AHEAD part of the Health and Retirement Study and we select only single retired individuals interviewed between 1993 to 2006.

S.7.1 Health transitions

We estimate health transition probabilities (including death) as a multinomial logistic regression. Future health is estimated as a multinomial logistic function of sex, a quadratic polynomial in age, sex interacted with age, a quadratic polynomial in permanent income rank, permanent income rank interacted with age, current health, current health interacted with age, and current health interacted with permanent income.

We estimate the model using two levels of self-reported health (excellent-very good-good and poor-very poor health) and the mode of our estimated classification when we set the number of groups to two (healthy and impaired). We face one complication during the estimation. While the HRS is a biannual survey, the model period is one year. For this purpose, we treat health between survey years as a latent variable and estimate the model using an integrated likelihood. For example if an individual is observed in 1996 and 1998 in good health and bad health, respectively, the likelihood will be given by the sum of the two possible transitions, properly weighted.

In comparison to the original paper, we obtain life expectancies across the permanent income distribution very close but not exactly equal. In our model, individuals in the bottom and top quintile of the permanent income distribution expect to live 11.3 and 13.7 years conditional on being alive at the age of 70 (versus 11.1 and 14.7 in the original paper). Transitions when using self-reported health are also very close to reported health transition in De Nardi et al. (2006).

S.7.2 Medical expenses

Following De Nardi et al. (2010), the mean of the logarithm of medical expenses is modeled as a function of a quadratic polynomial in age, sex, sex interacted with age, current health status, health status interacted with age, a quadratic in the individual's permanent income range, and permanent income range interacted with age. Following the code in Bailey Jone's website, we estimate these profiles using a fixed-effects estimator. The variance of the medical expense shock is modeled with the same variables and functional form as the mean and decomposed into a persistent and a transitory component. For the readers convenience, we rewrite the equation (6) of the original paper:

$$\ln m_t = m(g, h, I, t) + \sigma(g, h, I, t) \times (\xi_t + \zeta_t), \xi \sim N(0, \sigma_{\xi}^2)$$
$$\zeta_t = \rho \zeta_{t-1} + \epsilon_t, \epsilon \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$$

Parameters in m(g, h, I, t) are estimated by running an OLS regression using fixed effects. Then, we use the residuals of the regression first to estimate the parameters in $\sigma(g, h, I, t)$, and then we use a Kalman filter to estimate the persistent and transitory components. In contrast, De Nardi et al. (2010) use the persistence and transitory component found in French and Jones (2004), who follow a similar procedure as we do.

We introduce two differences in the medical expenditure process with respect to the original paper. First, (De Nardi et al., 2010) replace individuals having expenses of zero to \$250. In order not to overestimate the role of medical expenses, we allow agents in the model to receive zero expenses. We parametrize the probability of zero expenses by estimating a logit model of a dummy that takes the value of one in case there are zero expenses against the same set of covariates used to estimate the mean of medical expenses. Second, in order to capture the tail risk of medical expenses from nursing homes stays, we compute an order logit of nursing home residency against the same set of individuals. We introduce a nursing home shock in the model such that individuals are exposes to the average medical expenditure of individuals in nursing homes conditional on age, gender, PI and health status. None of the introduced differences affect the results but provide a better fit of the observed medical expenses.

Table S.21 presents the persistence and variance of innovations in the original paper, our estimation using self-reported health and using our two groups classification. Table S.21 shows that our estimation procedure delivers slightly more persistent medical expenditure shocks. Moreover, the parameters driving the residual medical expenses if we use self-reported health

Table S.21: Persistence and Variance of Innovations to Medical Expenses (Variances as Fractions of Total Cross-Sectional Variance)

Parameter	Variable	Estimate
	De Nardi et al. (2010)	
ρ	Autocorrelation, persistent part	0.922
$\sigma^2_\epsilon \ \sigma^2_\xi$	Innovation variance, persistent part	0.050
σ_{ξ}^2	Innovation variance, transitory part	0.665
	Self-reported Health	
$\overline{\rho}$	Autocorrelation, persistent part	0.935
σ_ϵ^2	Innovation variance, persistent part	0.064
$\sigma^2_\epsilon \ \sigma^2_\xi$	Innovation variance, transitory part	0.515
	Two Groups: mode	
$\overline{\rho}$	Autocorrelation, persistent part	0.932
$\sigma^2_\epsilon \ \sigma^2_arepsilon$	Innovation variance, persistent part	0.067
σ_{ξ}^2	Innovation variance, transitory part	0.512
	Two Groups: probabilities	
ρ	Autocorrelation, persistent part	0.932
$\sigma^2_{\epsilon} \ \sigma^2_{arepsilon}$	Innovation variance, persistent part	0.067
σ_{ξ}^2	Innovation variance, transitory part	0.523
•	Four Groups: mode	
$\overline{\rho}$	Autocorrelation, persistent part	0.933
σ^2_ϵ	Innovation variance, persistent part	0.066
σ_{ξ}^2	Innovation variance, transitory part	0.511

or our classification, almost coincide. Not surprisingly, as health enters the conditional mean and variance.

Then, we replicate Figure 3 of the original paper by simulating medical expense histories for the AHEAD birth year cohort whose members were aged 72-76 (with an average age of 74) in 1996. We begin the simulations with draws from the joint distribution of age, health, permanent income, and sex observed in 1996. As figure S.12 shows, we find very similar mean expenditures for the simulated individuals. The similarity is due to the small proportion of variance of medical expenses explained by any measure of health.

S.8 The role of medical expenses

Finally, we replicate the main result of De Nardi et al. (2010) to assess the accuracy of our replication. For this purpose we select the AHEAD birth year cohort whose members were aged 72-76 (with an average age of 74) in 1996. Then, we compute the optimal saving decisions, simulate the model, and compare the resulting asset accumulation profiles in a world without medical expenses to the asset profiles generated by the baseline model. Figure S.13 shows that

we are able to re	produce the main	figure of the	e paper an	d that t	there are	little o	differences	across
health classificat	ions.							

Figure S.11: Estimated death probabilities across health classifications for females in the median of the permanent income distribution

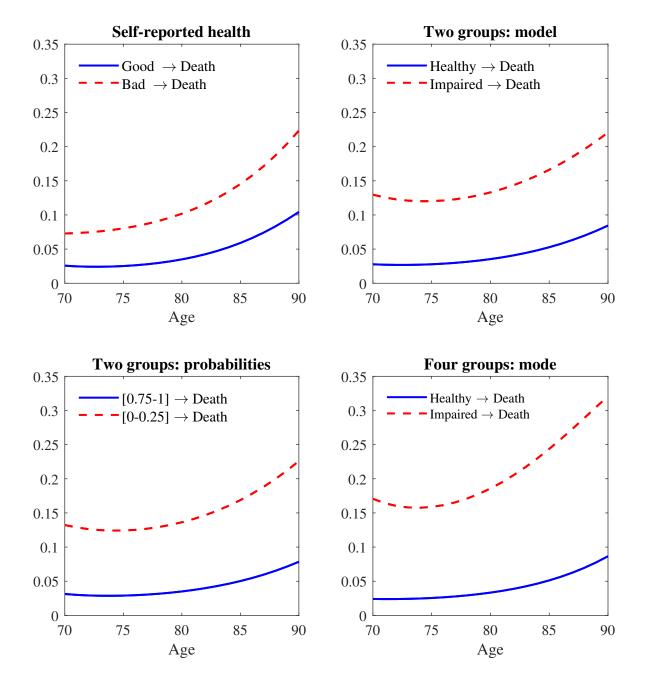


Figure S.12: Average medical expenses, by permanent income quintile

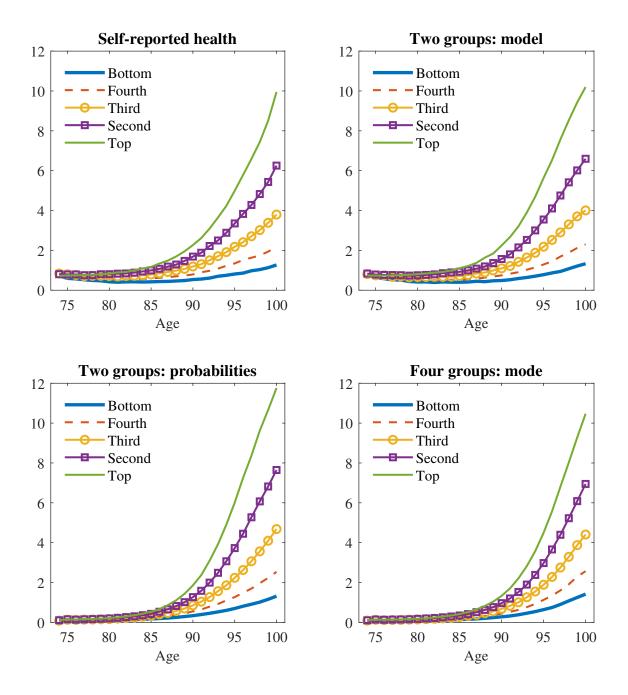
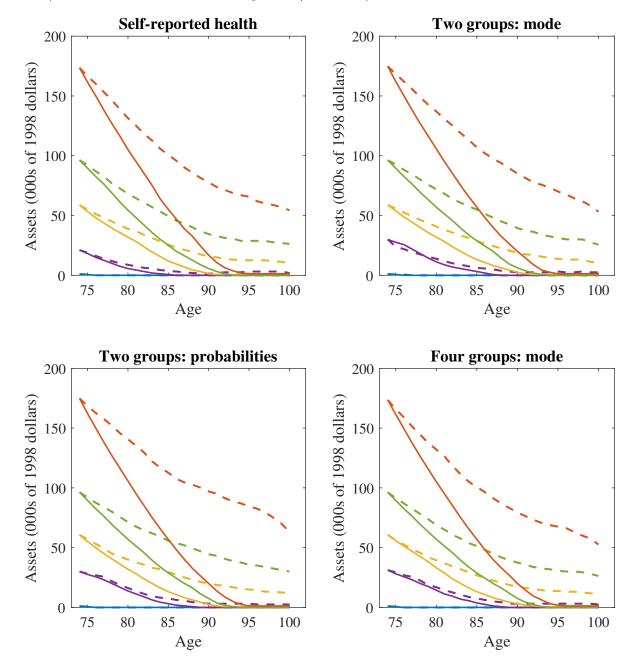


Figure S.13: Median assets by cohort and permanent income quintile: baseline model (dashed lines) and model with no medical expenses (solid lines).



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