

Data Massage - R

Introduction Data Massage with R

IT Academy









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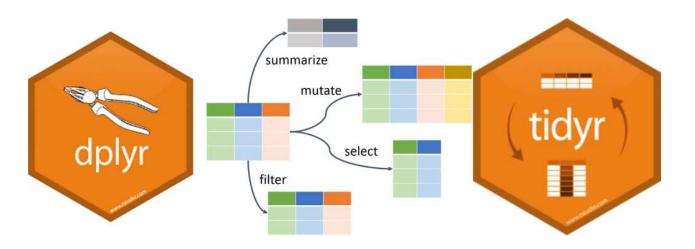




Data massaging with R

Data Massaging is the process of extracting data to remove unneeded information or clean up a dataset to get into a usable format.

To do it in R, we can use dplyr and tidyr packages









What is tidyr?

tidyr is a package that makes it easy to "tidy" your data.

Tidy data is data that's easy to work with: it's easy to munge (with **dplyr**), visualise (with **ggplot2** or ggvis) and model (with R's hundreds of modelling packages). The two most important properties of tidy data are:

- Each variable forms a column
- Each observation forms a row



Tidy data graphic from R for Data Science







What is dplyr?

dplyr is a package which provides a set of tools for efficiently manipulating datasets in R

You can track developement progress at https://github.com/tidyverse/dplyr



dplyr is a grammar of data manipulation, providing a consistent set of verbs that help you solve the most common data manipulation challenges:

- mutate() adds new variables that are functions of existing variables
- select() picks variables based on their names.
- filter() picks cases based on their values.
- summarise() reduces multiple values down to a single summary.
- arrange() changes the ordering of the rows.

These all combine naturally with <code>group_by()</code> which allows you to perform any operation "by group". You can learn more about them in <code>vignette("dplyr")</code>. As well as these single-table verbs, dplyr also provides a variety of two-table verbs, which you can learn about in <code>vignette("two-table")</code>.







Basics from tidyr and dplyr

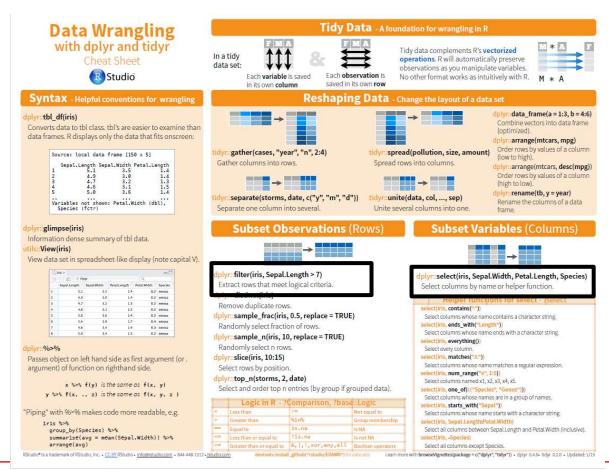
Package	Function	Use
dplyr	select	select variables/columns
dplyr	filter	select observations/rows
dplyr	Mutate	transform or recode variables
dplyr	summarize / summarise	summarize data
dplyr	group_by	identify subgroups for further processing
tidyr	gather	convert wide format dataset to long format
tidyr	spread	convert long format dataset to wide format







You are going to use:



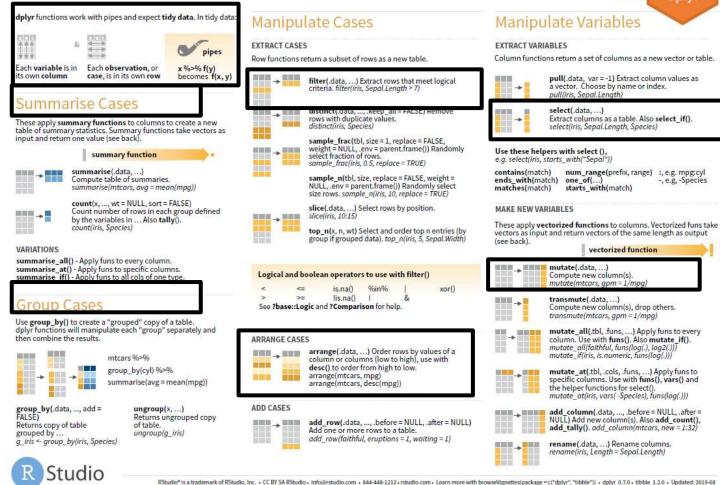






Data Transformation with dplyr:: cheat sheet











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