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## Homework 1

1. Using the axioms of probability, prove that for any sets  $A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n \subset \Omega$ ,

$$P\left(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} A_i\right) \le \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i).$$

(Hint: consider the sets  $B_1=A_1,\,B_2=A_2/A_1,\,B_3=A_3/A_2\cup A_1,\ldots$ 

- 2. A deck of 52 cards is shuffled thoroughly. What is the probability that the four aces are all next to each other?
- 3. How many ways are there to place n indistinguishable balls into n boxes so that exactly one box is empty?
- 4. If n balls are distributed randomly into k boxes, what is the probability that the last box contains n balls?
- 5. How many unique ways are there to encode a 26-letter alphabet into 8-bit binary strings?
- 6. Suppose a monkey has a typewriter, and types each of the 26 letters of the alphabet randomly, exactly once<sup>1</sup>.
  - What's the probability that the word "random" appears somewhere in the string of letters?
  - How many independent monkey typists would you need in order that the probability that the word appears is at least 0.9?
- 7. Show that if A, B, and E are events defined on the same sample space  $\Omega$ , and  $P(A|E) \ge P(B|E)$  and  $P(A|E^c) \ge P(B|E^c)$ , then  $P(A) \ge P(B)$
- 8. Suppose there is a coin that has probability of heads occurring 0 . Two players, A and B, alternately and independently flip a coin and the first player to obtain a head wins.
  - Assume player A flips first. What is the probability that player A wins?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This question is related to the Library of Babel