



Setting up Java 21 (MacOS)



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1. Check Java Version

java -version

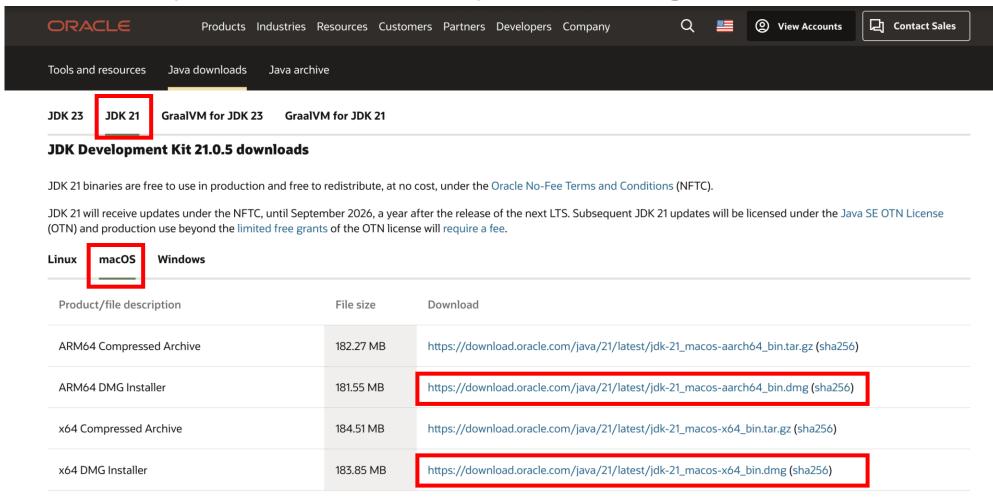
If Java is already installed, the command will display the version of Java you have. If not, proceed with next installation steps.

```
java --version
openjdk 21.0.2 2024-01-16 LTS
OpenJDK Runtime Environment Temurin-21.0.2+13 (build 21.0.2+13-LTS)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Temurin-21.0.2+13 (build 21.0.2+13-LTS, mixed mode)
```



2. Download Java Visit the official Oracle Java website

https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/downloads





3. Install downloaded DMG installer







4. Verify Installation

java -version

After installation, open Terminal again and enter the following command to verify that Java is installed correctly:

```
java -version
java version "21.0.5" 2024-10-15 LTS
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 21.0.5+9-LTS-239)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 21.0.5+9-LTS-239, mixed mode, sharing)
```





Setting up Java 21 (Windows)





1. Check Java Version

java -version

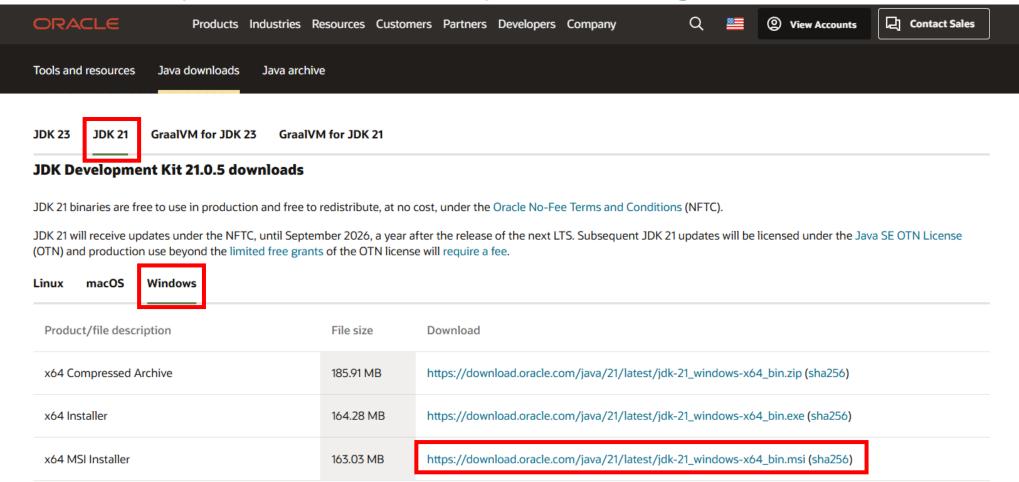
If Java is already installed, the command will display the version of Java you have. If not, proceed with next installation steps.

```
java --version
openjdk 21.0.2 2024-01-16 LTS
OpenJDK Runtime Environment Temurin-21.0.2+13 (build 21.0.2+13-LTS)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Temurin-21.0.2+13 (build 21.0.2+13-LTS, mixed mode)
```



2. Download Java Visit the official Oracle Java website

https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/downloads





3. Install downloaded MSI installer



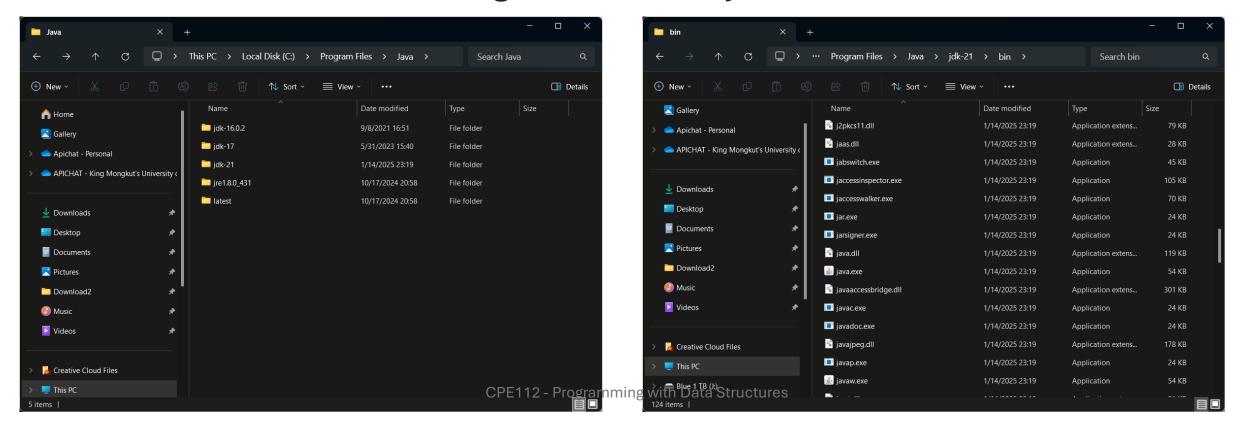




4. Configure Environment Variables

After the installation is complete, we have to configure environment variables to notify the system about the directory in which JDK files are located. Proceed to

C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin

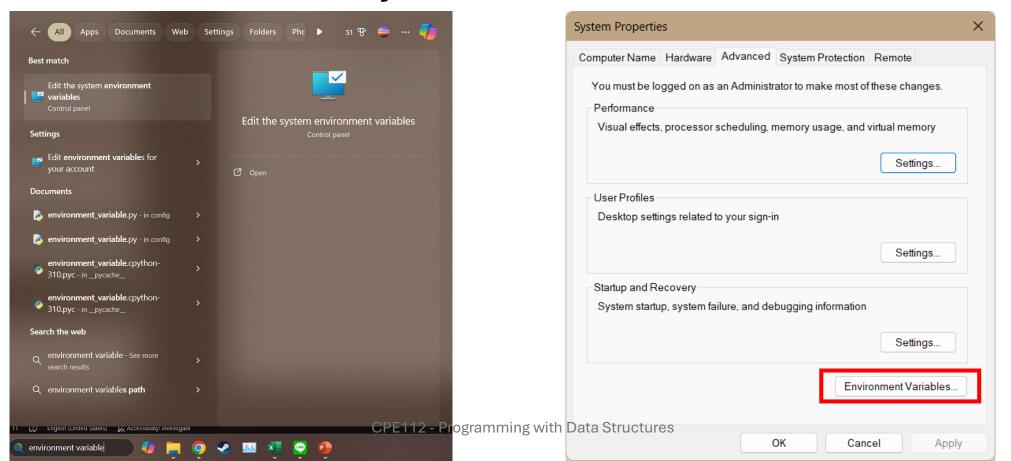




4. Configure Environment Variables

To set the Environment Variables, you need to search Environment Variables in the Taskbar and click on

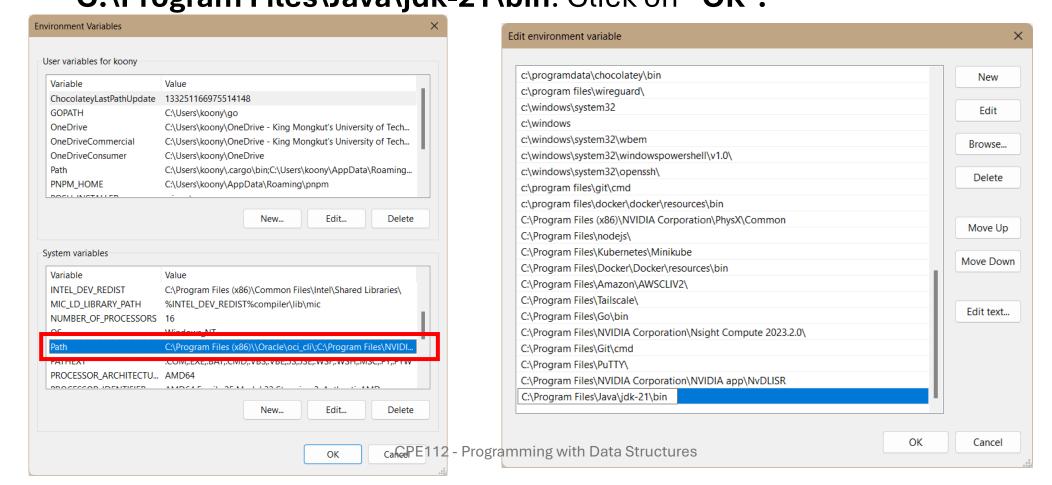
" Edit the system environment variables"





4. Configure Environment Variables

Under System variables, select the "Path" variable and click on "Edit". Click on "New" then paste the Path Address i.e. C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin. Click on "OK".



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5. Verify Installation

java -version

After installation, open Terminal again and enter the following command to verify that Java is installed correctly:

```
Windows PowerShell
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows
PS C:\Users\koony> java -version
java version "21.0.5" 2024-10-15 LTS
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 21.0.5+9-LTS-239)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 21.0.5+9-LTS-239, mixed mode, sharing)
PS C:\Users\koony> javac -version
javac 21.0.5
PS C:\Users\koony>
```

Basic Java for DataStructure

Hello World

a helloWorld.java

```
public class helloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.print("Hello World");
    }
}
```

Hello World

a helloWorld.java

```
public class helloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        System.out.print("Hello World");
    }
}
```

Compiling

> javac helloWorld.java

You'll get

• helloWorld.class

Running

> java helloWorld

Get User Input

```
Import scanner
                a scanner.java
                import java.util.Scanner;
                                                                                  Init new
                public class scanner {
                                                                                  scanner
                       public static void main(String[] args){
                              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    Scanner name
                                                                                 Get input as
                              String myName = sc.nextLine();
                                                                                 String
                              System.out.print("My name : " + myName);
                               sc.close();
Close the scanner
```

Compiling & Running

```
> javac scanner.java && java scanner KMUTT
My name : KMUTT%

CPE112 Programming with Data Structures
```

a scanner.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
                public class scanner
                    static void yourName(String name){
                       System.out.println("My name : " + name);
                    public static void main(String[] args){
                       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
*try to use
int n = sc.nextInt();
                       int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
                       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                              yourName(sc.nextLine());
                       sc.close();
```

Get User Input

*try to use

Declare function

```
a scanner.java
                import java.util.Scanner;
                public class scanner
                   static void yourName(String name){
                       System.out.println("My name : " + name);
                    public static void main(String[] args){
                       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
int n = sc.nextInt();
                       int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
                       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                              yourName(sc.nextLine());
                       sc.close();
```

Input Types

Method	Description
nextBoolean()	Reads a boolean value from the user
<pre>nextByte()</pre>	Reads a byte value from the user
nextDouble()	Reads a double value from the user
nextFloat()	Reads a float value from the user
nextInt()	Reads a int value from the user
nextLine()	Reads a String value from the user
nextLong()	Reads a long value from the user
nextShort()	Reads a short value from the user

Array

```
@array.java
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
              String[] nameList = new String[n];
Declare array
              for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
                     nameList[i] = sc.nextLine();
              for(String name : nameList){
                     System.out.println(name);
              sc.close();
                          Enhanced for loop
```