# Lab Report

Week 3

# Ritobroto Maitra (1301CS50)

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#### **■** Title

▶ Applying transformations to basic primitives (a line, a circle and a polygon).

## **Procedure**

We use a combination of in built matrix transformations along with some hard coded matrix multiplications to do the requisite modeling transformations.

#### **Transformation Matrices**

1. Scaling

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.33 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Reflection

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Shear

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. Rotation

$$\begin{bmatrix} cos(45) & -sin(45) & 0\\ sin(45) & cos(45) & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Translation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Drawing the Basic Shapes in OpenGL

The following are the functional parts of the code required to plot the shapes.

#### Line

We create two points and draw a line between them.

```
glVertex3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
glVertex3f(0.5, -0.5, 0);
```

#### Circle

We create a 0.5 radius circle using sin(i) and cos(i) values as follows.

```
for(i=0;i<10*3.14;i+=0.0001){
   glVertex3f(cos(i)/2, sin(i)/2, 0.0);
}</pre>
```

## Polygon

The polygon is created using the following lines.

```
glBegin(GL_LINES);
glVertex3f(0.5, 0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
glVertex3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.5, 0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.5, 0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.7, -0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.7, -0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.7, -0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.7, -0.5, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.2, -0.6, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.2, -0.6, 0.0);
glVertex3f(-0.5, 0.5, 0.0);
```

### Transformation Code in OpenGL

The transformation is fed by an input of options which is dealt by the following switch case mechanism.

```
static void Key(unsigned char key, int x, int y)
    switch (key) {
        glScalef(0.33, 1, 1);
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
         case '2':
        glScalef(3, 1, 1);
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
14
15
16
17
        glRotatef(45, 0, 0, 1);
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
      case '4':
        glMultMatrixf(m);
20
21
22
        glutPostRedisplay();
        break;
23
      case '5':
       glMultMatrixf(n);
       glutPostRedisplay();
      case '6':
       glScalef(-1, 1, 1);
```

```
glutPostRedisplay();
30
        break;
case '7':
31
32
          glTranslatef(0, 0.1, 0);
33
          glutPostRedisplay();
34
          break;
        case '8':
  glTranslatef(0, -0.1, 0);
35
36
          glutPostRedisplay();
37
38
          break;
            case 27:
39
40
        exit(0);
41
42
   }
```

#### Transformation Code in MATLAB

```
while in ~= 0
    in = input(prompt);
        if in==1
             % scaling
             T = [2, 0, 0; 0, 1.5, 0; 0, 0, 1];
pts = T*pts;
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
              display(pts)
        elseif in==-1
             % rev scaling
T = [0.5, 0, 0; 0, 2/3, 0; 0, 0, 1];
pts = T*pts;
11
12
13
14
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
15
             display(pts)
16
17
18
        elseif in==2
             % reflection
             T = [-1, 0, 0; 0, 1, 0; 0, 0, 1];
pts = T*pts;
20
21
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
22
              axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
23
             display(pts)
24
25
        elseif in==3
             % shear
T = [1, 1, 0; 0, 1, 0; 0, 0, 1];
26
27
             pts = T*pts;
28
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
29
              axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
30
             display(pts)
        elseif in==-3
31
32
             % rev shear
33
             T = [1, -1, 0; 0, 1, 0; 0, 0, 1];
             pts = T*pts;
35
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
36
37
38
              axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
             display(pts)
        elseif in==4
             T = [cosd(45), -sind(45), 0; sind(45), cosd(45), 0; 0, 0, 1];
39
40
             pts = T*pts;
41
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
42
             axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
display(pts)
43
44
45
        elseif in==5
46
             % translation
             T = [1, 0, 1;0, 1, 0.5; 0, 0, 1];
48
             pts = T*pts;
         plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
display(pts)
elseif in==-5
49
50
51
52
             \% rev translation
54
             T = [1, 0, -1; 0, 1, -0.5; 0, 0, 1];
             pts = T*pts;
55
56
             plot(pts(1,:), pts(2,:), 'r*-');
```

```
57 axis([-10, 10, -10, 10]);
58 display(pts)
59 end
```

# Examples

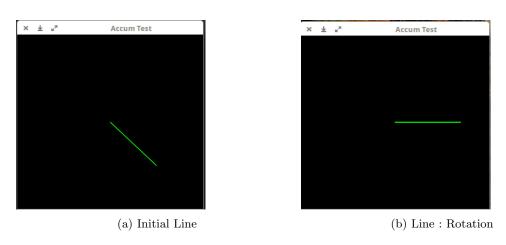


Figure 1 – Transformations on Line : Rotation

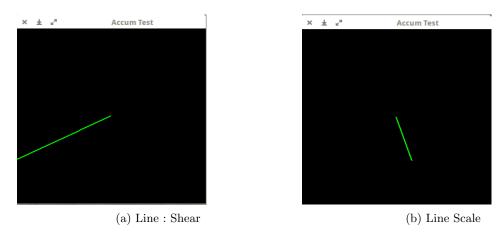


Figure 2 – Transformations on Line : Shear, Scale

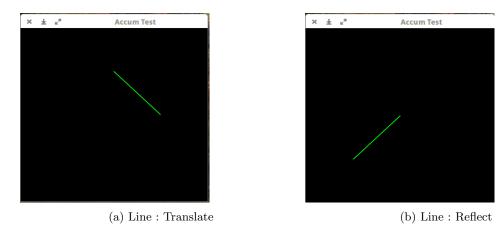


Figure 3 – Transformations on Line : Translate, Reflect

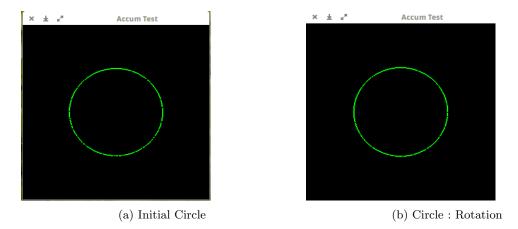


Figure 4 – Transformations on Circle : Rotation

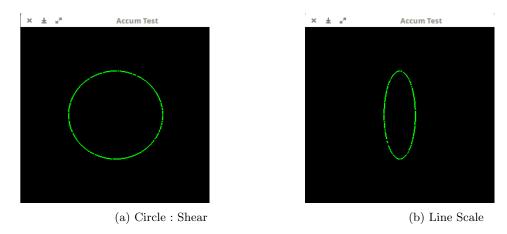
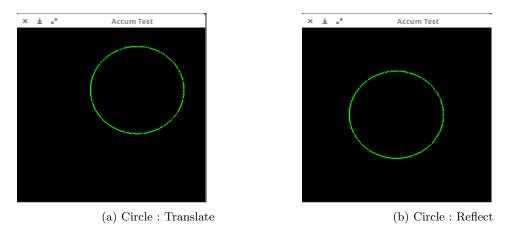


Figure 5 – Transformations on Circle : Shear, Scale



 ${\tt Figure}~6-{\tt Transformations}~on~Circle: {\tt Translate},~Reflect$ 

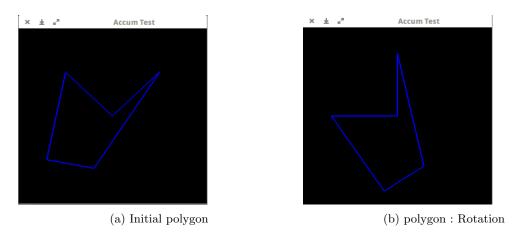


Figure 7 – Transformations on polygon : Rotation

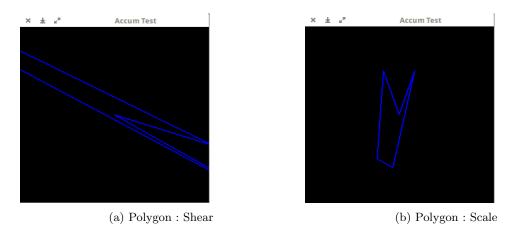


Figure 8 – Transformations on Polygon : Shear, Scale

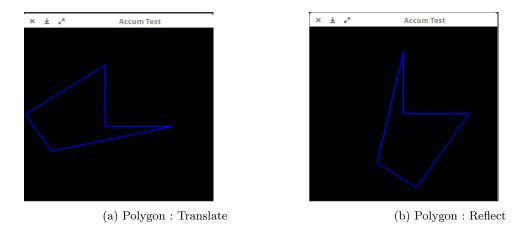


Figure 9 – Transformations on Polygon : Translate, Reflect

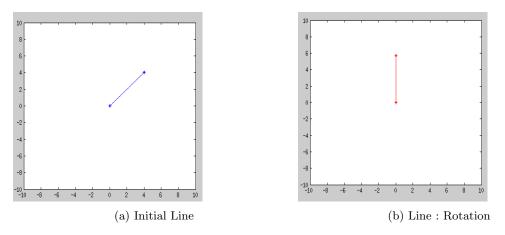
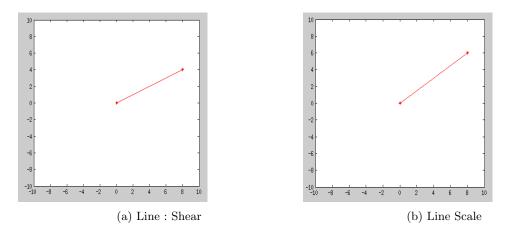


Figure 10 – Transformations on Line : Rotation



 ${\tt Figure~11-Transformations~on~Line:Shear,~Scale}$ 

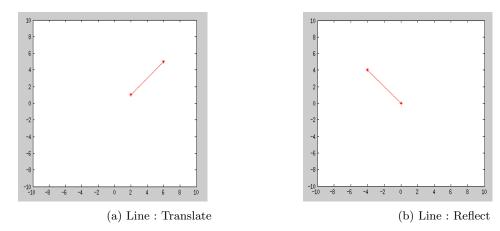


Figure 12 – Transformations on Line : Translate, Reflect

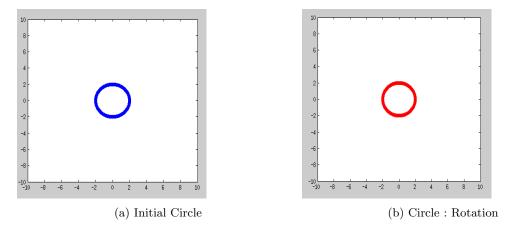
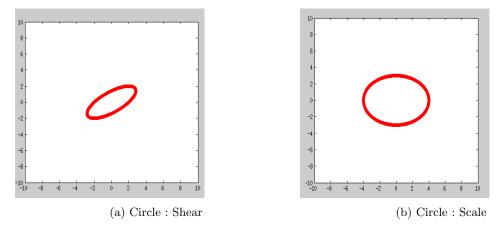


Figure 13 – Transformations on Circle : Rotation



 ${\bf Figure}~14-{\bf Transformations~on~Circle:Shear,Scale}$ 

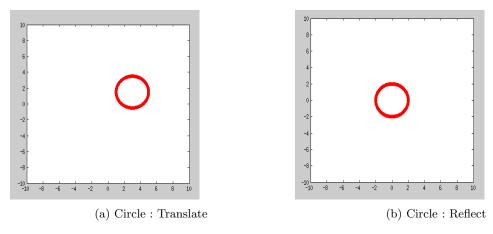


Figure 15 – Transformations on Circle : Translate, Reflect

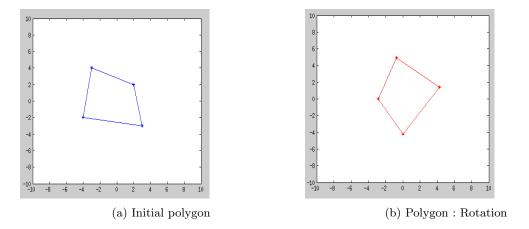


Figure 16 – Transformations on Polygon : Rotation

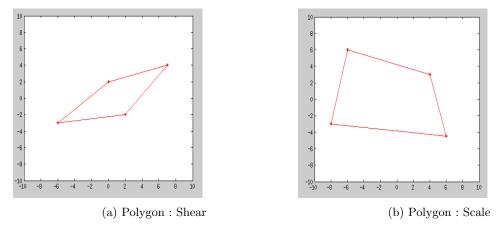


Figure 17 – Transformations on Polygon : Shear, Scale

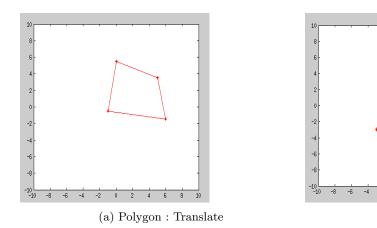


Figure 18 – Transformations on Polygon : Translate, Reflect

(b) Polygon : Reflect