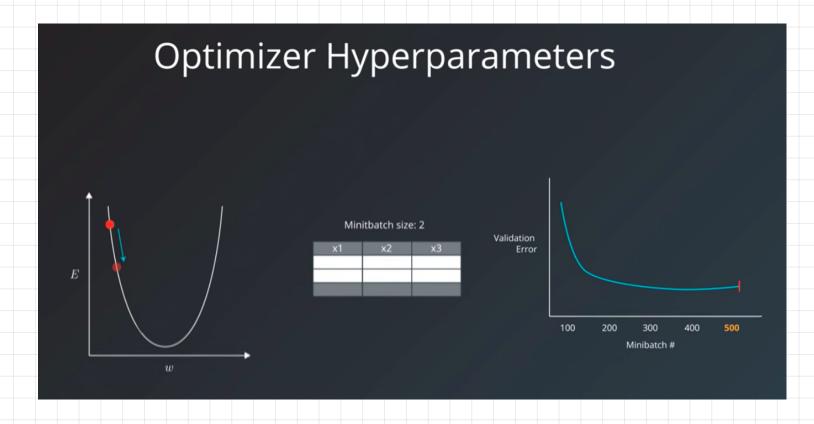
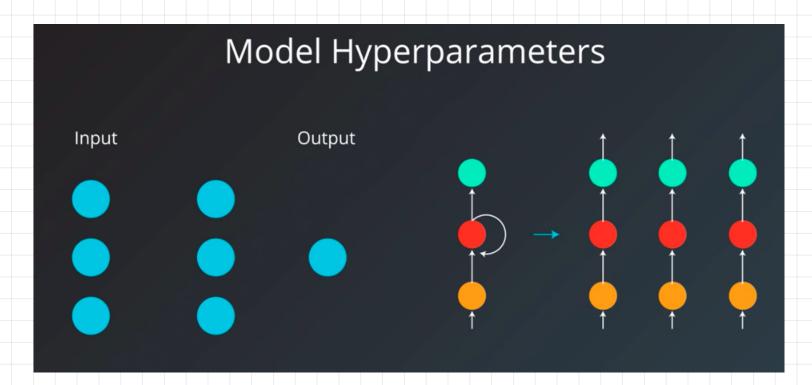
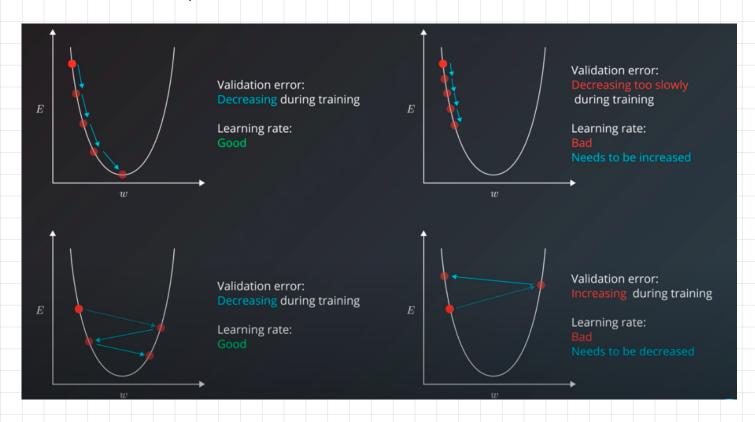
Hyperparameters



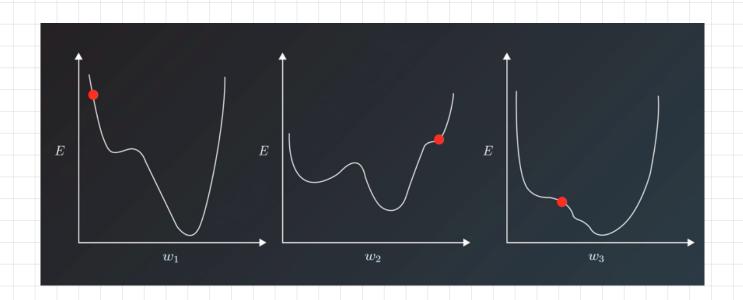


Learning Rate

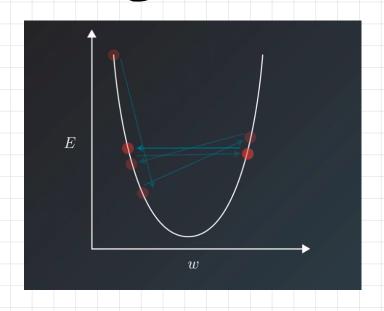
Good Start: 0.01

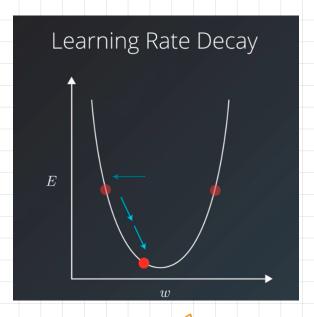


There are, however, much more weights.

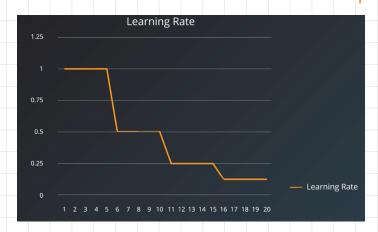


Oscillating loss w/out reaching minimum:





Then it would be useful to employ





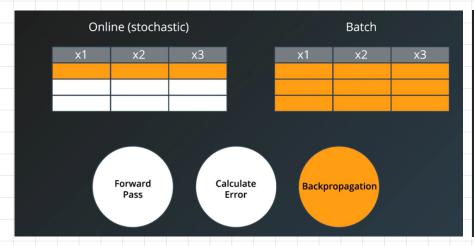
Linear

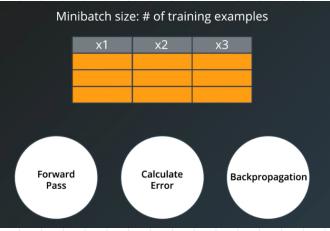
Exponential

Advanced Optimizer

- ·Adam
- ·Adagrad

Mini-batch Size



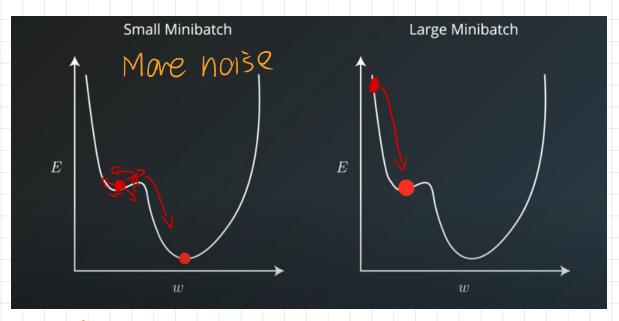


Values to Pick: 1,2,4,8,16,32,64...

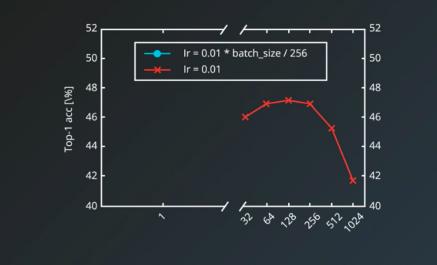
Good Start

Batch-size

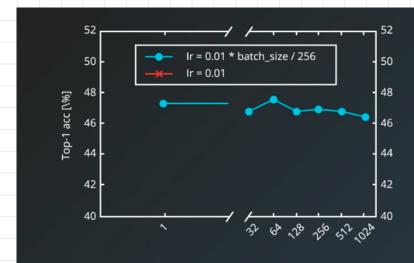
More memory, computation cost.



Noise 1: com help overcome global minimum!



Source: Mishkin, Dmytro, Nikolay Sergievskiy, and Jiri Matas. "Systematic evaluation of CNN advances on the ImageNet." arXiv preprint arXiv:1606.02228 (2016).

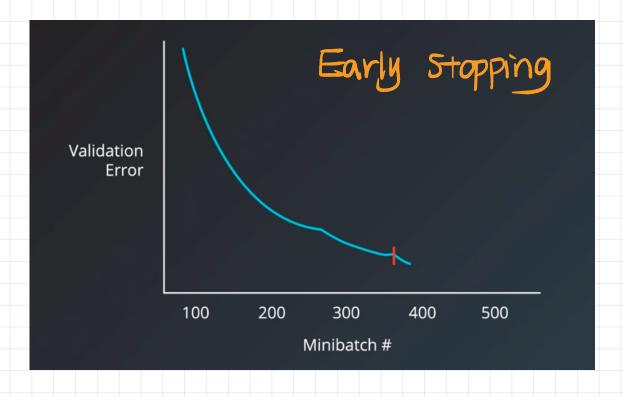


Source: Mishkin, Dmytro, Nikolay Sergievskiy, and Jiri Matas. "Systematic evaluation of CNN advances on the ImageNet." arXiv preprint arXiv:1606.02228 (2016).

1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048

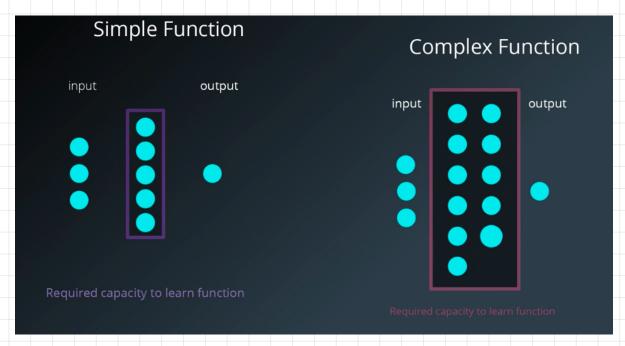
of iterations & Epochs

Metric: Validation loss

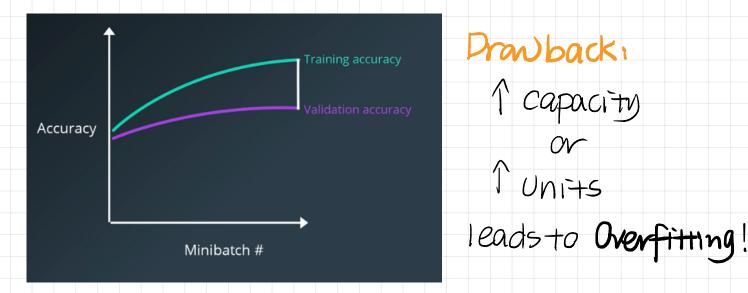


Note: don't stop at when first seeing a bump up of valid loss, do so after few more iterations!

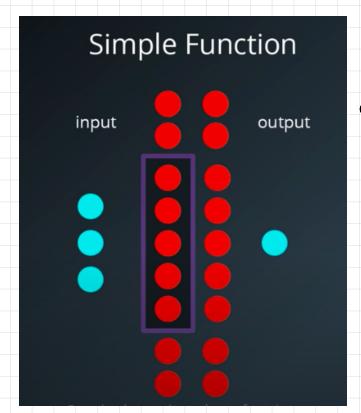
of Hidden Units & Lowers



Relationship: learn capacity of # of units







Rule of thumb:

· If model is not learning: klep adding units till

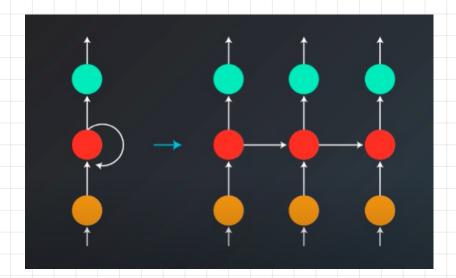
Valid_loss >> train_loss

+ of hidden units should be > # of inputs

Layers?

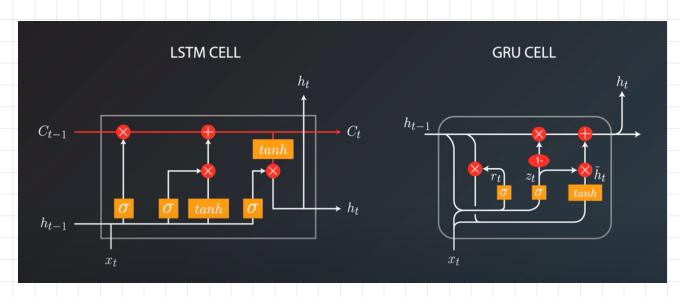
- · 3 layers always better than 2
- · > 3 layers is a little skeptic
- · Exception: Convolutional NN.
 - · The deeper the better!

RMN Hyperparameters

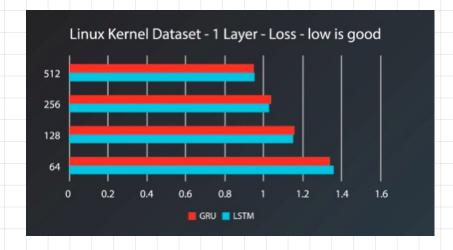


2 Main Questions:

- 1. Cell type (LSTM?GRU?)
- 2. # of lowers / stacks



LSTM: More common.



Rule:

· Try both, only on a random subset of the data

