Lemberg

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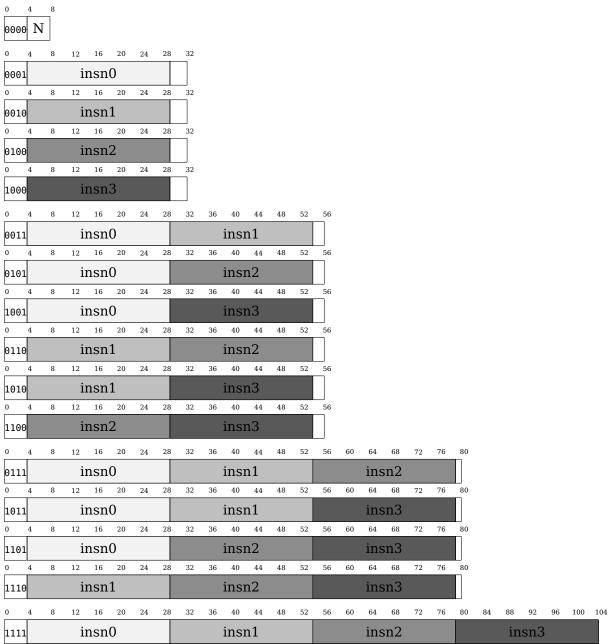
Why do you pronounce VLIW with an "F" at the end?Because I also pronounce Lviv that way.

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1 Opcode Formats

1.1 Bundle Formats



1.2 Instruction Formats

• Base format **B**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рC	od	е			sro	Re	g1			sro	Re	g2			de	stR	.eg		0	С	I	[+	
	C	рC	od	e	·		sr	cRe	eg			i	mn	1			de	stR	.eg		1	С	I	1.	

For comparison and test operations, destReg refers to a condition flag.

• Flag combination format **C**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рC	od	e		_	_	C	d	-	_	s	1	-	_	s	2	i1	i2	0	p	С	I	7	

• Floating-point format **F**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рC	od	е			de	est			sr	с1			sr	c2			0	p		С]	7	

• Global address format **G**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рC	ode	е										ad	dre	ess									

• Global address load format **H**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
c	рC	.	(les	t									ad	.dre	ess									

dest values 000-011 address r0-r3, values 100-111 address r16-r18.

• Immediate load format I:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рС	ode	e			de	stR	leg						i	mn	n					С	I	F	

• Jump format J:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рC	Cod	e			ta	rge	et												0	С]	Ŧ	
	C	pC	Cod	e								0	ffse	et							1	С]	7	

• Load format **L**:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	C	рС	od	е			ado	drR	leg						o	ffse	et					С	I	7	

• Store format **S**:

0)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
		C	рC	od	е			ado	drR	leg			va	ılRe	eg			0	ffse	et		0	С	I	7	
		C	рC	od	е			ado	drR	leg			i	mn	ı			0	ffse	et		1	С	I	7	

c ... condition: 1 ... if true, 0 ... if false

 $F\dots$ condition flag to use

2 Register File

2.1 General-Purpose Registers

Index	Name	Purpose
0	r0	global reg 0
1	r1	global reg 1
2	r2	global reg 2
3	r3	global reg 3
4	r4	global reg 4
5	r5	global reg 5
6	r6	global reg 6
7	r7	global reg 7
8	r8	global reg 8
9	r9	global reg 9
10	r10	global reg 10
11	r11	global reg 11
12	r12	global reg 12
13	r13	global reg 13
14	r14	global reg 14, frame pointer
15	r15	global reg 15, stack pointer
16	r16	local reg 0
17	r17	local reg 1
18	r18	local reg 2
19	r19	local reg 3
20	r20	local reg 4
21	r21	local reg 5
22	r22	local reg 6
23	r23	local reg 7
24	r24	local reg 8
25	r25	local reg 9
26	r26	local reg 10
27	r27	local reg 11
28	r28	local reg 12
29	r29	local reg 13
30	r30	local reg 14
31	r31	local reg 15, reserved

2.2 Special Registers

Index	Name	Purpose
0	\$c0	Condition flag 0, global, always true
1	\$c1	Condition flag 1, global
2	\$c2	Condition flag 2, global
3	\$c3	Condition flag 3, global
4	\$mem	Memory load result as int32 t, read only, global
5	\$memhu	Memory load result as $2 \times uint16$ t, read only, global
6	\$memhs	Memory load result as $2 \times int16_t$, read only, global
7	\$membu	Memory load result as $4 \times \text{uint8_t}$, read only, global
8	\$membs	Memory load result as $4 \times int8_t$, read only, global
9	\$mul	Multiplication result, per-cluster
10	\$rb	Return base, global
11	\$ro	Return offset, global
12	\$ba	Base address, read only, global
13	?	
14	?	
15	?	
16	\$f0, \$d0	FPU register 0
17	\$f1	FPU register 1
18	\$f2, \$d1	FPU register 2
19	\$ f3	FPU register 3
20	\$f4, \$d2	FPU register 4
21	\$ f5	FPU register 5
22	\$f6, \$d3	FPU register 6
23	\$ f7	FPU register 7
24	\$f8, \$d4	FPU register 8
25	\$ f9	FPU register 9
26	\$f10, \$d5	FPU register 10
27	\$f11	FPU register 11
28	\$f12, \$d6	FPU register 12
29	\$f13	FPU register 13
30	\$f14, \$d7	FPU register 14
31	\$f15	FPU register 15

3 Operations

Opcode	Name	Fmt	Unit	Semantics
Arithmetic				
00 0000	add	В	A	dest = src1 + src2
00 0001	sub	В	A	dest = src1 - src2
00 0010	s2add	В	A	dest = src1 + src2*4
00 0011	and	В	A	dest = src1 & src2
00 0100	or	В	A	dest = src1 src2
00 0101	xor	В	A	dest = src1 ^ src2
00 0110	sl	В	A	dest = src1 << src2
00 0111	sr	В	A	dest = src1 >>> src2
00 1000	sra	В	A	dest = src1 >> src2
00 1001	rl	В	A	dest = (src1 << src2) (src1 >>> (32-src2))
00 1010	mul	В	A	<pre>\$mul = src1 * src2</pre>
00 1011	carr	В	A	$dest = ((uint64_t)src1+(uint64_t)src2)>>>32$
00 1100	borr	В	A	$dest = ((uint64_t)src1-(uint64_t)src2)>>>32$
00 1101	bbh	В	A	bit/byte/half-word operation (see Section 3.1)
00 1110	?			
00 1111	?			
				Conditions
010 000	cmpeq	В	A	dest = src1 == src2
010 001	cmpne	В	A	dest = src1 != src2
010 010	cmplt	В	A	dest = src1 < src2, signed
010 011	cmple	В	A	dest = src1 <= src2, signed
010 100	cmpult	В	A	dest = src1 < src2, unsigned
010 101	cmpule	В	A	dest = src1 <= src2, unsigned
010 110	btest	В	A	dest = (src1 & (1 << src)) != 0
010 111	comb	C	Α	flag combination operation (see Section 3.2)
Constants				
0110 00	ldi	I	A	dest = imm, signed
0110 01	ldiu	I	A	dest = imm, unsigned
0110 10	ldim	I	A	dest = imm << 11, signed
0110 11	ldih	I	A	dest = imm << 21
Flow Control				
0111 00	br	J	J	<pre>pc = imm ? pc+offset : target</pre>
0111 01	call	В	J,M	rb = ba, ro = pc, ba = src2, pc = 0
0111 10	callg	G	J,M	\$rb = \$ba, \$ro = pc, \$ba = addr*4, pc = 0
0111 11	ret	В	J,M	\$ba = \$rb, pc = \$ro
			J.	

				Memory Accesses
10 0000	stm.a	S	M	[addr+offset*4] = val, all caches, int32 t
10 0001	stmh.a	S	M	$[addr+offset*2] = val, all caches, int16_t$
10 0010	stmb.a	S	M	<pre>[addr+offset] = val, all caches, int8_t</pre>
10 0011	stm.s	S	M	$[addr+offset*4] = val, stack cache, int32_t$
10 0100	stmh.s	S	M	$[addr+offset*2] = val, stack cache, int16_t$
10 0101	stmb.s	S	M	<pre>[addr+offset] = val, stack cache, int8_t</pre>
10 0110	wb.s	L	M	write back data from stack cache
10 0111	ldm.b	L	M	issue \$mem = [addr+offset], bypass caches
10 1000	ldm.d	L	M	issue \$mem = [addr+offset], direct mapped cache
10 1001	ldm.f	L	M	issue \$mem = [addr+offset], fully assoc. cache
10 1010	ldm.s	L	M	issue \$mem = [addr+offset], stack cache
10 1011	ldmg.d	G	M	issue \$mem = [addr*4], direct mapped cache
				Special Registers
1011 00	ldx	В	A	dest = src1, src1 refers to special register
1011 01	stx	В	A	dest = src1, dest refers to special register
1011 10	fop	F	F	floating-point operation (see Section 3.3)
1011 11	?			
Global Address Constants				
110	ldga	Н	A	dest = address*4, unsigned
				_
111 000	?			
111 001	?			
111 010	?			
111 011	?			
111 100	?			
111 101	?			
111 110	?			
111 111	?			

3.1 Bit/Byte/Half-word Operations

Sub-Word Extraction						
000 00 sext8 dest = (int8_t)src1 000 01 sext16 dest = (int16_t)src1 000 10 zext8 dest = (uint8_t)src1 000 11 zext16 dest = (uint8_t)src1 000 11 zext16 dest = (uint16_t)src1 Bit Counting	Src2	Name	Semantics			
000 01 sext16 dest = (int16_t)src1 000 10 zext8 dest = (uint8_t)src1 000 11 zext16 dest = (uint16_t)src1 Bit Counting	Sub-Word Extraction					
000 01 sext16 dest = (int16_t)src1 000 10 zext8 dest = (uint8_t)src1 000 11 zext16 dest = (uint16_t)src1 Bit Counting	000 00	sext8	$dest = (int8_t)src1$			
### Bit Counting Description	000 01	sext16				
Bit Counting 001 00 clz count leading zeros 001 01 ctz count trailing zeros 001 10 pop count ones 001 11 par compute parity	000 10	zext8	$dest = (uint8_t)src1$			
001 00 clz count leading zeros 001 01 ctz count trailing zeros 001 10 pop count ones 001 11 par compute parity	000 11	zext16	<pre>dest = (uint16_t)src1</pre>			
001 01 ctz count trailing zeros 001 10 pop count ones 001 11 par compute parity		Bi	it Counting			
001 10 pop count ones compute parity	001 00	clz	count leading zeros			
001 11 par compute parity		ctz	count trailing zeros			
		pop	count ones			
010 01 ? 010 10 ? 010 11 ? 010 01 ? 011 00 ? 011 01 ? 011 10 ? 011 11 ? 100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	001 11	par	compute parity			
010 01 ? 010 10 ? 010 11 ? 010 01 ? 011 00 ? 011 01 ? 011 10 ? 011 11 ? 100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?			_			
010 10 ? 010 11 ? 011 00 ? 011 01 ? 011 10 ? 011 11 ? 100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	010 00	?				
010 10 ? 010 11 ? 011 00 ? 011 01 ? 011 10 ? 011 11 ? 100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	010 01	?				
100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	010 10					
100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	010 11	?				
100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?	011 00	?				
100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?		?				
100 00 ? 100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?		?				
100 01 ? 100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?		?				
100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ?		?				
100 10 ? 100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 10 ? 101 11 ?		?				
100 11 ? 101 00 ? 101 01 ? 101 10 ? 101 11 ?		?				
101 00 ? 101 01 ? 101 10 ? 101 11 ?		?				
101 01 ? 101 10 ? 101 11 ?		?				
101 10 ? 101 11 ?		?				
101 11 ?		?				
		?				
110 00 /	110 00	?				
110 01 ?		?				
110 10 ?		?				
110 11 ?		?				
111 00 ?		?				
111 01 ?		?				
		?				
111 11 ?	111 11					

3.2 Flag Combination Operations

Op	Name	Semantics
00	and	$d = (i1 ^ s1) & (i2 ^ s2)$
01	or	$d = (i1 ^ s1) (i2 ^ s2)$
10	xor	$d = (i1 ^ s1) ^ (i2 ^ s2)$
11	?	

3.3 Floating-Point Operations

Op	Src2	Name	Semantics
0000	-	fadd	dest = src1 + src2, single
0001	-	fsub	dest = src1 - src2, single
0010	-	fmul	dest = src1 * src2, single
0011	-	fmac	<pre>dest += src1 * src2, single</pre>
0100	-	dadd	dest = src1 + src2, double
0101	-	dsub	dest = src1 - src2, double
0110	-	dmul	<pre>dest = src1 * src2, double</pre>
0111	-	dmac	dest += src1 * src2, double
1000	-	fcmp	comparison, single \rightarrow int32_t (see Section 3.3.1)
1001	-	dcmp	comparison, double \rightarrow int32_t (see Section 3.3.1)
1010	-	?	
1011	-	?	
1100	-	?	
1101	-	?	
1110	-	?	
1111	0000	fmov	dest = src1, single
1111	0001	fneg	dest = -src1, single
1111	0010	fabs	<pre>dest = abs(src1), single</pre>
1111	0011	fzero	dest = 0.0, single
1111	0100	dmov	dest = src1, double
1111	0101	dneg	dest = -src1, double
1111	0110	dabs	<pre>dest = abs(src1), double</pre>
1111	0111	dzero	dest = 0.0, double
1111	1000	rnd	$dest = (float) src1, double \to single$
1111	1001	ext	$dest = (double) src1, single \to double$
1111	1010	si2sf	$dest = (float) src1, int32_t \rightarrow single$
1111	1011	si2df	$dest = (double)src1, int32_t \rightarrow double$
1111	1100	sf2si	$dest = (int)src1, single \rightarrow int32_t$
1111	1101	df2si	$\texttt{dest} = (\texttt{int}) \texttt{src1}, \texttt{double} \rightarrow \texttt{int} 32_t$

3.3.1 Floating-Point Comparison

Result Bit	Semantics
0	<pre>src1 == src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
1	<pre>src1 != src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
2	<pre>src1 < src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
3	<pre>src1 <= src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
4	<pre>src1 > src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
5	<pre>src1 >= src2 && !unord(src1, src2)</pre>
6	!unord(src1, src2)
7	unord(src1, src2)
8	<pre>src1 == src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>
9	<pre>src1 != src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>
10	<pre>src1 < src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>
11	<pre>src1 <= src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>
12	<pre>src1 > src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>
13	<pre>src1 >= src2 unord(src1, src2)</pre>

4 Notes

- Stores to the stack are write-back, stores to other caches are write-through. Stores do not pull data into the caches.
- Support for floating-point operations is optional.