

Master Project Proposal

Paul Spencer: 11721677
University of Amsterdam
paul.spencer@student.uva.nl

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Project details

- **Project title:** Projecting Drools
- **Host organization:** Khonraad Software Engineering B.V.
- **Host supervisor:** Toine Khonraad, MD, a.khonraad@khonraad.nl

1 Project summary

In this project we will attempt to answer the research questions shown in figure 1.

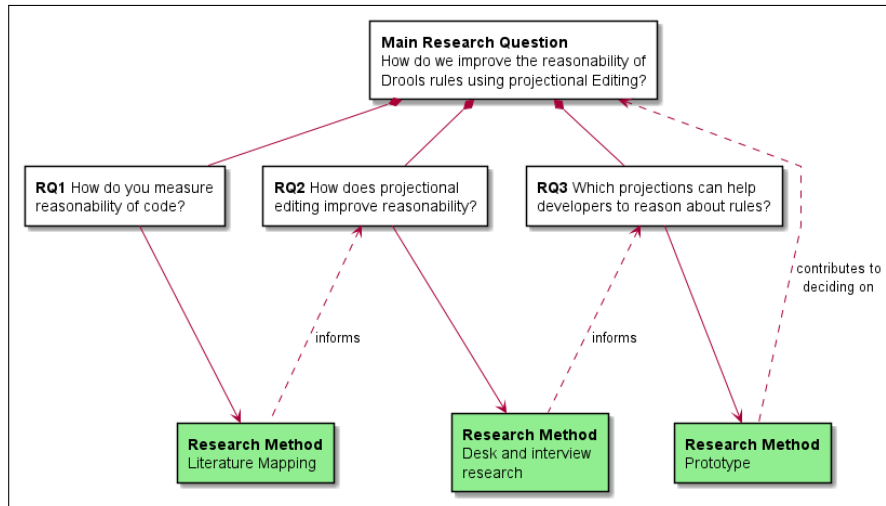


Figure 1: Research Questions and Methods

Drools[1] is an open-source production rule system for complex event processing, using an implementation of the Rete algorithm[5]. It has its own Domain Specific Language (DSL), in which rules are described. These are stored in Drools (.drl) files. Reasoning about a small number of rule is hard, at the host organization there are many file with dozens of rules in them. This project will attempt to improve how one can reason about rule in an editor.

Editing in language workbenches comes in two forms, either free-form text editing or, less frequently, projectional editing[4]. Projectional editing is a method of bypassing the parser and programming directly into projections of the Abstract Syntax Tree. We will recreate this DSL using a language workbench capable of creating projectional editors. On top of this newly modelled DSL, we will create new and different projections of the code for the purpose of increasing the reasonability of the code.

In this project we will use the open-source language workbench Meta Programming System (MPS) from JetBrains[8]. MPS is built around the projectional editing paradigm. There is no existing implementation of the Drools language in MPS. Although Drools is nearly 20 years old and has wide use, it does not have strong IDE support. One artefact of this masters project will be a prototype projectional editor, that will give much stronger editor support in IntelliJ, currently the most used IDE[9].

2 Problem analysis

The mental health care and coercion laws in the Netherlands, Wvvgz, Wzd, and Wth, provides agencies the ability to intervene in domestic violence, psychiatric disorders, and illnesses. Khonraad's system facilitates reporting and communication between municipalities, police, judiciary, lawyers, mental health care, and countless social care institutions. The system has 15,000 users and is available 24/7. Configuration and administration use complex matrices of compliance mechanisms, access user rights and communication settings. The sensitivity of the personal data, being medical and criminal, means security is of utmost importance. The security against data loss, preventing unlawful disclosure and guaranteeing availability, especially during a crisis situations, are crucial. Demonstration of the correctness of the, often changing, configuration is a major concern in the company.

In the current situation, configuration is done in a business rule system. This is Drools, a DSL from JBoss, a subsidiary of RedHat. Drools is a framework for Rule-Based development. The DSL is a textual representation of the abstractions of the rules and must be compiled to see if it is valid and works. Editing programs in a text editor means that you must match the syntax for the parsers to transform the text into an AST.

Projectional editors are editors in which a user edits the abstract syntax tree directly without using a parser[24]. This potentially allows for an almost unlimited language composition and flexible notations. Similar to the MVC Pattern, changes in one projection of the AST will instantly be visible and

editable in another projection[7].

The problem of a lack of useful visualization for Drools has been known as far back as 2011. Kaczor, et al[10] proposed a method of visualising Drools. There have also been a few commercial tools to help. However, these all suffer from the parsing issue and lack of immediate feedback. We are of the opinion that our approach will lend itself to a superior experience.

3 Research method

RQ11 will be answered with a mapping of the field of projectional editing. This will follow the prescriptions of Kitchenham et al.[11]. RQ2 will be answered by interviews with experts in the field of projectional editing. Gregor[6], gives “A Taxonomy of Theory Types in Information Systems Research”. For RQ3 we will conduct what she calls “Type V: Theory for Design and Action”. The criteria for success of this type of research “include utility to a community of users, the novelty of the artefact, and the persuasiveness of claims that it is effective”.

We have observed the difficulty that developers have trying to reason about and edit collections of Drools files. We hypothesize that developers can be presented with different views on their code that will allow them to better understand the code. The problem we wish to solve - how to improve the ability to reason about large collections of Drools rules - it appears to us lends itself to the technique of projectional editing. Thus, we will apply projectional editing techniques, through the MPS language workbench to the Drools language. The novelty of our approach will be to create new view types specific to the needs of a Drools programmer.

We will be relying on MPS as well as other open-source components to work together with acceptable performance such that the user experience is acceptable. The reason we chose MPS is that it is the most developed of the free and open source projectional editing language workbenches, found in a study of the state of the art in Language workbenches[4]. To perform the non-text based projections MPS allows us to use the Java Graphics Framework Swing to create projections.

Our designs of the projections, which will run in parallel to the Drools language modelling, will depend in part on the outcome of research carried out in the first period. Whether our design is appropriate with regards to performance and functionality is a risk. Whether we can achieve usefulness in our projections also presents a risk. This is where I expect to gain the biggest benefit of literature review and academic supervision.

The prototype will consist of a base of the Drools language, re-defined in MPS. On top of this will be a set of different projections of the AST. Whilst we have not decided on the projections yet, some examples may include:

- Visualization of order of execution.
- Spreadsheet-like decision tables.

- "Group-by" fact, query or function usage.
- Inclusion/Exclusion

The major tasks in this prototype development will be:

- Modelling the Drools language.
- Developing the alternative projections.

The prototype itself will be validated by working and being novel. However, if time permits, the hypothesis of the usefulness of the projections will be validated through developer use surveys.

4 Expected results of the project.

We expect the following from this project:

- We will be able to model Drools in MPS.
- A suite of novel and useful projectional editors for the Drools language.
- We will reduce the thought to execution cycle for Drools Developers. resulting in a reduction of the "cognitive distance and representation impedance mismatch" [22] that they currently experience.

A happy side effects of this project is that the following open-source products will become generally available:

- An improved Drools Editor plugin for those using the JetBrains IntelliJ community edition.
- An MPS implementation of Drools that can be used for cross-generation by other MPS Language implementations.

5 Required expertise for this project.

Table 1 shows our expected and actual expertise levels in the technologies and practices required to complete this project.

Skill	Required	Acquired	Notes
MPS	★★★★★	★★★☆☆	Currently taking various courses.
Drools	★★★★☆	★★★☆☆	The language is simple.
Java	★★★★☆	★★★☆☆	15 years of C#, these are similar.
Swing	★★★★☆	☆☆☆☆☆	never played with this.
Language	★★★★☆	★★★☆☆	more for deconstructing Drools
Design			than creating a new language.
Rules	★★★★☆	★★★☆☆	this being central to the cause
Engines			for the study.

Table 1: Expertise required.

6 Timeline

This project consists of two main parts. First is modelling the Drools structure, behaviour, constraints, editors, and generators. The second will be creating non-standard projections of the structure.

Time will be allocated as 20 hours of my work time per week will be dedicated to design and development of the software. Currently estimating 4-8 hours at the weekends to research and project writing. There is an added period of 4 weeks at the end to rewriting the thesis. This is shown in the Gantt Chart in figure 2

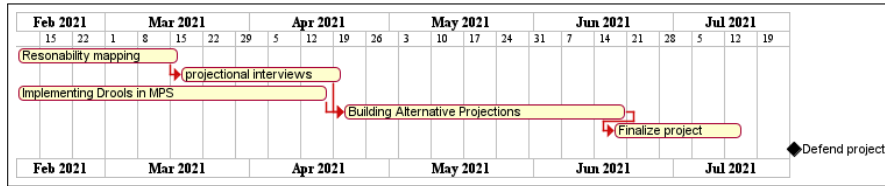


Figure 2: Predicted timeline.

7 Risks

Table 2 shows the main risks we see to this project.

Description	Risk Level	Contingency
Project goals are too ambitious	★★★★☆	Reduce Drools implementation to a useful subset and reduce the number of projections. Jettison the mapping study.
MPS is not as flexible as needed	★★★☆☆	We are very sad, but the papers about mbeddr indicate low risk.
I'm a terrible MPS developer	★★★★★	Currently taking training and reading lots of books.
Academic overlap	★★★☆☆	Panic or ignore.

Table 2: Project Risk.

8 Literature survey

To get an overview of the field we mainly looked at MPS and Drools based papers. For MPS we started with an expert recommendation and did some forward and backward snowballing. A Google Scholar search produced one Drools papers with work on code visualization. The MPS papers and associated DSL papers covered some aspects of visual projectional editing, especially the papers relating to the produce mbeddr.

Table 3 summarizes the papers and books investigates in preparation for this project.

During our research we will keep a document database, using the Zotero Personal research assistant software[20]. Also we will create an annotated bibliography of the most relevant papers.

citations	Papers				
	Creating DSLs	How Drools works	Comparing Workbenches	How MPS works	Projectional Editing
[2]		\oplus			
[3]			\oplus	\oplus	
[4]			\oplus		
[7]					\oplus
[10]		\oplus			
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[30]	\oplus		\oplus	\oplus	\oplus
[31]				\oplus	
[32]	\oplus			\oplus	

Table 3: Papers about the Drools, MPS and Language workbenches

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