Date: 3. a) S= X1 + x2. Var(s) = Var(xi) + Var(xz) H = E(xi) = Ep. xi = 6(x; M)2, + 6(x; M,)2, P. = (1. \(\frac{1}{2}\) + 3(\(\frac{1}{2}\) + 4(\(\frac{1}{2}\)) + 5(\(\frac{1}2\)) + 5(\(\frac{1}2\)) + 5(\(\frac{1}2\)) + 5(\(\frac{1}2\)) + (2[(1-3.5) 2 + (2-3.5) 2 + (3-3.5) 2 + = {+2+2+2+4+5+6} because x1=x2 (4-3.5)2.2) + (5-3.5)2.2 (6-3.5).2 = 35 are independent = 2 (1.04 + 0.375 + 0.04 + 1.04 + 0.04 + 0.375) V(5) = 5.82 b) S= x1+x2 The events we can obtain from this condition are: 5.7 - {(1,6), (2,5), (3,4), (4,3), (5,2), (6,1)} + 6 1 + S=2 + {(1,1)} S= 8 -> {(2.6), (3.5), (4.4), (6,5), (6,2)} -> 5 2+5-3 + {(1,2), (21)} 5.9 - {(3,6), (4,5), (5,4), (6,3)} -> 4 3 =5+4 + { (1.3), (2,2), (3,1)} 4 65 -5 + { (1,4), (2,3), (3,2), (4,1)} 3-10 + { (4,6), (5,5), (6,4)} -3 5 05. 6 -> { (1,5), (2,4), (3,3), (4,2), (5,1)} S=11 -> { (5,6), (4,5)} => 2 5-12-> {(6,6)} -)1 p(x) = P(x · x) · × 36 五 3 5 ç 31 7 5 9, 3). 3). (0 c) P(x, x-x) = (number of items in x) (number of Hemsin S)