No: P) EM = "[, \$ (1- (x)) 9x  $= \frac{3}{45} \cdot \int_{5}^{5} \left(1 - \left(\frac{x}{5}\right)^{2}\right) dx$ =  $\frac{3}{45}$ .  $\int_{-5}^{5} \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{5^2}\right) dx$  based on the chain rule:  $\int_{5}^{5} \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{5^2}\right) dx = \int_{5}^{5} 1 dx - \int_{5}^{5} \frac{x^2}{5^2} dx$  $= \frac{2}{3} \cdot \left( \int_{s}^{s} \left( dx - \int_{s}^{s} \left( \frac{\zeta}{\kappa^{2}} \right) dx \right) \right)$  $\frac{3}{45}$  .  $\times$   $\int_{-5}^{5} - \frac{1}{5^2} \cdot \int_{-5}^{5} (x^2) dx$  $= \frac{3}{4s} \cdot (s) - (-s) - \frac{1}{52} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \times^3 \frac{1}{5}$ =  $\frac{3}{45} \cdot (25 - \frac{1}{5} \cdot (\frac{1}{3}5^2) + (\frac{1}{3}5^2)$  $=\frac{3}{4s}\cdot \left(2s-\frac{2}{3}s^{3}\right)$  $=\frac{3}{25}\cdot(25-\frac{25}{2})$ = 3 (AS) = 1 E(F) = 1 c) Var (x) = E ((X-A)2) = \( \int\_{\infty}^{4} \left( 1 - \left( \frac{2}{\infty} \right)^{2} \right) - 1 \right) \, dx = 1: 3(1- (15)-4s) dx = 3 Sis (1 - 8 - 4s) dx = 2 15 ( 0x - 55 50 dx - 5 45 dx = \frac{3}{4s} \times J\_{\sigma} - \frac{1}{8^2} \int\_{\sigma}^S \times dx - 4sx J\_{\sigma}  $=\frac{3}{4s}\left((s+s)-\frac{1}{5!}\cdot(\frac{1}{3}\kappa^3)\right)_{-s}^{-s}-(4s(s)+4s(s))$  $= \frac{\frac{3}{45} \left(25 - \frac{1}{52} \cdot \left(\frac{25}{3}\right)^3 - 85^2\right)}{45}$  $= \frac{3}{45} \left( 25 - \frac{25}{2} - 8 \right)$ = 温( ( 笺 - 852)

Uar (x) = (- C3