de.NBI and its Galaxy interface for RNA folding

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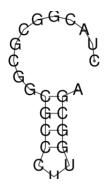
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You can download the pdfs you will need today here http://www.bioinf.uni-leipzig.de/~fall/RNA_folding_workshoppresentation.pdf http://www.bioinf.uni-leipzig.de/~fall/Exercises.pdf

Goal: Use RNAfold to do a simple structure prediction.

- Upload the file rna.fa into your Galaxy session.
- Start RNAfold with standard parameters
- ► Look into the output

- ► CUACGGCGCGCGCCCUUGGCGA
- ►(((((...)))). (-5.00)



Goal: Use RNAfold to do a structure prediction using the partition function

- ► Start RNAfold using --partfunc
- ► Look into the output

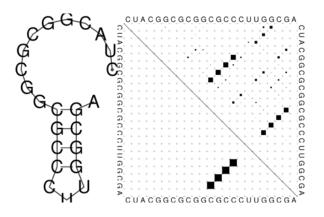
- CUACGGCGCGCGCCCUUGGCGA
- ► MFE:(((((...)))). (-5.00)
- ▶ PF:{,{{...||||...)}}}. [-5.72]

The partition function is a rough measure for the well-definedness of the MFE structure. The third line shows a condensed representation of the pair probabilities of each nucleotide, similar to the dot-bracket notation, followed by the ensemble free energy (-kT*In(Z)) in kcal/mol

- CUACGGCGCGCGCCCUUGGCGA
- ► MFE:(((((...)))). (-5.00)
- ▶ PF:{,{{...||||...)}}}. [-5.72]
- ► MEA:((...))((...))... { 2.90 MEA=14.79 }
- frequency of mfe structure in ensemble 0.311796; ensemble diversity 6.36

Pseudo bracket notation:

Here, the usual '(', ')', '.', represent bases with a strong preference (more than 2/3) to pair upstream (with a partner further 3'), pair down-stream, or not pair, respectively. '', '', and ', are just weaker version of the above and '|' represents a base that is mostly paired but has pairing partners both upstream and downstream. In this case open and closed brackets need not match up.



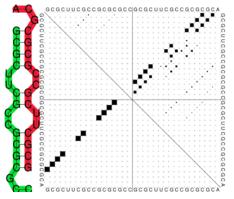
Goal: Use SHAPE-directed RNAfold to do a structure prediction

- ▶ Upload the file rna.simple.shape into your Galaxy session.
- ► Start RNAfold using the shape file and -shapeMethod=D
- ► Look into the output

Goal: Use RNAcofold to predict the cofolding of two sequences.

- Upload the file cofold.txt into your Galaxy session. (Look at it)
- Start RNAcofold using cofold.txt with the --partfunc option
- Look at the output.

- ► ((((..((..(((...&))))..))))... (-17.70)
- ► ((((..(,.((((,,.&))))..),.)))),,. [-18.26]
- ▶ frequency of mfe structure in ensemble 0.401754 , delta G binding= -3.95



Cofold can use concentrations of molecules for duplex prediction, but this is slow for longer sequences.

Goal: Use RNAduplex to predict *only* intermolecular base pairs of two sequences.

- Upload the file duplex.txt into your Galaxy session. (Look at it)
- Start RNAduplex using duplex.txt with standard parameter
- Look at the output.

RNAduplex does not use concentrations and neglects intramolecular interactions, faster but less reliable, good prefilter.

Goal: Use RNAup to test the RNAduplex result.

- Start RNAup using duplex.txt with --include_both
- ▶ Look at the output and compare it with the RNAduplex result.

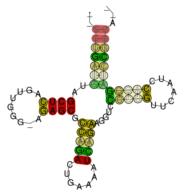
RNAup is also taking intramolecular interactions into account.

Goal: Use RNAalifold to predict the consensus structure

- ▶ Upload the clustal file alifold.aln into your Galaxy session.
- Edit the data type of alifold.aln to 'clustal'
- ► Use RNAalifold with the alifold.aln and --partfunc (Calculate partition function: 1)
- (Download the output) and look at it
- Bonus: Fold the sequences (alifold.fa) individually (RNAfold) and compare the results.

Goal: Use RNAalifold to predict *and visualize* the consensus structure

- ▶ Use RNAalifold with alifold.aln and --color and --aln
- ▶ (Download the output) and look at it



RNAalifold uses covariance information from sequence alignment to predict a consensus structure.

Goal: Use RNAcode to predict coding sequences in a MAF alignment.

- ▶ Upload the file oskar.27way.rnacode.maf into your Galaxy session.
- (Change its data type to maf)
- Use RNAcode with the maf file
- ▶ (Download the output) and look at it

Goal: Use RNAz

- ▶ Upload the file oskar.27way.rnaz.maf into your Galaxy session.
- Use RNAz with the maf file
- ▶ (Download the output) and look at it