Preporta 2

Pardo descentire o la sucesión on como la suno de das sucesiones ha r co

$$\partial_{0} = \frac{4 + 3^{\circ}}{2^{\circ}} = \frac{2^{2}}{2^{\circ}} + \frac{3^{\circ}}{2^{\circ}} = \frac{1}{2^{\circ -2}} + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{\circ}$$
, $|ueso| eex = \frac{1}{13} \cdot \lim_{n \to \infty} \partial_{n} = \lim_{n \to \infty} h_{n} + \lim_{n \to \infty} c_{n}$

()
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} b_n = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{2^{n-2}} = 0$$

o) lin bn = lin
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 0
o) lin cn = lin $\frac{3}{2}$ = 00
o) lin cn = lin $\frac{3}{2}$ = 00

of
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} C_n = \lim_{n\to\infty} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n = \infty$$

2) Ses la serie
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 4n + 3}$$
 dont $2n = \frac{1}{n^2 + 4n + 3}$

$$\frac{1}{X^{2} + 4X + 3} = \frac{A}{(X+3)} + \frac{B}{(X+3)} = \frac{A(X+3) + B(X+3)}{(X+3)(X+1)} = \frac{A}{(X+3)(X+1)} + \frac{A}{(X+3)(X+1)} = 0X + 1$$

$$\begin{cases} A+B = 0 & \Rightarrow A = -B \\ A+3B = 1 & = 2 - B+3B = 1 \Rightarrow 2B = 1 \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2 + 4x + 3} = \frac{1}{2(x+1)} = \frac{1}{2(x+3)}$$

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} \frac{1}{2(x+1)} - \frac{1}{2(x+2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{a}^{b} \frac{1}{x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int_{a}^{b} \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln(|X+1|) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(|X+3|) \stackrel{5}{>} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln(|X+1|) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln(|X+3|) \stackrel{5}{>}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{x+1}{x+3} \right) \Big|_{5}^{3}$$

$$\int_{1}^{00} \frac{1}{x^{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \to \infty} \ln \left(\frac{x+1}{x+3} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = 0 - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{100} \ln \left(\frac{\times +1}{\times +3} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{1}{100} \frac{\times +1}{\times +3} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{1}{100} \right) = 0$$

6)
$$\lim_{X \to \infty} \frac{x_{1}}{x_{1}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$