USER-MANUAL

MAINSHOCK-AFTERSHOCK GENERALIZED GROUND MOTION MODEL (MSAS GGMM)

This tool, named as Generalized Ground Motion Model for Mainshocks and Aftershocks ($MSAS_GGMM$), uses a hybrid Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) framework to estimate a 30×1 cross-dependent vectors for mainshocks and aftershocks (denoted as IM_{MS} and IM_{AS}) of RotD50 Spectral Acceleration (RotD50 S_a) at 25 periods and geometric means of Arias Intensity ($I_{a_{geom}}$), Significant Duration ($D_{5-95_{geom}}$), Peak Ground Acceleration, (PGA_{geom}) and Peak Ground Velocity (PGV_{geom}) using a set of seismic source and site parameters as inputs. The source and site inputs to the RNN framework include a vector of 8 values including source fault slab mechanism (F), magnitude for mainshock (M_{MS}), magnitude for aftershock (M_{AS}), closest rupture distance of mainshock rupture ($R_{rup,MS}$), closest rupture distance of aftershock rupture ($R_{rup,AS}$), hypocentral depth of mainshock ($Z_{hyp,MS}$), hypocentral depth of aftershock ($Z_{hyp,AS}$), and site's soil shear-wave velocity (V_{S30}). Hence, given the source and site parameters, this tool returns a median prediction of the IM and estimated uncertainty bands ($\pm \sigma$). The executable is developed by Jawad Fayaz (I_{AWAB}) (I_{AWAB}) and collaborator (Carmine Galasso). For further details please read the article mentioned in the "Reference". Though the tool is based on the Fayaz and Carmine (2022) study, the model has been updated with more data from Chile and Japan.

https://www.dropbox.com/scl/fo/i3wwzw1tv2i9vj6tuwdjg/ABAaycbVDwTT3yUwAWIDl3E?rlkey=ktichpcsrpwuvfllu0zizuxmb&dl=0

1. *GGMM* Inputs

i. Fault Mechanism (F)

Fault Mechanism (F)	Value	
Crustal	1	
Interface	2	
Intraslab	3	

- ii. Magnitudes of Mainshock and Aftershock (M): $3 \le M_w \le 9$
- iii. Closest Rupture Distance (R_{rup}) of Mainshock and Aftershock in kilometers: $0.01 \le R_{rup} \le 250 \text{ km}$

- iv. Depth of Hypocenter (Z_{hyp}) of Mainshock and Aftershock in kilometers: $0 \le Z_{hyp} \le 100$ km
- v. Site's Shear-Wave Velocity (V_{s30}) in meters per second (m/s): $0 \le V_{s30} \le 1800$ m/s
- vi. Name of Output Folder that the user wants the outputs to be located (*OutputFolderName*)

2 Calling MSAS_GGMM

The tool package consists of the executable application "MSAS_GGMM.exe" which can be easily called from any command line or programming language/software. An example to run the GGMM program is given in Figure 1 where the inputs can be in any order with the input tags. The generalized syntax to run the executable is as follows:

```
MSAS_GGMM.exe --F --MagMS –MagAS --RrupMS --RrupAS --ZhypMS --ZhypAS --Vs30 --
OutputFolder
```

Here is an example to run the program.

Command Prompt

```
MSAS_GGMM.exe --F 1 --MagMS 7.5 --MagAS 6.5 --RrupMS 20 --RrupAS 25 --ZhypMS 10 --ZhypAS 8 --
Vs30 300 --OutputFolder Results
```

Figure 1: Calling "MSAS_GGMM.exe"

>MSAS_GGMM.exe --F 1 --MagMS 7.5 --MagAS 6.5 --RrupMS 20 --RrupAS 25 --ZhypMS 10 --ZhypAS 8 --Vs30 300 --OutputFolder

In case all the inputs are not properly provided the tool will throw an error as shown in Figure 2.

```
Please check the inputs

F should be an integer. Use 1 (for Crustal), 2 (for Interface), or 3 (for Inslab)

MagMS and MagAS should be floating numbers between 3 and 9.1

RrupMS and RrupAS should be floating numbers between 0.01 and 250 km

ZhypMS and ZhypAS should be floating numbers between 0.01 and 100 km

Vs30 should be a floating number between 100 m/s and 1800 m/s

MSAS_GGMM.exe: error: ambiguous option: --Rrup could match --RrupMS, --RrupAS
```

Figure 2: Error screen of "MSAS_GGMM.exe"

3 MSAS GGMM Outputs

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The tool creates a folder named as inputted by the user in the *OutputFolderName* (as described) within the current directory of the tool. The output screen of the framework is shown in Figure 3.

```
Command Prompt X + V

D:\Dropbox\Work\MSAS_GGMM_EXE>MSAS_GGMM.exe --F 1 --MagMS 7.5 --MagAS 6.5 --RrupMS 20 --RrupAS 25 --ZhypMS 10 --ZhypAS 8 --Vs30 300 --OutputFolder Results

Running MSAS GGMM with the following inputs

F : 1

MagMS : 7.5

MagAS : 6.5

RrupMS : 20.0

RrupAS : 20.0

RrupAS : 20.0

ZhypMS : 10.0

ZhypAS : 8.0

Vs30 : 300.0

Output Folder: Results

Created output folder: Results

Making predictions using the MSAS GGMM.....

Successfully generated results in the "Results" folder
```

Figure 3: Output screen of "MSAS_GGMM.exe"

The outputs consist of four files as shown in Figure 4: 1) "GGMM_MS.out" file containing the estimated median **IM** predictions and its uncertainty bands for mainshock, 2) "GGMM_AS.out" file containing the estimated median **IM** predictions and its uncertainty bands for aftershock, 3) "User_Inputs.txt" containing the record of the inputs as entered by the user, and 4) "GGMM.jpg" file showing the median and sigma bands of the estimated intensity measures in **IM** vectors for both mainshock (blue) and aftershock (green). The outputs are shown in figures 5, 6 and 7.

Name	Date modified	Туре
ℯ GGMM	29/03/2024 17:27	JPG File
☑ GGMM_AS	29/03/2024 17:27	OUT File
☑ GGMM_MS	29/03/2024 17:27	OUT File
☑ User_Inputs	29/03/2024 17:27	TXT File

Figure 4: Outputs of the MSAS_GGMM.exe

```
🔚 GGMM_MS.out 🗵
                                        Median+sigma
            Median Median-sigma
         CAV 6.499492168426514
                                                          6.819845739690579
                                   6.179138597162448
                  3.5654349327087402 3.188097606937239
        D595
                                                              3.9427722584802414
        PGV -1.229505181312561 -1.666700156142742 -0.79231020648238
         Ia -0.06704803556203842
                                       -0.6856314521600554 0.5515353810359785
        PGA -1.8060988187789917 -2.117675895595404 -1.4945217419625796
0.1 -1.4033782482147217 -1.7833284240098948 -1.0234280724195486
0.15 -1.1915522813796997 -1.5515619276793147 -0.8315426350800847
        0.2 -1.060215950012207 -1.415868709233169 -0.7045631907912451
                  -1.0432498455047607 -1.4080181891168029 -0.6784815018927187
         0.3 -0.9044142365455627 -1.2532915737237929 -0.5555368993673327
        0.4 -0.9777699708938599 -1.3146973386911749 -0.6408426030965448
        0.7 -0.9682464003562927 -1.3193824793894948 -0.6171103213230907
 16
        0.8 -1.0647079944610596 -1.4141730399534076 -0.7152429489687115
        0.9 -1.1744177341461182 -1.5182330083790971 -0.8306024599131392
         1.0 -1.2367416620254517 -1.5792894708020617 -0.8941938532488416
        1.25
                 -1.4419164657592773 -1.7859718205429433 -1.0978611109756113
        1.5 -1.537421703338623 -1.8996053671390791 -1.175238039538167
                 -1.6727979183197021 -2.041974953439789 -1.3036208831996152
        1.75
        2.0 -1.8195384740829468 -2.203241914676557 -1.4358350334893368
                  -1.9233046770095825 -2.2986842038424493 -1.5479251501767155
        2.5 -2.0605244636535645 -2.4437669070574626 -1.6772820202496665
        2.75
                 -2.167952537536621 -2.548184157193146 -1.7877209178800961
        3.0 -2.2014849185943604 -2.5753140218048856 -1.8276558153838354
        3.4 -2.268617630004883 -2.6370980816109246 -1.9001371783988408
3.8 -2.306067943572998 -2.656526624076455 -1.955609263069541
4.2 -2.365187644958496 -2.7065655251823793 -2.023809764734613
        4.6 -2.5445175170898438 -2.889486162812335 -2.1995488713673526
        5.0 -2.587768077850342 -2.9302218329368017 -2.245314322763882
```

Figure 5: Estimated IM output in the "GGMM MS.out" file

```
🔚 GGMM_AS.out 🗵
          Median Median-sigma
                                      Median+sigma
        CAV 5.330204486846924
                                 4.98503953218013
                                                       5.675369441513718
                3.2535147666931152 2.910370327012964 3.5966592063732663
        D595
        PGV -1.8528565168380737 -2.16218873456742 -1.5435242991087277
        Ia -1.2371875047683716 -1.7341786659289886 -0.7401963436077545
        PGA -2.171846628189087 -2.46893550953595 -1.8747577468422238 0.1 -1.4109086990356445 -1.7539051349990387 -1.0679122630722504
        0.15
                 -1.3643985986709595 -1.6907828803855185 -1.0380143169564005
        0.2 -1.1864349842071533 -1.5373048183124034 -0.8355651501019032
                -1.0871515274047852 -1.439479318030183 -0.7348237367793872
        0.3 -1.2738138437271118 -1.6079845167423228 -0.9396431707119008
        0.4 -1.3305503129959106 -1.6665537248940117 -0.9945469010978096
        0.5 -1.3603742122650146 -1.7081131816215067 -1.0126352429085226
        0.6 -1.4618324041366577 -1.8092743913428206 -1.1143904169304948
        0.7 -1.6800826787948608 -2.0311668028091816 -1.3289985547805399
        0.8 -1.7322721481323242 -2.094909543677346 -1.3696347525873023
        0.9 -1.8940523862838745 -2.2509504229245265 -1.5371543496432225
18
        1.0 -2.021857500076294 -2.379925941406674 -1.6637890587459139
                 -1.9353282451629639 -2.300436976222358 -1.5702195141035697
        1.5 -2.0647690296173096 -2.4375484775752874 -1.6919895816593316
                -2.2954442501068115 -2.6683302853735587 -1.9225582148400644
        2.0 -2.4416089057922363 -2.8172065694645263 -2.0660112421199464
        2.25
                 -2.610898494720459 -2.9944285886722017 -2.2273684007687162
        2.5 -2.8557910919189453 -3.2337899922245934 -2.4777921916132972
                -2.9546170234680176 -3.3374719207544157 -2.5717621261816195
        2.75
        3.0 -3.166956663131714 -3.554181326673103 -2.7797319995903247
        3.4 -3.3342363834381104 -3.7304408991931974 -2.9380318676830233
        3.8 -3.4740753173828125 -3.8771502927497976 -3.0710003420158274
        4.2 -3.6679294109344482 -4.080811536661014 -3.2550472852078824
        4.6 -3.848829746246338 -4.272235037356598 -3.4254244551360777  
5.0 -4.057419776916504 -4.486106404386973 -3.628733149446035
```

Figure 6: Estimated IM output in the "GGMM AS.out" file

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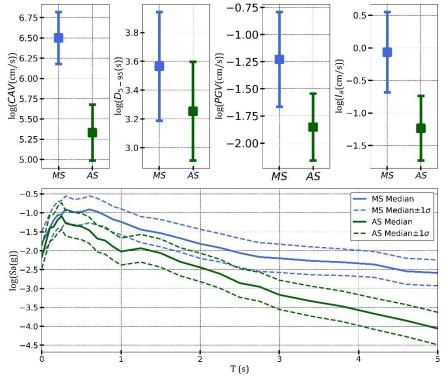


Figure 7: Estimated IM output figure (GGMM.jpg)

Reference

Jawad Fayaz and Carmine Galasso (2022). "A Generalized Ground Motion Model for Consistent Mainshock-Aftershock Intensity Measures using Successive Recurrent Neural Networks". Bulletin of Earthquake Engineering, https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10518-022-01432-w