coyote_analysis

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about

This is a data analysis code walk-through for the manuscript *Energy infrastructure clears* the way for coyotes in Alberta's oil sands. It was written by Jamie F Clarke with help from Marissa A Dyck, and based on preliminary scripts by Larissa Bron. Before running this script, you will need to format the data using the coyote_formatting script. Happy analyzing:-)

set-up

start by loading in relevant packages:

```
library(tidyverse)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
library(lme4)
library(MuMIn)
library(purrr)
library(broom.mixed)
library(car)
library(ggplot2)
library(cowplot)
library(ggpubr)
library(broom.mixed)
library(insight)
```

data import

read in processed data (created using coyote_formatting script):

```
coyote_data <-
read_csv('data/processed/coyote_data.csv')</pre>
```

linear feature model set

step 1: doing some exploratory analyses to decide which linear features to include in further models

H0: null model

```
null <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~ 1 +
      (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

H1: global model (all uncorrelated linear features)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(roads) +
    scale(seismic_lines) +
    scale(seismic_lines_3D) +
    scale(trails) +
    scale(transmission_lines) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H2: pipelines (on their own since hard to classify, variable widths + correlated with other features)

```
pipeline_lf <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
   scale(pipeline) +</pre>
```

```
(1 | array),
data = coyote_data,
family = binomial)
```

H3: narrow linear features (~ 5 m wide)

```
narrow_lf <-
glmer(
cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
   scale(seismic_lines_3D) +
   scale(trails) +
   (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

H4: wide linear features (> 5 m wide)

```
wide_lf <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
      scale(roads) +
      scale(seismic_lines) +
      scale(transmission_lines) +
      (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

H5: vegetated linear features (not paved/graveled)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(seismic_lines) +
    scale(seismic_lines_3D) +
    scale(trails) +
    scale(transmission_lines) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H6: un-vegetated linear features (paved/graveled)

```
unveg_lf <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(roads) +
      (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

linear feature model selection

```
## Model selection table
##
               (Int) scl(rds) scl(ssm_lns_3D) scl(ssm_lns) scl(trl) scl(trn_lns)
## wide lf
                                                   0.18440
                                                                        0.01404
              -1.371
                       0.5861
## global lf
              -1.371
                       0.5640
                                     -0.06417
                                                   0.19330 0.05832
                                                                        0.05274
## unveg lf
              -1.368
                       0.5513
## veg lf
              -1.363
                                     -0.13970
                                                  -0.00527 0.14850
                                                                        0.20740
## narrow_lf
              -1.363
                                     -0.04550
                                                            0.13650
## pipeline lf -1.361
## null
              -1.359
##
              scl(ppl) df
                            logLik AICc delta weight
## wide lf
                        5 -485.086 980.4 0.00 0.582
## global lf
                        7 -483.988 982.5 2.04 0.210
## unveg lf
                        3 -488.193 982.5 2.05 0.208
## veg lf
                       6 -527.796 1068.0 87.53 0.000
## narrow_lf
                        4 -533.175 1074.5 94.09 0.000
```

creating a wide linear feature variable

hypothesis-testing model set

step 2: test hypotheses using wide_linear variable

H1: global model (natural landcover, wide linear features, all mammals)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(nat_land) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
```

```
(1 | array),
data = coyote_data,
family = binomial)
```

H2: natural landcover

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(nat_land) +
    (1 | array),
  data = coyote_data,
  family = binomial)
```

H3: wide linear features and natural landcover

```
wide_lc <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(wide_linear) +
    scale(nat_land) +
    (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

H4: prey species

```
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
      scale(white_tailed_deer) +
      scale(moose) +
      scale(red_squirrel) +
      scale(snowshoe_hare) +
      (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)
```

H5: prey species and natural landcover

```
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
      scale(white_tailed_deer) +
      scale(moose) +
      scale(red_squirrel) +
      scale(snowshoe_hare) +
      scale(nat_land) +
      (1 | array),
      data = coyote_data,
      family = binomial)
```

H6: competitor species

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    (1 | array),
  data = coyote_data,
  family = binomial)
```

H7: competitor species and natural landcover

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    scale(nat_land) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H8: prey species and wide linear features

```
glmer(
cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H9: competitor species and wide linear features

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H10: prey species, wide linear features and natural landcover

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    scale(nat_land) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H11: competitor species, wide linear features and natural landcover

```
comp_wide_lc <-
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
   scale(mat_land) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    (1 | array),
   data = coyote_data,
   family = binomial)</pre>
```

H12: global interaction model (natural landcover, all mammals, and interactions between wide linear features and top prey/competitor species)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(nat_land) +
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    scale(wide_linear) * scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    scale(wide_linear) * scale(grey_wolf) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H13: prey interaction model (all prey species and interaction between wide linear features and top prey species)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(wide_linear) * scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    (1 | array),
```

```
data = coyote_data,
family = binomial)
```

H14: competitor interaction model (all competitor species and interaction between wide linear features and top competitor species)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    scale(wide_linear) * scale(grey_wolf) +
    (1 | array),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)
```

H15: global prey interaction model (all prey species, natural landcover and interaction between wide linear features and top prey species)

```
glmer(
   cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
      scale(white_tailed_deer) +
      scale(moose) +
      scale(red_squirrel) +
      scale(nat_land) +
      scale(wide_linear) * scale(snowshoe_hare) +
      (1 | array),
      data = coyote_data,
      family = binomial)
```

H16: global competitor interaction model (all competitor species, natural landcover and interaction between wide linear features and top competitor species)

```
glmer(
  cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(lynx) +
    scale(fisher) +
    scale(nat_land) +
```

```
scale(wide_linear) * scale(grey_wolf) +
  (1 | array),
data = coyote_data,
family = binomial)
```

comparing fixed vs random effects

testing an example model (global) with a random effect for array against the same model without a random effect (i.e., a fixed effect global model)

H17: fixed effect global model (natural landcover, wide linear features, all mammals) without random effect

```
fe_global <-
glm(
    cbind(coyote_pres, coyote_abs) ~
    scale(nat_land) +
    scale(wide_linear) +
    scale(white_tailed_deer) +
    scale(moose) +
    scale(red_squirrel) +
    scale(snowshoe_hare) +
    scale(grey_wolf) +
    scale(fisher),
    data = coyote_data,
    family = binomial)</pre>
```

run model selection:

```
## Model selection table
##
              (Int) scl(fsh) scl(gry_wlf) scl(lyn) scl(mos) scl(nat_lnd)
## global
            -1.435 0.01794
                                   0.1895
                                            0.1688 -0.06344
                                                                 -0.4037
                                            0.1525 -0.07579
## fe global -1.434 0.07783
                                   0.1685
                                                                 -0.4229
             scl(red sqr) scl(snw har) scl(wht tld der) scl(wid lnr)
##
                  0.08085
                                                0.06411
                                                              0.4967 glmerMod
## global
                                0.1883
## fe_global
                  0.11220
                                0.2116
                                                0.13640
                                                              0.5204
                                                                          glm
##
            random df logLik AICc delta weight
```

```
## global a 11 -449.342 921.9 0.00 0.999
## fe_global 10 -457.064 935.1 13.24 0.001
## Models ranked by AICc(x)
## Random terms:
## a: 1 | array
```

result: random effects model best-supported, carry that forward

hypothesis-testing model selection

```
h sel <-
  model.sel(null,
            global,
            lc,
            wide_lc,
            prey,
            prey_lc,
            comp,
             comp_lc,
            prey_wide,
            comp wide,
            prey_wide_lc,
            comp_wide_lc,
            global_int,
            prey int,
             comp_int,
            prey_lc_int,
             comp lc int)
# run h_sel to see output
h sel
```

```
## Model selection table
##
               (Int) scl(fsh) scl(gry_wlf) scl(lyn)
                                                      scl(mos) scl(nat_lnd)
## global
             -1.435 0.01794
                                   0.18950 0.1688 -0.0634400
                                                                   -0.4037
                                   0.19680 0.1548 -0.0612300
## global int -1.451 0.00612
                                                                   -0.4155
                                   0.16610
## comp_wide_lc -1.422 0.01571
                                             0.2260
                                                                   -0.3984
## comp_lc_int -1.438 0.01165
                                             0.2231
                                   0.16740
                                                                   -0.3985
## prey lc int -1.398
                                                     0.0269600
                                                                   -0.4074
## prey_wide_lc -1.401
                                                     0.0100200
                                                                   -0.4001
```

```
## wide lc
                -1.383
                                                                         -0.3918
## prey lc
                -1.400
                                                         0.0325900
                                                                         -0.4220
## comp lc
                -1.408 0.03463
                                      0.11870
                                                 0.2206
                                                                         -0.4050
## prey wide
                -1.388
                                                        -0.0211600
                                                        -0.0113900
## prey int
                -1.385
## comp wide
                -1.400 0.04164
                                                 0.2301
                                      0.14680
## comp int
                -1.416 0.03830
                                      0.14790
                                                 0.2275
## lc
                -1.375
                                                                         -0.4007
## prey
                -1.388
                                                        -0.0009068
## comp
                -1.388 0.06482
                                      0.09415
                                                 0.2224
## null
                -1.359
##
                scl(red sqr) scl(snw har) scl(wht tld der) scl(wid lnr)
                      0.08085
                                    0.1883
                                                     0.06411
## global
                                                                    0.4967
## global_int
                      0.07737
                                    0.2212
                                                     0.04133
                                                                    0.4890
## comp_wide_lc
                                                                    0.5365
## comp lc int
                                                                    0.5186
## prey lc int
                                    0.2634
                      0.08106
                                                     0.04555
                                                                    0.4618
## prey wide lc
                      0.09034
                                    0.2217
                                                     0.05484
                                                                    0.4461
## wide_lc
                                                                    0.4962
## prey lc
                      0.11910
                                    0.2382
                                                     0.01504
## comp lc
## prey wide
                                    0.2129
                                                     0.22430
                      0.07239
                                                                    0.4817
## prey int
                                    0.2400
                                                     0.22090
                      0.06597
                                                                    0.4932
## comp wide
                                                                    0.5549
## comp int
                                                                    0.5353
## 1c
## prey
                      0.10490
                                    0.2328
                                                     0.20190
## comp
## null
##
                scl(gry_wlf):scl(wid_lnr) scl(snw_har):scl(wid_lnr) df
                                                                            logLik
## global
                                                                       11 -449.342
                                  -0.09829
                                                              -0.05045 13 -448.150
## global int
## comp wide lc
                                                                        7 -461.318
## comp_lc_int
                                  -0.08160
                                                                        8 -460.718
## prey lc int
                                                             -0.06731 9 -461.012
## prey wide lc
                                                                        8 -462.181
## wide lc
                                                                        4 -479.026
## prey lc
                                                                        7 -480.855
## comp lc
                                                                        6 - 489.063
## prey wide
                                                                        7 -489.912
## prey int
                                                              -0.04264
                                                                        8 -489.425
## comp wide
                                                                        6 - 492.259
## comp int
                                  -0.08085
                                                                        7 -491.648
## 1c
                                                                        3 -503.736
## prey
                                                                        6 -512.199
```

```
## comp
                                                                    5 -522.625
                                                                    2 -537.258
## null
##
                 AICc delta weight
## global
                921.9
                        0.00 0.739
## global int
                924.0
                        2.09
                             0.260
## comp_wide_lc
                937.1 15.25 0.000
## comp_lc_int
                938.1 16.20 0.000
## prey lc int
                940.8 18.95
                              0.000
## prey wide lc
                941.0 19.12 0.000
## wide lc
                966.2 44.34 0.000
## prey_lc
                976.2 54.33 0.000
## comp lc
                990.5 68.62 0.000
## prey wide
                994.3 72.44 0.000
                995.5 73.61
## prey int
                              0.000
## comp_wide
                996.9 75.01 0.000
## comp int
                997.8 75.91
                              0.000
## lc
               1013.6 91.69 0.000
## prey
               1036.8 114.89
                              0.000
## comp
               1055.5 133.63
                              0.000
## null
               1078.6 156.69
                              0.000
## Models ranked by AICc(x)
## Random terms (all models):
    1 | array
##
```

result:

- global model best supported by delta > 2.00
- global_int model second-best supported

detection data summaries

sum the number of independent detections of each focal species using purrr:

```
coyote_data %>%

select_if(is.numeric) %>% # only consider numeric data

map_dbl(sum) # sum down each column
```

```
##
             pipeline
                                    roads
                                                seismic lines
                                                                seismic lines 3D
                                1.0120405
##
            3.1495689
                                                    1.6212058
                                                                        1.3443708
##
                                                     nat land
               trails transmission lines
                                                                      coyote pres
##
            0.3438247
                                0.8075866
                                                  218.0484554
                                                                               NA
```

```
##
           coyote abs
                               coyote tot
                                                       fisher
                                                                    snowshoe hare
                             1319.0000000
                                                  262.0000000
                                                                     4571.0000000
##
##
    white_tailed_deer
                                                 red_squirrel
                                      lynx
                                                                            moose
                                                 2200.0000000
##
         6143.0000000
                              526.0000000
                                                                      696.0000000
##
            grey wolf
                              wide linear
##
          226.0000000
                                3.4408329
```

count the number of camera stations where coyotes were detected:

```
sum(coyote_data$coyote_pres != 0,
    na.rm = TRUE)
## [1] 172
```

evaluation by simulation

this section is adapted from Ariel Muldoon's 'Simulate! Simulate!' series and work by Dr Andrew Barnas, with heaps of coding help from Andrew (thank you!) create a data-generating, modelling and model-selecting function:

```
coyote glmm sim = function(n cts = 40, # approximate number of cameras/array
                          n_arrays = 6, # number of arrays
                          n obs = 1, # number of years cameras were deployed
                          n = n cts * n arrays * n obs, # total observations
                          b0 = -1.4, # intercept value from global model
                          b1 = -0.40, # slope coefficient for nat land
                          b2 = 0.50, # slope coefficient for wide_linear
                          b3 = 0.06, # slope coefficient for deer
                          b4 = -0.06, # slope coefficient for moose
                          b5 = 0.08, # slope coefficient for squirrels
                          b6 = 0.19, # slope coefficient for hares
                          b7 = 0.19, # slope coefficient for wolves
                           b8 = 0.17, # slope coefficient for lynx
                           b9 = 0.02, # slope coefficient for fishers
                           array sd = 0.28)
  # assign camera and array IDs
 ct <- rep(1:(n cts * n arrays),
           each = n obs)
 array <- rep (1:n_arrays,
               each = n cts * n obs) \%
```

```
as.factor()
# simulate 'collected' data
# for landscape data: proportional coverage ranges from 0 to 1
sim nat land <- rep(runif(n cts * n arrays,</pre>
                           max = 1), # uniform draws from 0 to 1
                     each = n obs)
sim_wide_lf <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                          min = 0,
                          max = 1), # uniform draws from 0 to 1
                    each = n obs)
# for independent detection data: number of detections ranges from scaled min to max
sim_wtd <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                      min = min(scale(coyote_data$white_tailed_deer)),
                      max = max(scale(coyote_data$white_tailed_deer))),
               each = n obs)
sim_moose <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                       min = min(scale(coyote_data$moose)),
                       max = max(scale(coyote_data$moose))),
                 each = n obs)
sim_squirrel <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                           min = min(scale(coyote_data$red_squirrel)),
                           max = max(scale(coyote_data$red_squirrel))),
                     each = n obs)
sim_hare <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                       min = min(scale(coyote data$snowshoe hare)),
                       max = max(scale(coyote_data$snowshoe_hare))),
                each = n obs)
sim_wolf <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                       min = min(scale(coyote data$grey wolf)),
                      max = max(scale(coyote_data$grey_wolf))),
                each = n obs)
sim_lynx <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                       min = min(scale(coyote_data$lynx)),
                      max = max(scale(coyote_data$lynx))),
                each = n_obs)
```

```
sim_fisher <- rep(runif(n_cts * n_arrays,</pre>
                        min = min(scale(coyote_data$fisher)),
                        max = max(scale(coyote_data$fisher))),
                  each = n obs)
# simulate random effect of array
array_effect <- rep(rnorm(n_arrays,</pre>
                          mean = 0,
                           sd = array_sd),
                    each = n_cts * n_obs)
# calculate the linear predictor for each observation
linear pred <-
  b0 +
  b1 * sim_nat_land +
  b2 * sim_wide_lf +
  b3 * sim_wtd +
  b4 * sim moose +
  b5 * sim_squirrel +
  b6 * sim_hare +
  b7 * sim_wolf +
  b8 * sim lynx +
  b9 * sim fisher +
  array_effect
# convert linear predictors to probabilities, using logit link function
prob <- plogis(linear_pred)</pre>
# simulate Bernoulli trials based on probabilities, with variable effort per camera
# 4-15 sampling opportunities (= months) per trial - min/max deployment durations wh
total trials <- sample(4:15,
                       replace = TRUE)
# use random number generator to determine number of successes (presences) and failu
# run as many times as observations in dataset
present <- rbinom(n,</pre>
                  size = total_trials,
                  prob = prob)
absent <- total_trials - present</pre>
# wrap everything into dataframe
```

```
df <- data.frame(ct,</pre>
                  array,
                  array_effect,
                  sim_nat_land,
                  sim wide lf,
                  sim_wtd,
                  sim_moose,
                  sim squirrel,
                  sim_hare,
                  sim_wolf,
                  sim_lynx,
                  sim fisher,
                  linear pred,
                  prob,
                  total_trials,
                  present,
                  absent)
# fit GLMMs to simulated data
sim global <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim wide lf +
    sim wtd +
    sim_moose +
    sim_squirrel +
    sim hare +
    sim_wolf +
    sim lynx +
    sim_fisher +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_wide_lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
```

```
sim wide lf +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim prey <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_wtd +
    sim moose +
    sim squirrel +
    sim_hare +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_prey_lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim nat land +
    sim_wtd +
    sim moose +
    sim_squirrel +
    sim_hare +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_comp <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim wolf +
    sim_lynx +
    sim_fisher +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim comp lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim_wolf +
    sim lynx +
    sim fisher +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
```

```
sim prey wide <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_wide_lf +
    sim wtd +
    sim moose +
    sim_squirrel +
    sim_hare +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_comp_wide <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_wide_lf +
    sim wolf +
    sim lynx +
    sim_fisher +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_prey_wide_lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim nat land +
    sim_wide_lf +
    sim_wtd +
    sim moose +
    sim_squirrel +
    sim_hare +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim comp wide lc <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim_wide_lf +
    sim wolf +
    sim lynx +
    sim fisher +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
```

```
sim global int <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim wtd +
    sim moose +
    sim_squirrel +
    sim_lynx +
    sim fisher +
    sim_wide_lf * sim_hare +
    sim_wide_lf * sim_wolf +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_prey_int <- glmer(</pre>
    cbind(present, absent) ~
      sim_wtd +
      sim moose +
      sim_squirrel +
      sim wide lf * sim hare +
      (1 array),
    data = df,
    family = binomial)
sim_comp_int <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim lynx +
    sim fisher +
    sim_wide_lf * sim_wolf +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_prey_lc_int <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim wtd +
    sim_moose +
    sim squirrel +
    sim_wide_lf * sim_hare +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
```

```
sim comp lc int <- glmer(</pre>
  cbind(present, absent) ~
    sim_nat_land +
    sim lynx +
    sim fisher +
    sim_wide_lf * sim_wolf +
    (1 array),
  data = df,
  family = binomial)
sim_hsel <- model.sel(null,</pre>
                       sim global,
                       sim lc,
                       sim_wide_lc,
                       sim_prey,
                       sim prey lc,
                       sim_comp,
                       sim comp lc,
                       sim_prey_wide,
                       sim comp wide,
                       sim_prey_wide_lc,
                       sim_comp_wide_lc,
                       sim global int,
                       sim prey int,
                       sim_comp_int,
                       sim_prey_lc_int,
                       sim_comp_lc_int)
# return parameter name and beta coefficient for global model
sim_pars <- get_parameters(sim_global)</pre>
# transform sim_hsel into a tibble with models as rownames
# extract top model
top_mod <- sim_hsel %>%
  as_tibble(rownames = 'model') %>%
  select(model) %>%
  slice(1)
# return just the bits we want
return(list(sim_pars,
            top_mod))
```

```
}
```

repeat the simulation for many iterations (in this case, 1,000):

extract model coefficients:

save simulation results as .csv in 'processed' data folder: