# Department 18b Honorable Shella Deen, Presiding

Thomas Duarte, Courtroom Clerk 191 North First Street, San Jose, CA 95113

DATE: August 6, 2024 TIME: 9:00 A.M.

#### To contest the ruling, call (408) 808-6856 before 4:00 P.M.

Make sure to let the other side know before 4:00 P.M. that you plan to contest the ruling, in accordance with California Rule of Court 3.1308(a)(1) and Local Rule 8.E

\*\*Please specify the issue to be contested when calling the Court and Counsel\*\*

#### LAW AND MOTION TENTATIVE RULINGS

**FOR APPEARANCES:** Department 18 is fully open for in-person hearings. The Court strongly prefers **in-person** appearances for all contested law and motion matters. For all other hearings, the Court strongly prefers either **in-person or video** appearances. If you must appear virtually, you must use video. Audio-only appearances are permitted, but disfavored, as they cause significant disruptions and delays to the proceedings. Please use telephone-only appearances as a last resort. To access the courtroom, click or copy and paste this link into your internet browser and scroll down to Department 18:

https://www.scscourt.org/general\_info/ra\_teams/video\_hearings\_teams.shtml

**SCHEDULING MOTION HEARINGS**: Please go to <a href="https://reservations.scscourt.org">https://reservations.scscourt.org</a> or call 408-882-2430 between 8:30 a.m. and 12:30 p.m. (Mon.-Fri.) to reserve a hearing date for your motion before you file and serve it. You must then file your motion papers no more than five court days after reserving the hearing date, or else the date will be released to other cases.

**FOR COURT REPORTERS:** The Court is no longer able to provide official court reporters for civil proceedings (as of July 24, 2017). If you want to have a court reporter to report your hearing, you must submit the appropriate form, which can be found here:

https://www.scscourt.org/general\_info/court\_reporters.shtml

**RECORDING IS PROHIBITED**: As a reminder, most hearings are open to the public, but state and local court rules prohibit recording of court proceedings without a court order. This prohibition applies to both in-person and remote appearances.

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LINE #	CASE #	CASE TITLE	RULING	
LINE 1		Horacio Gaona vs Uriel Soto et al	Motion to Compel (Deposition Questions).	
			Scroll down to <u>Line 1</u> for Tentative Ruling.	
LINE 2		Stacey Belew Vs Luigi Digrande et al	Motion for Terminating Sanctions.	
			Scroll down to <u>Line 2</u> for Tentative Ruling.	

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LINE 3	23CV425715	Rita Gutierrez vs General Motors LLC et al	Motion to Compel (Form Interrogatories). Plaintiff's Motions to Compel (1) Form
			Interrogatories, (2) Requests for Admission,
			(3) Requests for Production of Documents, and (4) Special Interrogatories. At the last
			hearing of this matter on June 20, 2024, the
			parties were ordered to meet and confer. That
			did not occur. The court orders that all four
			motions are CONTINUED to October 31,
			2024, at 9 a.m. in Department 18b. The parties
			are again ordered to conduct good faith, reasonable and meaningful meet and confers,
			either in person, by phone or video
			conference, to try to narrow the many issues in
			these motions. If any issues remain after the
			meet and confer efforts, which may span
			several sessions, the parties shall file an
			updated <i>joint</i> statement no later than October 17, 2024, which shall identify the remaining
			items in dispute and the reasons why further
			responses should/should not be compelled.
			Failure to comply with this order will result in
			sanctions.
			Moving party to prepare formal order.
LINE 4	23CV425715	Rita Gutierrez vs General	Motion to Compel (Requests for
<u> </u>	2301123713	Motors LLC et al	Admission).
			See Tentative Ruling for Line 3.

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LINE 5	Rita Gutierrez vs General Motors LLC et al	Motion to Compel (Document Request).
		See Tentative Ruling to Line 3.
LINE 6	Rita Gutierrez vs General Motors LLC et al	Motion to Compel (Special Interrogatories).
		See Tentative Ruling to Line 3.
LINE 7	Sedigheh Hajizadeh vs Magic Mountain, LLC	Motion to Compel (Deposition).
		Scroll down to <u>Line 7</u> for Tentative Ruling.

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			TENTATIVE ROLLINGS
LINE 8	16CV300709	Joan Todd v. Dai Truong, et	Motion to Vacate. Motion by Defendant
		al.	Keith Tai Wong to vacate and declare void the
			July 26, 2019 order amending Judgment to
			name him as the alter ego of Judgment Debtor
			TWA Construction, Inc. and the Amended
			Judgment entered on August 5, 2019, based on
			Code of Civil Procedure Section 473 (d).
			Defendants/Cross-Complainants/Judgment
			Creditors Dai Truong and Sally Kim oppose
			the motion. The moving party has not met his
			burden and no good cause has been shown.
			There was also no explanation as to why Mr.
			Wong waited 5 years to bring this motion and
			nothing he presented provides the Court with
			any reason to grant this motion. Putting aside
			the lack of proper notice for this motion, the
			motion fails as Mr. Wong appears to have
			received actual notice of the underlying
			motions: his daughter appeared at the first
			hearing advising that he was out of the country
			at the time, he filed a late opposition to that
			motion, and his attorney, Jeffrey Tuan,
			specially appeared for him at one of the
			hearings. Further, after the Second Amended
			Judgment was entered Mr. Wong
			unsuccessfully moved for reconsideration of
			the order granting the motion to add him as a
			judgment debtor and he was also added as an
			appellant to the appeal of that order, that was
			denied. Accordingly, the motion to vacate is
			DENIED.
			Defendants/Cross-Complainants/Judgment
			Creditors Dai Truong and Sally Kim to
			prepare formal order.

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LINE 9	22CV392899	Sierra Lumber & Fence Co.,	<b>Motion to Compel (Discovery).</b> Motion by
			Judgment Creditor's Assignee Pacific States
		al	Industries Inc. for order compelling Judgment
			Debtors Aldofina Gonzalez and Salvador S.
			Zamora to answer interrogatories, sanctions,
			attorney's fees and costs. The motion to
			compel was filed and served on June 18, 2024.
			No opposition to this motion was filed by
			Judgment Debtors. A failure to oppose a
			motion may be deemed a consent to the
			granting of the motion. CRC Rule 8.54c.
			Failure to oppose a motion leads to the
			presumption that Judgment Debtors have no
			meritorious arguments. ( <i>Laguna Auto Body v.</i>
			Farmers Ins. Exchange (1991) 231 Cal. App.
			3d 481, 489.) There is also good cause to
			grant this motion. Judgment Debtors should
			have served a response within 30 days of
			service of the interrogatories (Code Civ. Proc.,
			§2030.260 (a)). Moving party meets its
			burden of proof. Good cause appearing, the
			Motion is GRANTED. The request for
			sanctions is DENIED as the amount of
			sanctions sought was not identified in the
			notice of the motion. (Code Civ. Proc., §§
			708.020(a) and (c), 2030.010, 2030.290,
			2030.300 et seq.) Judgment Debtors shall
			serve verified, code-compliant responses to
			the interrogatories within 15 days of service of
			this order.
			Moving party shall prepare a formal order.

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	LAW AND MOTION	
22CV394300	Knights Flooring, Inc. vs	Motion to Consolidate. Plaintiff Knights
	FPC Builders, Inc. et al	Flooring, Inc.'s motion to consolidate this case
		with five (and possibly additional) other
		pending cases on the grounds that the issues of
		fact and law relating to the cases are common
		to all actions, and consolidation of these
		actions is appropriate, applying the standards
		set forth in California Code of Civil Procedure
		1048(a) and California Rules of Court 3.300
		(a). All six actions identified in the notice of
		motion, relate to the Silvery Tower project in
		San Jose. The motion seeks to consolidate
		cases that relate to other subcontractors
		employed by Defendant FPC Builders, Inc. for
		work at that project. Some of the
		subcontractors have stipulated to the
		consolidation. The Court has also reviewed
		the oppositions that were filed. The notice of
		motion seeks consolidation of six cases (cases
		ending '300, '735, '941, '943, '031 and '464),
		however the moving papers, declaration and
		stipulation appear to seek consolidation of five
		additional cases (ending '627, '635, '338,
		'046 and '531). The motion is therefore
		inconsistent. Further, notice of this motion
		was not filed in each of the cases in which
		consolidation was sought as required by
		California Rules of Court, Rule 3.350. As
		such, the motion to consolidate is DENIED
		without prejudice.
		Moving party to prepare formal order.
	22CV394300	Knights Flooring, Inc. vs FPC Builders, Inc. et al

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LINE 11	22CV398680	William Healy vs Robert	Motion for Assignment of Rights,
		Brower, Sr. et al	Restraining Disposition of Right to
			Payment and Turnover. Judgment Creditor
			moves for an order against Judgment Debtors
			for an assignment of rights, restraining of
			disposition of payment rights, and turnover
			pursuant to a judgment entered by this court
			on August 14, 2023 in the amount of
			\$186,601.76. Judgment Creditor declares that
			the judgment has not been satisfied, in whole
			or in part, by any party or non-party and that
			the judgment is valid and enforceable and not
			subject to any stay. The motion was noticed
			and served on June 17, 2024. No opposition
			to this motion was filed by Judgment Debtors.
			A failure to oppose a motion may be deemed a
			consent to the granting of the motion. CRC
			Rule 8.54c. Failure to oppose a motion leads
			to the presumption that Judgment Debtors
			have no meritorious arguments. ( <i>Laguna Auto</i>
			Body v. Farmers Ins. Exchange (1991) 231
			Cal. App. 3d 481, 489.) There is also good
			cause to grant this motion. Moving party
			meets his burden of proof. Good cause
			appearing, the motion is GRANTED (Code of
			Civil Procedure Sections 699.040, 708.510,
			and 708.520 et seq.).
			Moving party to prepare formal order.

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LINE 12	23CV417955	Lightpost Holdings, LLC vs	Motion to Compel.
		Windermere Holdings, LLC	
		et al	Dismissal filed. OFF CALENDAR.

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"The court may, in furtherance of justice, son any terms as may be proper, allow a parto amend any pleading." (Code of Civil Procedure, section 473 subd. (a)(1).) Judice policy favors the liberal exercise of discrete to permit amendment of the pleadings so a resolve all disputed matters between the parties in the same lawsuit. The court's discretion is typically exercised liberally sonot to deprive a party of the right to assert meritorious cause of action or a meritorious defense. (Morgan v. Superior Court (1959) 172 Cal.App.2d 527, 530.) Defendants have adequately described the amendments they	loes any d)
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adequatery described the amendments they	s ) 'e
propose and have met their burden. The Convillence will exercise its discretion and given the non-composition, the motion is GRANTED.  Defendants shall file their First Amended	ourt on-
Answer to Complaint within 10 days of th Order. The parties are ordered to meet and confer prior to filing any motion in this ma A failure to do so, as by Defendant with the	itter.
motion, unnecessarily adds to an already severely impacted calendar.  Moving party to prepare the formal order.	

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LINE 14	Community	Education a Delaware vs George Eshoo	Motion for Leave to File Cross-Complaint.  Defendants motion for leave to file a cross-complaint. Plaintiff does not oppose the
			motion (but does not waive any rights to challenge said pleading, once filed) "The court
			may, in furtherance of justice, and on any
			terms as may be proper, allow a party to
			amend any pleading." (Code of Civil
			Procedure, section 473 subd. (a)(1).) Judicial
			policy favors the liberal exercise of discretion
			to permit amendment of the pleadings so as to resolve all disputed matters between the
			parties in the same lawsuit. The court's
			discretion is typically exercised liberally so as
			not to deprive a party of the right to assert a
			meritorious cause of action or a meritorious
			defense. (Morgan v. Superior Court (1959)
			172 Cal.App.2d 527, 530.) Defendants have
			adequately described the amendments they
			propose and have met their burden. The Court
			will exercise its discretion and given the non-
			opposition, the motion is GRANTED.
			Defendants shall file their Cross-Complaint
			within 10 days of this Order. The parties are
			ordered to meet and confer prior to filing any
			motion in this matter. A failure to do so, as by
			Defendant with this motion, unnecessarily adds to an already severely impacted calendar.
			adds to an arready severely impacted calendar.
			Moving party to prepare the formal order.

#### Calendar Line 1

Case Name: Horacio Gaona v. Uriel Soto et al.

**Case No.:** 20CV371336

Before the Court is Defendants Flagship Facility Services, Inc. and Uriel Soto ("Defendants") motion for an Order compelling Plaintiff Horacio Gaona to provide further responses to deposition questions regarding his post-employment, and sanctions in the amount of \$3,930 against Plaintiff and/or his counsel. This motion is made pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 2025.480, 2025.450(g)(1) and 2023.010, et seq.

Plaintiff's Complaint asserts claims against his former employer, Defendant Flagship Facility Services, LLC ("Flagship") for discriminatory termination of employment, failure to accommodate and failure to engage in interactive process, among other claims, in violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act, and wrongful termination in violation of public policy. Plaintiff seeks damages for lost income and benefits. Defendants assert that the income Plaintiff made after leaving his employment with Flagship is relevant to his mitigation efforts. Plaintiff's recovery of damages for wrongful termination will be lessened by the income Flagship can prove that Plaintiff earned from his employment after he left Flagship. To the extent that Plaintiff's post-employment income conflicts with his statements that he had no income, Plaintiff's post-employment income is also relevant to assess his credibility. Defendants also assert that Plaintiff's Social Security benefits are also directly relevant to this case. Plaintiff admitted at deposition that he stopped looking for new work after he started receiving Social Security benefits, as such Defendants argue that the amount of Social Security benefits is directly relevant to Plaintiff's decision not to look for new work.

At the continued deposition on April 2, 2024, Plaintiff did not answer questions relating to 1) his social security income and 2) what he reported as income in 2023 and 3) income received from properties in Mexico based on his attorney's instruction not to answer as he opined that the question sought collateral source information and/or invasive of privacy rules for tax returns.

Defendants assert that the information regarding Plaintiff's reported income after his termination from Flagship is directly relevant to his claim that he has suffered lost earnings and benefits as a result of Flagship's alleged conduct. Further that mitigation evidence needs to be evaluated and that California courts have long considered that "the measure of recovery by a wrongfully discharged employee is the amount of salary agreed upon for the period of service, less the amount which the employer affirmatively proves the employee has earned or with reasonable effort might have earned from other employment." *Parker v. Twentieth Century—Fox Film Corp.* (1970) 3 Cal.3d 176, 181. *Erler v. Five Points Motors* (1967) 249 Cal. App. 2d 560, 568. Also, social security benefits are relevant to determining Plaintiff's efforts to mitigate his damages based on his testimony that he stopped looking for work after he started receiving Social Security benefits.

In opposition, Plaintiff argues that this is an employment case, for, *inter alia*, wrongful termination, Plaintiff has already been deposed for two days and he has produced documents about job searches. Plaintiff also argues that Plaintiff was asked about his annual income on the first day of his deposition (taken on December 12, 2023) and answered the questions without any objections. (His answers were that he did not remember). Plaintiff was also asked what his

total income was in the years following his termination from Flagship. Plaintiff objected to this question about income reported on the tax return, arguing that it violates the tax return privilege.

As to the specific questions:

### Question 1: How much do you receive each week from social security?

Plaintiff argues that under the collateral source rule, evidence of compensation from an independent third party is not admissible to mitigate damages. (*Acosta v. Southern Cal. Rapid Transit Dist.* (1970) 2 Cal.3d 19, 25-26.). The issue here is whether the collateral source rule is applicable and whether or not the information is discoverable.

The collateral source rule provides ". . . if an injured party receives some compensation **for his injuries** from a source wholly independent of the tortfeasor, such payment should not be deducted from the damages which the plaintiff would otherwise collect from the tortfeasor." (*Helfend v. Southern Cal. Rapid Transit Dist.* (1970) 2 Cal.3d 1, 6.)(Emphasis added).

The motion to compel is GRANTED. The Court finds that the information is discoverable and there is no evidence that was presented that this is compensation for Plaintiff's injuries.

### Question 2: Mr. Gaona, can you tell me what you reported as income ... for 2023?

Plaintiff opposes the motion based on the tax privilege. Defendant argues that while taxpayers may claim the privilege to withhold disclosure of their tax returns, the *underlying records and data upon which the returns are based* remain subject to discovery. The Court agrees. (*Webb v. Standard Oil Co. of Calif.* (1957) 49 Cal. 2d 509, 513–14.

The motion to compel is GRANTED

### **Question 3: How much income do you get from ... the properties in Mexico...?**

For the reasons stated for Question 1, the motion to compel is GRANTED. The collateral source rule does not prevent discovery of relevant and discoverable information. The collateral source rule is an issue of admissibility at trial, not an issue of discovery and income from properties is not compensation for injuries. Thus the rule is not applicable here.

Sanctions in the amount of \$2500 are awarded to Defendants.

The continued deposition of Plaintiff by Defendants shall take place within 30 days of this order, or on a date mutually agreed upon by the parties.

Moving party to prepare the formal order.

Calendar Line 2

Case Name: Stacey Belew v. Luigi Digrande Et Al

**Case No.:** 23CV410795

Before the Court is Plaintiff Stacey Belew's motion for terminating sanctions against Defendant Brinker International, Inc. for its willful refusal to obey the Court's April 1, 2024 order. Defendant was ordered to serve code-complaint responses to Special Interrogatories 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and Form Interrogatories 4.1, 12.1, 12.6, 13.2, and 17.1 and ordered Defendant to pay \$2,560 in sanctions within 20 days of the filing and service of the order. Plaintiff argues that Defendant Brinker has willfully refused to comply with the order and requests that the Court strike Brinker's Answer and enter default judgment against Brinker, or, alternatively, order issue and evidentiary sanctions against Brinker. Plaintiff also seeks \$3,560 in sanctions against Brinker and its counsel.

In opposition, whilst alluding to Plaintiff's own failure to comply with a court order relating to discovery, Defendant argues that Defendant has expended considerable time and resources and has made best efforts to comply with the discovery orders issued in this matter, has paid all sanctions—some 2 hours after the filing of the motion, which were on extension and late due to unavoidable illness of defense counsel and staff.

"Terminating sanctions are unique in their severity and finality" and trial courts may invoke this authority only "in extreme situations, such as when the conduct was clear and deliberate" and "where no lesser alternatives would remedy the situation." (*Del Junco v. Hufnagel* (2007) 150 Cal.App.4th 789, 799. The Court does not find that terminating sanctions are appropriate here. Brinker has served supplemental responses and paid the sanctions. If Plaintiff has issues with the further court ordered responses, that is not now before the Court; Plaintiff will have to bring a new motion. If any such motion is brought, the parties are ordered to meet and confer in person, or by video conference in as many sessions as it takes to address every item of discovery in dispute.

The motion is DENIED. The request for sanctions is DENIED.

Counsel for Plaintiff to prepare the formal order.

Calendar Line 7

Case Name: Sedigheh Hajizadeh vs Magic Mountain, LLC Case No.: 24CV433621

Defendant Magic Mountain, LLC moves for an order pursuant to Code Civ. Proc., §2025.480(a) compelling Plaintiff Sedigheh Hajizadeh to answer deposition questions following her counsel's instructions not to answer. Defendant seeks an order to compel Plaintiff to complete her deposition, seeks sanctions of \$4,560 and requests that Plaintiff pay for the costs of the deposition.

The questions at issue include:

- 1) The procedural history of this action and the related Los Angeles action;
- 2) Plaintiff's lack of authorization to the filing of this action and the dismissal with prejudice;
- 3) The clerical errors that occurred which caused this filing and dismissal with prejudice;
- 4) Plaintiff's diligence in seeking to vacate the dismissal;
- 5) Plaintiff's lack of authorization to file and dismiss with prejudice this action; and
- 6) Plaintiff's background
- 7) Counsel's involvement regarding the dismissal.

The parties appear to have met and conferred and made some headway in resolving this issue. The Court would like the parties to *further* meet and confer. As such, this motion to compel is CONTINUED to September 24, 2024, at 9 a.m. in Department 18b. The parties are ordered to conduct good faith, reasonable and meaningful meet and confers, either in person, by phone or video conference. If any issues remain after the meet and confer efforts, which may span several sessions, the parties shall file an updated joint statement no later than September 10, 2024, which shall identify the remaining items in dispute and the reasons why further responses should/should not be compelled.

Moving party to prepare the formal order after hearing.