MLX90614 Device Driver

1.0

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Contents

1 Main Page

- This is an Arduino library for the MLX90614 temperature sensor ∗

This library was written to enable remote sensing of the temperature of the rotors of outrunner style brushless DC motors used in remotely piloted aircraft, for the purpose of real time data logging and air to ground telemetry.

These sensors use the SMB bus protocol to communicate. This is similar though not identical to the I2C bus. There is enough similarity to enable the Arduino standard Wire library to communicate with the device, however not all features can be implemented, for example it is not possible to read the flags register with standard Wire functions. 2 pins are required to interface the device to an Arduino - the SDA and SCL lines.

Written by John Fitter, Eagle Air Australia p/l. and inspired by a library written by Adafruit Industries.

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Download the distribution package and decompress it. Rename the uncompressed folder MLX90614. Check that the MLX90614 folder contains the following files;

MLX90614.cpp MLX90614.h MLX90614.chm Crc8.cpp Crc8.h property.h

Place the MLX90614 library folder your arduinosketchfolder/libraries/ folder. You may need to create the libraries subfolder if its your first library. Restart the IDE.

MLX90614.chm contains the documentation for the classes.

2 Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

3 File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

4 Class Documentation

4.1 CRC8 Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- CRC8 (uint8_t polynomial=CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY)

  CRC8 class constructor.
- uint8_t crc8 (void)

  Return the current value of the CRC.
- uint8_t crc8 (uint8_t data)

  Update the current value of the CRC.
- void crc8Start (uint8_t poly)

  Initialize the CRC8 object.

Private Attributes

- uint8_t **_crc**
- uint8_t **_poly**

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 37 of file Crc8.h.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 CRC8()

```
CRC8::CRC8 (
            uint8_t poly = CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY )
```

CRC8 class constructor.

Parameters

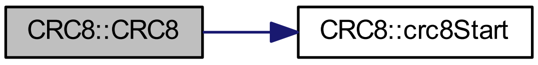
in	*poly*	8 bit CRC polynomial to use.

Definition at line 36 of file Crc8.cpp.

References crc8Start().

```
00036 {crc8Start(poly);}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 crc8() [1/2]

```
uint8_t CRC8::crc8 (
             void   )
```

Return the current value of the CRC.

Returns

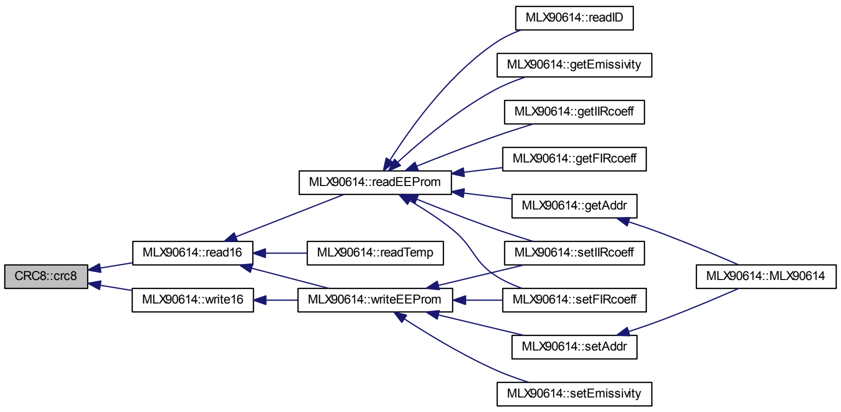
8 bit CRC current value.

Definition at line 42 of file Crc8.cpp.

Referenced by MLX90614::read16(), and MLX90614::write16().

```
00042 {return _crc;}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.2 crc8() [2/2]

```
uint8_t CRC8::crc8 (
              uint8_t data )
```

Update the current value of the CRC.

Parameters

in	*data*	New 8 bit data to be added to the CRC.

Returns

8 bit CRC current value.

Definition at line 49 of file Crc8.cpp.

```
00049                                 {
00050     uint8_t i = 8;
00051 
00052     _crc ^= data;
00053     while(i--) _crc = _crc & 0x80 ? (_crc << 1) ^ _poly : _crc << 1;
00054     return _crc;
00055 }
```

4.1.3.3 crc8Start()

```
void CRC8::crc8Start (
              uint8_t poly )
```

Initialize the CRC8 object.

Parameters

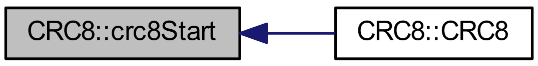
in	*poly*	8 bit CRC polynomial to use.

Definition at line 61 of file Crc8.cpp.

Referenced by CRC8().

```
00061                                   {
00062     _poly = poly;
00063     _crc = 0;
00064 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Crc8.h
- Crc8.cpp

4.2 defaultEEPromData Struct Reference

EEPROM memory contents factory default values.

Public Attributes

- uint8_t **address**
- uint16_t **data**

4.2.1 Detailed Description

EEPROM memory contents factory default values.

Definition at line 165 of file MelexisTest.ino.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- MelexisTest.ino

4.3 MLX90614 Class Reference

Public Types

- enum tempUnit_t { MLX90614_TK, MLX90614_TC, MLX90614_TF }
- enum tempSrc_t { MLX90614_SRCA, MLX90614_SRC01, MLX90614_SRC02 }

Public Member Functions

- MLX90614 (uint8_t i2caddr=MLX90614_I2CDEFAULTADDR)

  MLX90614 Device class constructor.
- boolean begin ()

  Initialize the device and the i2c interface.
- boolean **isReady** (void)
- uint64_t readID (void)

  Retrieve the chip ID bytes.
- uint8_t getIIRcoeff (void)

  Get the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.
- uint8_t getFIRcoeff (void)

  Get the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.
- float getEmissivity (void)

  Get the emissivity of the object.
- void setIIRcoeff (uint8_t csb=4)

  Set the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.
- void setFIRcoeff (uint8_t csb=7)

  Set the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.
- void setEmissivity (float emiss=1.0)

  Set the emissivity of the object.
- uint16_t readEEProm (uint8_t)

  Return a 16 bit value read from EEPROM.
- void writeEEProm (uint8_t, uint16_t)

  Write a 16 bit value to EEPROM after first clearing the memory.
- double readTemp (tempSrc_t=MLX90614_SRC01, tempUnit_t=MLX90614_TC)

  Return a temperature from the specified source in specified units.
- double convKtoC (double)

  Convert temperature in degrees K to degrees C.
- double convCtoF (double)

  Convert temperature in degrees C to degrees F.

Public Attributes

- Property< uint8_t, MLX90614 > busAddr
- Property< uint8_t, MLX90614 > rwError
- Property< uint8_t, MLX90614 > crc8
- Property< uint8_t, MLX90614 > pec

Private Member Functions

- uint16_t read16 (uint8_t)

  Return a 16 bit value read from RAM or EEPROM.
- void write16 (uint8_t, uint16_t)

  Write a 16 bit value to memory.
- uint8_t getRwError (void)
- uint8_t getCRC8 (void)
- uint8_t getPEC (void)
- uint8_t getAddr (void)

  Return the device SMBus address.
- void setAddr (uint8_t)

  Set device SMBus address.

Private Attributes

- boolean **_ready**
- uint8_t _addr
- uint8_t _rwError
- uint8_t _crc8
- uint8_t _pec

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 104 of file MLX90614.h.

4.3.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

4.3.2.1 tempSrc_t

```
enum MLX90614::tempSrc_t
```

Enumerations for temperature measurement source.

Enumerator

MLX90614_SRCA	Chip (ambient) sensor
MLX90614_SRC01	IR source #1
MLX90614_SRC02	IR source #2

Definition at line 134 of file MLX90614.h.

```
        :
    boolean  _ready;
```

4.3.2.2 tempUnit_t

```
enum MLX90614::tempUnit_t
```

Enumerations for temperature units.

Enumerator

MLX90614_TK	degrees Kelvin
MLX90614_TC	degrees Centigrade
MLX90614_TF	degrees Fahrenheit

Definition at line 129 of file MLX90614.h.

```
00131                    {MLX90614_SRCA,                    /**< Chip (ambient) sensor */
00132                     MLX90614_SRC01,                   /**< IR source #1 */
```

4.3.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.3.1 MLX90614()

```
MLX90614::MLX90614 (
              uint8_t i2caddr = MLX90614_I2CDEFAULTADDR )
```

MLX90614 Device class constructor.

Parameters

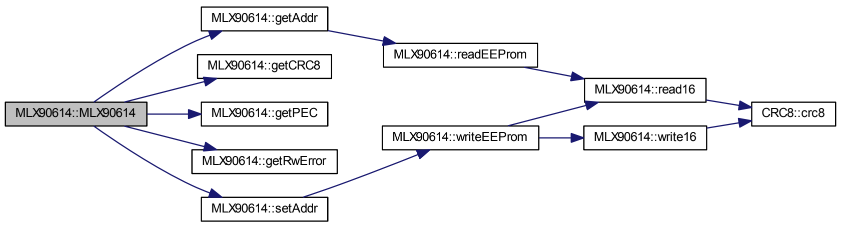
in	*i2caddr*	Device address (default: published value).

Definition at line 46 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _addr, busAddr, crc8, getAddr(), getCRC8(), getPEC(), getRwError(), pec, rwError, and setAddr().

```
00046                                  {
00047
00048     busAddr.Set_Class(this);
00049     busAddr.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getAddr);
00050     busAddr.Set_Set(&MLX90614::setAddr);
00051
00052     rwError.Set_Class(this);
00053     rwError.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getRwError);
00054
00055     pec.Set_Class(this);
00056     pec.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getPEC);
00057
00058     crc8.Set_Class(this);
00059     crc8.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getCRC8);
00060
00061     _addr = i2caddr;
00062     _ready = false;
00063 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4 Member Function Documentation

4.3.4.1 convCtoF()

```
double MLX90614::convCtoF (
             double degC )
```

Convert temperature in degrees C to degrees F.

Parameters

in	*degC*	Temperature in degrees Centigrade.

Returns

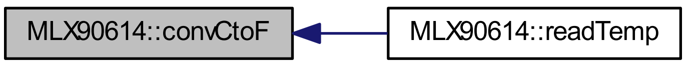
Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

Definition at line 389 of file MLX90614.cpp.

Referenced by readTemp().

```
00389 {return (degC * 1.8) + 32.0;}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.2 convKtoC()

```
double MLX90614::convKtoC (
             double degK )
```

Convert temperature in degrees K to degrees C.

Parameters

in	*degK*	Temperature in degrees Kelvin.

Returns

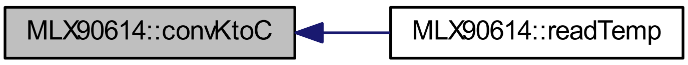
Temperature in degrees Centigrade.

Definition at line 382 of file MLX90614.cpp.

Referenced by readTemp().

```
{return degK - 273.15;}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.3 getAddr()

```
uint8_t MLX90614::getAddr (
            void  )  [private]
```

Return the device SMBus address.

SMB bus address getter

Remarks

- Must be only device on the bus.
- Sets the library to use the new found address.

Returns

Device address.

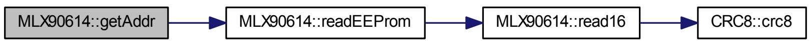
Definition at line 250 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _addr, _rwError, and readEEProm().

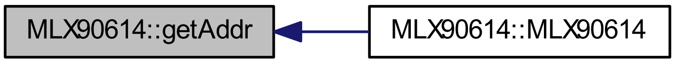
Referenced by MLX90614().

```
                              {
    uint8_t tempAddr = _addr;

    _rwError = 0;

    // It is assumed we do not know the existing slave address so the broadcast address is used.
    // This will throw a r/w error so errors will be ignored.
    _addr = MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR;

    // Reload program copy with the existing slave address.
    _addr = lowByte(readEEProm(MLX90614_ADDR));

    return _addr;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.4 getCRC8()

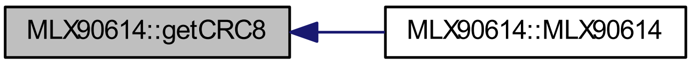
```
uint8_t MLX90614::getCRC8 (
            void ) [inline], [private]
```

8 bit CRC getter

Definition at line 154 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.5 getEmissivity()

```
float MLX90614::getEmissivity (
             void )
```

Get the emissivity of the object.

Emissivity getter

Remarks

The emissivity is stored as a 16 bit integer defined by the following:
`emissivity = dec2hex[round(65535 x emiss)]`

Returns

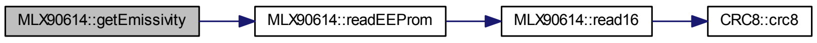
Physical emissivity value in range 0.1 ...1.0

Definition at line 120 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, and readEEProm().

```
00120                                   {
00121
00122     _rwError = 0;
00123     uint16_t emiss = readEEProm(MLX90614_EMISS);
00124     if(_rwError) return (float)1.0;
00125     return (float)emiss / 65535.0;
00126 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.6 getFIRcoeff()

```
uint8_t MLX90614::getFIRcoeff (
             void )
```

Get the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.

IIR coefficient getter

Remarks

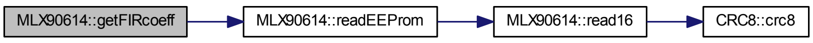
The FIR digital filter coefficient N is bits 10:8 of ConfigRegister1
The value of N is set as follows: `N = 2 ^ (csb + 3)`
The manufacturer does not recommend `N < 128`

Definition at line 208 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, and readEEProm().

```
                                  {
    _rwError = 0;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1 bits 10:8
    uint8_t fir = (readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG) >> 8) & 7;

    if(_rwError) return 7;
    return fir;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.7 getIIRcoeff()

```
uint8_t MLX90614::getIIRcoeff (
            void   )
```

Get the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.

IIR coefficient getter

Remarks

The IIR digital filter coefficients are set by the LS 3 bits of ConfigRegister1

Returns

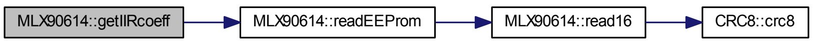
Filter coefficient table index. Range 0...7

Definition at line 166 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, and readEEProm().

```
                                    {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1 bits 2:0
    uint8_t iir = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG) & 7;

    if(_rwError) return 4;
    return iir;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.8 getPEC()

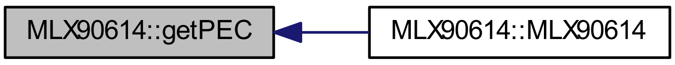
```
uint8_t MLX90614::getPEC (
             void ) [inline], [private]
```

PEC getter

Definition at line 155 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.9 getRwError()

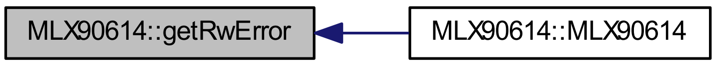
```
uint8_t MLX90614::getRwError (
             void ) [inline], [private]
```

R/W error flags getter

Definition at line 153 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.10 read16()

```
uint16_t MLX90614::read16 (
              uint8_t cmd )   [private]
```

Return a 16 bit value read from RAM or EEPROM.

Parameters

in	*cmd*	Command to send (register to read from).

Returns

Value read from memory.

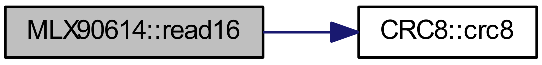
Definition at line 270 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _addr, _crc8, _pec, _rwError, and CRC8::crc8().

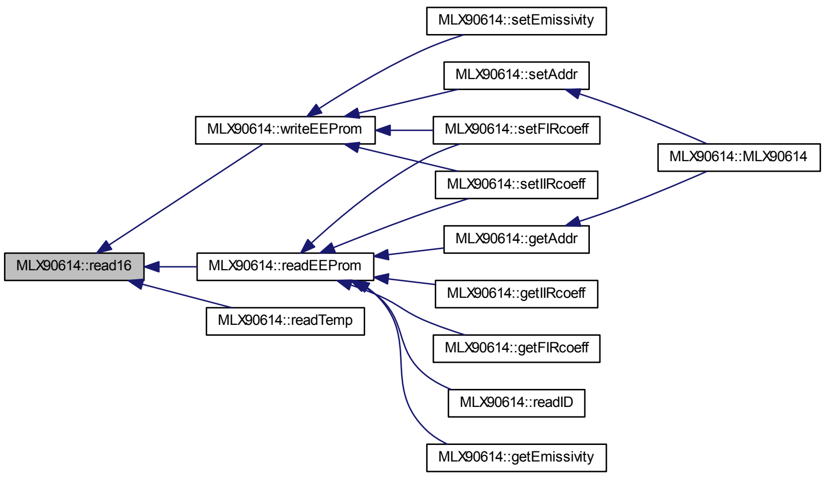
Referenced by readEEProm(), readTemp(), and writeEEProm().

```
                                 {
    uint16_t val;
    CRC8 crc(MLX90614_CRC8POLY);

    // Send the slave address then the command and set any error status bits returned by the write.
    Wire.beginTransmission(_addr);
    Wire.write(cmd);
    _rwError |= (1 << Wire.endTransmission(false)) >> 1;

    // Experimentally determined delay to prevent read errors (manufacturer's data sheet has
    // left something out).
    delayMicroseconds(MLX90614_XDLY);

    // Resend slave address then get the 3 returned bytes.
    Wire.requestFrom(_addr, (uint8_t)3);

    // Data is returned as 2 bytes little endian.
    val = Wire.read();
    val |= Wire.read() << 8;

    // Rread the PEC (CRC-8 of all bytes).
    _pec = Wire.read();

    // Clear r/w errors if using broadcast address.
    if(_addr == MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR) _rwError &= MLX90614_NORWERROR;

    // Build our own CRC-8 of all received bytes.
    crc.crc8(_addr << 1);
    crc.crc8(cmd);
    crc.crc8((_addr << 1) + 1);
    crc.crc8(lowByte(val));
    _crc8 = crc.crc8(highByte(val));

    // Set error status bit if CRC mismatch.
    if(_crc8 != _pec) _rwError |= MLX90614_RXCRC;

    return val;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.11 readEEProm()

```
uint16_t MLX90614::readEEProm (
              uint8_t addr )
```

Return a 16 bit value read from EEPROM.

Parameters

in	*addr*	Register address to read from.

Returns

Value read from EEPROM.

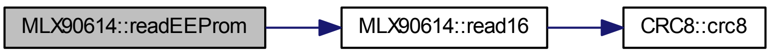
Definition at line 344 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References read16().

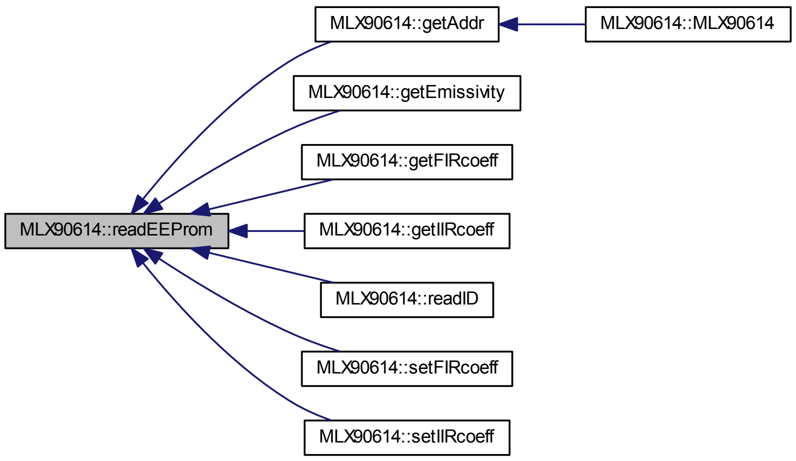
Referenced by getAddr(), getEmissivity(), getFIRcoeff(), getIIRcoeff(), readID(), setFIRcoeff(), and setIIRcoeff().

```
00344 {return read16(addr | 0x20);}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.12 readID()

```
uint64_t MLX90614::readID (
            void  )
```

Retrieve the chip ID bytes.

Chip ID getter

Returns

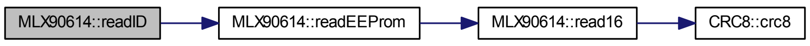
Chip ID as a 64 bit word.

Definition at line 395 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References readEEProm().

```
                                  {
    uint64_t ID = 0;

    // If we are lucky the compiler will optimise this.
    for(uint8_t i = 0; i < 4; i++) ID = (ID <<= 16) | readEEProm(MLX90614_ID1 + i);
    return ID;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.13 readTemp()

```
double MLX90614::readTemp (
            tempSrc_t tsrc = MLX90614_SRC01,
            tempUnit_t tunit = MLX90614_TC )
```

Return a temperature from the specified source in specified units.

Remarks

- Temperature is stored in ram as a 16 bit absolute value to a resolution of 0.02K
- Linearized sensor die temperature is available as Ta (ambient).
- One or two object temperatures are linearized to the range -38.2C...125C

Parameters

in	*tsrc*	Internal temperature source to read, default #1.
in	*tunit*	Temperature units to convert raw data to, default deg Celsius.

Returns

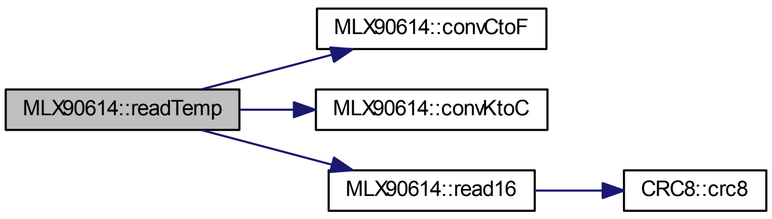
Temperature.

Definition at line 84 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, convCtoF(), convKtoC(), MLX90614_SRC01, MLX90614_SRC02, MLX90614_TC, MLX90614_TF, and read16().

```
                                                                   {
    double temp;

    _rwError = 0;
    switch(tsrc) {
        case MLX90614_SRC01 : temp = read16(MLX90614_TOBJ1); break;
        case MLX90614_SRC02 : temp = read16(MLX90614_TOBJ2); break;
        default : temp = read16(MLX90614_TA);
    }
    temp *= 0.02;
    switch(tunit) {
        case MLX90614_TC : return convKtoC(temp);
        case MLX90614_TF : return convKtoC(convCtoF(temp));
    }
    return temp;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.14 setAddr()

```
void MLX90614::setAddr (
              uint8_t addr )   [private]
```

Set device SMBus address.

SMB bus address setter

Remarks

- Must be only device on the bus.
- Must power cycle the device after changing address.

Parameters

in	*addr*	New device address. Range 1...127

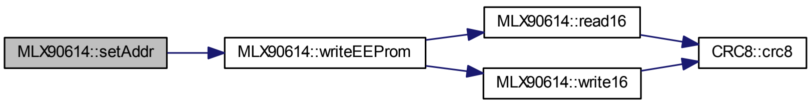
Definition at line 226 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _addr, _rwError, and writeEEProm().

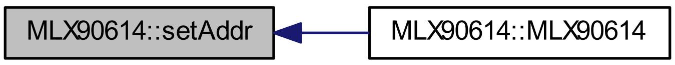
Referenced by MLX90614().

```
                                    {

    _rwError = 0;

    // It is assumed we do not know the existing slave address so the broadcast address is used.
    // First ensure the new address is in the legal range (1..127)
    if(addr &= 0x7f) {
        _addr = MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_ADDR, addr);

        // There will always be a r/w error using the broadcast address so we cannot respond
        // to r/w errors. We must just assume this worked.
        _addr = addr;

    } else _rwError |= MLX90614_INVALIDATA;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.15 setEmissivity()

```
void MLX90614::setEmissivity (
              float emiss = 1.0 )
```

Set the emissivity of the object.

Emissivity setter

Remarks

The emissivity is stored as a 16 bit integer defined by the following:
`emissivity = dec2hex[round(65535 x emiss)]`

Parameters

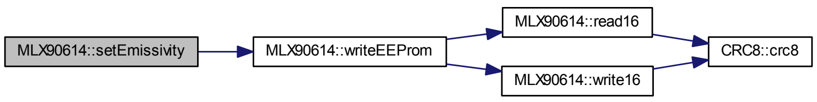
in	*emiss*	Physical emissivity value in range 0.1 ...1.0, default 1.0

Definition at line 107 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, and writeEEProm().

```
                                    {
    _rwError = 0;
    uint16_t e = int(emiss * 65535. + 0.5);
    if((emiss > 1.0) || (e < 6553)) _rwError |= MLX90614_INVALIDATA;
    else writeEEProm(MLX90614_EMISS, e);
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.16 setFIRcoeff()

```
void MLX90614::setFIRcoeff (
            uint8_t csb = 7 )
```

Set the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.

IIR coefficient setter

Remarks

The FIR digital filter coefficient N is bits 10:8 of ConfigRegister1
The value of N is set as follows: `N = 2 ^ (csb + 3)`
The manufacturer does not recommend `N < 128`

Parameters

in	*csb*	See page 12 of datasheet. Range 0...7, default = 7 (N = 1024)

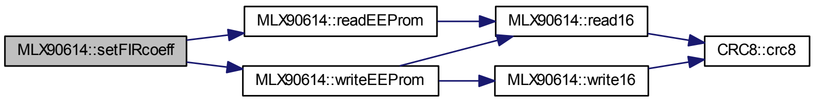
Definition at line 184 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, readEEProm(), and writeEEProm().

```
                                    {
```

```
    _rwError = 0;

    // Ensure legal range by clearing all but the LS 3 bits.
    csb &= 7;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1
    uint16_t reg = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG);

    // Clear bits 10:8, mask in the new value, then write it back.
    if(!_rwError) {
        reg &= 0xf8ff;
        reg |= (uint16_t)csb << 8;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG, reg);
    }
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.17 setIIRcoeff()

```
void MLX90614::setIIRcoeff (
              uint8_t csb = 4 )
```

Set the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.

IIR coefficient setter

Remarks

The IIR digital filter coefficients are set by the LS 3 bits of ConfigRegister1
The value of the coefficients is set as follows:

```
csb = 0    a1 = 0.5     a2 = 0.5
      1         0.25         0.75
      2         0.167        0.833
      3         0.125        0.875
      4         1            0  (IIR bypassed)
      5         0.8          0.2
      6         0.67         0.33
      7         0.57         0.43
```

Parameters

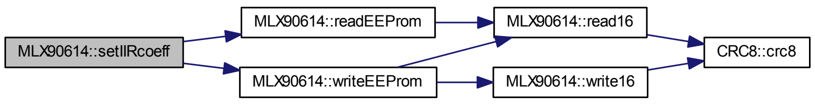
in	*csb*	See page 12 of datasheet. Range 0...7, default = 4 (IIR bypassed)

Definition at line 143 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, readEEProm(), and writeEEProm().

```
                                        {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Ensure legal range by clearing all but the LS 3 bits.
    csb &= 7;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1
    uint16_t reg = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG);

    // Clear bits 2:0, mask in the new value, then write it back.
    if(!_rwError) {
        reg &= 0xfff8;
        reg |= (uint16_t)csb;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG, reg);
    }
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.4.18 write16()

```
void MLX90614::write16 (
              uint8_t cmd,
              uint16_t data )  [private]
```

Write a 16 bit value to memory.

Parameters

in	*cmd*	Command to send (register to write to).
in	*data*	Value to write.

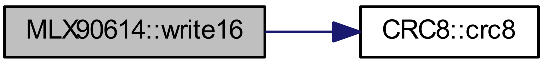
Definition at line 314 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _addr, _crc8, _pec, _rwError, and CRC8::crc8().

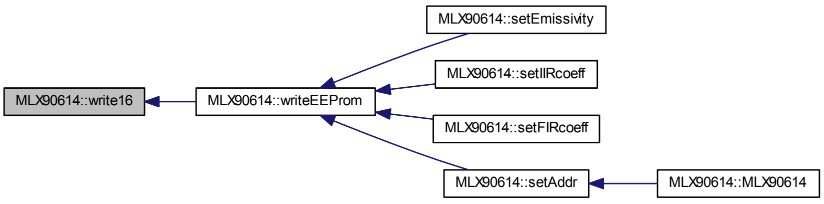
Referenced by writeEEProm().

```
                                                   {
    CRC8 crc(MLX90614_CRC8POLY);

    // Build the CRC-8 of all bytes to be sent.
    crc.crc8(_addr << 1);
    crc.crc8(cmd);
    crc.crc8(lowByte(data));
    _crc8 = crc.crc8(highByte(data));

    // Send the slave address then the command.
    Wire.beginTransmission(_addr);
    Wire.write(cmd);

    // Write the data low byte first.
    Wire.write(lowByte(data));
    Wire.write(highByte(data));

    // Then write the crc and set the r/w error status bits.
    Wire.write(_pec = _crc8);
    _rwError |= (1 << Wire.endTransmission(true)) >> 1;

    // Clear r/w errors if using broadcast address.
    if(_addr == MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR) _rwError &= MLX90614_NORWERROR;
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.4.19 writeEEProm()

```
void MLX90614::writeEEProm (
            uint8_t reg,
            uint16_t data )
```

Write a 16 bit value to EEPROM after first clearing the memory.

Remarks

- Erase and write time 5ms per manufacturer specification
- Manufacturer does not specify max or min erase/write times

Parameters

in	*reg*	Address to write to.
in	*data*	Value to write.

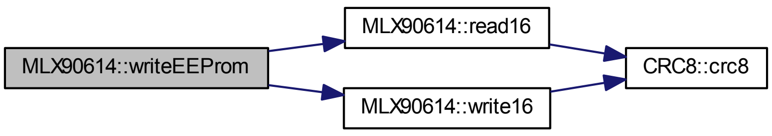
Definition at line 354 of file MLX90614.cpp.

References _rwError, read16(), and write16().

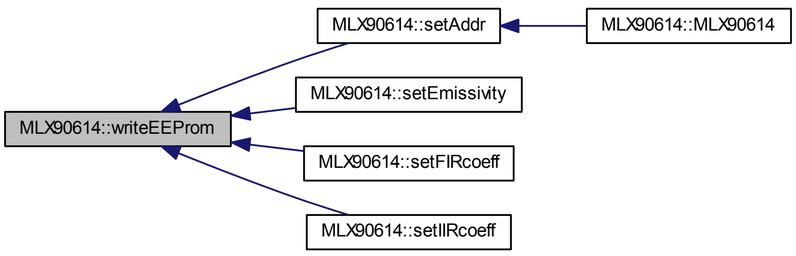
Referenced by setAddr(), setEmissivity(), setFIRcoeff(), and setIIRcoeff().

```
                                                   {
    uint16_t val;
    reg |= 0x20;

    // Read current value, compare to the new value, and do nothing on a match or if there are
    // read errors set the error status flag only.
    val = read16(reg);
    if((val != data) && !_rwError) {

        // On any R/W errors it is assumed the memory is corrupted.
        // Clear the memory and wait Terase (per manufacturer's documentation).
        write16(reg, 0);
        delay(5);
        if(_rwError) _rwError |= MLX90614_EECORRUPT;

        // Write the data and wait Twrite (per manufacturer's documentation)
        // and set the r/w error status bits.
        write16(reg, data);
        delay(5);
        if(_rwError) _rwError |= MLX90614_EECORRUPT;
    }
}
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.5 Member Data Documentation

4.3.5.1 _addr

```
uint8_t MLX90614::_addr  [private]
```

Slave address

Definition at line 145 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by getAddr(), MLX90614(), read16(), setAddr(), and write16().

4.3.5.2 _crc8

```
uint8_t MLX90614::_crc8  [private]
```

8 bit CRC

Definition at line 147 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by begin(), read16(), and write16().

4.3.5.3 _pec

```
uint8_t MLX90614::_pec  [private]
```

PEC

Definition at line 148 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by begin(), read16(), and write16().

4.3.5.4 _rwError

```
uint8_t MLX90614::_rwError  [private]
```

R/W error flags

Definition at line 146 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by begin(), getAddr(), getEmissivity(), getFIRcoeff(), getIIRcoeff(), read16(), readTemp(), setAddr(), setEmissivity(), setFIRcoeff(), setIIRcoeff(), write16(), and writeEEProm().

4.3.5.5 busAddr

```
Property<uint8_t, MLX90614> MLX90614::busAddr
```

SMBus address property

Definition at line 123 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

4.3.5.6 crc8

`Property<uint8_t, MLX90614> MLX90614::crc8`

8 bit CRC property

Definition at line 125 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

4.3.5.7 pec

`Property<uint8_t, MLX90614> MLX90614::pec`

PEC property

Definition at line 126 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

4.3.5.8 rwError

`Property<uint8_t, MLX90614> MLX90614::rwError`

R/W error flags property

Definition at line 124 of file MLX90614.h.

Referenced by MLX90614().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MLX90614.h
- MLX90614.cpp

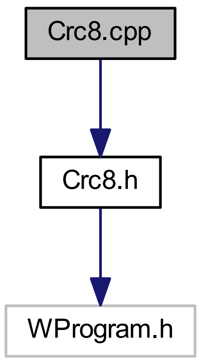
5 File Documentation

5.1 Crc8.cpp File Reference

8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Source file.

`#include "Crc8.h"`

Include dependency graph for Crc8.cpp:



5.1.1 Detailed Description

8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Source file.

Author

J. F. Fitter jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au

Version

1.0

Date

2014-2017

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Definition in file Crc8.cpp.

5.2 Crc8.cpp

```
/***********************************************************************************************//**
 *  \brief      8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Source file.
 *  \file       CRC8.CPP
 *  \author     J. F. Fitter <jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au>
 *  \version    1.0
 *  \date       2014-2017
 *  \copyright  Copyright (c) 2017 John Fitter.  All right reserved.
 *
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 *  \par
 *              You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License along
 *              with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc.,
 *              51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA  02110-1301  USA
 *
 *//***********************************************************************************/

#include "Crc8.h"

/************************************************************************************/
/*  CRC8 helper class functions.                                                   */
/************************************************************************************/

/**
 *  \brief            CRC8 class constructor.
 *  \param [in] poly  8 bit CRC polynomial to use.
 */
CRC8::CRC8(uint8_t poly) {crc8Start(poly);}

/**
 *  \brief            Return the current value of the CRC.
 *  \return           8 bit CRC current value.
 */
uint8_t CRC8::crc8(void) {return _crc;}

/**
 *  \brief            Update the current value of the CRC.
 *  \param [in] data  New 8 bit data to be added to the CRC.
 *  \return           8 bit CRC current value.
 */
uint8_t CRC8::crc8(uint8_t data) {
    uint8_t i = 8;

    _crc ^= data;
    while(i--) _crc = _crc & 0x80 ? (_crc << 1) ^ _poly : _crc << 1;
    return _crc;
}

/**
 *  \brief            Initialize the CRC8 object.
 *  \param [in] poly  8 bit CRC polynomial to use.
 */
void CRC8::crc8Start(uint8_t poly) {
    _poly = poly;
    _crc = 0;
}

```
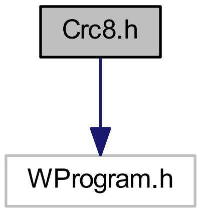

5.3 Crc8.h File Reference

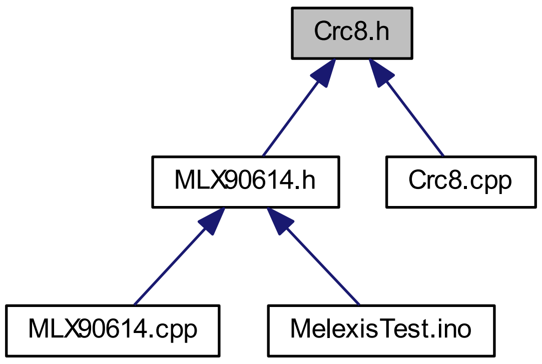
8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Header file.

`#include "WProgram.h"`

Include dependency graph for Crc8.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class CRC8

Macros

- #define CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY 7

5.3.1 Detailed Description

8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Header file.

Author

J. F. Fitter `jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au`

Version

1.0

Date

2014-2017

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Definition in file Crc8.h.

5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.3.2.1 CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY

```
#define CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY 7
```

Default CRC polynomial = X8+X2+X1+1

Definition at line 35 of file Crc8.h.

5.4 Crc8.h

```
#ifndef _CRC8_H_
#define _CRC8_H_

/**********************************************************************************************//**
 * \brief      8 bit CRC helper/utility class - CPP Header file.
 * \file       CRC8.H
 * \author     J. F. Fitter <jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au>
 * \version    1.0
 * \date       2014-2017
 * \copyright  Copyright (c) 2017 John Fitter.  All right reserved.
 *
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 * \par
 *             You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License along
 *             with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc.,
 *             51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA  02110-1301  USA
 *
 *//***********************************************************************************************/
```
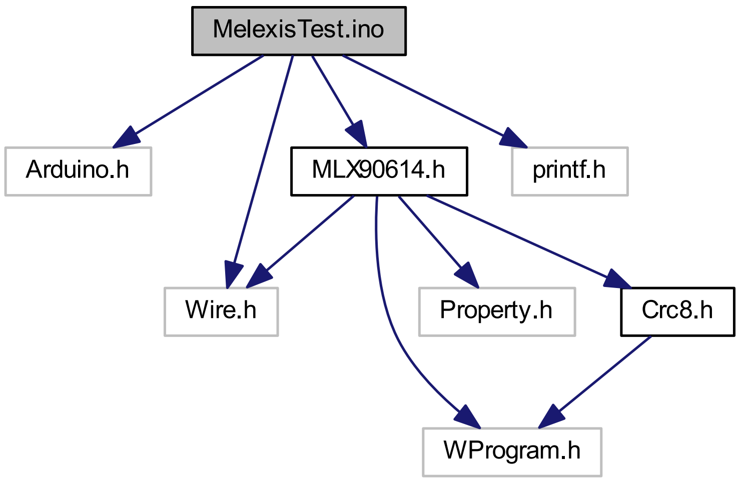

```

#if (ARDUINO >= 100)
    #include "Arduino.h"
#else
    #include "WProgram.h"
#endif

#define CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY  7  /**< Default CRC polynomial = X8+X2+X1+1 */

class CRC8 {
public:
    CRC8(uint8_t polynomial = CRC8_DEFAULTPOLY);
    uint8_t  crc8(void);
    uint8_t  crc8(uint8_t data);
    void     crc8Start(uint8_t poly);
private:
    uint8_t  _crc;
    uint8_t  _poly;
};

#endif /* _CRC8_H_ */
```

5.5 MelexisTest.ino File Reference

Melexis MCX90614BAA Test Program - Sensor test implementation.

```
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <MLX90614.h>
#include "printf.h"
```

Include dependency graph for MelexisTest.ino:



Classes

- struct defaultEEPromData

  EEPROM memory contents factory default values.

Functions

- void setup (void)

  Program setup.
- void loop (void)

  Main processing loop.
- void printlnTemp (double temp, char src)

  Print a line of temperature, crc, pec, and error string.
- void dumpEEProm ()

  Print a complete memory dump of the EEPROM.
- char ∗ floatToStr (char ∗str, double val)

  Utility to stringify a float.
- void printCRC (uint8_t crc, uint8_t pec)

  Just print the crc and pec.
- void printErrStr (uint8_t err)

  Convert error flags to diagnostic strings and print.
- void setEEPromDefaults (void)

  Set EEPROM memory contents to factory default values.

Variables

- MLX90614 **mlx** = MLX90614(MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR)
- const struct defaultEEPromData **eDat** [ ]

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Melexis MCX90614BAA Test Program - Sensor test implementation.

Arduino test implementation of Melexis MCX90614 PIR temperature sensor driver.

Note

THIS IS ONLY A PARTIAL RELEASE. THIS DEVICE CLASS IS CURRENTLY UNDERGOING ACTIVE D↩ EVELOPMENT AND IS STILL MISSING SOME IMPORTANT FEATURES. PLEASE KEEP THIS IN MIND IF YOU DECIDE TO USE THIS PARTICULAR CODE FOR ANYTHING.

Author

J. F. Fitter `jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au`

Version

1.0

Date

2014-2017

Copyright

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Definition in file MelexisTest.ino.

5.5.2 Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 floatToStr()

```
char* floatToStr (
            char * str,
            double val )
```

Utility to stringify a float.

Parameters

in	*str*	String to receive converted result
in	*val*	Float value

Returns

Float as string

Definition at line 128 of file MelexisTest.ino.

```
00128                                          {
00129 
00130     sprintf(str, "%4d.%02u", int(val), int(val * 100) % 100);
00131     return str;
00132 }
```

5.5.2.2 printCRC()

```
void printCRC (
              uint8_t crc,
              uint8_t pec )
```

Just print the crc and pec.

Parameters

in	*crc*	CRC
in	*pec*	PEC

Definition at line 139 of file MelexisTest.ino.

```
00139 {printf("crc=%02Xh pec=%02Xh", crc, pec);}
```

5.5.2.3 printErrStr()

```
void printErrStr (
              uint8_t err )
```

Convert error flags to diagnostic strings and print.

Parameters

in	*err*	Error flags

Definition at line 145 of file MelexisTest.ino.

```
00145                                 {
00146
00147     Serial.print(F("  *** "));
00148     if(err == MLX90614_NORWERROR) Serial.print(F("RW Success"));
00149     else {
00150         Serial.print(F("Errors: "));
00151         if(err &  MLX90614_DATATOOLONG) Serial.print(F("Data too long / "));
00152         if(err &  MLX90614_TXADDRNACK)  Serial.print(F("TX addr NACK / "));
00153         if(err &  MLX90614_TXDATANACK)  Serial.print(F("TX data NACK / "));
00154         if(err &  MLX90614_TXOTHER)     Serial.print(F("Unknown / "));
00155         if(err &  MLX90614_RXCRC)       Serial.print(F("RX CRC / "));
00156         if(err &  MLX90614_INVALIDATA)  Serial.print(F("Invalid data / "));
00157         if(err &  MLX90614_EECORRUPT)   Serial.print(F("EEPROM / "));
00158         if(err &  MLX90614_RFLGERR)     Serial.print(F("RFlags / "));
00159     }
00160 }
```

5.5.2.4 printlnTemp()

```
void printlnTemp (
             double temp,
             char src )
```

Print a line of temperature, crc, pec, and error string.

Parameters

in	*temp*	Temperature
in	*src*	Temperature source

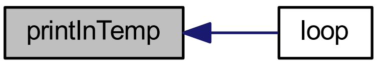
Definition at line 92 of file MelexisTest.ino.

Referenced by loop().

```
                                          {
    char str[20];

    if(mlx.rwError) Serial.print(F("No valid temperatures                              "));
    else {
        if(src == 'A') Serial.print(F("Ambient temperature"));
        else Serial.print(F("Object  temperature"));
        printf(" = %sK ", floatToStr(str, temp));
        printf("%sC ",    floatToStr(str, mlx.convKtoC(temp)));
        printf("%sF    ", floatToStr(str, mlx.convCtoF(mlx.
convKtoC(temp))));
    }
    printCRC(mlx.crc8, mlx.pec);
    printErrStr(mlx.rwError);
    Serial.println("");
}
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.5.2.5 setEEPromDefaults()

```
void setEEPromDefaults (
            void   )
```

Set EEPROM memory contents to factory default values.

Remarks

A device with default adress must not be on the bus.
`Only user allowed memory locations are written.`

Definition at line 177 of file MelexisTest.ino.

```
                              {

    for(uint8_t i = 0; i < sizeof(eDat)/sizeof(defaultEEPromData),
        !mlx.rwError; i++) {
        mlx.writeEEProm(eDat[i].address, eDat[i].data);
    }
}
```

5.5.3 Variable Documentation

5.5.3.1 eDat

```
const struct defaultEEPromData eDat[]
```

Initial value:

```
=  {{0x20, 0x9993}, {0x21, 0x62E3}, {0x22, 0x0201},
             {0x23, 0xF71C}, {0x24, 0xFFFF}, {0x25, 0x9FB4},
             {0x2E, 0xBE5A}, {0x2F, 0x0000}, {0x39, 0x0000}}
```

5.6 MelexisTest.ino

```
/**************************************************************************************************//**
 *  \brief      Melexis MCX90614BAA Test Program - Sensor test implementation.
 *  \details    Arduino test implementation of Melexis MCX90614 PIR temperature sensor driver.
 *
 *  \note       THIS IS ONLY A PARTIAL RELEASE. THIS DEVICE CLASS IS CURRENTLY UNDERGOING
 *              ACTIVE DEVELOPMENT AND IS STILL MISSING SOME IMPORTANT FEATURES. PLEASE KEEP
 *              THIS IN MIND IF YOU DECIDE TO USE THIS PARTICULAR CODE FOR ANYTHING.
 *
 *  \file       MelexisTest.ino
 *  \author     J. F. Fitter <jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au>
 *  \version    1.0
 *  \date       2014-2017
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 *              51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA  02110-1301  USA
 *
 *//*************************************************************************************************/

#define MELEXISTEST_C
#define __STDC_LIMIT_MACROS
#define __STDC_CONSTANT_MACROS

#include <Arduino.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <MLX90614.h>
#include "printf.h"

MLX90614 mlx = MLX90614(MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR);      // *** must be only one device on bus
 ***

/**
 *  \brief  Program setup.
 */
void setup(void) {

    Wire.begin(); // library does not do this by default
    Serial.begin(115200);
    printf_begin();
    mlx.begin();

    Serial.println(F("\nMelexis MLX90614 Temperature Sensor Test Program"));
    Serial.print(F("SMBus address ="));
    printf(" %02Xh", (uint8_t)mlx.readEEProm(MLX90614_ADDR));
    Serial.print(F("  Chip ID ="));

    uint64_t id = mlx.readID();
    printf(" %04X-%04X-%04X-%04X\n\n", (uint16_t)(id >> 48), (uint16_t)(id >> 32),
                                       (uint16_t)(id >> 16), (uint16_t)id);
    dumpEEProm();
    Serial.println("");
}

/**
 *  \brief  Main processing loop.
 */
void loop(void) {
    static uint16_t smpcount = 0, errcount = 0;

    // read ambient temperature from chip and print out
    printlnTemp(mlx.readTemp(MLX90614::MLX90614_SRCA, MLX90614::MLX90614_TK), 'A');
    if(mlx.rwError) ++errcount;

    // read object temperature from source #1 and print out
    printlnTemp(mlx.readTemp(MLX90614::MLX90614_SRC01, MLX90614::MLX90614_TK), 'O');
    if(mlx.rwError) ++errcount;

    // print running total of samples and errors
    Serial.print(F("        Samples:Errors "));
    printf("%u:%u\r\n", smpcount += 2, errcount);

    // slow down to human speed
    delay(250);
}

/**
 *  \brief           Print a line of temperature, crc, pec, and error string.
 *  \param [in] temp Temperature
 *  \param [in] src  Temperature source
 */
void printlnTemp(double temp, char src) {
    char str[20];

    if(mlx.rwError) Serial.print(F("No valid temperatures                              "));
    else {
        if(src == 'A') Serial.print(F("Ambient temperature"));
        else Serial.print(F("Object  temperature"));
        printf(" = %sK ", floatToStr(str, temp));
        printf("%sC ",    floatToStr(str, mlx.convKtoC(temp)));
        printf("%sF    ", floatToStr(str, mlx.convCtoF(mlx.convKtoC(temp))));
    }
    printCRC(mlx.crc8, mlx.pec);
    printErrStr(mlx.rwError);
    Serial.println("");
}

/**
 *  \brief Print a complete memory dump of the EEPROM.
 */
void dumpEEProm() {

    Serial.println(F("EEProm Dump"));
    for(uint8_t j=0; j<8; j++) {
        for(uint8_t i=0; i<4; i++) printf("%02Xh-%04Xh    ", j*4+i, mlx.readEEProm(j*4+i));
        printCRC(mlx.crc8, mlx.pec);
        printErrStr(mlx.rwError);
        Serial.println("");
    }
}

/**
 *  \brief          Utility to stringify a float.
 *  \param [in] str String to receive converted result
 *  \param [in] val Float value
 *  \return         Float as string
 */
char* floatToStr(char *str, double val) {

    sprintf(str, "%4d.%02u", int(val), int(val * 100) % 100);
    return str;
}

/**
 *  \brief          Just print the crc and pec.
 *  \param [in] crc CRC
 *  \param [in] pec PEC
 */
void printCRC(uint8_t crc, uint8_t pec) {printf("crc=%02Xh pec=%02Xh", crc, pec);}

/**
```
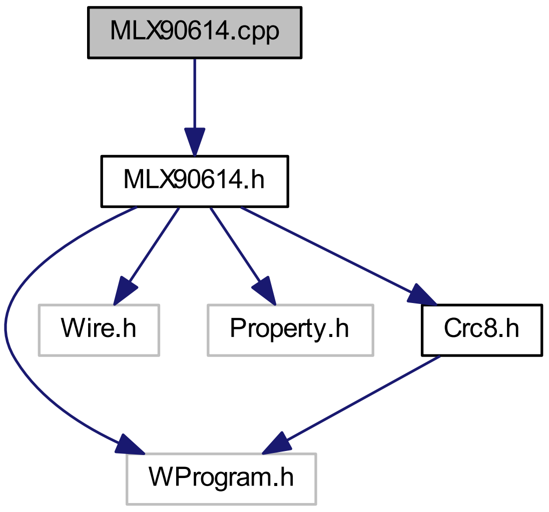

```
 *  \brief          Convert error flags to diagnostic strings and print.
 *  \param [in] err Error flags
 */
void printErrStr(uint8_t err) {

    Serial.print(F("  *** "));
    if(err == MLX90614_NORWERROR) Serial.print(F("RW Success"));
    else {
        Serial.print(F("Errors: "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_DATATOOLONG) Serial.print(F("Data too long / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_TXADDRNACK)  Serial.print(F("TX addr NACK / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_TXDATANACK)  Serial.print(F("TX data NACK / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_TXOTHER)     Serial.print(F("Unknown / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_RXCRC)       Serial.print(F("RX CRC / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_INVALIDATA)  Serial.print(F("Invalid data / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_EECORRUPT)   Serial.print(F("EEPROM / "));
        if(err &  MLX90614_RFLGERR)     Serial.print(F("RFlags / "));
    }
}

/**
 *  \brief  EEPROM memory contents factory default values.
 */
const struct defaultEEPromData {
    uint8_t  address;
    uint16_t data;
} eDat[] =  {{0x20, 0x9993}, {0x21, 0x62E3}, {0x22, 0x0201},
             {0x23, 0xF71C}, {0x24, 0xFFFF}, {0x25, 0x9FB4},
             {0x2E, 0xBE5A}, {0x2F, 0x0000}, {0x39, 0x0000}};

/**
 *  \brief    Set EEPROM memory contents to factory default values.
 *  \remarks  A device with default adress must not be on the bus.
 *            \n<tt>Only user allowed memory locations are written.</tt>
 */
void setEEPromDefaults(void) {

    for(uint8_t i = 0; i < sizeof(eDat)/sizeof(defaultEEPromData),
        !mlx.rwError; i++) {
        mlx.writeEEProm(eDat[i].address, eDat[i].data);
    }
}

```

5.7 MLX90614.cpp File Reference

Melexis MLX90614 Family Device Driver Library - CPP Source file.

```
#include "MLX90614.h"
```
Include dependency graph for MLX90614.cpp:



5.7.1 Detailed Description

Melexis MLX90614 Family Device Driver Library - CPP Source file.

Details

Based on the Melexis MLX90614 Family Data Sheet 3901090614 Rev 004 09jun2008.

- The current implementation does not manage PWM (only digital data by I2C).
- Sleep mode is not implemented yet.

Note

THIS IS ONLY A PARTIAL RELEASE. THIS DEVICE CLASS IS CURRENTLY UNDERGOING ACTIVE D↩ EVELOPMENT AND IS STILL MISSING SOME IMPORTANT FEATURES. PLEASE KEEP THIS IN MIND IF YOU DECIDE TO USE THIS PARTICULAR CODE FOR ANYTHING.

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Version

1.0

Date

2014-2017

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Definition in file MLX90614.cpp.

5.8 MLX90614.cpp

```
/**********************************************************************************************//**
 *  \brief      Melexis MLX90614 Family Device Driver Library - CPP Source file
 *  \par
 *  \par        Details
 *              Based on the Melexis MLX90614 Family Data Sheet 3901090614 Rev 004 09jun2008.
 *  \li         The current implementation does not manage PWM (only digital data by I2C).
 *  \li         Sleep mode is not implemented yet.
 *
 *  \note       THIS IS ONLY A PARTIAL RELEASE. THIS DEVICE CLASS IS CURRENTLY UNDERGOING
 *              ACTIVE DEVELOPMENT AND IS STILL MISSING SOME IMPORTANT FEATURES. PLEASE KEEP
 *              THIS IN MIND IF YOU DECIDE TO USE THIS PARTICULAR CODE FOR ANYTHING.
 *
 *  \file       MLX90614.CPP
 *  \author     J. F. Fitter <jfitter@eagleairaust.com.au>
 *  \version    1.0
 *  \date       2014-2017
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 *              with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc.,
 *              51 Franklin St, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA  02110-1301  USA
 *
 *//**********************************************************************************************/

#include "MLX90614.h"

/**********************************************************************************************/
/*  MLX90614 Device class functions.                                                          */
/**********************************************************************************************/

/**
```

```
 * \brief               MLX90614 Device class constructor.
 * \param [in] i2caddr  Device address (default: published value).
 */
MLX90614::MLX90614(uint8_t i2caddr) {

    busAddr.Set_Class(this);
    busAddr.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getAddr);
    busAddr.Set_Set(&MLX90614::setAddr);

    rwError.Set_Class(this);
    rwError.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getRwError);

    pec.Set_Class(this);
    pec.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getPEC);

    crc8.Set_Class(this);
    crc8.Set_Get(&MLX90614::getCRC8);

    _addr = i2caddr;
    _ready = false;
}

/**
 * \brief  Initialize the device and the i2c interface.
 */
boolean MLX90614::begin(void) {

    _rwError = _pec = _crc8 = 0;
    return _ready = true;
}

/**
 * \brief              Return a temperature from the specified source in specified units.
 * \remarks
 * \li                 Temperature is stored in ram as a 16 bit absolute value to a resolution of 0.02K
 * \li                 Linearized sensor die temperature is available as Ta (ambient).
 * \li                 One or two object temperatures are linearized to the range -38.2C...125C
 * \param [in] tsrc    Internal temperature source to read, default #1.
 * \param [in] tunit   Temperature units to convert raw data to, default deg Celsius.
 * \return             Temperature.
 */
double MLX90614::readTemp(tempSrc_t tsrc, tempUnit_t tunit) {
    double temp;

    _rwError = 0;
    switch(tsrc) {
        case MLX90614_SRC01 : temp = read16(MLX90614_TOBJ1); break;
        case MLX90614_SRC02 : temp = read16(MLX90614_TOBJ2); break;
        default : temp = read16(MLX90614_TA);
    }
    temp *= 0.02;
    switch(tunit) {
        case MLX90614_TC : return convKtoC(temp);
        case MLX90614_TF : return convKtoC(convCtoF(temp));
    }
    return temp;
}

/**
 * \brief              Set the emissivity of the object.
 * \remarks            The emissivity is stored as a 16 bit integer defined by the following:
 * \n<tt>              emissivity = dec2hex[round(65535 x emiss)]</tt>
 * \param [in] emiss   Physical emissivity value in range 0.1 ...1.0, default 1.0
 */
void MLX90614::setEmissivity(float emiss) {

    _rwError = 0;
    uint16_t e = int(emiss * 65535. + 0.5);
    if((emiss > 1.0) || (e < 6553)) _rwError |= MLX90614_INVALIDATA;
    else writeEEProm(MLX90614_EMISS, e);
}
/**
 * \brief              Get the emissivity of the object.
 * \remarks            The emissivity is stored as a 16 bit integer defined by the following:
 * \n<tt>              emissivity = dec2hex[round(65535 x emiss)]</tt>
 * \return             Physical emissivity value in range 0.1 ...1.0
 */
float MLX90614::getEmissivity(void) {

    _rwError = 0;
    uint16_t emiss = readEEProm(MLX90614_EMISS);
    if(_rwError) return (float)1.0;
    return (float)emiss / 65535.0;
}

/**
 * \brief             Set the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.
 *  \remarks          The IIR digital filter coefficients are set by the LS 3 bits of ConfigRegister1
 *  \n                The value of the coefficients is set as follows:
 *  \n <tt> \verbatim
csb = 0   a1 = 0.5    a2 = 0.5
      1      0.25        0.75
      2      0.167       0.833
      3      0.125       0.875
      4      1           0 (IIR bypassed)
      5      0.8         0.2
      6      0.67        0.33
      7      0.57        0.43 \endverbatim </tt>
 *  \param [in] csb   See page 12 of datasheet. Range 0...7, default = 4 (IIR bypassed)
 */
void MLX90614::setIIRcoeff(uint8_t csb) {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Ensure legal range by clearing all but the LS 3 bits.
    csb &= 7;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1
    uint16_t reg = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG);

    // Clear bits 2:0, mask in the new value, then write it back.
    if(!_rwError) {
        reg &= 0xfff8;
        reg |= (uint16_t)csb;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG, reg);
    }
}

/**
 *  \brief            Get the coefficients of the IIR digital filter.
 *  \remarks          The IIR digital filter coefficients are set by the LS 3 bits of ConfigRegister1
 *  \return           Filter coefficient table index. Range 0...7
 */
uint8_t MLX90614::getIIRcoeff(void) {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1 bits 2:0
    uint8_t iir = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG) & 7;

    if(_rwError) return 4;
    return iir;
}

/**
 *  \brief            Set the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.
 *  \remarks          The FIR digital filter coefficient N is bits 10:8 of ConfigRegister1
 *  \n                The value of N is set as follows:  <tt>N = 2 ^ (csb + 3)</tt>
    \n                The manufacturer does not recommend <tt>N < 128</tt>
 *  \param [in] csb   See page 12 of datasheet. Range 0...7, default = 7 (N = 1024)
 */
void MLX90614::setFIRcoeff(uint8_t csb) {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Ensure legal range by clearing all but the LS 3 bits.
    csb &= 7;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1
    uint16_t reg = readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG);

    // Clear bits 10:8, mask in the new value, then write it back.
    if(!_rwError) {
        reg &= 0xf8ff;
        reg |= (uint16_t)csb << 8;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG, reg);
    }
}

/**
 *  \brief            Get the coefficients of the FIR digital filter.
 *  \remarks          The FIR digital filter coefficient N is bits 10:8 of ConfigRegister1
 *  \n                The value of N is set as follows:  <tt>N = 2 ^ (csb + 3)</tt>
    \n                The manufacturer does not recommend <tt>N < 128</tt>
 */
uint8_t MLX90614::getFIRcoeff(void) {

    _rwError = 0;

    // Get the current value of ConfigRegister1 bits 10:8
    uint8_t fir = (readEEProm(MLX90614_CONFIG) >> 8) & 7;

    if(_rwError) return 7;
    return fir;
```

```
}

/**
 * \brief            Set device SMBus address.
 * \remarks
 * \li               Must be only device on the bus.
 * \li               Must power cycle the device after changing address.
 * \param [in] addr  New device address. Range 1...127
 */
void MLX90614::setAddr(uint8_t addr) {

    _rwError = 0;

    // It is assumed we do not know the existing slave address so the broadcast address is used.
    // First ensure the new address is in the legal range (1..127)
    if(addr &= 0x7f) {
        _addr = MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR;
        writeEEProm(MLX90614_ADDR, addr);

        // There will always be a r/w error using the broadcast address so we cannot respond
        // to r/w errors. We must just assume this worked.
        _addr = addr;

    } else _rwError |= MLX90614_INVALIDATA;
}

/**
 * \brief            Return the device SMBus address.
 * \remarks
 * \li               Must be only device on the bus.
 * \li               Sets the library to use the new found address.
 * \return           Device address.
 */
uint8_t MLX90614::getAddr(void) {
    uint8_t tempAddr = _addr;

    _rwError = 0;

    // It is assumed we do not know the existing slave address so the broadcast address is used.
    // This will throw a r/w error so errors will be ignored.
    _addr = MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR;

    // Reload program copy with the existing slave address.
    _addr = lowByte(readEEProm(MLX90614_ADDR));

    return _addr;
}

/**
 * \brief            Return a 16 bit value read from RAM or EEPROM.
 * \param [in] cmd   Command to send (register to read from).
 * \return           Value read from memory.
 */
uint16_t MLX90614::read16(uint8_t cmd) {
    uint16_t val;
    CRC8 crc(MLX90614_CRC8POLY);

    // Send the slave address then the command and set any error status bits returned by the write.
    Wire.beginTransmission(_addr);
    Wire.write(cmd);
    _rwError |= (1 << Wire.endTransmission(false)) >> 1;

    // Experimentally determined delay to prevent read errors (manufacturer's data sheet has
    // left something out).
    delayMicroseconds(MLX90614_XDLY);

    // Resend slave address then get the 3 returned bytes.
    Wire.requestFrom(_addr, (uint8_t)3);

    // Data is returned as 2 bytes little endian.
    val = Wire.read();
    val |= Wire.read() << 8;

    // Rread the PEC (CRC-8 of all bytes).
    _pec = Wire.read();

    // Clear r/w errors if using broadcast address.
    if(_addr == MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR) _rwError &= MLX90614_NORWERROR;

    // Build our own CRC-8 of all received bytes.
    crc.crc8(_addr << 1);
    crc.crc8(cmd);
    crc.crc8((_addr << 1) + 1);
    crc.crc8(lowByte(val));
    _crc8 = crc.crc8(highByte(val));

    // Set error status bit if CRC mismatch.
    if(_crc8 != _pec) _rwError |= MLX90614_RXCRC;

    return val;
}

/**
 *  \brief              Write a 16 bit value to memory.
 *  \param [in] cmd     Command to send (register to write to).
 *  \param [in] data    Value to write.
 */
void MLX90614::write16(uint8_t cmd, uint16_t data) {
    CRC8 crc(MLX90614_CRC8POLY);

    // Build the CRC-8 of all bytes to be sent.
    crc.crc8(_addr << 1);
    crc.crc8(cmd);
    crc.crc8(lowByte(data));
    _crc8 = crc.crc8(highByte(data));

    // Send the slave address then the command.
    Wire.beginTransmission(_addr);
    Wire.write(cmd);

    // Write the data low byte first.
    Wire.write(lowByte(data));
    Wire.write(highByte(data));

    // Then write the crc and set the r/w error status bits.
    Wire.write(_pec = _crc8);
    _rwError |= (1 << Wire.endTransmission(true)) >> 1;

    // Clear r/w errors if using broadcast address.
    if(_addr == MLX90614_BROADCASTADDR) _rwError &= MLX90614_NORWERROR;
}

/**
 *  \brief              Return a 16 bit value read from EEPROM.
 *  \param [in] addr    Register address to read from.
 *  \return             Value read from EEPROM.
 */
uint16_t MLX90614::readEEProm(uint8_t addr) {return read16(addr | 0x20);}

/**
 *  \brief              Write a 16 bit value to EEPROM after first clearing the memory.
 *  \remarks
 *  \li                 Erase and write time 5ms per manufacturer specification
 *  \li                 Manufacturer does not specify max or min erase/write times
 *  \param [in] reg     Address to write to.
 *  \param [in] data    Value to write.
 */
void MLX90614::writeEEProm(uint8_t reg, uint16_t data) {
    uint16_t val;
    reg |= 0x20;

    // Read current value, compare to the new value, and do nothing on a match or if there are
    // read errors set the error status flag only.
    val = read16(reg);
    if((val != data) && !_rwError) {

        // On any R/W errors it is assumed the memory is corrupted.
        // Clear the memory and wait Terase (per manufacturer's documentation).
        write16(reg, 0);
        delay(5);
        if(_rwError) _rwError |= MLX90614_EECORRUPT;

        // Write the data and wait Twrite (per manufacturer's documentation)
        // and set the r/w error status bits.
        write16(reg, data);
        delay(5);
        if(_rwError) _rwError |= MLX90614_EECORRUPT;
    }
}

/**
 *  \brief              Convert temperature in degrees K to degrees C.
 *  \param [in] degK    Temperature in degrees Kelvin.
 *  \return             Temperature in degrees Centigrade.
 */
double MLX90614::convKtoC(double degK) {return degK - 273.15;}

/**
 *  \brief              Convert temperature in degrees C to degrees F.
 *  \param [in] degC    Temperature in degrees Centigrade.
 *  \return             Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.
 */
double MLX90614::convCtoF(double degC) {return (degC * 1.8) + 32.0;}

```

```
/**
 *  \brief            Retrieve the chip ID bytes.
 *  \return           Chip ID as a 64 bit word.
 */
uint64_t MLX90614::readID(void) {
    uint64_t ID = 0;

    // If we are lucky the compiler will optimise this.
    for(uint8_t i = 0; i < 4; i++) ID = (ID <<= 16) | readEEProm(MLX90614_ID1 + i);
    return ID;
}

```