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### Public-Private Partnerships in Flanders

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# Public-Private Partnerships in Flanders

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Belgium's Flemish government recently approved a EUR 1 billion investment in school infrastructure through public-private partnerships, its first major initiative of this kind. The Flemish Community's variant of public-private partnerships in school building allows the government to meet urgent needs in the short run, but also to spread the costs over a longer period.

Over the past few decades, investments in school infrastructure in Flanders have not been sufficient to meet demands. According to the latest estimates, EUR 1.9 billion are needed, of which EUR 1.4 billion must be financed by the Flemish government in respect of European legislation, compared to the 2005 budget for school infrastructure of only EUR 140 million. The regular budget clearly does not provide enough funds to clear the existing backlog of necessary construction work.

The current Flemish government is allocating new funding for school building projects. The budget for school construction is to increase by EUR 50 million in both 2006 and 2007 and by EUR 75 million in 2008 and 2009. These funds will be used for regular investments (*i.e.* standard government subsidies and budgets allocated directly to schools) and will prevent the backlog from growing further.

Apart from this rise in regular investments, the Flemish government plans to eliminate the existing backlog through alternative financing. To do so, the government will select a single consortium to be responsible for the design, construction, financing and maintenance of all school building projects. The consortium will consist of private financial partners (*e.g.* banks and insurance companies) with the government representing 25%. The consortium will not own the buildings but will receive financial compensation over a period of approximately 30 years in exchange for making the buildings available to the schools.

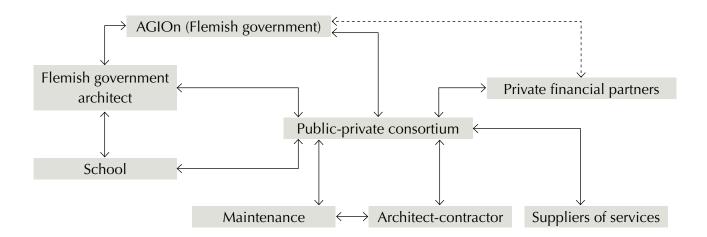
The building projects themselves will be launched by means of separate tenders, in order to guarantee best value for money through competition between several contractors and architects. A special committee, representing the different stakeholder organisations in Flemish education, will be responsible for deciding which projects are eligible for the new financing. This committee will first define the selection criteria, paying close attention to design quality, sustainability and the role of the school in the community. A government architect employed by the Ministry of the Flemish Community will ensure the architectural quality of the projects. (See Figure 1.)

It is expected that there will be other advantages. All the investments will be made at nearly the same time and by the single public-private consortium, leading to lower costs. Also as the government will be in a stronger position to guarantee projects are carried out quickly, school boards will be relieved of managing the building projects and will be able to fully concentrate on the provision of education.

The Flemish Minister of Work, Education and Training, Frank Vandenbroucke, expects that, from 2008 on, EUR 250 million in school building projects can be completed every year. In the meantime, the government is working to prepare projects – establishing regulations, naming the public-private

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## • Figure 1 • The Flemish project for design, construction, financing and maintenance: actors and relationships



consortium, selecting and prioritising the school building projects, developing output specifications, etc. – together with the different stakeholders in Flemish education.

AGIOn, the new Flemish Agency for Infrastructure in Education and successor of the DIGO (former infrastructure agency for private and communal institutions), will participate in the public-private consortium assuming 25% of the budget and will ensure that the design, construction, financing and maintenance initiative is correctly implemented. The agency will also be in charge of the subsidies that will enable schools to pay the long-term financial compensation to the public-private consortium.

In difficult economic times, the investment is expected to give an important boost to the Flemish Community's building sector.

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