0.1 Simulation error of Wang-Landau results for black Statistical Images

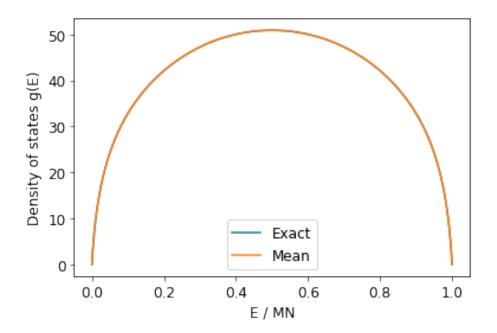
```
import numpy as np
from scipy import interpolate, special
import os, h5py, hickle
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pprint
plt.rcParams['font.size'] = 12
import sys
if 'src' not in sys.path: sys.path.append('src')
import wanglandau as wl
from statistical_image import exact_bw_gs
import canonical_ensemble as canonical
0.1.1 The setup
datadir = 'data/black-images'
paths = [os.path.join(datadir, f) for f in os.listdir(datadir)]
len(paths)
1024
with h5py.File(paths[0], 'r') as f:
    result = hickle.load(f)
    imp = result['parameters']['system']['StatisticalImage']
    N = len(imp['I0'])
   M = imp['M']
    Es = result['results']['Es'][:-1]
pprint.pprint(result['parameters'])
{'log': True,
  'simulation': {'eps': 1e-08,
                  'flat_sweeps': 10000,
                  'flatness': 0.2,
                  'logf0': 1,
                  'max_sweeps': 100000000},
  'system': {'StatisticalImage': {'I': array([10, 7, 1, 10, 6, 0, 0, 28, 0, 7, 2, 1, 1, 11]),
                                     'M': 31}}}
def file_lngs(path):
    with h5py.File(path, 'r') as f:
      result = hickle.load(f)
       S = result['results']['S']
       # Shift for computing exponentials
       S -= min(S)
       \# Set according to the correct total number of states ((M+1)**N)
       S += N*np.log(M+1) - np.log(np.sum(np.exp(S)))
       # Set according to leftmost value
       S -= S[0]
       return S
```

0.1.2 Error in the log density of states

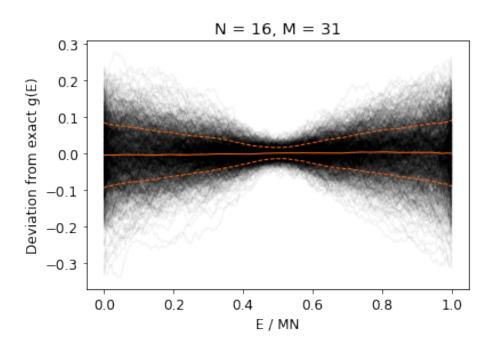
```
xEs, xgs = exact_bw_gs(N, M)
xlng = np.log(xgs)

mean_lng = np.zeros(len(Es))
std_lng = np.zeros(len(Es))
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
    mean_lng += lng
mean_lng /= len(paths)
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
    std_lng += (mean_lng - lng)**2
std_lng = np.sqrt(std_lng / (len(paths) - 1))

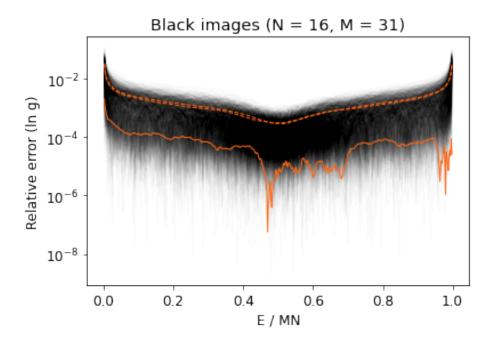
plt.plot(xEs / (M*N), np.log(xgs), label='Exact')
plt.plot(Es / (M*N), mean_lng, label='Mean')
plt.ylabel('E / MN')
plt.ylabel('Density of states g(E)')
plt.legend();
```



```
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
    plt.plot(Es / (M*N), lng - xlng, 'black', alpha=0.05, linewidth=1)
    plt.plot(Es / (M*N), mean_lng - xlng, '#ff6716', linewidth=1)
    plt.plot(Es / (M*N), (mean_lng - std_lng) - xlng, '#ff6716', linestyle='dashed', linewidth=1)
    plt.plot(Es / (M*N), (mean_lng + std_lng) - xlng, '#ff6716', linestyle='dashed', linewidth=1)
    plt.title('N = {}, M = {}'.format(N, M))
    plt.xlabel('E / MN')
    plt.ylabel('Deviation from exact g(E)')
    plt.savefig('wanglandau-bw-deviation.png', dpi=600);
```



```
def relative_error(sim, exact):
    if exact = 0.0:
        return np.inf
    else:
        \textbf{return} \ \text{np.abs(sim - exact)} \ / \ \textbf{exact}
def relerror(sim, exact = xlng):
    return np.vectorize(relative_error)(sim, exact)
def log_relerror(sim, exact = xlng):
    return np.log10(relerror(sim, exact))
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
    plt.plot(Es / (M*N), relerror(lng), 'black', alpha=0.02, linewidth=1)
plt.plot(Es / (M*N), relerror(mean_lng), '#ff6716', linewidth=1)
plt.plot(Es \ / \ (M*N), \ relerror(mean\_lng \ - \ std\_lng), \ '\#ff6716', \ linestyle='dashed', \ linewidth=1)
plt.plot(Es \ / \ (M*N), \ relerror(mean\_lng \ + \ std\_lng), \ '\#ff6716', \ linestyle='dashed', \ linewidth=1)
plt.title('Black images (N = {}, M = {})'.format(N, M))
plt.xlabel('E / MN')
plt.ylabel('Relative error (ln g)')
plt.yscale('log')
plt.savefig('wanglandau-bw-relerror.png', dpi=600);
```

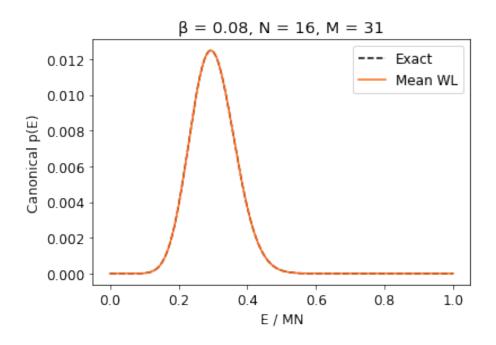


0.1.3 Error in canonical ensemble variables

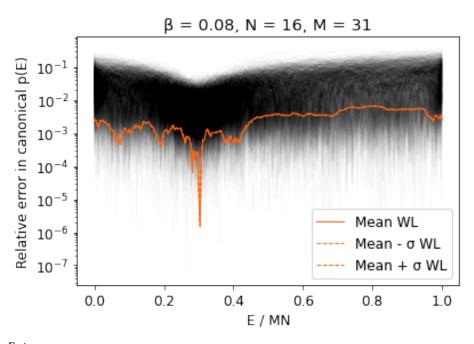
```
1  βs = np.exp(np.linspace(-7, 4, 500))
2  exact_ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, xlng, 'Exact')
3  mean_ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, mean_lng, 'Mean WL')
4  mo_ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, mean_lng, 'Mean - σ WL')
5  po_ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, mean_lng, 'Mean + σ WL')
```

The canonical distribution for fixed β .

```
\begin{array}{lll} & \beta c = 8e-2 \\ & plt.plot(Es / (M*N), exact_ens.p(\beta c), 'black', label=exact_ens.name, linestyle='dashed') \\ & plt.plot(Es / (M*N), mean_ens.p(\beta c), '#ff6716', label=mean_ens.name) \\ & plt.title('\beta = \{ \}, N = \{ \}, M = \{ \}'.format(\beta c, N, M)) \\ & plt.xlabel("E / MN") \\ & plt.ylabel("Canonical p(E)") \\ & plt.legend(); \end{array}
```

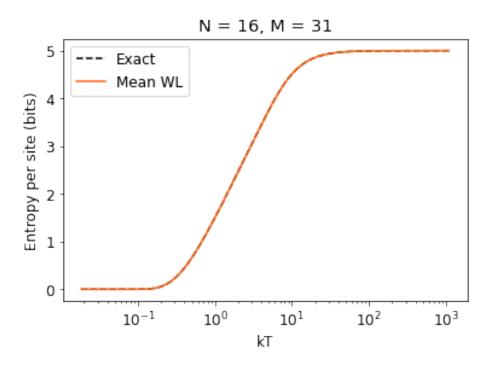


```
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
          ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, lng)
          plt.plot(Es / (M*N), relerror(ens.p(\betac), exact_ens.p(\betac)),
                    'black', alpha=0.02, linewidth=1)
     plt.plot(Es / (M*N), relerror(mean_ens.p(\betac), exact_ens.p(\betac)),
                    '#ff6716', linewidth=1, label=mean_ens.name)
     plt.plot(Es \ / \ (M^*N), \ relerror(m\sigma\_ens.p(\beta c), \ exact\_ens.p(\beta c)),
                    '#ff6716', linewidth=1, linestyle='dashed', label=mσ_ens.name)
     plt.plot(Es \ / \ (M*N), \ relerror(p\sigma\_ens.p(\beta c), \ exact\_ens.p(\beta c)),
                    '#ff6716', linewidth=1, linestyle='dashed', label=pσ_ens.name)
     plt.title('\beta = \{\}, N = \{\}'.format(\betac, N, M))
     plt.xlabel("E / MN")
     plt.ylabel("Relative error in canonical p(E)")
13
     plt.yscale('log')
     plt.legend();
```



Entropy

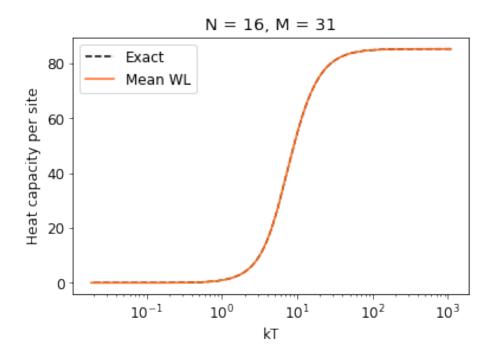
```
plt.plot(1 / βs, exact_ens.entropy(βs) / (N*np.log(2)), 'black', label=exact_ens.name, linestyle='dashed')
plt.plot(1 / βs, mean_ens.entropy(βs) / (N*np.log(2)), '#ff6716', label=mean_ens.name)
plt.xlabel("kT")
plt.xscale('log')
plt.ylabel("Entropy per site (bits)")
plt.title('N = {}, M = {}'.format(N, M))
plt.legend()
plt.savefig('wanglandau-bw-S.png', dpi=600)
```



```
exact_ens.entropy(0) / N
array([3.4657359])
exact_ens.entropy(0) / (N*np.log(2))
array([5.])
```

The relative error in the heat capacity provides a stringent test of the results.

```
plt.plot(1 / \betas, exact_ens.heat_capacity(\betas) / N, 'black', label=exact_ens.name, linestyle='dashed') plt.plot(1 / \betas, mean_ens.heat_capacity(\betas) / N, '#ff6716', label=mean_ens.name) plt.xlabel("kT") plt.xscale('log') plt.ylabel("Heat capacity per site") plt.ylabel("Heat capacity per site") plt.title('N = \{\}, M = \{\}'.format(N, M)) plt.legend() plt.savefig('wanglandau-bw-C.png', dpi=600)
```



```
for lng in map(file_lngs, paths):
    ens = canonical.Ensemble(Es, lng)
    plt.plot(1 \ / \ \beta s, \ relerror(ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s), \ exact\_ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s)),
               'black', alpha=0.02, linewidth=1)
plt.plot(1 / \beta s, relerror(mean_ens.heat_capacity(\beta s), exact_ens.heat_capacity(\beta s)),
              '#ff6716', label=mean_ens.name)
plt.plot(1~/~\beta s,~relerror(m\sigma\_ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s),~exact\_ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s)),
               '#ff6716', linestyle='dashed', label=mo_ens.name)
plt.plot(1~/~\beta s,~relerror(p\sigma\_ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s),~exact\_ens.heat\_capacity(\beta s)),
               '#ff6716', linestyle='dashed', label=pσ_ens.name)
plt.xlabel('kT')
plt.xscale('log')
plt.ylabel('Relative error in heat capacity')
plt.yscale('log')
plt.title('N = {}, M = {}'.format(N, M))
plt.savefig('wanglandau-bw-C-relerror.png', dpi=600)
```

