

2007 AP[®] CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)

3. The wind chill is the temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$), a human feels based on the air temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, and the wind velocity v , in miles per hour (mph). If the air temperature is 32°F , then the wind chill is given by $W(v) = 55.6 - 22.1v^{0.16}$ and is valid for $5 \leq v \leq 60$.
- (a) Find $W'(20)$. Using correct units, explain the meaning of $W'(20)$ in terms of the wind chill.
- (b) Find the average rate of change of W over the interval $5 \leq v \leq 60$. Find the value of v at which the instantaneous rate of change of W is equal to the average rate of change of W over the interval $5 \leq v \leq 60$.
- (c) Over the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 4$ hours, the air temperature is a constant 32°F . At time $t = 0$, the wind velocity is $v = 20$ mph. If the wind velocity increases at a constant rate of 5 mph per hour, what is the rate of change of the wind chill with respect to time at $t = 3$ hours? Indicate units of measure.
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WRITE ALL WORK IN THE EXAM BOOKLET.

END OF PART A OF SECTION II