

AP® Calculus AB 2010 Free-Response Questions

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CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part A

Time—45 minutes
Number of problems—3

A graphing calculator is required for some problems or parts of problems.

1. There is no snow on Janet's driveway when snow begins to fall at midnight. From midnight to 9 A.M., snow accumulates on the driveway at a rate modeled by $f(t) = 7te^{\cos t}$ cubic feet per hour, where t is measured in hours since midnight. Janet starts removing snow at 6 A.M. (t = 6). The rate g(t), in cubic feet per hour, at which Janet removes snow from the driveway at time t hours after midnight is modeled by

$$g(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } 0 \le t < 6 \\ 125 & \text{for } 6 \le t < 7 \\ 108 & \text{for } 7 \le t \le 9 \end{cases}.$$

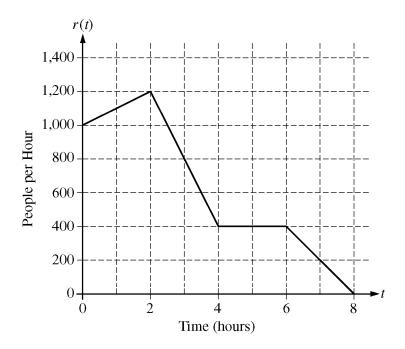
- (a) How many cubic feet of snow have accumulated on the driveway by 6 A.M.?
- (b) Find the rate of change of the volume of snow on the driveway at 8 A.M.
- (c) Let h(t) represent the total amount of snow, in cubic feet, that Janet has removed from the driveway at time t hours after midnight. Express h as a piecewise-defined function with domain $0 \le t \le 9$.
- (d) How many cubic feet of snow are on the driveway at 9 A.M.?

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t (hours)	0	2	5	7	8
E(t) (hundreds of entries)	0	4	13	21	23

- 2. A zoo sponsored a one-day contest to name a new baby elephant. Zoo visitors deposited entries in a special box between noon (t = 0) and 8 P.M. (t = 8). The number of entries in the box t hours after noon is modeled by a differentiable function E for $0 \le t \le 8$. Values of E(t), in hundreds of entries, at various times t are shown in the table above.
 - (a) Use the data in the table to approximate the rate, in hundreds of entries per hour, at which entries were being deposited at time t = 6. Show the computations that lead to your answer.
 - (b) Use a trapezoidal sum with the four subintervals given by the table to approximate the value of $\frac{1}{8} \int_0^8 E(t) dt$. Using correct units, explain the meaning of $\frac{1}{8} \int_0^8 E(t) dt$ in terms of the number of entries.
 - (c) At 8 P.M., volunteers began to process the entries. They processed the entries at a rate modeled by the function P, where $P(t) = t^3 30t^2 + 298t 976$ hundreds of entries per hour for $8 \le t \le 12$. According to the model, how many entries had not yet been processed by midnight (t = 12)?
 - (d) According to the model from part (c), at what time were the entries being processed most quickly? Justify your answer.

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- 3. There are 700 people in line for a popular amusement-park ride when the ride begins operation in the morning. Once it begins operation, the ride accepts passengers until the park closes 8 hours later. While there is a line, people move onto the ride at a rate of 800 people per hour. The graph above shows the rate, r(t), at which people arrive at the ride throughout the day. Time t is measured in hours from the time the ride begins operation.
 - (a) How many people arrive at the ride between t = 0 and t = 3? Show the computations that lead to your answer
 - (b) Is the number of people waiting in line to get on the ride increasing or decreasing between t = 2 and t = 3? Justify your answer.
 - (c) At what time t is the line for the ride the longest? How many people are in line at that time? Justify your answers.
 - (d) Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression of r whose solution gives the earliest time t at which there is no longer a line for the ride.

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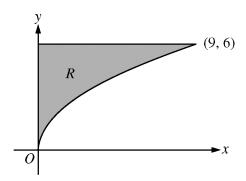
END OF PART A OF SECTION II

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CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part B

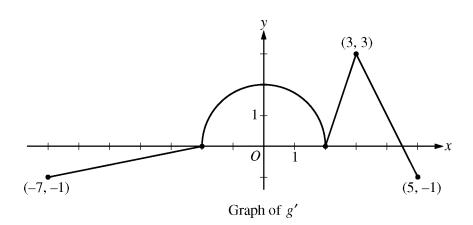
Time—45 minutes
Number of problems—3

No calculator is allowed for these problems.



- 4. Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of $y = 2\sqrt{x}$, the horizontal line y = 6, and the y-axis, as shown in the figure above.
 - (a) Find the area of R.
 - (b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the volume of the solid generated when R is rotated about the horizontal line y = 7.
 - (c) Region R is the base of a solid. For each y, where $0 \le y \le 6$, the cross section of the solid taken perpendicular to the y-axis is a rectangle whose height is 3 times the length of its base in region R. Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the volume of the solid.

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- 5. The function g is defined and differentiable on the closed interval [-7, 5] and satisfies g(0) = 5. The graph of y = g'(x), the derivative of g, consists of a semicircle and three line segments, as shown in the figure above.
 - (a) Find g(3) and g(-2).
 - (b) Find the x-coordinate of each point of inflection of the graph of y = g(x) on the interval -7 < x < 5. Explain your reasoning.
 - (c) The function h is defined by $h(x) = g(x) \frac{1}{2}x^2$. Find the x-coordinate of each critical point of h, where -7 < x < 5, and classify each critical point as the location of a relative minimum, relative maximum, or neither a minimum nor a maximum. Explain your reasoning.
- 6. Solutions to the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^3$ also satisfy $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = y^3(1 + 3x^2y^2)$. Let y = f(x) be a particular solution to the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^3$ with f(1) = 2.
 - (a) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at x = 1.
 - (b) Use the tangent line equation from part (a) to approximate f(1.1). Given that f(x) > 0 for 1 < x < 1.1, is the approximation for f(1.1) greater than or less than f(1.1)? Explain your reasoning.
 - (c) Find the particular solution y = f(x) with initial condition f(1) = 2.

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END OF EXAM

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