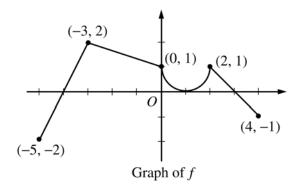
2004 AP® CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

CALCULUS AB SECTION II, Part B

Time—45 minutes
Number of problems—3

No calculator is allowed for these problems.

- 4. Consider the curve given by $x^2 + 4y^2 = 7 + 3xy$.
 - (a) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3y 2x}{8y 3x}$.
 - (b) Show that there is a point P with x-coordinate 3 at which the line tangent to the curve at P is horizontal. Find the y-coordinate of P.
 - (c) Find the value of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at the point P found in part (b). Does the curve have a local maximum, a local minimum, or neither at the point P? Justify your answer.



- 5. The graph of the function f shown above consists of a semicircle and three line segments. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = \int_{-3}^{x} f(t) dt$.
 - (a) Find g(0) and g'(0).
 - (b) Find all values of x in the open interval (-5, 4) at which g attains a relative maximum. Justify your answer.
 - (c) Find the absolute minimum value of g on the closed interval [-5, 4]. Justify your answer.
 - (d) Find all values of x in the open interval (-5, 4) at which the graph of g has a point of inflection.