

L&T PxV Measurement invariance

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Creating factor-item mapping

As part of this process, outputting the alpha coefficients.

```
## **Wave 1**

##      aspfm      bfa_mt bfas_ac  bfas_ap  bfas_ci  bfas_co  bfas_ea
## alpha 0.8007216 0.7954608 0.88408 0.7814323 0.8559713 0.7748649 0.8882828
##      bfas_ee  bfas_nv  bfas_nv9  bfas_nw  bfas_oi  bfas_oo
## alpha 0.8547331 0.9113937 0.9010348 0.8781388 0.8287349 0.7899743
##      bfi_a  bfi_a6  bfi_c bfi_d_scale  bfi_e  bfi_hp8
## alpha 0.8009146 0.7908462 0.819993 0.7966031 0.8749101 0.6762593
##      bfi_n  bfi_o bfi_s_scale  hrz_col  hrz_ind  usi
## alpha 0.8582059 0.7898225 0.7969331 0.7126198 0.550577 0.6732525
##      vrt_col  vrt_ind
## alpha 0.6743606 0.6523363

## **Wave 2**

##      aspfm      bfa_mt  bfas_ac  bfas_ap  bfas_ci  bfas_co
## alpha 0.8252445 0.7878581 0.8829338 0.7785236 0.8492025 0.7839002
##      bfas_ee  bfas_nv  bfas_nv9  bfas_nw  bfas_oi
## alpha 0.8761572 0.8590842 0.8972032 0.8854566 0.8698163 0.8153715
##      bfas_oo  bfi_a  bfi_a6  bfi_c bfi_d_scale  bfi_e
## alpha 0.7970451 0.7962796 0.7961057 0.8071378 0.7858279 0.8664445
##      bfi_hp8  bfi_n  bfi_o bfi_s_scale  hrz_col  hrz_ind
## alpha 0.6848438 0.8587661 0.7966047 0.7848152 0.6932522 0.5938064
##      usi  vrt_col  vrt_ind
## alpha 0.6929115 0.7115297 0.6393136

## **Wave 3**

##      aspfm      bfa_mt  bfas_ac  bfas_ap  bfas_ci  bfas_co
## alpha 0.8338066 0.8046391 0.8862414 0.7768773 0.8492295 0.7774236
##      bfas_ee  bfas_nv  bfas_nv9  bfas_nw  bfas_oi
## alpha 0.8819575 0.8616749 0.9007862 0.8903142 0.8817477 0.8376555
##      bfas_oo  bfi_a  bfi_a6  bfi_c bfi_d_scale  bfi_e
```

```
## alpha 0.8028977 0.803164 0.7982502 0.8213291 0.7909743 0.8728148
##      bfi_hp8      bfi_n      bfi_o bfi_s_scale hrz_col hrz_ind
## alpha 0.6738761 0.8582405 0.8133423 0.7918976 0.7079314 0.5391312
##      usi      vrt_col      vrt_ind
## alpha 0.6881401 0.6990938 0.6752587

## **Wave 4**

##      aspfm      bfa_mt      bfas_ac      bfas_ap      bfas_ci      bfas_co      bfas_ea
## alpha 0.8347909 0.8156071 0.8874039 0.7633623 0.8518579 0.7937478 0.881371
##      bfas_ee      bfas_nv      bfas_nv9      bfas_nw      bfas_oi      bfas_oo
## alpha 0.8705236 0.9131165 0.9049279 0.8847419 0.8329141 0.8025353
##      bfi_a      bfi_a6      bfi_c bfi_d_scale      bfi_e      bfi_hp8
## alpha 0.8117976 0.8028806 0.8218647 0.8056326 0.8749207 0.665913
##      bfi_n      bfi_o bfi_s_scale hrz_col hrz_ind      usi
## alpha 0.8745566 0.8100603 0.7937251 0.7041649 0.5645062 0.6852414
##      vrt_col      vrt_ind
## alpha 0.7266396 0.6538177
```

Generate lavaan syntax

This is an example of the measurement model diagram, using Horizontal Collectivism, for one group demonstrating constraints for the strict measurement invariance model. Paths with the same label are constrained to have the same path weight, and in the strict invariance model, all labeled path weights must be the same for each decade group. The residual covariances are an exception: the constraint imposed is that residual covariance is the same across the same time-lag, for the same indicator (so e.g., `cov(aind9, bind9) = cov(bind9, cind9)`, and `cov(aind9, cind9) = cov(bind9, dind9)`), but these are not constrained to be the same across group. Since this constraint is imposed in every factorial invariance model tested, it does not affect the fit comparisons.

```
## hrz_col_W1 ~ 0*1
## hrz_col_W1 ~~ 1*hrz_col_W1
## hrz_col_W1 =~ c(L1, L1, L1, L1)*aind9 + c(L2, L2, L2, L2)*aind10 + c(L3, L3, L3, L3)*aind11 + c(L4, L4, L4, L4)*aind12
## hrz_col_W2 =~ c(L1, L1, L1, L1)*bind9 + c(L2, L2, L2, L2)*bind10 + c(L3, L3, L3, L3)*bind11 + c(L4, L4, L4, L4)*bind12
## hrz_col_W3 =~ c(L1, L1, L1, L1)*cind9 + c(L2, L2, L2, L2)*cind10 + c(L3, L3, L3, L3)*cind11 + c(L4, L4, L4, L4)*cind12
## hrz_col_W4 =~ c(L1, L1, L1, L1)*dind9 + c(L2, L2, L2, L2)*dind10 + c(L3, L3, L3, L3)*dind11 + c(L4, L4, L4, L4)*dind12
##
## #---
##
## aind9 ~ c(int_1, int_1, int_1, int_1)*1
## bind9 ~ c(int_1, int_1, int_1, int_1)*1
## cind9 ~ c(int_1, int_1, int_1, int_1)*1
## dind9 ~ c(int_1, int_1, int_1, int_1)*1
##
## aind10 ~ c(int_2, int_2, int_2, int_2)*1
## bind10 ~ c(int_2, int_2, int_2, int_2)*1
## cind10 ~ c(int_2, int_2, int_2, int_2)*1
## dind10 ~ c(int_2, int_2, int_2, int_2)*1
##
## aind11 ~ c(int_3, int_3, int_3, int_3)*1
## bind11 ~ c(int_3, int_3, int_3, int_3)*1
## cind11 ~ c(int_3, int_3, int_3, int_3)*1
## dind11 ~ c(int_3, int_3, int_3, int_3)*1
##
```

```

## aind12 ~ c(int_4, int_4, int_4, int_4)*1
## bind12 ~ c(int_4, int_4, int_4, int_4)*1
## cind12 ~ c(int_4, int_4, int_4, int_4)*1
## dind12 ~ c(int_4, int_4, int_4, int_4)*1
##
## #---
##
## aind9 ~~ c(v_1, v_1, v_1, v_1)*aind9
## bind9 ~~ c(v_1, v_1, v_1, v_1)*bind9
## cind9 ~~ c(v_1, v_1, v_1, v_1)*cind9
## dind9 ~~ c(v_1, v_1, v_1, v_1)*dind9
##
## aind10 ~~ c(v_2, v_2, v_2, v_2)*aind10
## bind10 ~~ c(v_2, v_2, v_2, v_2)*bind10
## cind10 ~~ c(v_2, v_2, v_2, v_2)*cind10
## dind10 ~~ c(v_2, v_2, v_2, v_2)*dind10
##
## aind11 ~~ c(v_3, v_3, v_3, v_3)*aind11
## bind11 ~~ c(v_3, v_3, v_3, v_3)*bind11
## cind11 ~~ c(v_3, v_3, v_3, v_3)*cind11
## dind11 ~~ c(v_3, v_3, v_3, v_3)*dind11
##
## aind12 ~~ c(v_4, v_4, v_4, v_4)*aind12
## bind12 ~~ c(v_4, v_4, v_4, v_4)*bind12
## cind12 ~~ c(v_4, v_4, v_4, v_4)*cind12
## dind12 ~~ c(v_4, v_4, v_4, v_4)*dind12
##
## #---
##
## aind9 ~~ c(cv_11g1, cv_11g2, cv_11g3, cv_11g4)*bind9
## aind9 ~~ c(cv_12g1, cv_12g2, cv_12g3, cv_12g4)*cind9
## aind9 ~~ c(cv_13g1, cv_13g2, cv_13g3, cv_13g4)*dind9
## bind9 ~~ c(cv_11g1, cv_11g2, cv_11g3, cv_11g4)*cind9
## bind9 ~~ c(cv_12g1, cv_12g2, cv_12g3, cv_12g4)*dind9
## cind9 ~~ c(cv_11g1, cv_11g2, cv_11g3, cv_11g4)*dind9
##
## aind10 ~~ c(cv_21g1, cv_21g2, cv_21g3, cv_21g4)*bind10
## aind10 ~~ c(cv_22g1, cv_22g2, cv_22g3, cv_22g4)*cind10
## aind10 ~~ c(cv_23g1, cv_23g2, cv_23g3, cv_23g4)*dind10
## bind10 ~~ c(cv_21g1, cv_21g2, cv_21g3, cv_21g4)*cind10
## bind10 ~~ c(cv_22g1, cv_22g2, cv_22g3, cv_22g4)*dind10
## cind10 ~~ c(cv_21g1, cv_21g2, cv_21g3, cv_21g4)*dind10
##
## aind11 ~~ c(cv_31g1, cv_31g2, cv_31g3, cv_31g4)*bind11
## aind11 ~~ c(cv_32g1, cv_32g2, cv_32g3, cv_32g4)*cind11
## aind11 ~~ c(cv_33g1, cv_33g2, cv_33g3, cv_33g4)*dind11
## bind11 ~~ c(cv_31g1, cv_31g2, cv_31g3, cv_31g4)*cind11
## bind11 ~~ c(cv_32g1, cv_32g2, cv_32g3, cv_32g4)*dind11
## cind11 ~~ c(cv_31g1, cv_31g2, cv_31g3, cv_31g4)*dind11
##
## aind12 ~~ c(cv_41g1, cv_41g2, cv_41g3, cv_41g4)*bind12
## aind12 ~~ c(cv_42g1, cv_42g2, cv_42g3, cv_42g4)*cind12
## aind12 ~~ c(cv_43g1, cv_43g2, cv_43g3, cv_43g4)*dind12
## bind12 ~~ c(cv_41g1, cv_41g2, cv_41g3, cv_41g4)*cind12

```

```
## bind12 ~~ c(cv_42g1, cv_42g2, cv_42g3, cv_42g4)*dind12
## cind12 ~~ c(cv_41g1, cv_41g2, cv_41g3, cv_41g4)*dind12

library(semPlot)
semPaths(demo_model_fit, ask = F, include = 1, node.width = .75, layout = 'tree2', rotation = 2, curvatures = 0,
  intStyle = 'multi', levels = c(1,5,6,7), edge.color = '#bbbbbb', edge.label.color = '#444444',
  nCharEdges = 5, edge.label.cex = .5, nCharNodes = 8)
```

Results

MFI, CFI & *IC

To determine the invariance of measurement over groups, we can examine the χ^2 test. But this is often an overly strict test with a large sample size. Relative change in AIC and BIC (with lower values, and negative changes, being better) help guide interpretation by incorporating information about the number of parameters (AIC, BIC) and sample size (BIC). Cheung & Rensvold (2002) recommend using Δ CFI because it is not influenced by complexity or sample size, and does not correlate with overall fit measures. In this paper, they write, “A value of Δ CFI smaller than or equal to -0.01 indicates that the null hypothesis of invariance should not be rejected” (p 251). Below, I generally ignore the χ^2 tests in interpretation but present them for completeness.

```
eclude_cols <- c(3,5,6:9,12,14)
nothingburger <- do(group_by(invar_tests_and_models_df_w, factor_name),{
  table_df <- select(., -factor_name, -invar_type, -factor_name_c)
  title <- unique(.$factor_name_c)

  print(knitr::kable(
    table_df[, -eclude_cols],
    col.names = column_labels[-eclude_cols],
    caption = title,
    row.names = T))
  cat(paste0('\n\n<p>', conclusions_list[[title]], '</p>'))
  data.frame()
})
```

Table 1: Financial Aspirations

	Type	Δ AIC	Δ BIC	CFI	Δ CFI	Δ MFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.973			0.048 [0.041, 0.054]
2	long_metric			0.971	-0.002	-0.009	0.047 [0.040, 0.054]
3	long_strong			0.969	-0.002	-0.009	0.047 [0.040, 0.053]
4	long_strict			0.966	-0.003	-0.012	0.046 [0.040, 0.052]
5	baseline			0.959	-0.007	-0.032	0.049 [0.043, 0.055]
6	metric			0.958	-0.001	-0.004	0.049 [0.043, 0.055]
7	strong			0.956	-0.002	-0.011	0.050 [0.044, 0.056]
8	strict			0.954	-0.001	-0.006	0.050 [0.045, 0.056]

Invariant.

Table 2: Materialism

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained						NA [NA, NA]
2	long_metric			0.729			0.068 [0.066, 0.070]
3	long_strong			0.727	-0.002	-0.001	0.067 [0.066, 0.069]
4	long_strict			0.727	0.000	0.000	0.066 [0.065, 0.068]
5	baseline			0.722	-0.005	-0.002	0.066 [0.064, 0.068]
6	metric			0.722	0.000	0.000	0.066 [0.064, 0.068]
7	strong			0.719	-0.003	-0.001	0.066 [0.064, 0.068]
8	strict			0.719	-0.001	-0.000	0.066 [0.064, 0.068]

Invariant.

Table 3: Horizontal Collectivism

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.973			0.045 [0.035, 0.054]
2	long_metric			0.969	-0.004	-0.009	0.045 [0.036, 0.054]
3	long_strong			0.962	-0.008	-0.019	0.048 [0.040, 0.056]
4	long_strict			0.960	-0.002	-0.004	0.046 [0.038, 0.054]
5	baseline			0.951	-0.009	-0.022	0.048 [0.041, 0.056]
6	metric			0.947	-0.004	-0.010	0.050 [0.043, 0.057]
7	strong			0.935	-0.012	-0.029	0.055 [0.048, 0.061]
8	strict			0.928	-0.007	-0.016	0.057 [0.050, 0.063]

Problematic: Neither CFI nor AIC support strict invariance. Constraints from metric to strong invariance (intercepts) may be an issue.

Table 4: Horizontal Individualism

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.942			0.053 [0.044, 0.061]
2	long_metric			0.944	0.001	0.002	0.049 [0.041, 0.058]
3	long_strong			0.941	-0.003	-0.005	0.048 [0.039, 0.056]
4	long_strict			0.935	-0.005	-0.009	0.047 [0.039, 0.055]
5	baseline			0.924	-0.011	-0.018	0.048 [0.041, 0.056]
6	metric			0.922	-0.002	-0.003	0.048 [0.041, 0.055]
7	strong			0.917	-0.005	-0.008	0.049 [0.042, 0.056]
8	strict			0.916	-0.001	-0.001	0.049 [0.042, 0.056]

Invariant.

Table 5: Mature Values Index

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.599			0.090 [0.088, 0.091]
2	long_metric			0.597	-0.002	-0.000	0.089 [0.087, 0.090]
3	long_strong			0.596	-0.002	-0.000	0.088 [0.087, 0.089]
4	long_strict			0.593	-0.002	-0.000	0.087 [0.086, 0.089]

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
5	baseline			0.588	-0.006	-0.000	0.087 [0.085, 0.088]
6	metric			0.587	-0.001	-0.000	0.087 [0.085, 0.088]
7	strong			0.582	-0.005	-0.000	0.087 [0.086, 0.088]
8	strict			0.579	-0.003	-0.000	0.087 [0.086, 0.088]

Likely invariant: Change in CFI and BIC suggest invariance, though AIC does not favor constraints beyond metric invariance.

Table 6: Unmitigated Self-Interest

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained						NA [NA, NA]
2	long_metric			0.876			0.065 [0.061, 0.070]
3	long_strong			0.872	-0.004	-0.008	0.064 [0.060, 0.069]
4	long_strict			0.868	-0.004	-0.010	0.063 [0.058, 0.067]
5	baseline			0.862	-0.006	-0.013	0.062 [0.058, 0.066]
6	metric			0.860	-0.002	-0.005	0.062 [0.058, 0.066]
7	strong			0.853	-0.008	-0.017	0.063 [0.059, 0.067]
8	strict			0.846	-0.007	-0.015	0.064 [0.060, 0.068]

Possibly invariant: At each step, change in CFI suggests invariance, but baseline to strict change is greater than the recommended cutoff. Change in BIC suggests invariance, though AIC does not favor constraints beyond metric invariance.

Table 7: Vertical Collectivism

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.988			0.029 [0.014, 0.041]
2	long_metric			0.991	0.002	0.006	0.025 [0.003, 0.037]
3	long_strong			0.990	-0.000	-0.001	0.024 [0.000, 0.035]
4	long_strict			0.988	-0.003	-0.007	0.025 [0.009, 0.036]
5	baseline			0.978	-0.010	-0.025	0.032 [0.022, 0.041]
6	metric			0.973	-0.005	-0.012	0.035 [0.025, 0.043]
7	strong			0.963	-0.010	-0.025	0.040 [0.032, 0.048]
8	strict			0.961	-0.002	-0.006	0.041 [0.033, 0.049]

Possibly invariant: At each step, change in CFI suggests invariance, but baseline to strict change is greater than the recommended cutoff. Change in BIC suggests invariance, though AIC does not favor constraints except from strong to strict.

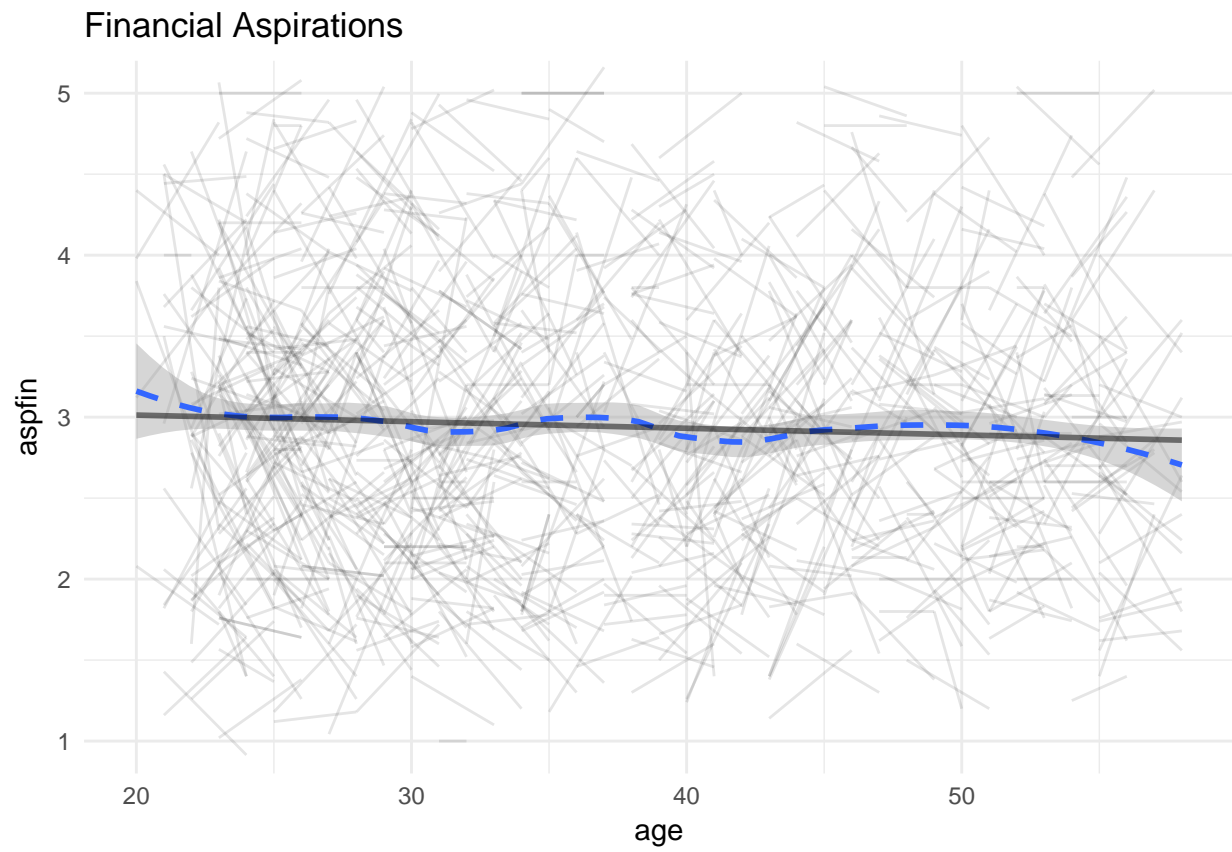
Table 8: Vertical Individualism

	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
1	unconstrained			0.989			0.027 [0.009, 0.039]
2	long_metric			0.989	-0.000	-0.000	0.026 [0.007, 0.037]
3	long_strong			0.990	0.001	0.002	0.024 [0.000, 0.035]
4	long_strict			0.988	-0.002	-0.004	0.024 [0.006, 0.035]
5	baseline			0.978	-0.010	-0.025	0.031 [0.020, 0.040]
6	metric			0.977	-0.002	-0.004	0.032 [0.021, 0.041]

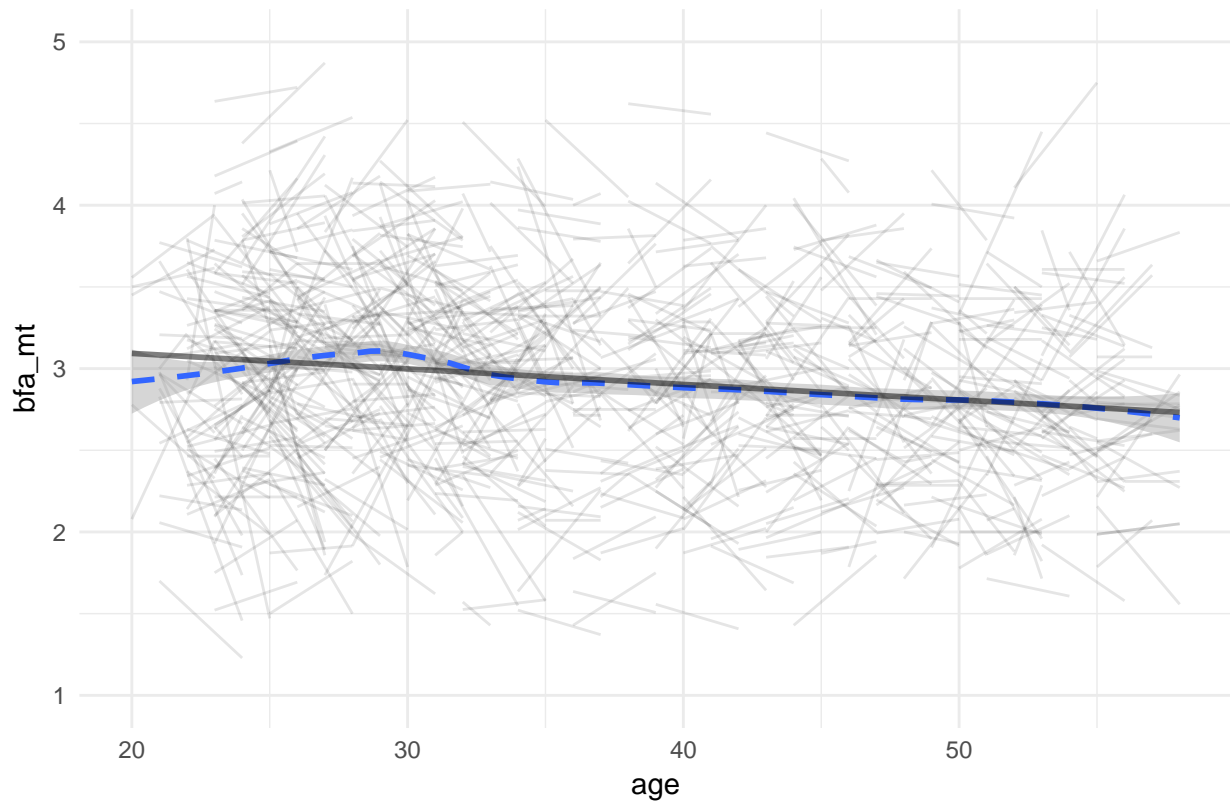
	Type	ΔAIC	ΔBIC	CFI	ΔCFI	ΔMFI	RMSEA
7	strong			0.965	-0.011	-0.027	0.038 [0.030, 0.046]
8	strict			0.965	-0.000	-0.001	0.038 [0.029, 0.046]

Possibly problematic: change in CFI rejects invariance between metric and strong, and between baseline and strict, which agrees with change in AIC. Change in BIC suggests invariance.

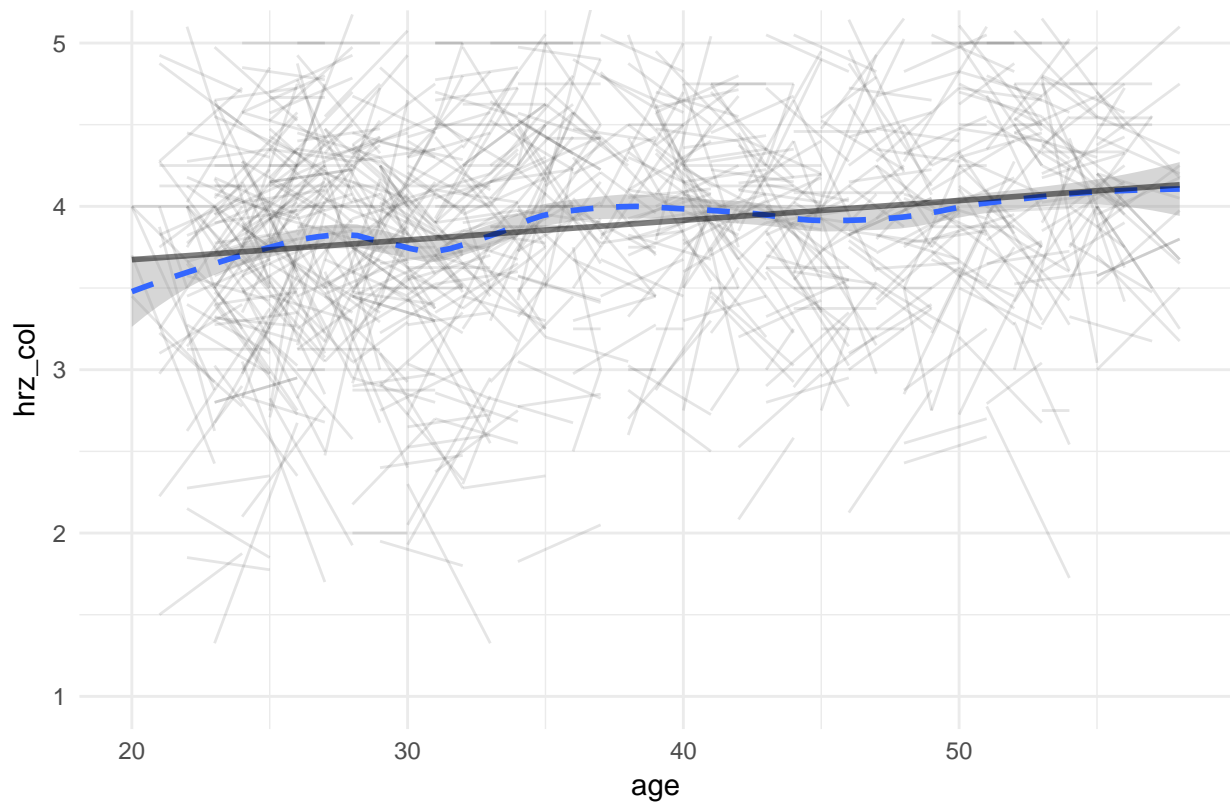
LOESS Plots



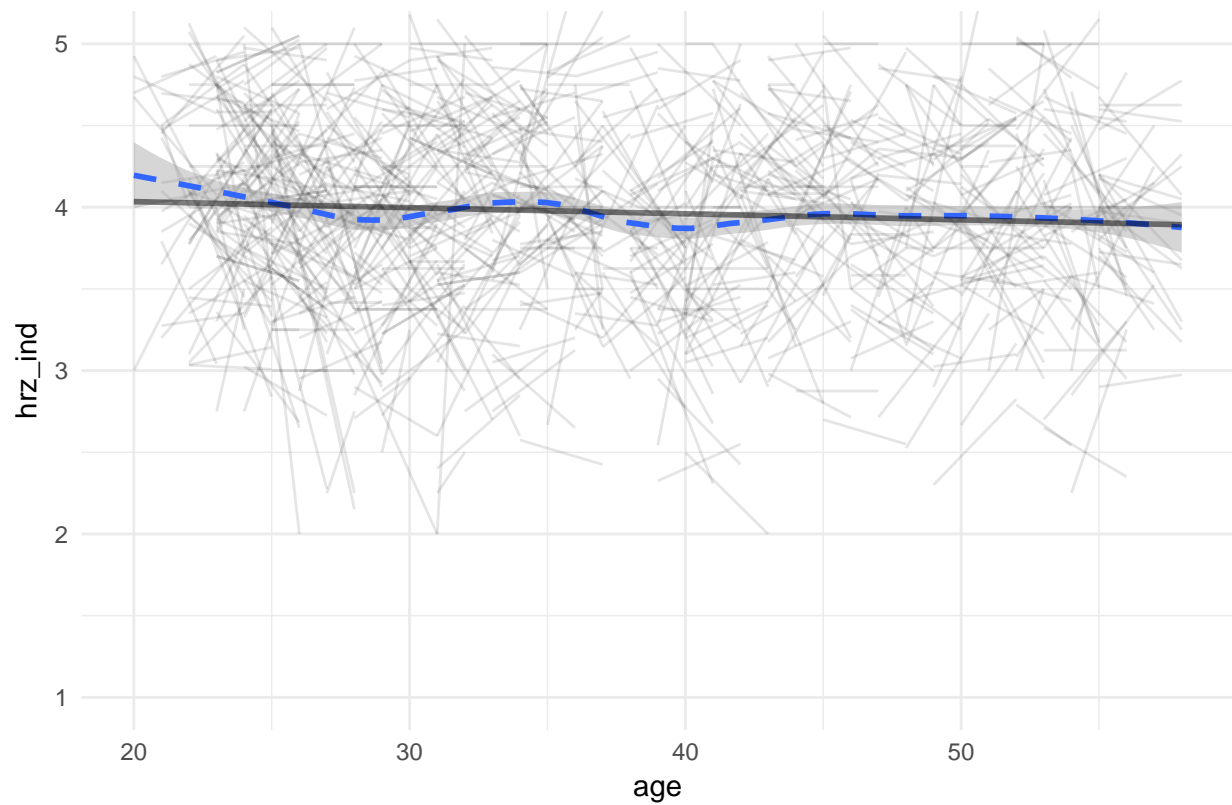
Materialism



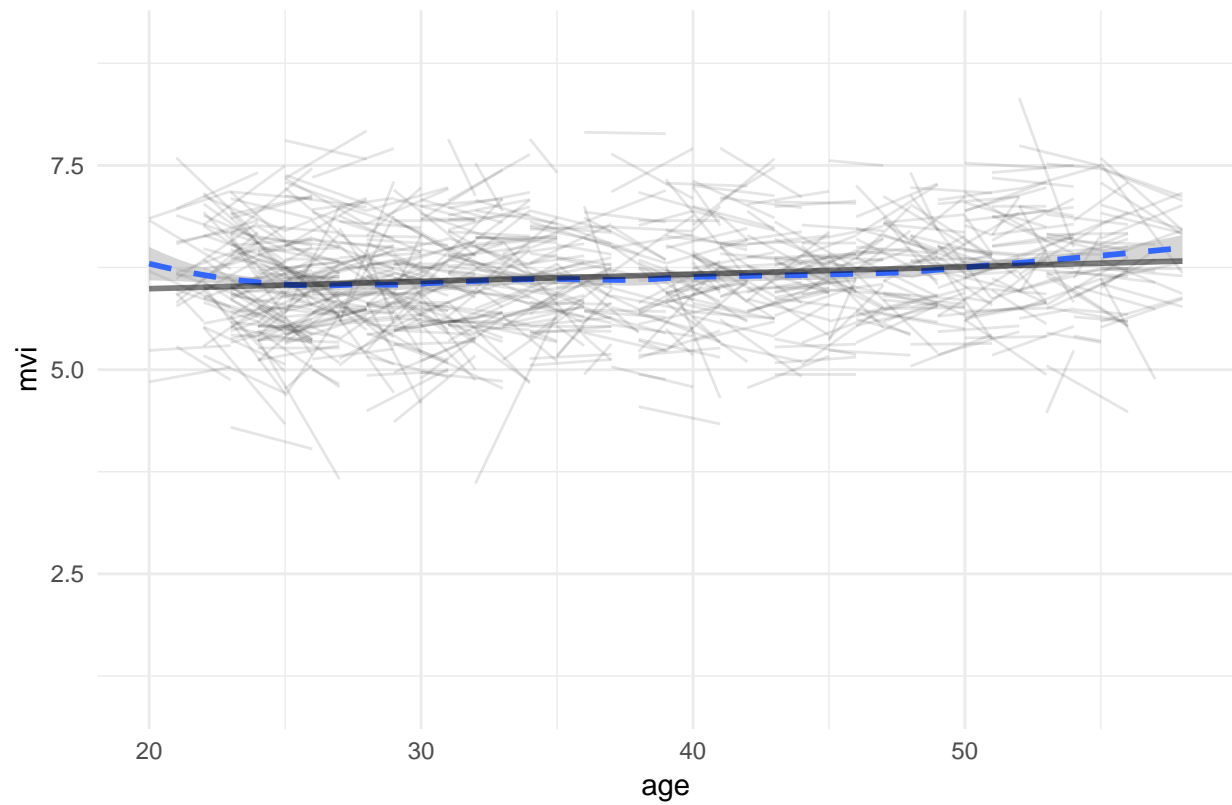
Horizontal Collectivism



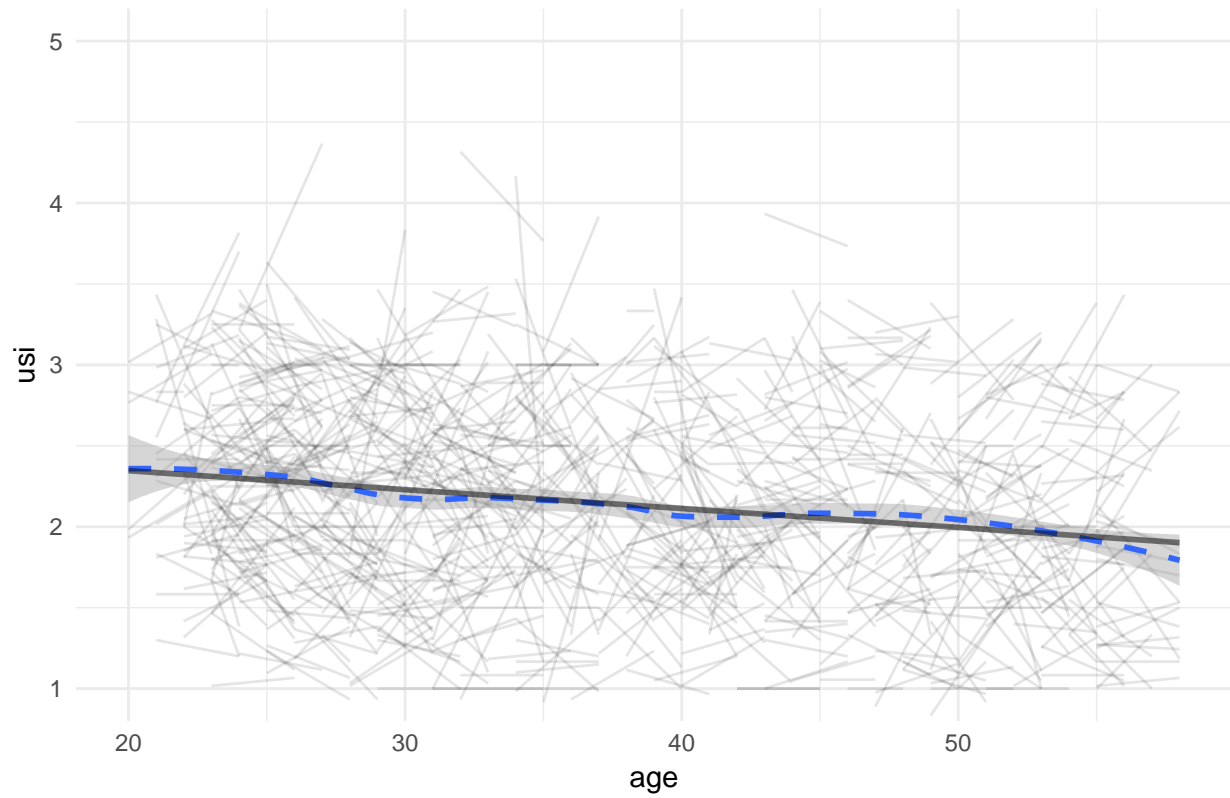
Horizontal Individualism



Mature Values Index



Unmitigated Self-Interest



Vertical Collectivism

