

Crop Rotation Documentation

José Fortuny

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Synopsis

The Crop Rotation model attempts to allocate crops to fields such that the consumption needs of the user are satisfied while adhering to a set of constraints, described below.

Elements of the model

There are some basic components of the model that are required for the model to exist. These are:

- A **Farm**, which is a collection of Fields
- **Fields** in the farm. A field is defined, in this model, as the unit of land that will be planted, as a whole, with a single crop. Thus it is the minimal, indivisible, planting unit. The fields can be used in the determination of the rotation or can be set aside. The fields have a *measure*, which is under user control and there is an amount of that *measure* in each field. In a vegetable crop setting, the measure will likely be *length* of row (feet or meters of beds or rows, depending on setup); in a farm crop setting, the measure will likely be *surface* of each field (acres or hectares in each field).

Importing Farm Data

The model accepts its data from an Excel spreadsheet with tab names that identify the elements of the model and tab columns that identify the attributes of the element. Both tab names and column structure must adhere to the standard format that follows. Three tabs are required in the model:

- Farmland
- Crops
- Demand

The spreadsheet must have at least three tabs renamed with the labels listed; without them the data import will fail.

Farmland

The **Farmland** tab identifies the **Fields** in the **Farm** by name, their *Measure* and how much land is *Available*, and whether or not they should be *Included* in the rotation.

R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

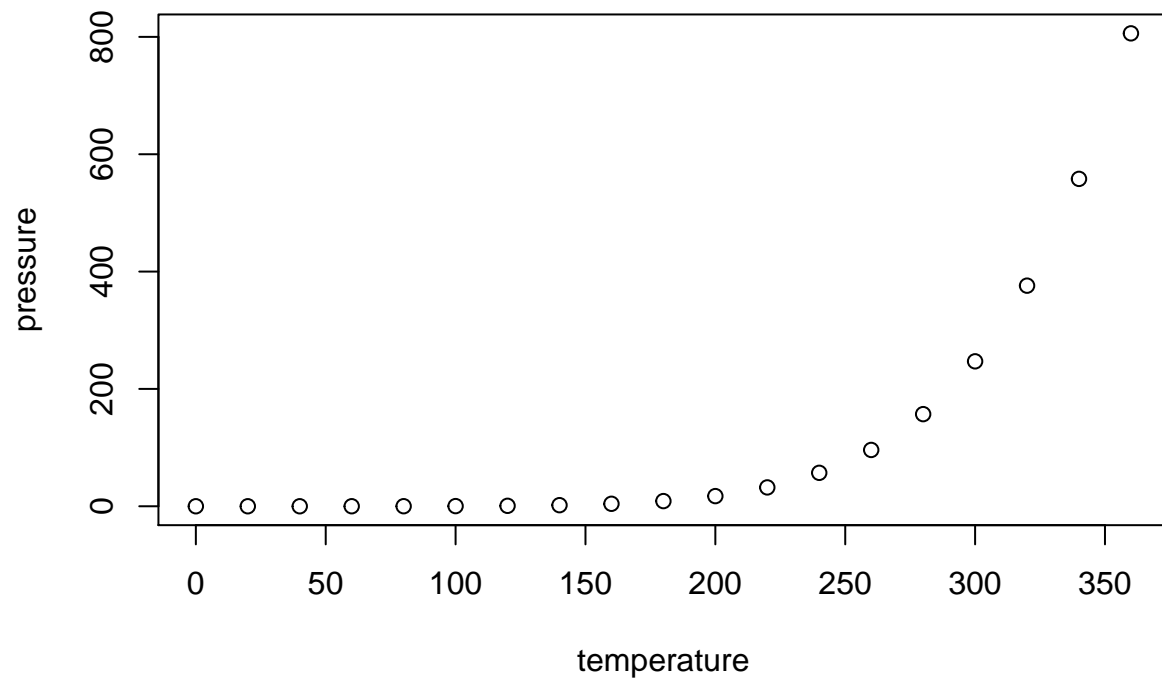
When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
summary(cars)
```

```
##      speed      dist
## Min.   : 4.0    Min.   :  2.00
## 1st Qu.:12.0    1st Qu.: 26.00
## Median :15.0    Median : 36.00
## Mean   :15.4    Mean   : 42.98
## 3rd Qu.:19.0    3rd Qu.: 56.00
## Max.   :25.0    Max.   :120.00
```

Including Plots

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.