

Practical Data Science: Reducing High Dimensional Data in R

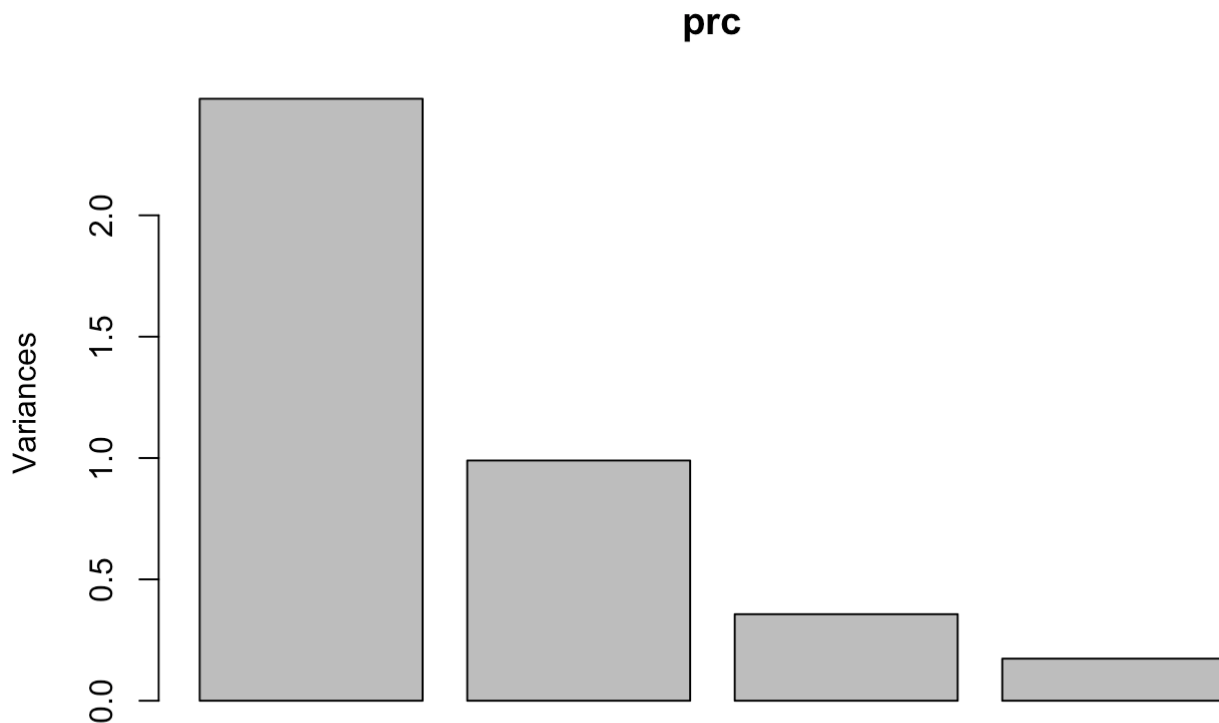
Let's start with `prcomp` (<https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/stats/html/prcomp.html>) and the example listed at the bottom of the page. (**Note:** the examples use the `USArrests` data set that is included in the `stats` package so you don't have to download anything)

```
require(graphics)

# run prcomp on data set but scale all data first
prc <- prcomp(USArrests, scale = TRUE)
summary(prc)
```

```
## Importance of components:
##               PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4
## Standard deviation  1.5749 0.9949 0.59713 0.41645
## Proportion of Variance 0.6201 0.2474 0.08914 0.04336
## Cumulative Proportion 0.6201 0.8675 0.95664 1.00000
```

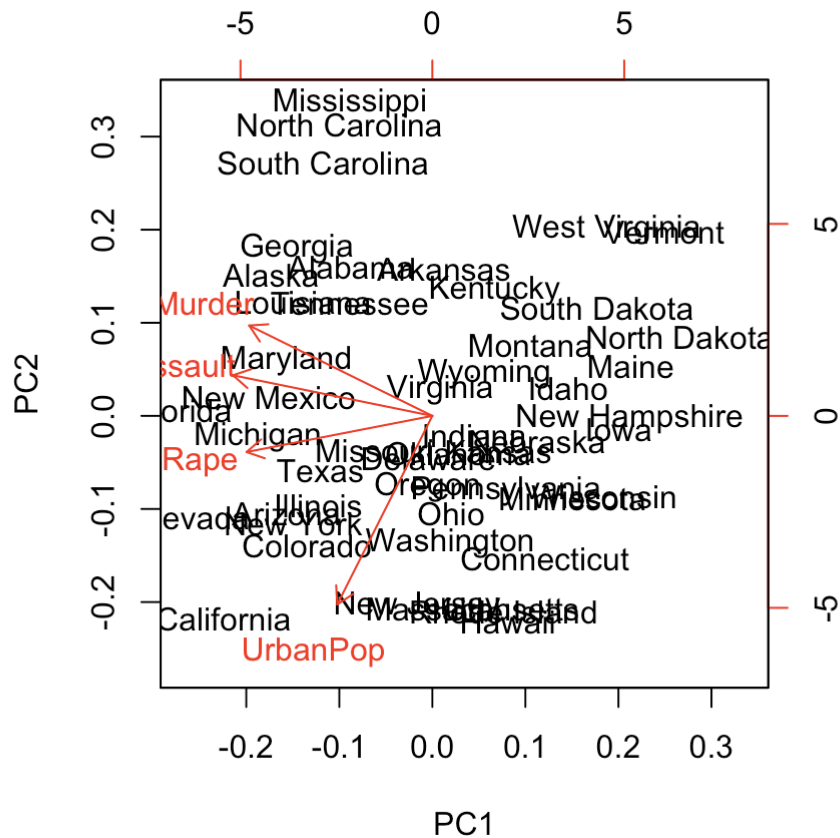
```
screepplot(prc)
```



```
# square the sdev to get the eigen value of each component
prc$sdev ^ 2 #
```

```
## [1] 2.4802416 0.9897652 0.3565632 0.1734301
```

```
# plot first two pcas along with feature correlations
biplot(prc)
```



```
# look at data
USArrests[order(USArrests$UrbanPop,decreasing=TRUE),]
```

##	Murder	Assault	UrbanPop	Rape
## California	9.0	276	91	40.6
## New Jersey	7.4	159	89	18.8
## Rhode Island	3.4	174	87	8.3
## New York	11.1	254	86	26.1
## Massachusetts	4.4	149	85	16.3
## Hawaii	5.3	46	83	20.2
## Illinois	10.4	249	83	24.0
## Nevada	12.2	252	81	46.0
## Arizona	8.1	294	80	31.0
## Florida	15.4	335	80	31.9
## Texas	12.7	201	80	25.5
## Utah	3.2	120	80	22.9
## Colorado	7.9	204	78	38.7
## Connecticut	3.3	110	77	11.1
## Ohio	7.3	120	75	21.4
## Michigan	12.1	255	74	35.1
## Washington	4.0	145	73	26.2
## Delaware	5.9	238	72	15.8
## Pennsylvania	6.3	106	72	14.9
## Missouri	9.0	178	70	28.2
## New Mexico	11.4	285	70	32.1
## Oklahoma	6.6	151	68	20.0
## Maryland	11.3	300	67	27.8
## Oregon	4.9	159	67	29.3
## Kansas	6.0	115	66	18.0
## Louisiana	15.4	249	66	22.2
## Minnesota	2.7	72	66	14.9
## Wisconsin	2.6	53	66	10.8
## Indiana	7.2	113	65	21.0
## Virginia	8.5	156	63	20.7
## Nebraska	4.3	102	62	16.5
## Georgia	17.4	211	60	25.8
## Wyoming	6.8	161	60	15.6
## Tennessee	13.2	188	59	26.9
## Alabama	13.2	236	58	21.2
## Iowa	2.2	56	57	11.3
## New Hampshire	2.1	57	56	9.5
## Idaho	2.6	120	54	14.2
## Montana	6.0	109	53	16.4
## Kentucky	9.7	109	52	16.3
## Maine	2.1	83	51	7.8
## Arkansas	8.8	190	50	19.5
## Alaska	10.0	263	48	44.5
## South Carolina	14.4	279	48	22.5
## North Carolina	13.0	337	45	16.1
## South Dakota	3.8	86	45	12.8
## Mississippi	16.1	259	44	17.1
## North Dakota	0.8	45	44	7.3
## West Virginia	5.7	81	39	9.3
## Vermont	2.2	48	32	11.2

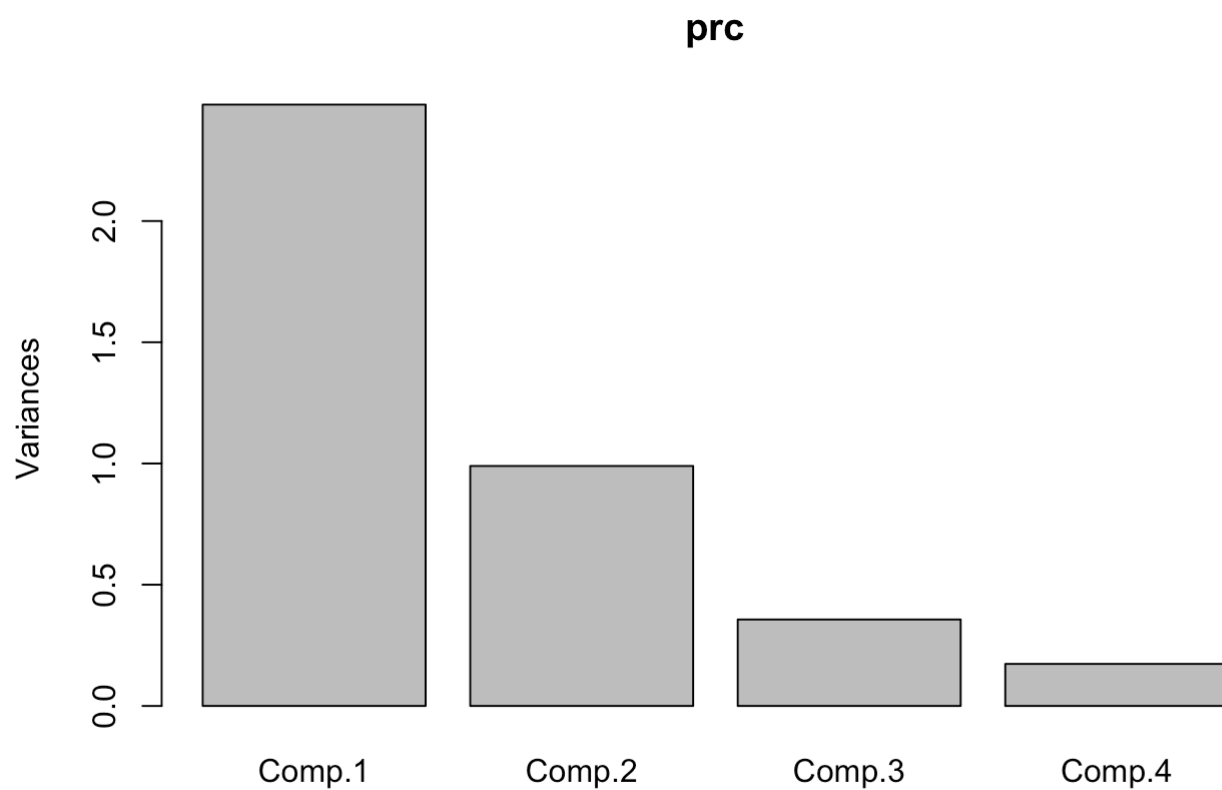
Let's take a look at example listed in princomp (<https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/stats/html/princomp.html>):

```
require(graphics)
```

```
prc <- princomp(USArrests, cor = TRUE, scale=TRUE)
```

```
## Warning: In princomp.default(USArrests, cor = TRUE, scale = TRUE) :  
## extra argument 'scale' will be disregarded
```

```
plot(prc) # shows a screeplot.
```



```
biplot(prc)
```

