

Grupo Simétrico

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MAT-UnB

Exercício

Considere o grupo S_4 .

(a) Determine elementos $f, g \in S_4$ tais que

$$\Rightarrow (f \circ g)^4 \neq f^4 \circ g^4$$

$$f^4 = \underbrace{f \circ f \circ f \circ f}$$

(b) Para o elemento

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

encontre o menor $l \geq 0$ tal que $\sigma^l = 1$ onde

$$1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma^l = \underbrace{\sigma \circ \sigma \circ \sigma \dots}_l$$

$S_4 = \{ f: A \rightarrow A \mid f \text{ é BIEÇÃO} \}$

$\in \underline{A} = \{ \underline{1, 2, 3, 4} \}$

(S_4, \circ) é um GRUPO

SOLUÇÃO: a) $\text{Tom } \bar{E}$

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in S_4$$

$$g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \in \bar{S}_4$$

$$\begin{cases} (f \circ g)(\underline{1}) = f(g(\underline{1})) = f(\underline{2}) = 3 \\ (f \circ g)(\underline{2}) = f(g(\underline{2})) = f(\underline{4}) = \underline{1} \end{cases}$$

ASSIM

$$\underline{f \circ g} = \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{1} & \underline{2} & \underline{3} & \underline{4} \\ \textcircled{2} & \textcircled{3} & \textcircled{4} & \textcircled{1} \end{array} \right) \circ \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} & \textcircled{3} & \textcircled{4} \\ 2 & 4 & \underline{1} & 3 \end{array} \right)$$

$$= \left(\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \underline{3} & \underline{1} & 2 & 4 \end{array} \right) = h$$

AGONA

$$(f \circ g)^4 = h^4 = h \circ h \circ h \circ h$$

DA,

$$h \circ h = \left(\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \textcircled{3} & \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} & \textcircled{4} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} & \textcircled{3} & 4 \\ \textcircled{3} & \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{2} & \textcircled{4} \end{array} \right) =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{h^2}$$

$$h^2 \circ h = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = h^3 = \text{Id} = 1$$

Assim

$$h^4 = h^3 \circ h = 1 \circ h = h$$

$$\boxed{h^4 = h}$$

AGONA

$$f^4 = f \circ f \circ f \circ f ; g^4 = g \circ g \circ g \circ g$$

ASSim

$$f \circ f = \left(\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right) \circ \left(\begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right) =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = f^2$$

$$f^2 \circ f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \rightarrow 2 & 2 \rightarrow 3 & 3 \rightarrow 4 & 4 \rightarrow 1 \\ 3 \rightarrow 4 & 4 \rightarrow 1 & 1 \rightarrow 2 & 2 \rightarrow 3 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \rightarrow 2 & 2 \rightarrow 3 & 3 \rightarrow 4 & 4 \rightarrow 1 \\ 2 \rightarrow 3 & 3 \rightarrow 4 & 4 \rightarrow 1 & 1 \rightarrow 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = f^3$$

$$f^3 \circ f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = 1 = \text{Id}.$$

$$f^4 = \text{Id}$$

$$g \circ g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = g^2$$

$$g^2 \circ g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = g^3$$

$$g^3 \circ g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = 1 = Id$$

$$g^4 = \text{Id}$$

POTI ANTO

$$(f \circ g)^4 = h^4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \neq$$

↑

$$\overset{\text{Id}}{f^4} \overset{\text{Id}}{g^4} = \text{Id}$$

b) Primeiro NOTE QUE $\sigma^2 \neq 1$,
Logo $l > 1$.

$$\sigma^{\boxed{2}} = \sigma \circ \sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = 1 = \text{Id}.$$

LOGO $l=2$ E' TAL QVE

$$\sigma^2 = 1. \quad \#$$