

What is Statistics?

Statistics is the science of learning from data. It enables us to understand patterns and make decisions based on data analysis.

For example, by examining the variability in A-Level mathematics results between summer 2020 and summer 2021, we can gain insights into how the pandemic might have affected student performance and assessment methods. This understanding can then inform educational strategies and policies.

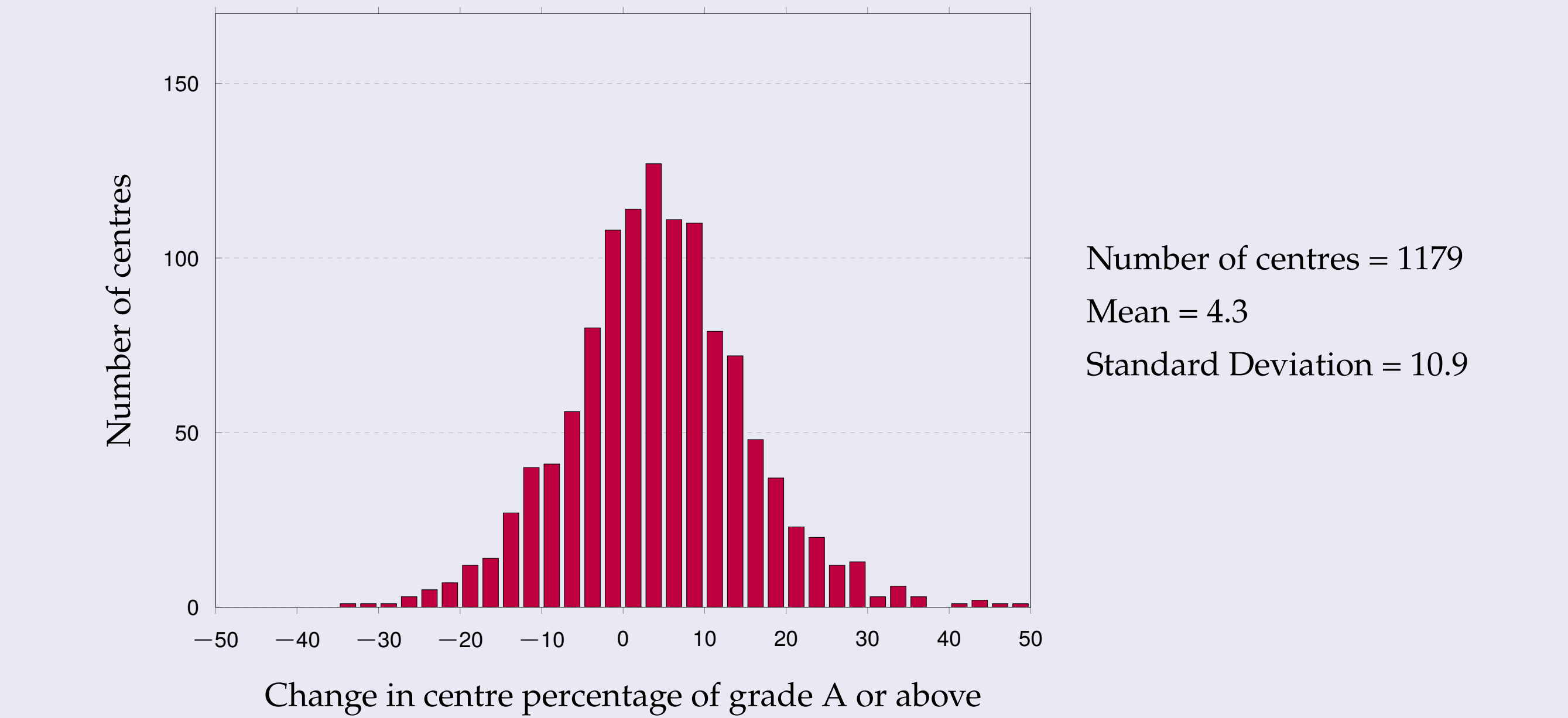


Figure: Variability in A-Level mathematics results – summer 2020 vs. summer 2021.

Data source: UK Government’s Department for Education

Engaging Advanced Concepts



Descriptive Statistics & Inferential Statistics: Think of statistics as storytelling. Descriptive statistics outline the story - the heroes and their journey. Inferential statistics predict the next twist, based on the story so far.



Error Propagation: Like a game of telephone, small errors in measurements can grow when combined. Understanding this helps us make decisions with the most accurate information.



Model Fitting and Confidence: Like tailoring a suit, we adjust our models to fit our data. Confidence tells us how sure we can be about our predictions.

Statistics: Unlocking the Power of Data

Group 9

Target audiences: A-Level students

The Fascinating World of Statistics: Why It Matters & How It’s Used

Statistics is more than just numbers and graphs. It’s the backbone of decision-making in our daily lives, science, and business.

Here’s how statistics lights up the path in various fields, making the complex simple and the uncertain clear:



In Economics: Ever wondered how stock markets predict future trends? Statistics! By analyzing past data, statisticians can forecast market movements, helping investors make informed decisions.



In Environmental Science: How do we know if the air quality is getting worse or better? Through statistics, scientists track pollution levels over time, providing us with information to protect our planet.



In Social Media Analysis: Ever noticed how some posts get more likes or shares than others? That’s statistics at work! By analyzing data on user engagement (like clicks, shares, and time spent on posts), content creators can optimize their posts to reach a wider audience.

A World Without Statistics



Population Overload
Without statistics, we can’t analyze or predict population trends, risking unsustainable growth.



Inflation Out of Control
Without statistics, controlling inflation is a guesswork. Imagine paying £1,000 for fish and chips!

Making Statistics Fun with Data Visualization

Let’s dive into how sports teams, like **Ross Venus**’s ice hockey team, use statistics and data visualization to scout talent and predict game outcomes. By analyzing player performance data over the season, teams can create visual representations to compare players, predict future performance, and make strategic decisions.

It’s not just about the goals. It’s about understanding the player’s journey and potential through the lens of data.



Figure: Ross Venus

Photo: Scott Wiggins

Table: Scoring Data for Ross Venus

Season	Team	League	GP	G	A	TP
2006-07	Coventry Blaze U16	England U16	7	0	3	3
2007-08	Coventry Blaze U16	England U16 2	9	9	16	25
2008-09	Coventry Blaze U16	England U16	14	14	16	30
2009-10	Coventry Blaze U16	England U16	15	42	16	58
2021-22	Coventry Blaze	EIHL	54	8	21	29
2022-23	Coventry Blaze	EIHL	53	9	23	32
2023-24	Milton Keynes Lightning	NIHL	36	27	55	82

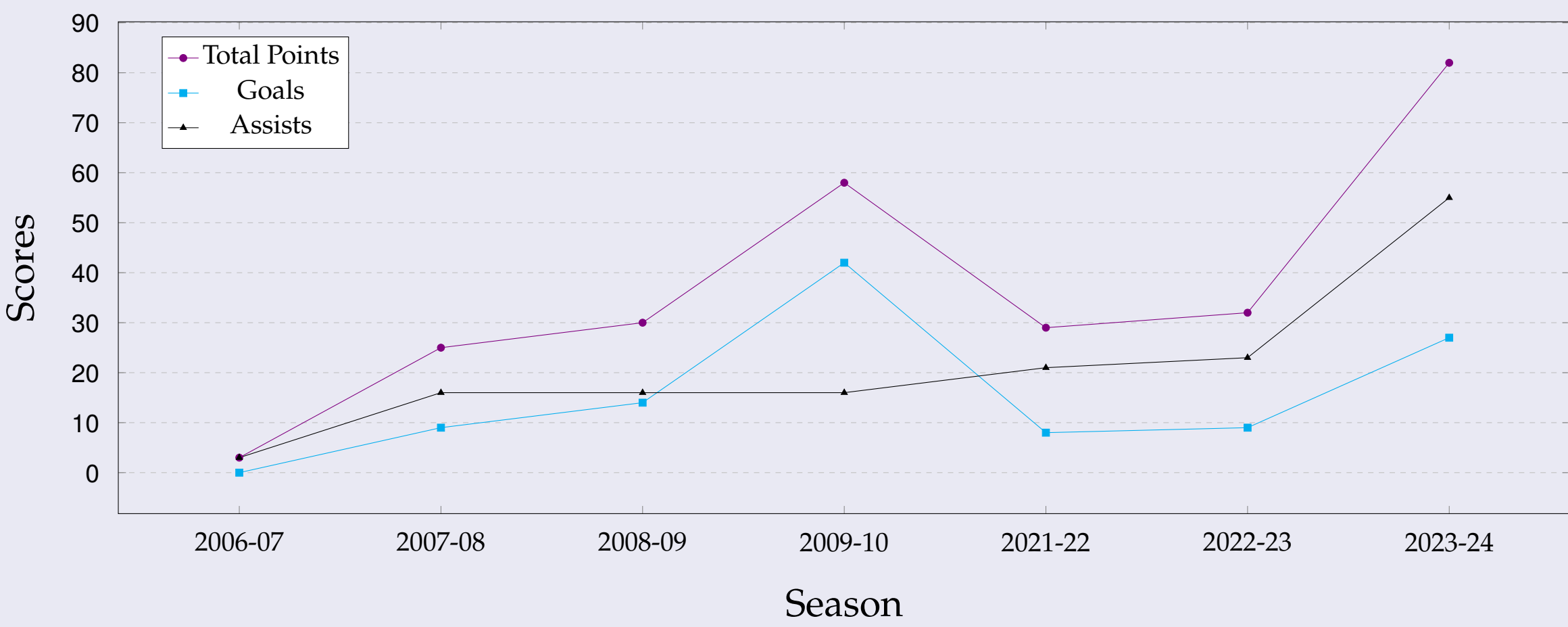
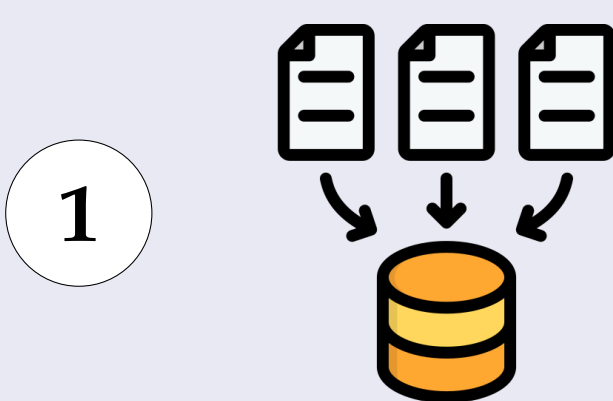


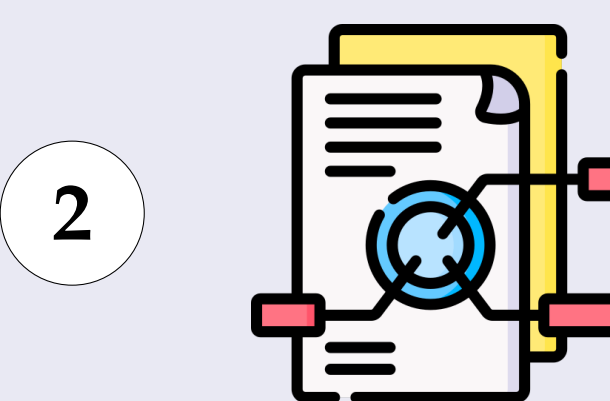
Figure: Scoring Trends of Ross Venus Across Different Seasons

Data source: Elite Prospects

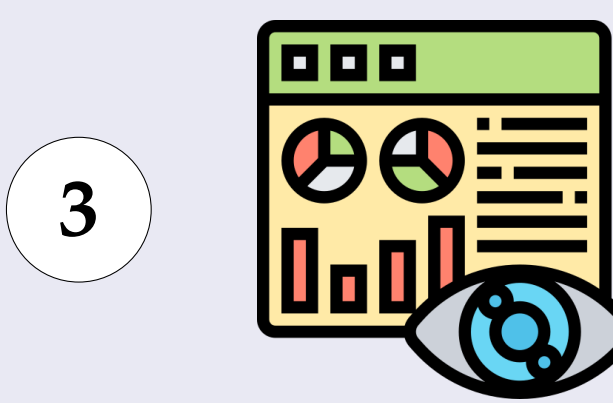
Data Visualization Journey



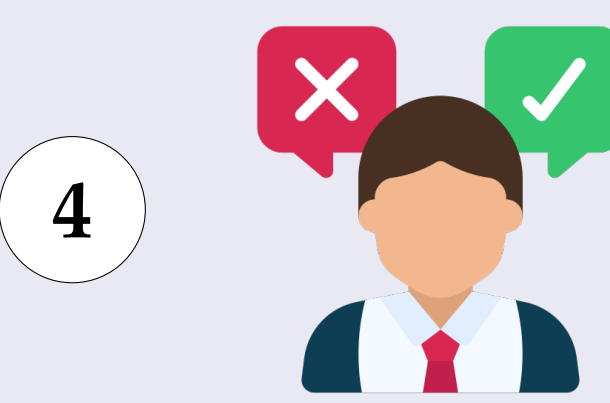
Collecting Data
Gathering performance metrics



Analysis
Identifying trends and patterns



Visualization
Creating visual representations



Decision Making
Informing strategic decisions