



2019  
**swampUP**

# TROUBLESHOOTING & MONITORING ARTIFACTORY

**Elad Hirsch - <https://www.linkedin.com/in/eladhirsch/>**  
Devops Consultant



# slack Setup for Course Collaboration



- Check your email for an invitation to join a Slack workspace
- Click on the ‘Join Now’ icon
- Verify your name
- Create a password and click ‘Create Account’
- Agree to the ‘Slack Terms of Service’
- Workspace URL: [swampup.slack.com](https://swampup.slack.com)



**Join swampUP on Slack**

Gal Marder ([galm@jfrog.com](mailto:galm@jfrog.com)) has invited you to join the Slack workspace **swampUP**. Join now to start collaborating!

[Join Now](#)

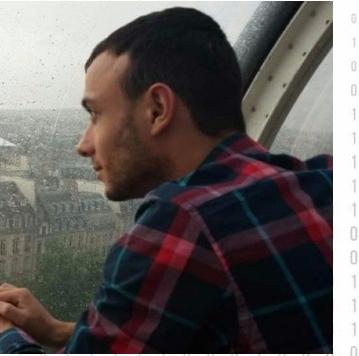
# WHO'S WHO?



**Elad Hirsch**  
DevOps Consultant



**Ariel Seftel** Manager  
High Touch Solutions



**Maxim Yurkovsky**  
Senior Engineer



**Uriah Levy**  
Senior Engineer

# FROGS?



# JFROG IN A NUTSHELL



2008  
Founded



5,000  
Customers



400  
Employees



Clients include  
**70%**  
of the  
Fortune 100



\$230M  
Raised to date



All Hybrid  
From OSS to Multicloud



6 Products  
from Git to K8S



9 locations  
7 countries

## TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP



Forbes  
CLOUD 100 LIST

Deloitte  
Technology Fast  
500

SD Times  
100 Award

# THE FROG PHILOSOPHY

END-TO-END  
PLATFORM

SCALES TO  
INFINITY

RADICALLY  
UNIVERSAL

CONTINUOUS  
SECURITY

HYBRID AND  
MULTI-CLOUD

INTEGRATED  
ECOSYSTEM



# HONORED TO LEAD

## Internet & Software



## Technology & Electronics



## Banking & Finance



## Engineering & Aerospace



## Retail & Consumer



## Education & Research





# JFrog ENTERPRISE+



## MISSION CONTROL & INSIGHT

Analyze and measure the flow



XRAY

VCS & CI

ARTIFACTORY

Clear security and compliance issues

Code & Build

Store and manage your binaries globally

DISTRIBUTION

Distribute to production site

Deploy to production



ACCESS

Manage authentication and authorization globally



ARTIFACTORY  
EDGE



ARTIFACTORY  
EDGE



ARTIFACTORY  
EDGE

# AGENDA

- Introductions
- Setup Environment
- Artifactory Internals
- *Artifactory Logging*
- *High HTTP Request Throuput*
- *Database Connections Exceeded*
- *Help, I've Got 1 GB Disk Left*
- If time permits
  - *JVM Memory Issues*
  - *Monitoring REST API*



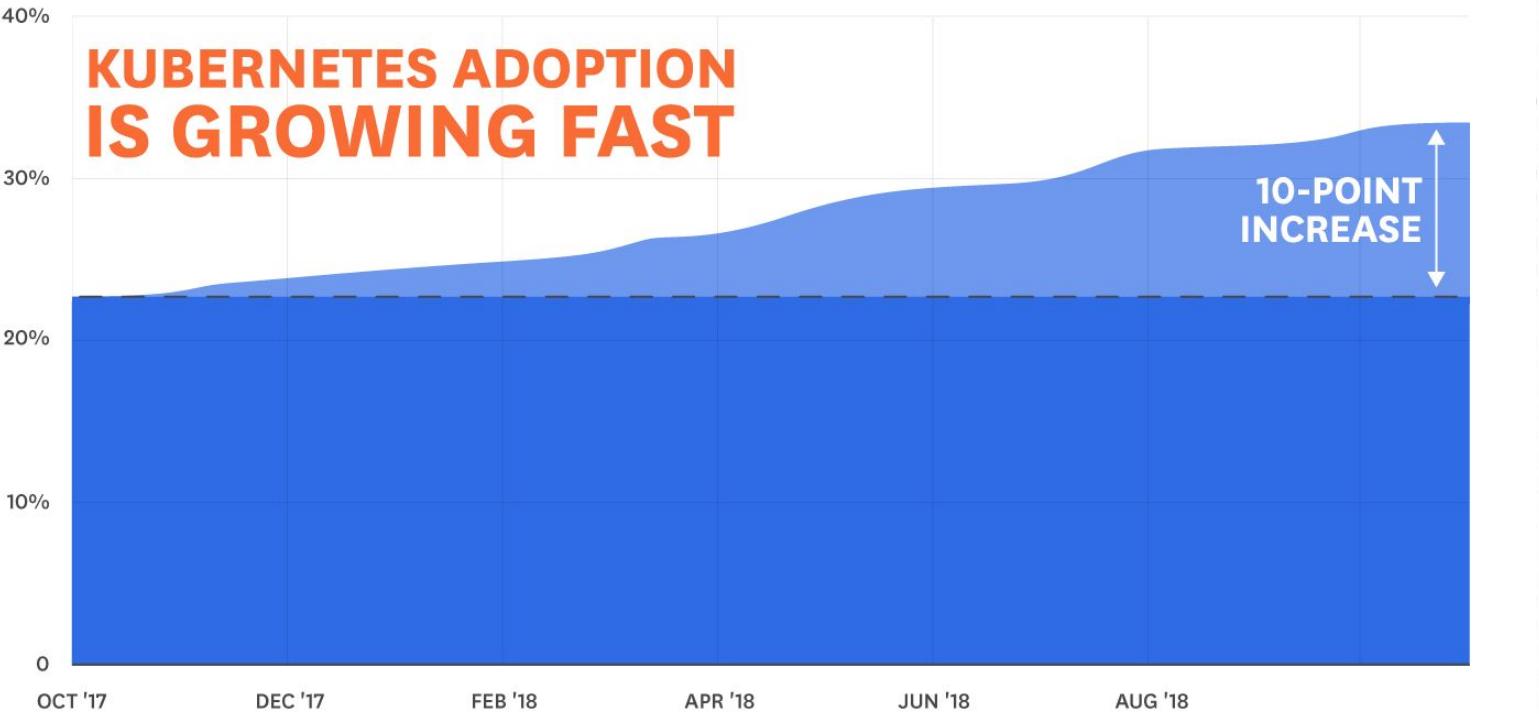
# INTRODUCE YOURSELF

Short introduction - Name, Company, Role



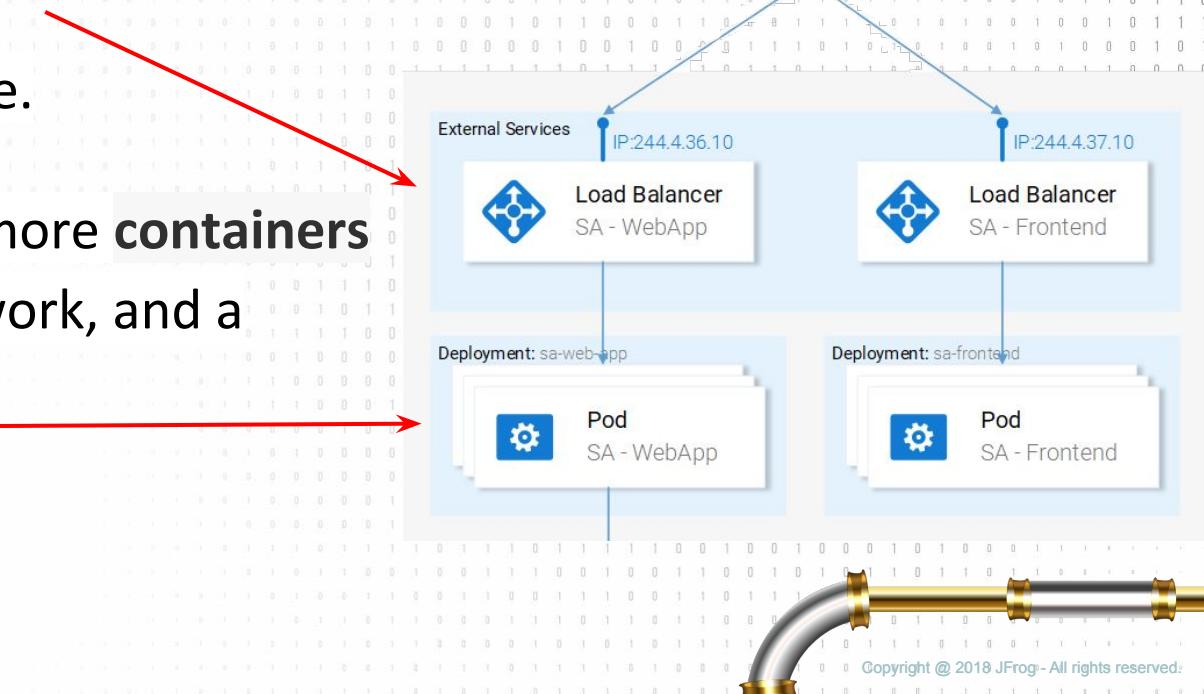
# SOME BACKGROUND lecture time





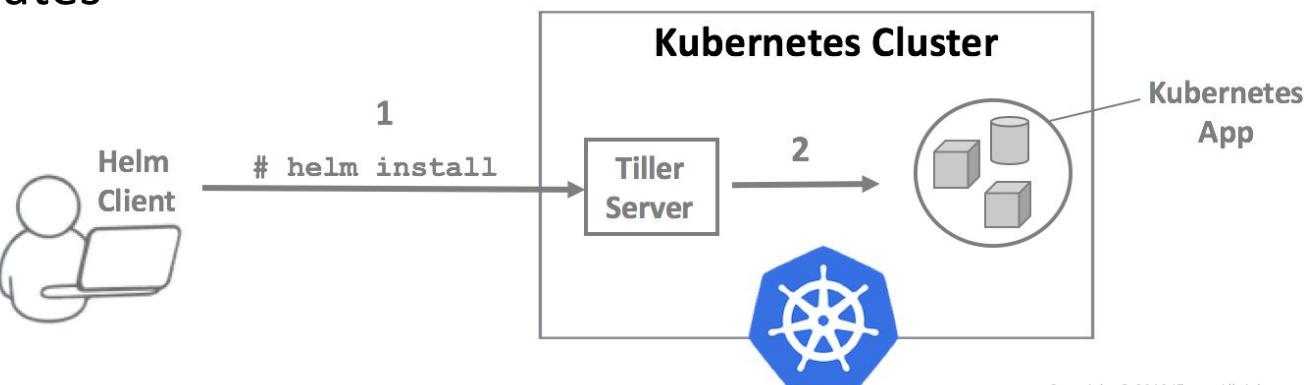
# K8S BASIC INTRODUCTION

- **Service** is an abstraction which defines a logical set of **Pods** and a policy by which to access them.  
Also called a micro-service.
- **Pod** is a group of one or more **containers** with shared storage/network, and a specification for how to run the containers.

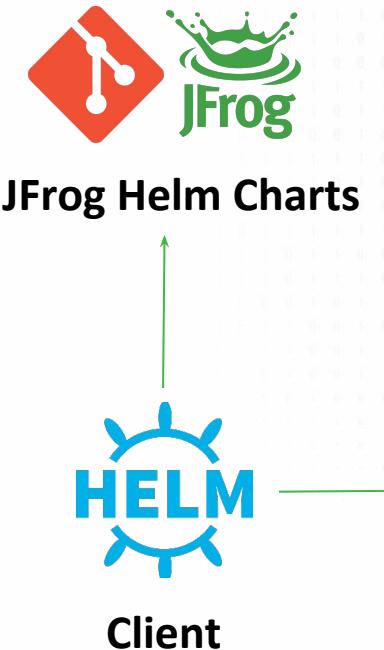


# WHAT'S HELM BRING US ?

- The Package Manager for Kubernetes
- CLI (helm) and Server component (tiller)
- Wrapper script (Context, Application lifecycle management)
- Dependency management
- Conventions (filename, folder name)
- Add logic to templates



# UNDERSTANDING THE ENVIRONMENT DETAILS



 GCP K8S Cluster

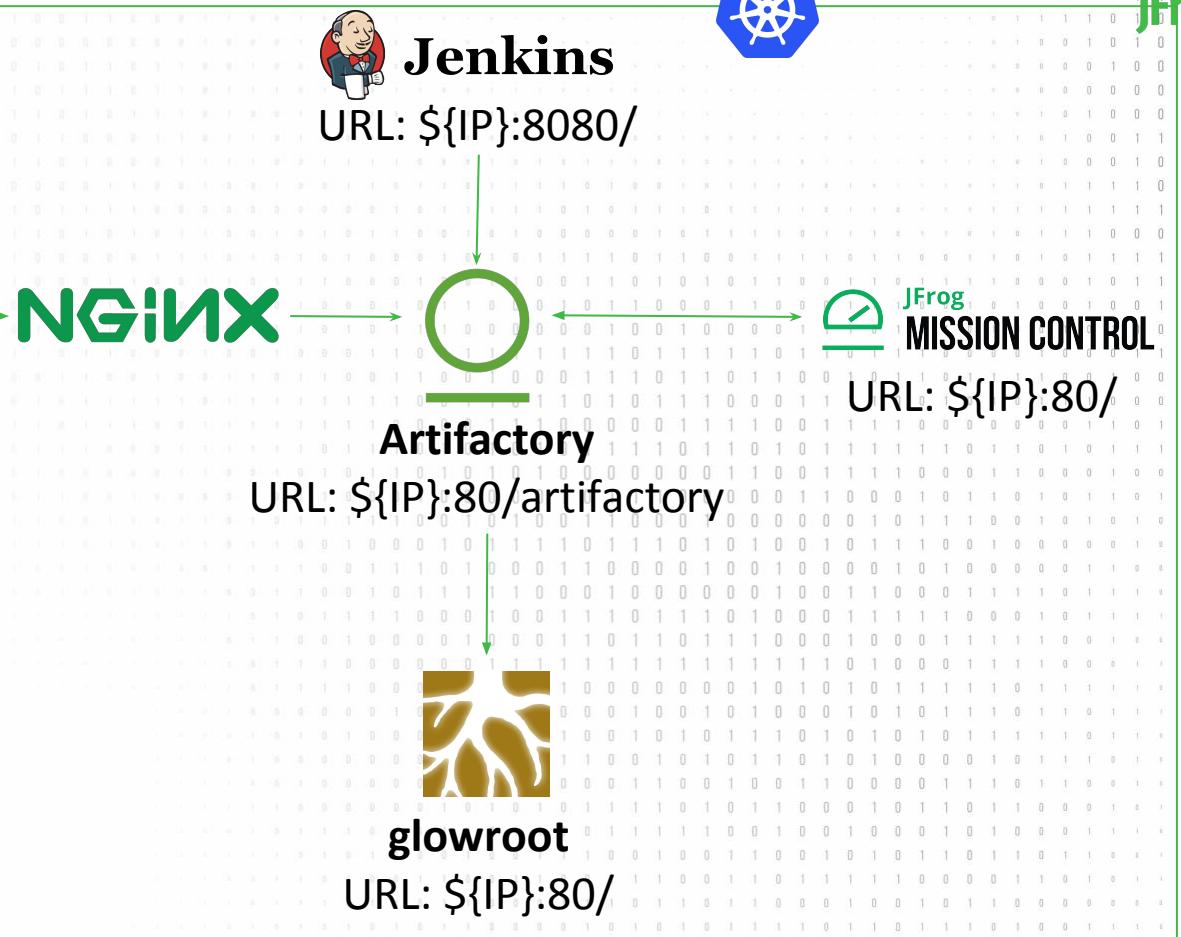
# OUR DEMO SETUP



Client



Dev Server  
SSH: Port 2222



# SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

- Get Demo Env IP - <http://bit.ly/2XffIgf>

type your full name and get IP + cluster name

```
ssh -p 2222 root@x.x.x.x,password - root
```

# CLASS ENVIRONMENT - SERVICES

Run `kubectl get svc`

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
artifactory-apm-cassandra	ClusterIP	10.7.240.223	<none>	9042/TCP,9160/TCP	8m
artifactory-apm-cassandra-headless	ClusterIP	None	<none>	7000/TCP,7001/TCP,7199/TCP,9042/TCP,9160/TCP	8m
artifactory-apm-glowroot	LoadBalancer	10.7.246.62	35.238.159.220	80:30414/TCP,8181:30928/TCP	8m
artifactory-artifactory	ClusterIP	10.7.241.198	<none>	8081/TCP	16m
artifactory-artifactory-nginx	LoadBalancer	10.7.240.3	35.225.251.225	80:30160/TCP,443:31396/TCP	16m
artifactory-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.253.239	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
jenkins-my-bloody-jenkins	LoadBalancer	10.7.243.58	104.197.138.243	8080:31013/TCP,50000:31611/TCP,16022:31813/TCP	10m
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.7.240.1	<none>	443/TCP	18m
mission-control	LoadBalancer	10.7.248.201	104.154.178.170	80:31458/TCP,9300:30907/TCP	16m
mission-control-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.253.226	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
platform-sshd-dev	LoadBalancer	10.7.255.188	35.202.186.82	2222:31267/TCP	16m
sonarqube-server-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.243.200	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
sonarqube-server-sonarqube	LoadBalancer	10.7.251.123	35.232.120.185	9000:30637/TCP	16m

run /resources/init.sh <clusterName>

- Open the url and login
  - User - swampup2019performance@gmail.com
  - Password - zooloo123

```
cluster2-sshd-dev-54bdfdcdd5-9znsc:/resources# ./init.sh perf-workshop
demo-3-cluster
```

You are running on a Google Compute Engine virtual machine.  
It is recommended that you use service accounts for authentication.

You can run:

```
$ gcloud config set account `ACCOUNT`
```

to switch accounts if necessary.

Your credentials may be visible to others with access to this virtual machine. Are you sure you want to authenticate with your personal account?

Do you want to continue (Y/n)? y

Go to the following link in your browser:

```
https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?redirect_uri=urn%3Aietf%3
Awg%3Aoauth%3A2.%03Aoob&prompt=select_account&response_type=code&client
_id=32555940559.apps.googleusercontent.com&scope=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.goog
leapis.com%2Fauth%2Fuserinfo.email+https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fa
uth%2Fcloud-platform+https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fappengin
e.admin+https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fcompute+https%3A%2F%
Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Faccounts.reauth&access_type=offline
```

Enter verification code:

 Sign in with Google



## Choose an account

to continue to [Google Cloud SDK](#)



Elad Hirsch  
eladh@jfrog.com



Elad hirsch  
hirsch.elad@gmail.com



[Use another account](#)

To continue, Google will share your name, email address, language preference, and profile picture with Google Cloud SDK.

English (United States) ▾

Help

Privacy

Terms

# SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

- Run `kubectl get svc:`

- Locate **artifactory-artifactory-nginx** service EXTERNAL-IP (User : admin ,Password : password)
- Locate **jenkins-my-bloody-jenkins** service EXTERNAL-IP, (User : admin ,Password : password) , port: 8080
- Locate **artifactory-apm-glowroot** service EXTERNAL-IP (no user/password needed)



# CLASS ENVIRONMENT - SERVICES

Run `kubectl get svc`

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
artifactory-apm-cassandra	ClusterIP	10.7.240.223	<none>	9042/TCP,9160/TCP	8m
artifactory-apm-cassandra-headless	ClusterIP	None	<none>	7000/TCP,7001/TCP,7199/TCP,9042/TCP,9160/TCP	8m
artifactory-apm-glowroot	LoadBalancer	10.7.246.62	35.238.159.220	80:30414/TCP,8181:30928/TCP	8m
artifactory-artifactory	ClusterIP	10.7.241.198	<none>	8081/TCP	16m
artifactory-artifactory-nginx	LoadBalancer	10.7.240.3	35.225.251.225	80:30160/TCP,443:31396/TCP	16m
artifactory-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.253.239	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
jenkins-my-bloody-jenkins	LoadBalancer	10.7.243.58	104.197.138.243	8080:31013/TCP,50000:31611/TCP,16022:31813/TCP	10m
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.7.240.1	<none>	443/TCP	18m
mission-control	LoadBalancer	10.7.248.201	104.154.178.170	80:31458/TCP,9300:30907/TCP	16m
mission-control-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.253.226	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
platform-sshd-dev	LoadBalancer	10.7.255.188	35.202.186.82	2222:31267/TCP	16m
sonarqube-server-postgresql	ClusterIP	10.7.243.200	<none>	5432/TCP	16m
sonarqube-server-sonarqube	LoadBalancer	10.7.251.123	35.232.120.185	9000:30637/TCP	16m

# CLASS ENVIRONMENT - PODS

Run `kubectl get pods`

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
artifactory-apm-cassandra-0	1/1	Running	0	12m
artifactory-apm-glowroot-78cccd94c4-7bq7d	1/1	Running	3	12m
artifactory-artifactory-0	1/1	Running	0	8m
artifactory-artifactory-nginx-7cc965b947-4qj21	1/1	Running	0	9m
artifactory-postgresql-7497686b49-2hc7h	1/1	Running	0	21m
jenkins-my-bloody-jenkins-67f95fb765-2pjx9	1/1	Running	0	15m
mission-control-0	5/5	Running	0	21m
mission-control-postgresql-6d6b47f775-b5fgw	1/1	Running	0	21m
platform-sshd-dev-7bd8675fb6-hmqq9	1/1	Running	0	21m
sonarqube-server-postgresql-5d76ddcb75-2k558	1/1	Running	0	21m
sonarqube-server-sonarqube-5ccc686887-6jc7q	1/1	Running	2	21m

# COMMON COMMANDS

- View all K8S services/pods

```
kubectl get svc / kubectl get pods
```

- Get logs for artifactory pod

```
kubectl logs -f pod_name --container container_name
```

- SSH to Artifactory pod

```
kubectl exec -ti pod_name -- /bin/bash
```

- Change Artifactory pod

```
helm upgrade chart_name jfrog/artifactory --set  
artifactory.xxxxxxx=value
```

- Install new Artifactory instance

```
helm install --name chart_name jfrog/artifactory
```

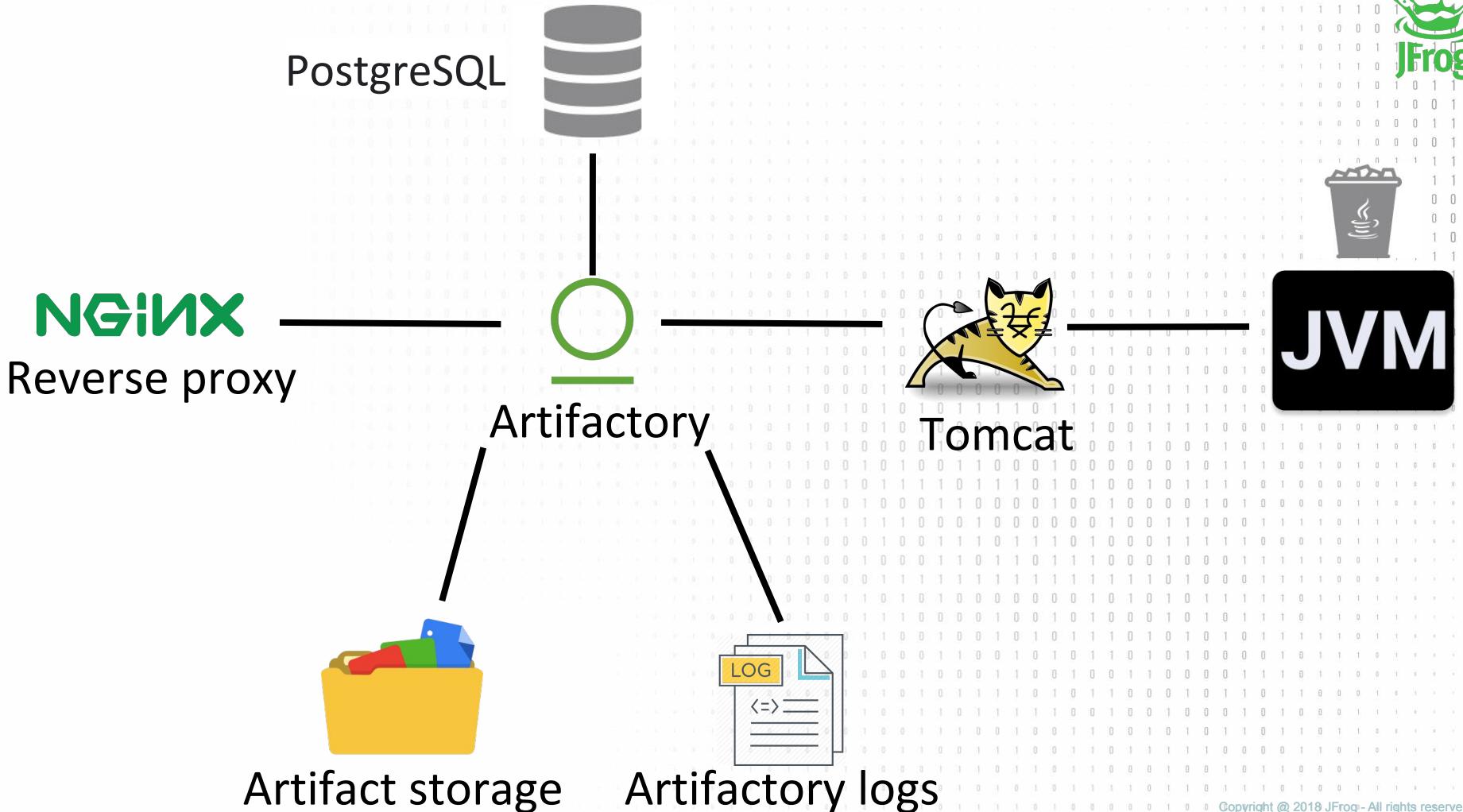
# ARTIFACTORY INTERNALS



# ARTIFACTORY

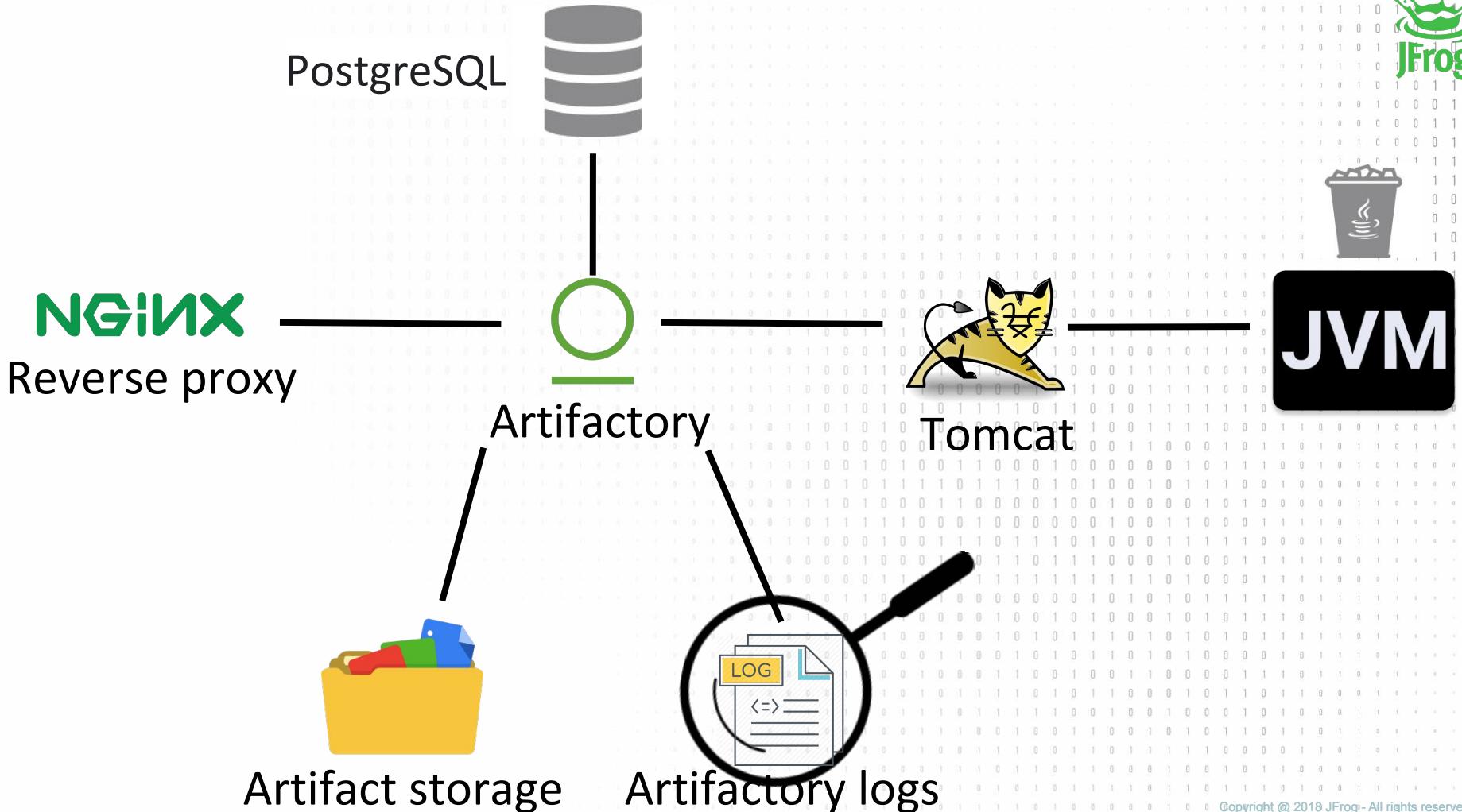
- Stores and Manages your binaries
- Universal
- Scalable
- Fully Automated
- Integrated with all major build tools and CI servers

The screenshot displays the JFrog Artifactory web interface. At the top, a green header bar reads "JFrog Artifactory" and "Artifactory is happily serving 4,186,372 artifacts". Below the header, the "Set Me Up" section shows a list of repositories: bower-repo, docker-virt, gems-virt, libs-release, libs-snapshot, and npm-virt. A green circle highlights the "libs-snapshot" repository. To the right, a sidebar lists "Most Downloaded Artif" with entries like "maven-example #12", "maven-example #5", and "maven-example #10". The main dashboard features sections for "JFrog Binary Distribution", "JFrog Xray", "JFrog CLI", and "Build Integration". A modal window titled "Create Repositories" is open, prompting the user to select package types to create default repositories for. The modal lists various options including Maven, Gradle, Docker, and npm. The bottom of the screen shows navigation links for "User Guide", "Webinar Library", "Stackoverflow", "Blog", and "REST API", along with icons for "JFrog", "Free Starter", "Artifactory", "JFrog CLI", "Build", and "Docker".



Labs details - <http://bit.ly/2XQZ1Vs>



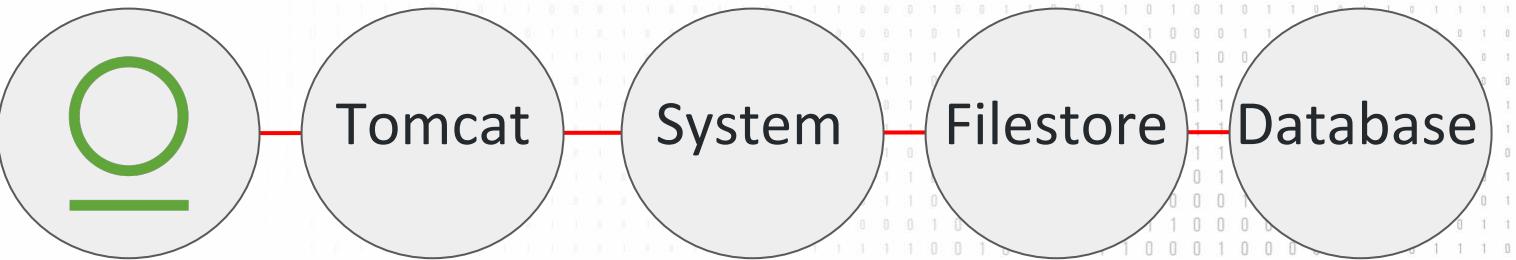


# LOVE YOUR LOGS, IT PAYS OFF!



# EVENT SOURCES

- Logs primary source



- Health & Readiness check available via  
REST API: /api/system/ping

# ARTIFACTORY LOGS: logback.xml

<code>artifactory.log</code>	The main Artifactory log file containing data on Artifactory server activity.
<code>access.log</code>	Access log containing important information about accepted and denied requests, configuration changes and password reset requests. The originating IP address for each event is also recorded.
<code>request.log</code>	Generic http traffic information similar to the Apache HTTPd request log.
<code>request_trace.log</code>	Extended information, including HTTP headers, when requests are made including <code>?trace</code>
<code>import.export.log</code>	Log used for tracking the process of long-running import and export commands.
<code>traffic.log</code>	Traffic log providing information similar to the request log, specifically for replication. Disabled by default. To enable, in the set <code>artifactory.traffic.collectionActive=true</code> in <code>artifactory.system.properties</code>





# LAB1: UPDATING LOGGING LEVELS



# ACCESS

- Bundled with Artifactory and runs as a separate service under the same Tomcat
- Provides a common authentication and authorization infrastructure for all of JFrog products to manage users, groups, permissions and tokens
- Different access services can be federated into a single “circle of trust”
  - Enables synchronization of users, groups and permissions between sites rather than having to define them separately
  - Enables single-sign-on for all JFrog services



# LAB1: UPDATING LOGGING LEVELS

- Send an authenticated request to Artifactory with **bad credentials**, i.e:

```
curl -u admin:wrongPassword
```

```
http://x.x.x.x/artifactory/api/system/ping
```

- Notice the 401, but nothing in the  
**/var/opt/jfrog/artifactory/logs/artifactory.log**
- Let's use the Artifactory HttpClient debug logging
- Find the relevant communication attempt between  
Artifactory<->Access, and Access return **401 response** to Artifactory

# Apache HttpClient - *org.apache.http.wire*

- The wire log is used to log all data transmitted to and from servers when executing HTTP requests.
- Enable HttpClient debug logging:

```
<logger name="org.apache.http.wire">  
  <level value="debug"/>  
</logger>
```

**This log should only be enabled to debug problems, as it will produce an extremely large amount of data**



# LAB2 SETUP: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!





PostgreSQL



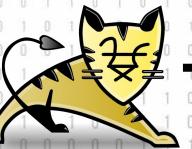
**NGINX**

Reverse proxy

Artifactory



Artifact storage



Tomcat



Artifactory logs

# LAB2: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!

OK, not really 1GB disk left, but, let's create a lot of extra artifacts

- Go to Jenkins <http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:8080>
- Click on the **generate-packages-job**
- Run once to trigger Job Param
- The build will fail
- Click once on “Build with Parameters”
- Create a generic repository on Artifactory
- **REPO\_NAME** - The name of the repo
- Artifactory URL need to be :  
**http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/artifactory**
- Enter the parameters and click “Build”
- **Leave this job running**

## Pipeline generate-packages-job

This build requires parameters:

ARTIFACTORY\_URL

http://146.148.58.205/artifactory

without trailing '/'

please select artifactory url - http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/artifactory

REPO\_NAME

generic-local

Please select target repo name

PACKAGE\_SIZE\_MIN

35000000

Please select min size (bytes)

PACKAGE\_SIZE\_MAX

50000000

Please select max size (bytes)

NUM\_OF\_ARTIFACTS

35

Please select num of artifacts to generate

Build



# LAB3: HIGH HTTP(S) REQUESTS



# LAB3: HIGH HTTP(S) REQUESTS



This site can't be reached

**34.66.185.31** refused to connect.

Try:

- Checking the connection
- [Checking the proxy and the firewall](#)

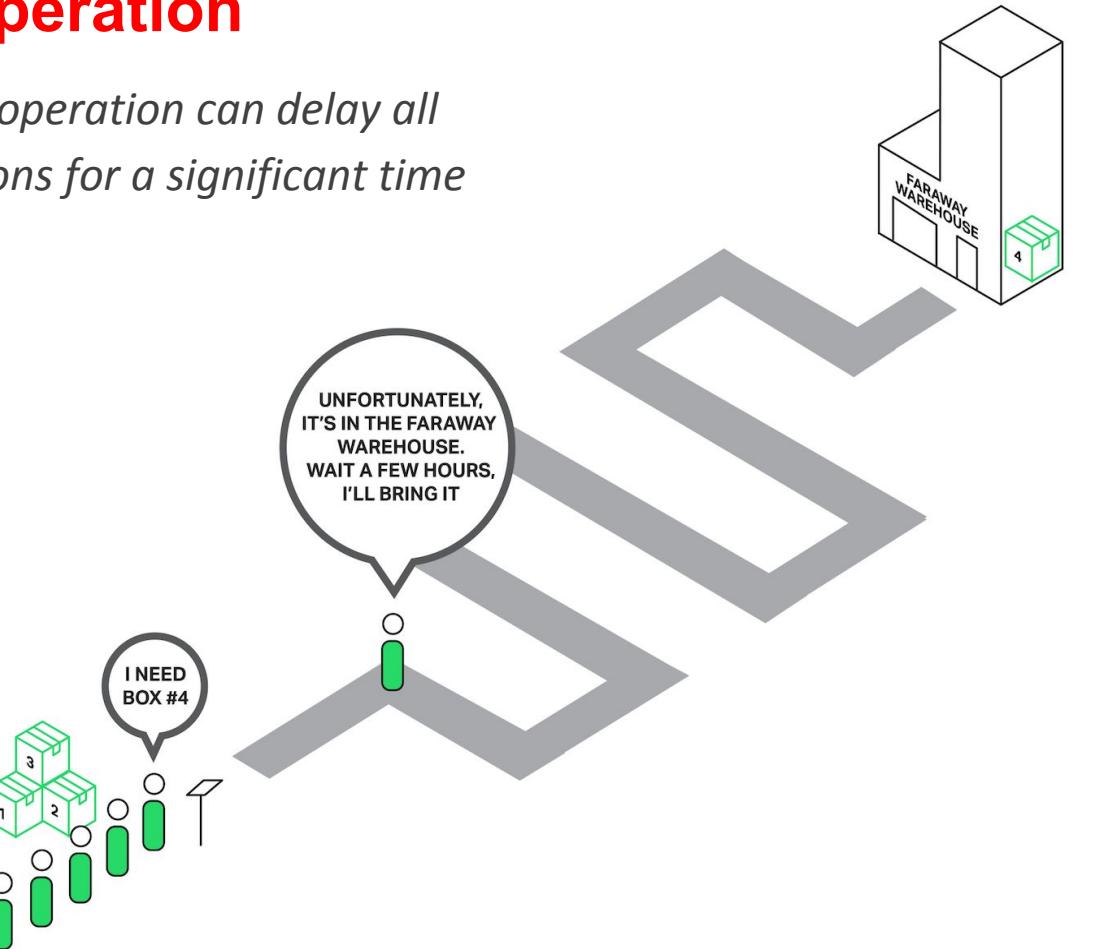
ERR\_CONNECTION\_REFUSED

Details

Reload

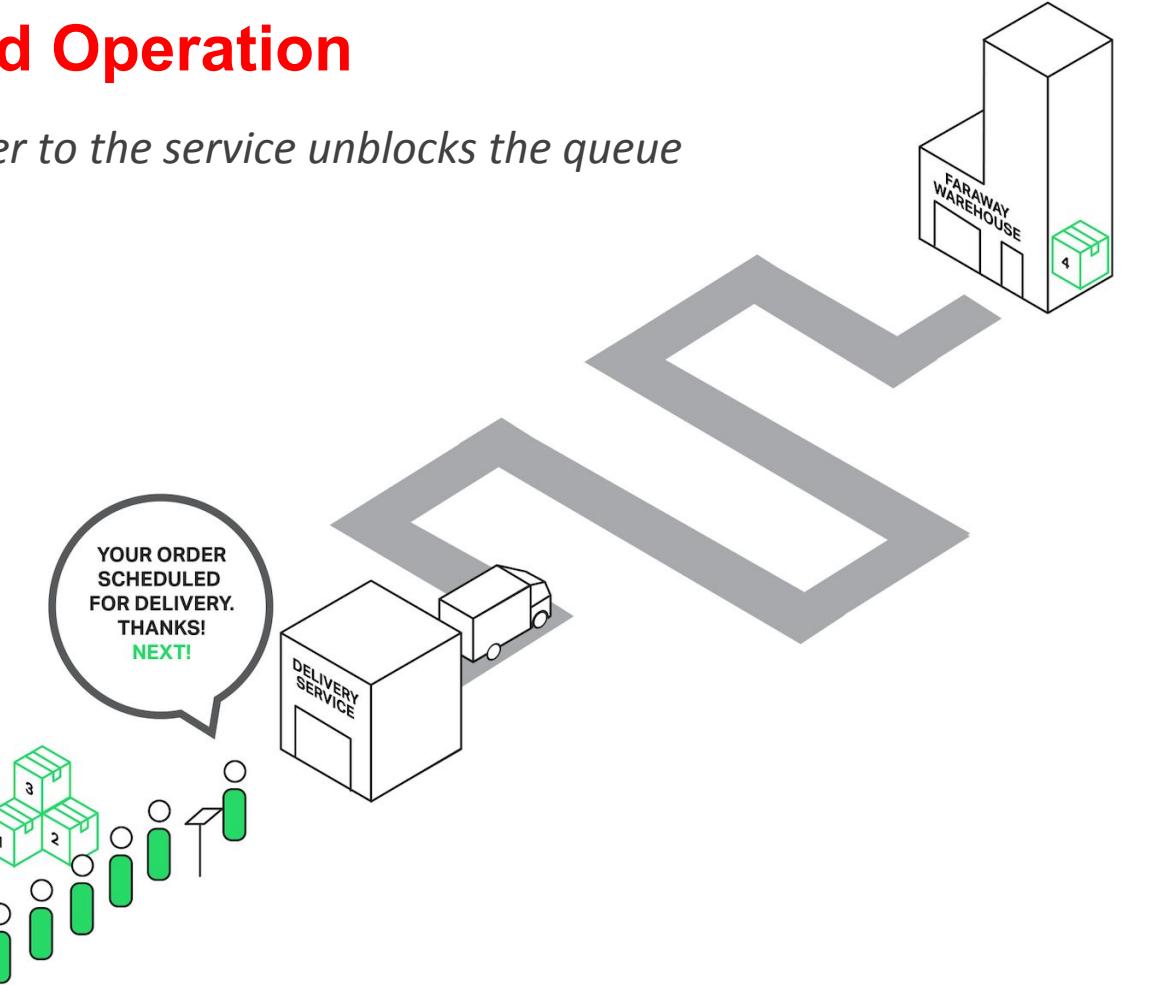
# Blocking Operation

*Just one blocking operation can delay all following operations for a significant time*



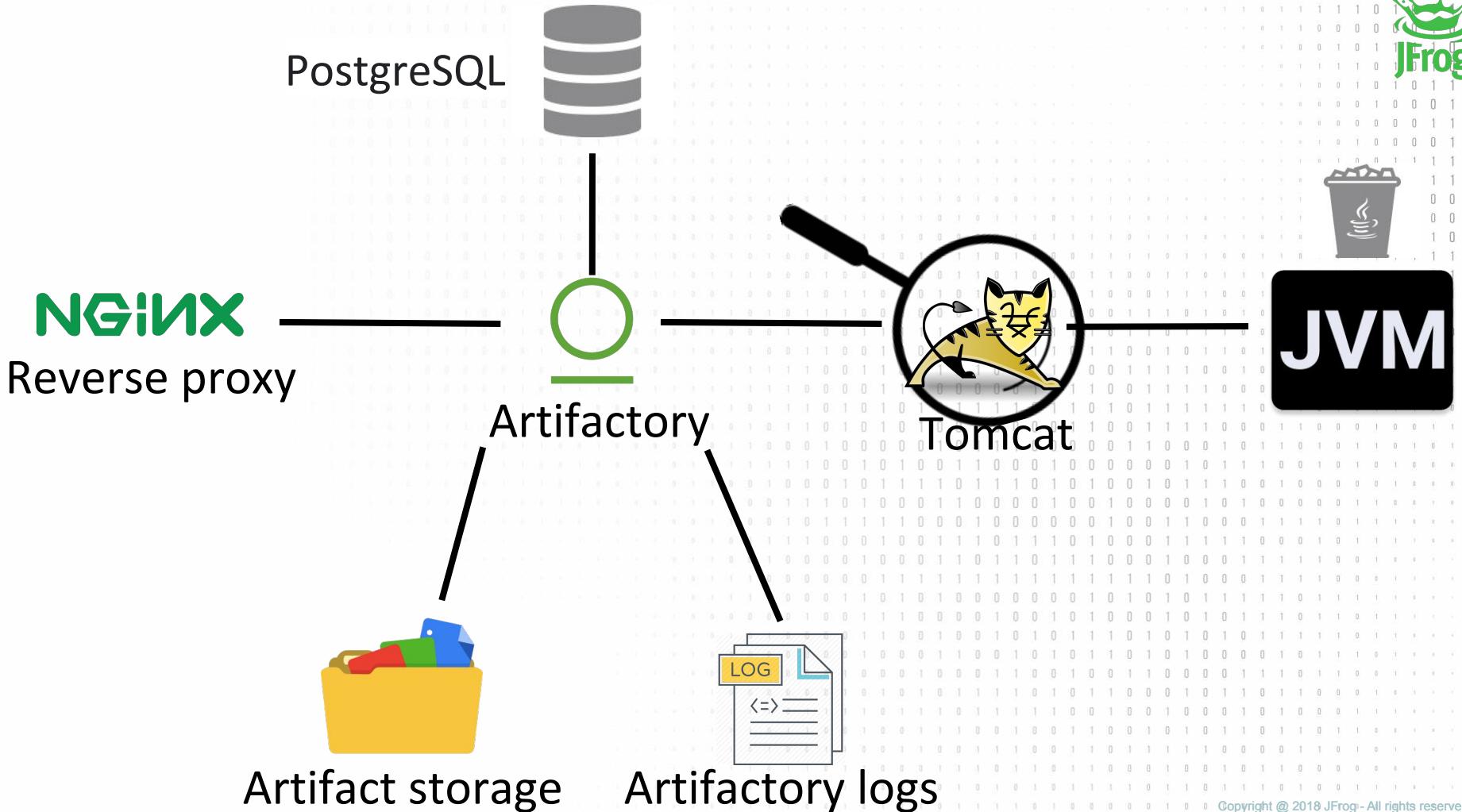
# Scheduled Operation

*Passing an order to the service unblocks the queue*

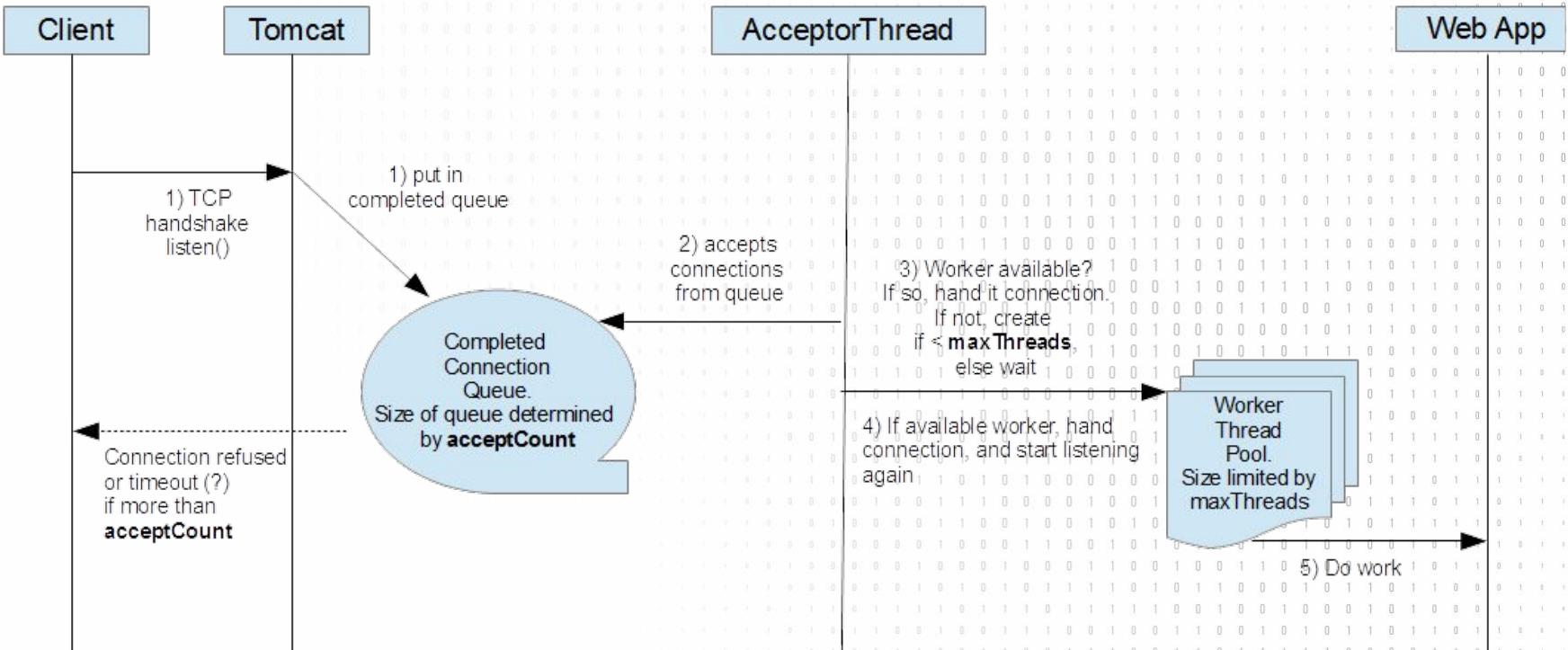


# BUT STILL - HOW LONG IS THE LINE?





```
<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1" connectionTimeout="20000"
redirectPort="8443" acceptCount="1000" maxConnections="500" />
```



# SET ARTIFACTORY MAX THREADS

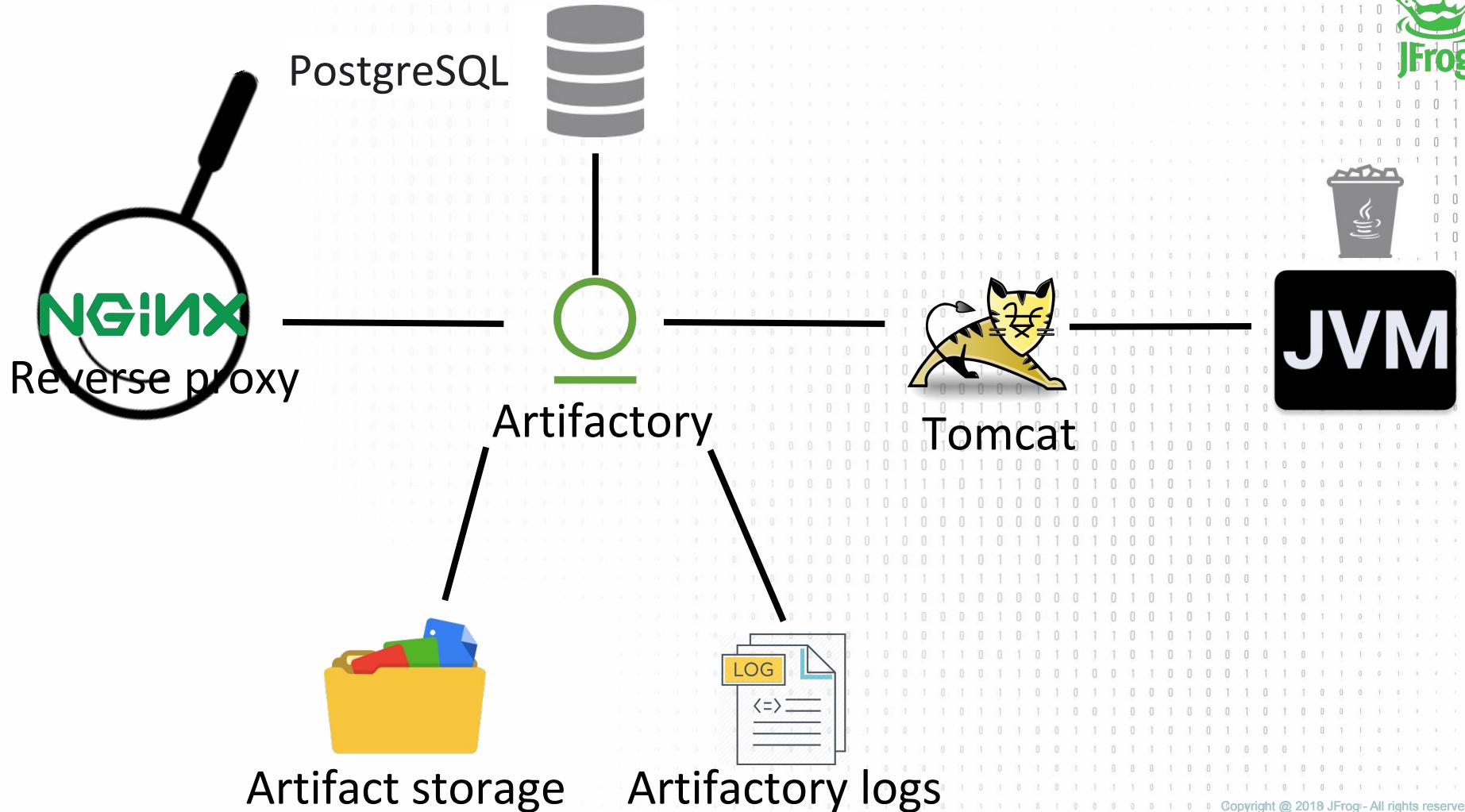
- <https://github.com/jfrog/charts/tree/master/stable/artifactory>
- <https://www.jfrog.com/confluence/display/RTF/Installing+with+Docker>  
(look for SERVER\_XML\_ARTIFACTORY\_MAX\_THREADS)

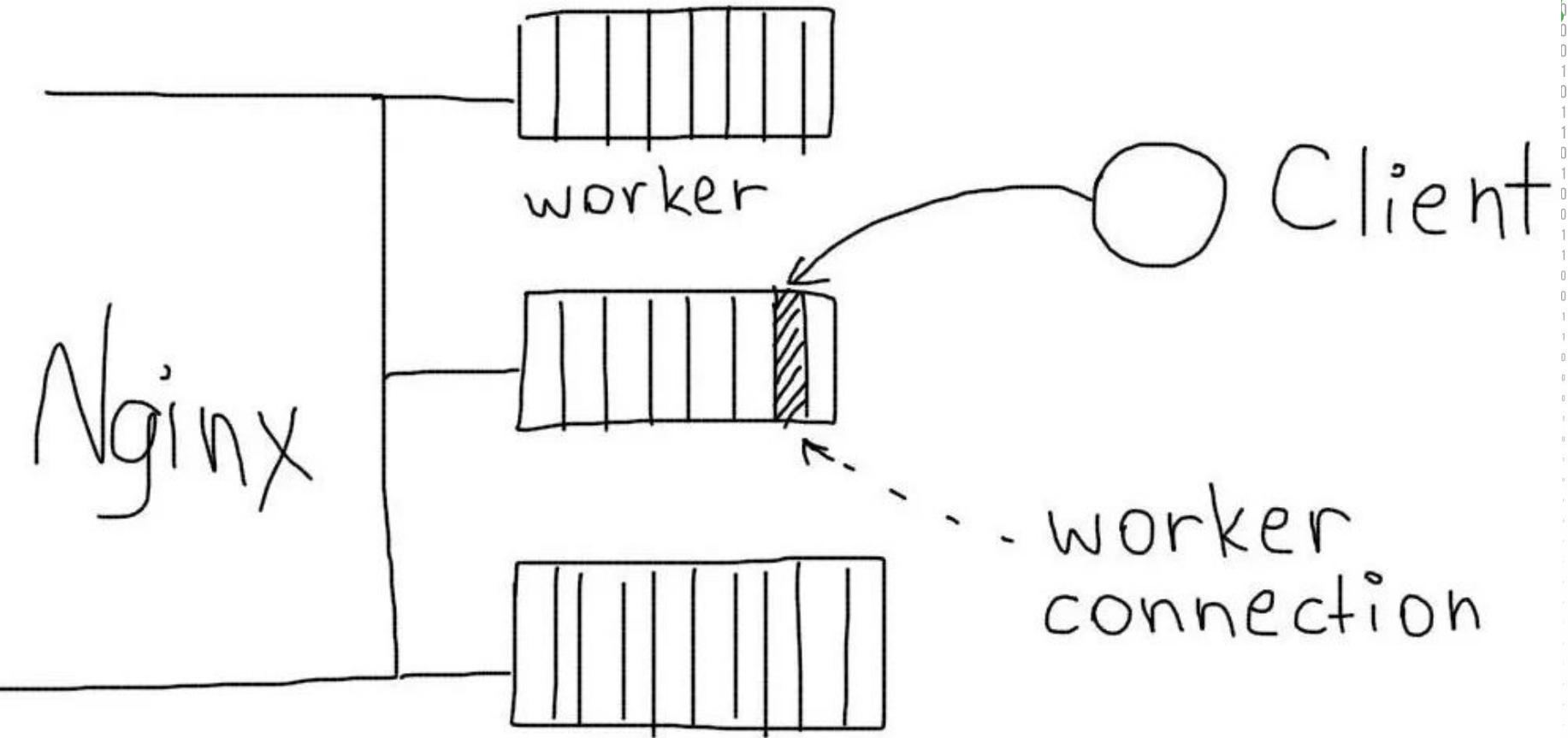
```
helm upgrade artifactory jfrog/artifactory  
--version 7.14.3 -f artifactory.yaml
```

artifactory:

extraEnvironmentVariables:

- name: SERVER\_XML\_ARTIFACTORY\_EXTRA\_CONFIG  
**value: 'maxConnections="2" acceptCount="1"'**
- name: SERVER\_XML\_ARTIFACTORY\_MAX\_THREADS  
**value: "2"**

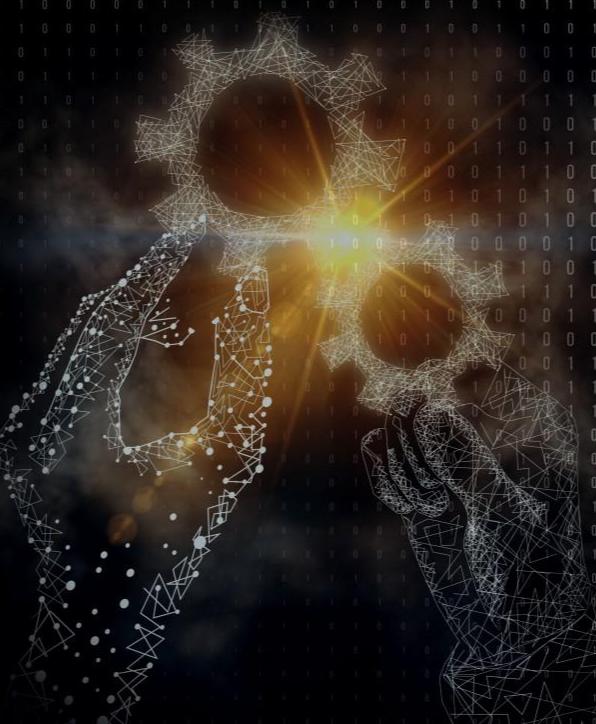


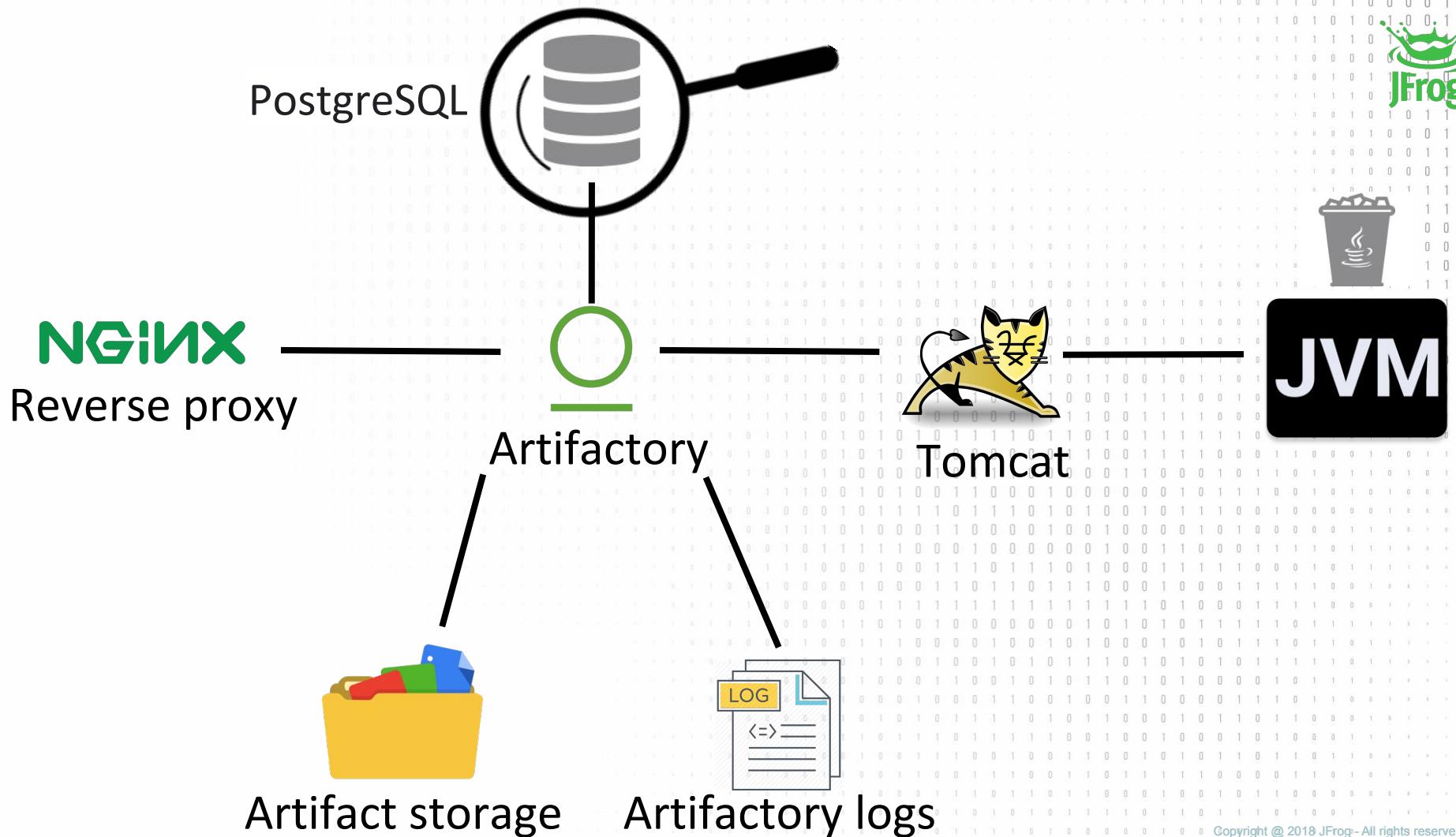


# SET NGINX WORKER CONNECTION

- Create a configMap: `kubectl create configmap nginx-conf --from-file=nginx.conf`
- reload artifactory: `helm upgrade artifactory jfrog/artifactory --version 7.14.3 --set nginx.customConfigMap=nginx-conf`
- How it's affecting our server - try running ab command to simulate traffic
- Change **worker\_connections** by increasing this value, the hope is that we can increase the capacity of each worker process

# LAB4: DATABASE CONNECTIONS EXCEEDED





# LAB4: DATABASE CONNECTIONS EXCEEDED



- Change Postgres settings:

```
helm upgrade artifactory jfrog/artifactory
```

```
    --version 7.14.3
```

```
    --set postgresql.postgresPassword=zooloo
```

```
    --set postgresql.postgresConfig.max_connections=1
```

```
    --set
```

```
    postgresql.postgresConfig.superuser_reserved_connections=0
```

- Go to our Artifactory instance

- Notice that it hangs and doesn't load completely

# LAB4: DATABASE CONNECTIONS EXCEEDED



- In the **artifactory.log** file you should see something like this:
  - Caused by: `org.postgresql.util.PSQLException`:  
Data source rejected establishment of connection, message  
from server: "Too many connections"
- Can we resolve this issue by adjusting Artifactory configuration only?  
<https://jfrog.com/knowledge-base/how-do-i-tune-artifactory-for-heavy-loads/>





# LAB2 PHASE II: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!





PostgreSQL



**NGINX**

Reverse proxy

Artifactory



Artifact storage



Tomcat



Artifactory logs

# LAB2: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!

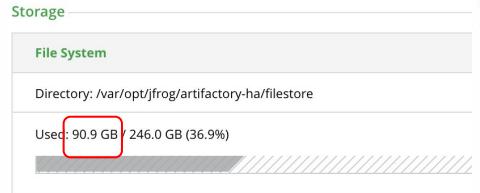
- If you have implemented a promotion policy you might be able to delete your snapshot repo or equivalent in entirety
- Take a more proactive approach to managing it using a combination of plugins, AQL and the CLI
- Schedule deletes



# LAB2: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!

- Browse to the **repo we created** earlier, right click on it and click “Delete Content”
- Keep the storage window open before you delete, and open a new one after
- As you can see - the **storage usage is the same** ever after we delete content **before** **after**

Binaries Size:	29.06 GB	Binaries Count:	1,527
Artifacts Size:	60.85 GB	Artifacts Count:	3,631
Optimization:	(?) 47.75%	Items Count:	(?) 4,836

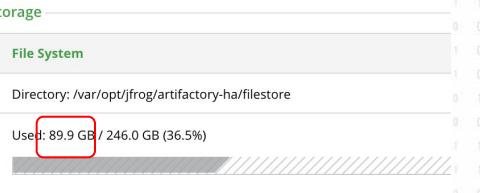


**66 Repositories** (7)

Filter by Repository Key

Reposit...	Reposit...	Packag...	Percent...	Artifac...	Files
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	60.85 GB	3631
Trash C...	N/A	Trash	4%	2.43 GB	984
debian...	LOCAL	Deb...	35.67%	21.71 GB	227

Binaries Size:	29.30 GB	Binaries Count:	1,555
Artifacts Size:	61.32 GB	Artifacts Count:	(?) 3,703
Optimization:	(?) 47.78%	Items Count:	(?) 4,907

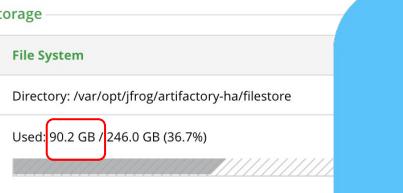


**66 Repositories** (7)

Filter by Repository Key

Reposit...	Reposit...	Packag...	Percent...	Artifac...	Files
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	61.32 GB	3703
Trash Can	N/A	Trash	39.74%	24.37 GB	1282
docker-s...	LOCAL	Doc...	31.56%	19.35 GB	1029

Binaries Size:	29.29 GB	Binaries Count:	1,500
Artifacts Size:	39.61 GB	Artifacts Count:	(?) 2,567
Optimization:	(?) 73.95%	Items Count:	(?) 3,723



**66 Repositories** (7)

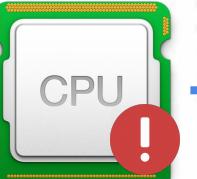
Filter by Repository Key

Reposit...	Reposit...	Packag...	Percent...	Artifac...	Files
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	39.61 GB	2567
Trash C...	N/A	Trash	6.71%	2.66 GB	146
docker-s...	LOCAL	Doc...	48.87%	19.35 GB	1029



# ARTIFACTORY - GARBAGE COLLECTION

- When an Artifactory user "deletes" a file, what is actually deleted is the reference from the Artifactory database to the physical file.
- Before actually deleting a file Artifactory ensure that there are no other references to the file.



Scanning the system  
is very CPU intensive



Schedule based  
“Garbage Collection”

# LAB2: HELP, I'VE GOT 1GB DISK LEFT!

- Now that we know what GC does, let's run it by going to:

WebUI → Admin → Advanced → Maintenance → Garbage Collection → Run

**before**

Binaries Size:	29.29 GB	Binaries Count:	1,500
Artifacts Size:	39.61 GB	Artifacts Count:	2,567
Optimization:	73.95%	Items Count:	3,723

## Storage

### File System

Directory: /var/opt/jfrog/artifactory-ha/filestore

Used: 90.2 GB / 246.0 GB (36.7%)

### 66 Repositories

Filter by Repository Key

Reposit...	Reposit...	Packag...	Percent...	Artifac...	Files
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	39.61 GB	2567
Trash C...	N/A	Trash	6.71%	2.66 GB	146
docker-...	LOCAL	Doc...	48.87%	19.35 GB	1029

**after**

Binaries Size:	8.25 GB	Binaries Count:	1,128
Artifacts Size:	40.27 GB	Artifacts Count:	2,578
Optimization:	20.48%	Items Count:	3,737

## Storage

### File System

Directory: /var/opt/jfrog/artifactory-ha/filestore

Used: 70.0 GB / 246.0 GB (28.5%)

### 66 Repositories

Filter by Repository Key

Reposit...	Reposit...	Packag...	Percent...	Artifac...	Files
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	N/A	40.27 GB	2578
Trash C...	N/A	Trash	6.6%	2.66 GB	146
docker-...	LOCAL	Doc...	49.72%	20.02 GB	1040

# STORAGE RELATED REST API

- Delete artifact (REST API) :
  - DELETE `http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/artifactory/repoName/path`
- Empty Trash Can (REST API) :
  - DELETE `/api/trash/clean/repoName/path`

# Advanced cleanup using AQL and JFrog CLI

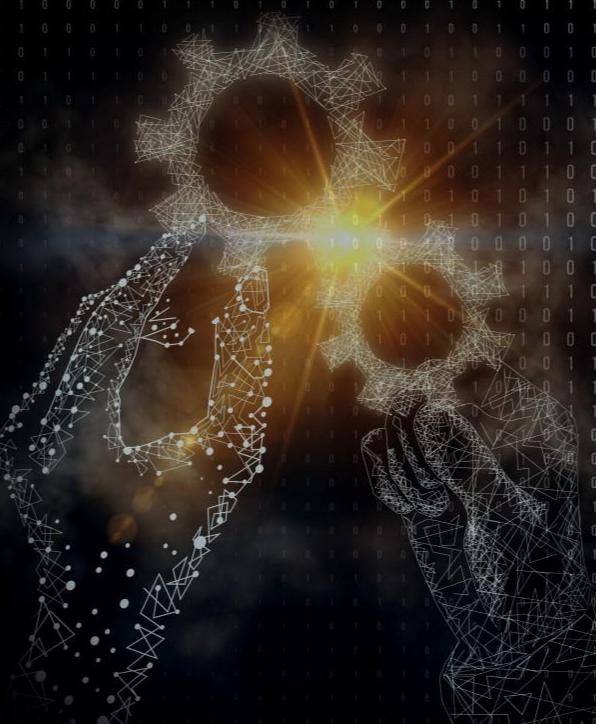
<https://www.jfrog.com/confluence/display/RTF/Artifactory+Query+Language>



Let's build an AQL query that identifies candidate artifacts  
for cleanup with **size > 45 MB**  
and invoke it with **JFrog CLI**



# DATA COLLECTION (MONITORING) POINTS



# FAULT - EVENT SOURCES

- REST API: /api/system/ping
- Provides a complete system health check
  - Returns an HTTP 200 code with “OK” if Artifactory is running
  - Otherwise returns a 5xx with stated reason
  - Checks to see if socket is open, and if full Artifactory service including DB and filestore is functional



# MONITORING REST API

Name	Usage	Description	Produces
Scheduled Replication Status	GET <code>/api/replication/{repoKey}</code>	Returns the status of scheduled cron-based replication jobs define via the Artifactory UI on repositories. Supported by local, local-cached and remote repositories	<code>application/json</code>
Get Storage Summary Info	GET <code>/api/storageinfo</code>	Returns storage summary information regarding binaries, file store and repositories.	<code>application/json</code>
System Info	GET <code>/api/system</code>	Display different system information such as JVM runtime parameters, JVM arguments, memory usage and more.	<code>text/plain</code>



# LAB5 : MONITOR ARTIFACTORY JVM



# GlowRoot APM

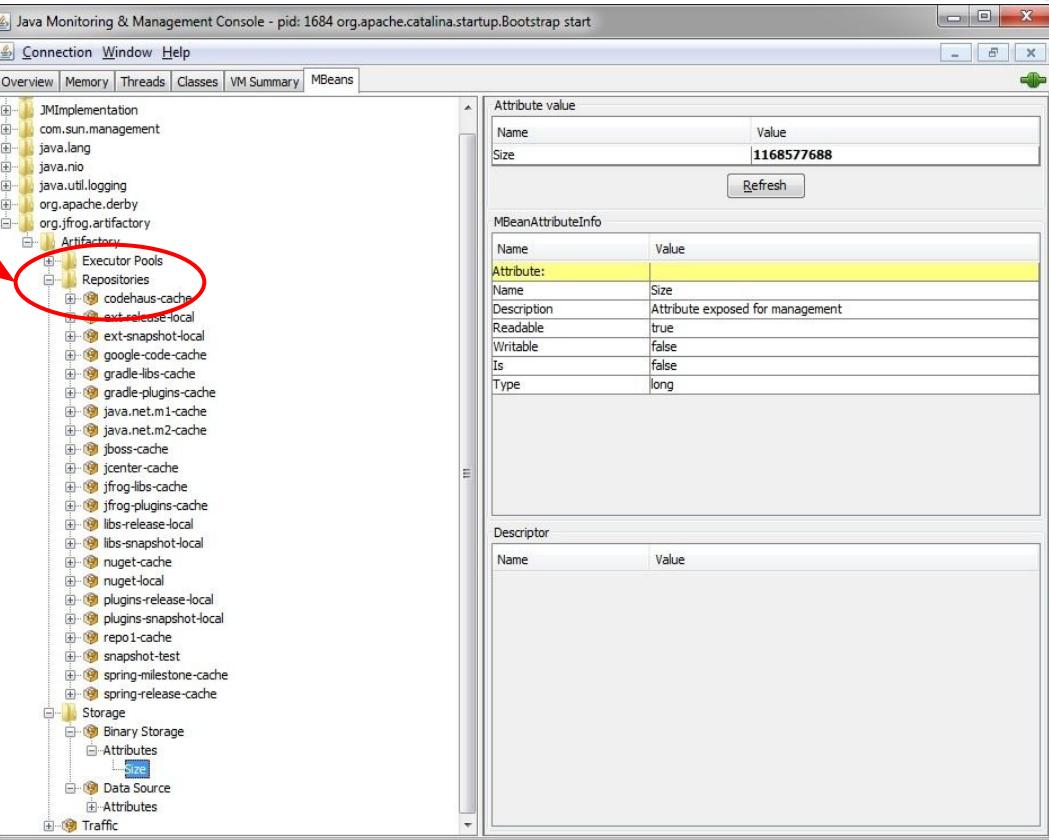
- Community driven open source monitoring for JVM based applications
- Capture errors, interact with JVM, identify bottlenecks and provide off the shelf monitoring
- Single instance or central collector configuration available
- Multi node architecture uses Cassandra for data-store with a **Docker** and **Helm** deployments available
- GlowRoot url - look for the ***artifactory-apm-glowroot*** service



# ARTIFACTORY MBeans

Artifactory exposes MBeans,  
under the *org.jfrog.artifactory*  
domain

Let you monitor repositories,  
executor pools, storage and  
HTTP connection pools





# Kahoot!





# JFrog Certification

[Certification FAQs](#)

[Study Guide](#)



# JFrog Certification

Ready, Cert, Go!

Everyone gets a voucher by email

90 minutes proctored exam - requires a webcam

Practical Knowledge

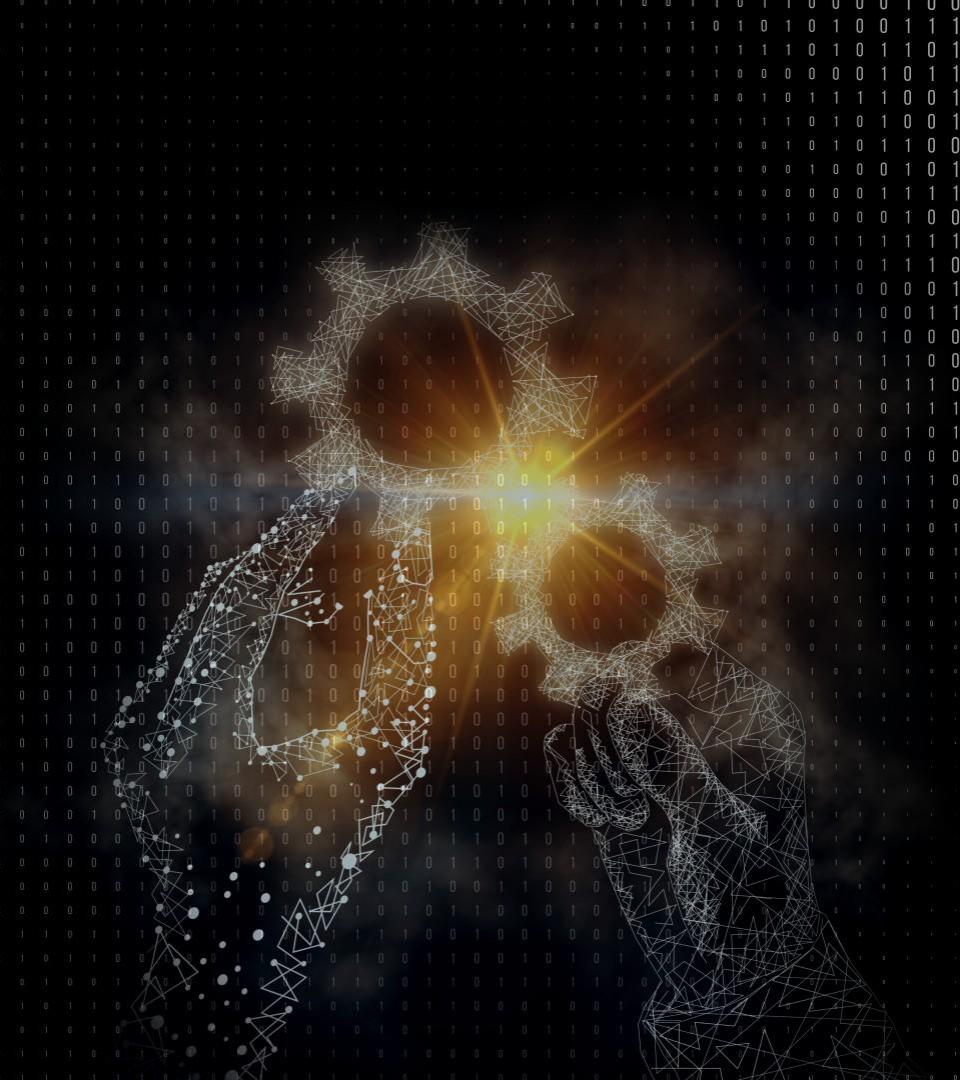
For more information please contact  
[certification@jfrog.com](mailto:certification@jfrog.com)



# JFrog Certification

Ready, Cert, Go!





# FAULT - LOG FILES

Appender	Level	File Name	Message Pattern
CONSOLE	warn	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/catalina/catalina.out	%date \${artifactory.contextId}[%thread] [%-5p] \(%-20c{3}:%L\)- %m%n
FILE	warn	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/artifactory.%i.log	%date [%thread] [%-5p] \(%-20c{3}:%L\)- %m%n
ACCESS	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/access.%i.log	%d %m%n
IMPORT.EXPORT	DEBUG	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/import.export.%i.log	%date [%-5level] \(%logger{32}:%line\) %message%
TRAFFIC	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/traffic.%d{yyyyMMdd}	%message%
REQUEST	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/request.%i.log	%message%
REQUEST_TRACE	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/request_trace.%i.log	%date %message%
JFROG_ACCESS	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/access/logs/jfrog_access.%i.log	%date [%thread] [%-5p] \(%-20c{3}:%L\)- %m%n
JFROG_ACCESS_AUDIT	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/access/logs/audit.%i.log	%date %message%
SHA256_MIGRATION	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/sha256_migration.%i.log	%date \${artifactory.contextId}[%thread] [%-5p] \(%-20c{3}:%L\)- %m%n
PATH_CHECKSUM_MIGRATION	info	ARTIFACTORY_HOME/logs/path_checksum_migration.%i.log	%date \${artifactory.contextId}[%thread] [%-5p] \(%-20c{3}:%L\)- %m%n

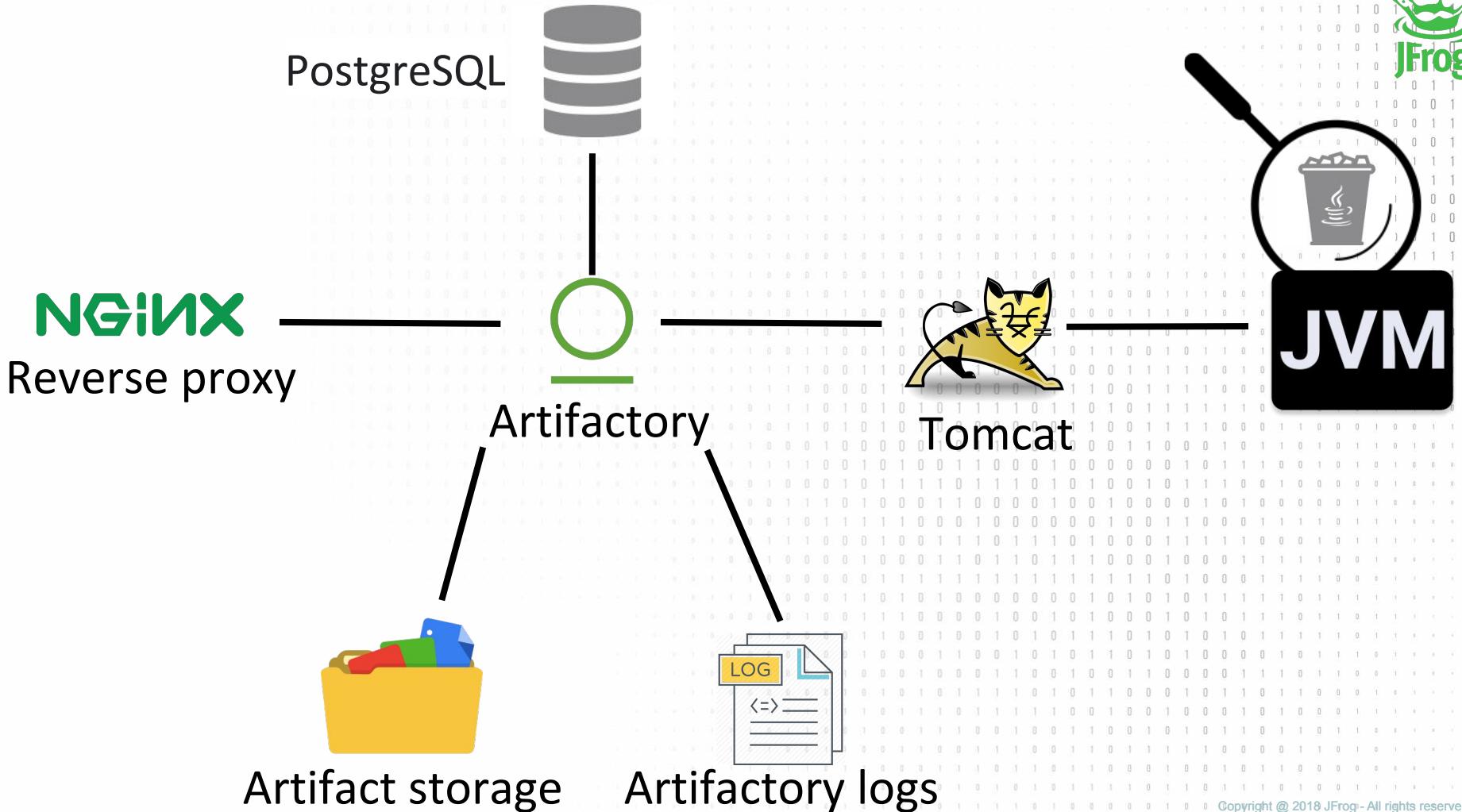
# FAULT - TOMCAT LOGS: ARTIFACTORY\_HOME/logs/catalina/

catalina.out	<p>Stdout/Stderr stream for Tomcat's JVM. Default destination for all Tomcat log statements. May include uncaught exceptions printed by <code>java.lang.ThreadGroup.uncaughtException(..)</code> or thread dumps, if requested via a system signal.</p> <p>This is the next place to check <b>after</b> Artifactory logs if something is wrong.</p>
localhost.<date>.log	<p>The log of the virtual host within Tomcat that runs the web application container. Normally does not contain much of interest but would be the <b>next</b> place to check after <code>catalina.out</code>.</p>
catalina.<date>.log	<p>The web application container log file.</p>
host-manager.<date>.log manager.<date>.log	<p>The logs of the related web applications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• host-manager for Virtual hosts</li><li>• manager for the deploying and undeploying applications</li></ul>

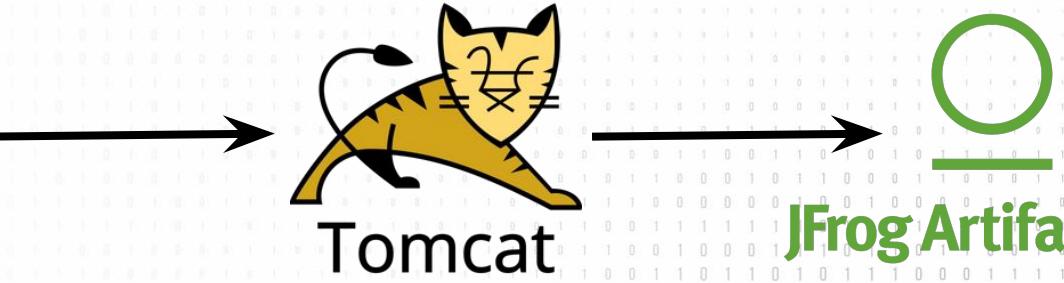
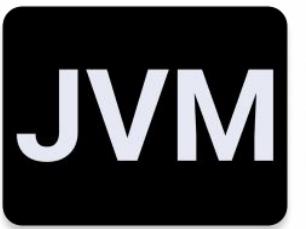


# LAB5: JVM MEMORY ISSUES





# TOMCAT - JVM TUNING



***-server -Xms512m -Xmx2g -Xss256k -XX:+UseG1GC***

By increasing your heap (Xmx) you increase bandwidth capability of Artifactory

16gb of Heap is equal to about 1GBit/s Network Speed





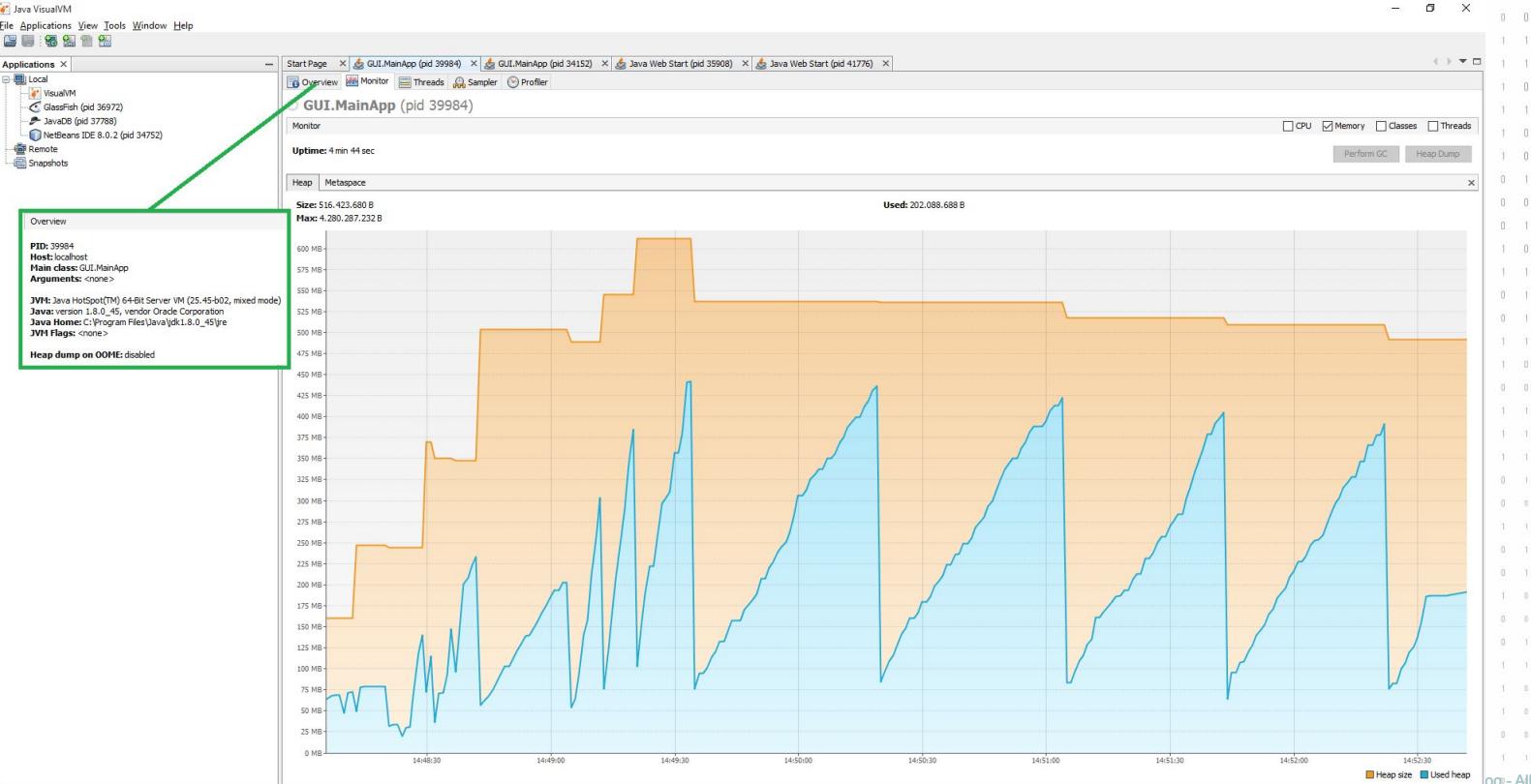
# LAB5: JVM MEMORY ISSUES

- Change the Xms and Xmx JVM Heap size to simulate high load

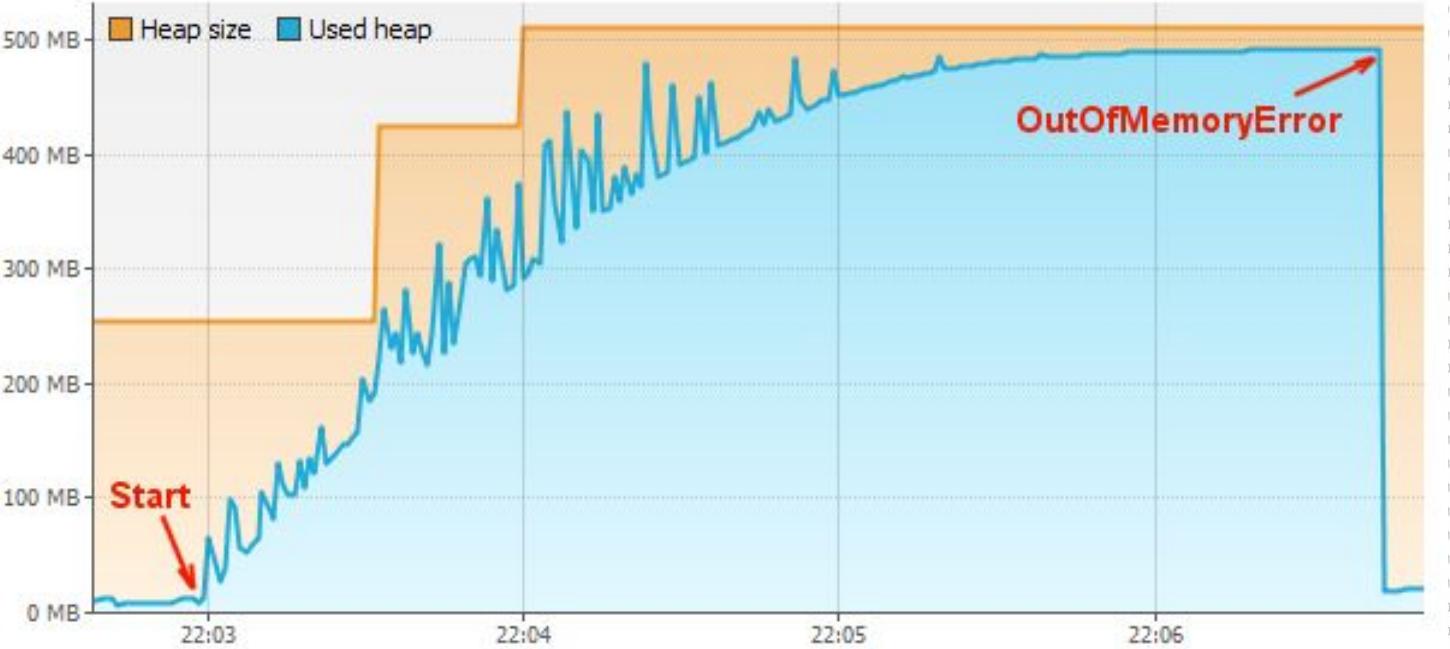
```
helm upgrade artifactory jfrog/artifactory  
--version 7.14.3 --set artifactory.javaOpts.xms="256m"  
--set artifactory.javaOpts.xmx="512m"  
--set artifactory.javaOpts.other="-javaagent:glowroot.jar"
```

- Your Artifactory server will now have a slow response time and the UI will be slow to load
- Lets go to Glowroot and check the JVM state
- See [Artifactory JMX Mbeans](#) and add them record them in Glowroot

# The JVM has a *heap* that is the runtime data area from which memory for all class instances and arrays are allocated



# JVM - OUT OF MEMORY





# EXCESSIVE GARBAGE COLLECTION



artifactory :9009 (pid 10737)

Monitor

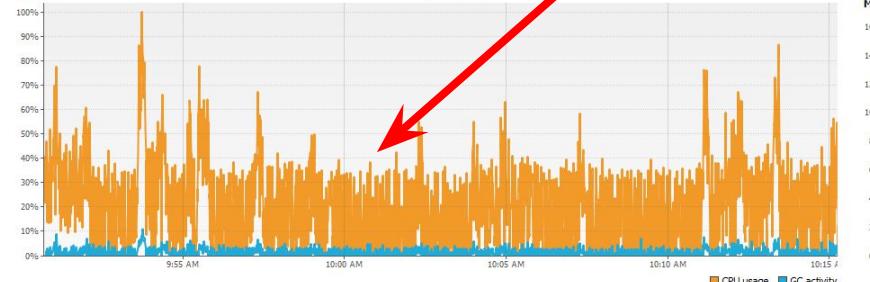
Uptime: 30 min 21 sec

CPU  Memory  Classes  Threads

Perform GC Heap Dump

CPU

CPU usage: 2.4%



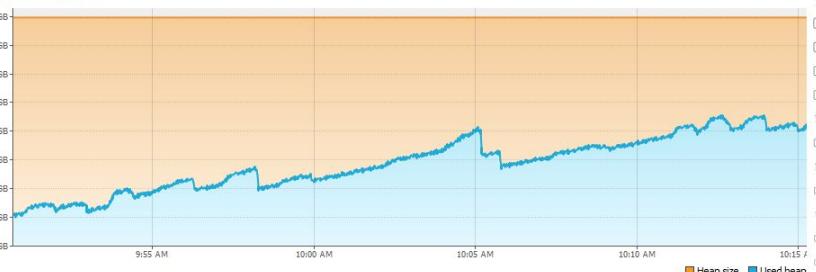
time spent on GC

x | Heap | PermGen

Size: 17,145,004,032 B

Max: 17,145,004,032 B

Used: 9,062,668,504 B



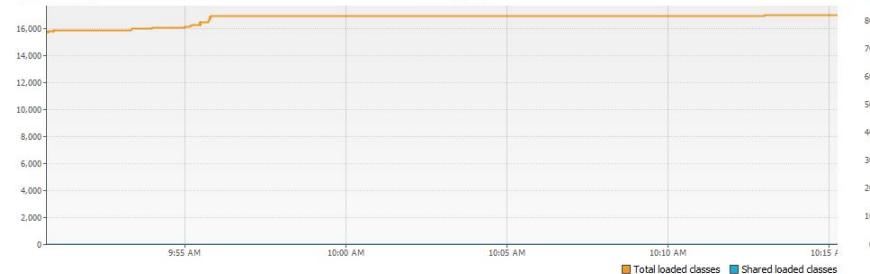
Classes

Total loaded: 17,019

Total unloaded: 0

Shared loaded: 0

Shared unloaded: 0

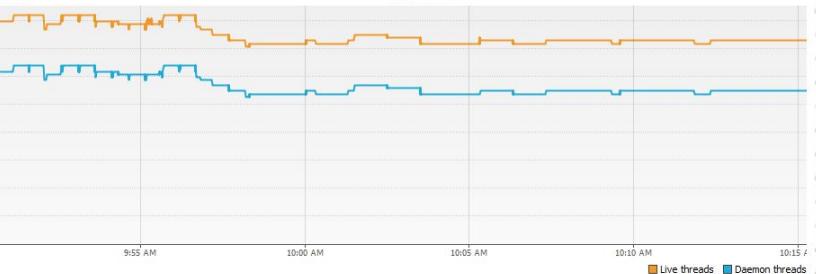


Live: 73

Live peak: 83

Daemon: 55

Total started: 185



# HOW DOES IT AFFECT PERFORMANCE?

- Java heap free space is getting lower and lower
- Unable to find a large-enough consecutive section of free memory to be allocated
- At that point, the JVM determines that a garbage collection needs to happen and it notifies the garbage collector

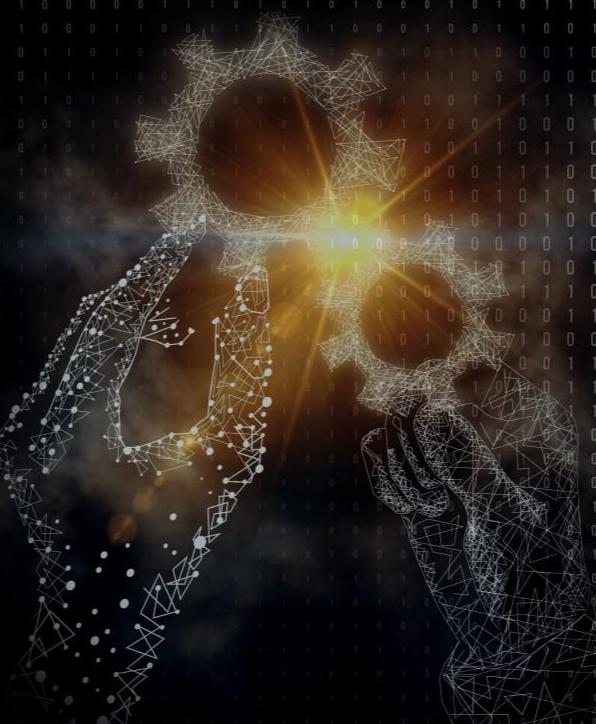


# JVM TUNING PARAMETERS

Parameter	Description	Recommendations
<b>-Xmx</b>	Maximum heap size	Should be big enough (e.g. 4 Gb)
<b>-Xms</b>	Initial heap size	Should be $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of Xmx
<b>-Xss</b>	Stack size	Can be small (e.g. 128 Kb)
<b>-XX:+UseG1GC</b>	GC to use	Use Garbage One collector



# LAB1: UPDATING LOGGING LEVELS



# LAB1: UPDATING LOGGING LEVELS

- Set the Artifactory NPM remote URL to “[npmm.org](#)” (instead of [registry.npmjs.org](#) , the typo is intentional)
- Try to retrieve npm package (using curl)  
<http://x.x.x.x/artifactory/api/npm/npm-remote/express/-/express-2.5.11.tgz>
- You should get a 404 response code
- Change to **DEBUG** message level on the Artifactory
- Edit the **logback.xml** file on the Artifactory server configuration to reload automatically

# Setup Instructions

- Log into <https://jfrog.orbitera.com/c2m/trial/869> and click create an account adding company and contact information
- Click “Create” then “Continue” and accept both agreements
- Click on “Launch Test Drive”
- Wait 9-10 minutes for the JFrog products to start
- You should see the environment log at the bottom
- The instructor will tell you which URL to click on the environment log to start your session
- All logins use admin/<password provided>
- Update your /etc/hosts - jfrog.local to the IP address from the Orbitera environment log  
("C:\Windows\System32\Drivers\etc\hosts" on Windows)



```
----- Outputs -----  
Username:  
admin  
  
Artifactory Edge (CN) URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8090/artifactory/webapp  
  
Artifactory (IN) URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8092/artifactory/webapp  
  
Distribution URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8083/  
  
Xray URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8000/  
  
Artifactory (BR) URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8094/artifactory/webapp  
  
Jenkins URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8086/  
  
IP Address Mapping:  
35.188.131.223  
  
Artifactory (US) URL:  
http://jfrog.local/artifactory/webapp  
  
Mission Control URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8080/  
  
Wetty URL:  
http://jfrog.local:3000/wetty  
  
SSH Username:  
swampup  
  
Password:  
9YTROPggnA  
  
Artifactory Edge (EU) URL:  
http://jfrog.local:8091/artifactory/webapp  
-----  
>
```

Copyright @ 2019 JFrog All rights reserved.

# Understanding the Environment Details

## How are my instances running?

- Each Application is running as a Docker container
- View all containers: “`docker ps -a`”
- View a specific container log: “`docker logs ${CONTAINER_ID} -f`”
- Stop an application (for example, restart Artifactory):  
  > “`docker stop ${CONTAINER_ID}`” and to start: “`docker start ${CONTAINER_ID}`”
- View all aggregated logs from all Artifactory cluster containers:  
  > “`docker-compose -f /root/docker-compose.yml logs -f`”

## Where is my data?

- All Artifactory instances data: `/jfrog/data/artifactory`

## How can I ssh this environment?

- Wetty ssh URL: <http://jfrog.local:3000/wetty>
- Username: swampup | pwd: EkJ4NhJS1vjuFcj2fs



## ENVIRONMENT DETAILS

Name	UI Port	What	Configuration Location	Container Name
Artifactory (Bangkok)	8094	Artifactory	/jfrog/data/artifactory/s1	artifactory-standalone-1
Artifactory (Cape Town)	8095	Artifactory	/jfrog/data/artifactory/s2	artifactory-standalone-2
Artifactory DR (Denver)	8093	Artifactory	/jfrog/data/artifactory/dr	artifactory-dr
Artifactory HA (Amsterdam)	80	NGINX LB	/jfrog/data/nginx	nginx
Artifactory HA 1	8081	Artifactory HA	/jfrog/data/artifactory/node1	artifactory-node1
Artifactory HA 2	8082	Artifactory HA	/jfrog/data/artifactory/node2	artifactory-node2
Jenkins	8083	Jenkins	/var/lib/jenkins	systemctl stop/start/status jenkins
Mission Control	8080	JFMC	/root/.jfrog/jfmc/jfmc	jfmc_server_1
MySQL	3306	MySQL	/jfrog/data/mysql	mysql
Xray	8000	Xray	/root/.jfrog/xray/xray	xray_xray-server_1