

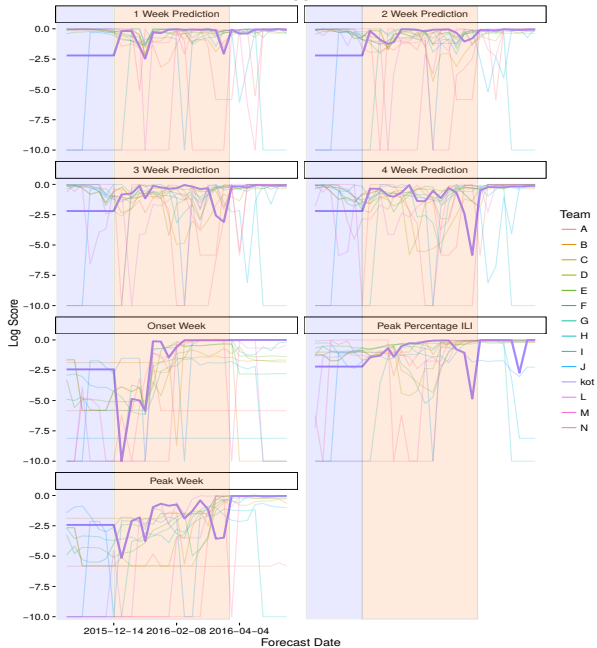
Team Kernel of Truth – Influenza Forecasting Discussion

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US



Summary of Results for National Predictions

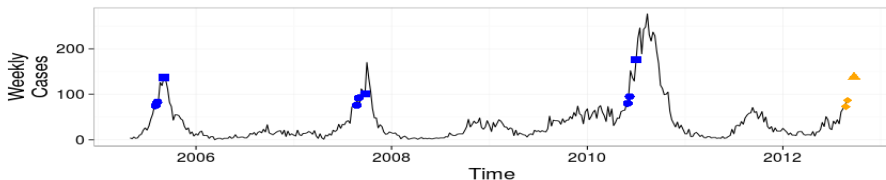
	Onset	Peak Week	Peak Week %	Combined target	Exp Combined		1wk	2wk	3wk	4wk	Combined target	Exp Combined
A	-5.61193	-5.78944	-0.58974	-3.99704	1.8	A	-1.38183	-1.31384	-1.40009	-1.53934	-1.40878	24.4
B	-3.59949	-1.38075	-0.58941	-1.85655	15.6	B	-0.44044	-0.5662	-0.65333	-0.72242	-0.59560	55.1
C	-2.76998	-3.669	-1.19191	-2.54363	7.9	C	-0.41802	-0.84522	-1.21178	-1.47449	-0.98738	37.3
D	-2.69239	-3.02018	-1.10988	-2.27415	10.3	D	-0.18399	-0.38742	-0.69879	-0.91415	-0.54609	57.9
E	-2.48957	-2.2959	-0.3909	-1.72546	17.8	E	-0.41499	-0.49524	-0.57115	-0.64528	-0.53167	58.8
F	-2.95212	-2.27653	-0.3788	-1.86915	15.4	F	-0.17807	-0.32362	-0.43757	-0.63008	-0.39233	67.5
G	-2.2877	-1.91221	-0.47389	-1.55794	21.1	G	-0.23845	-0.37888	-0.4748	-0.55298	-0.41128	66.3
H	-5.53289	-5.52674	-5.10347	-5.38770	0.5	H	-4.35103	-4.45316	-4.6123	-4.77534	-4.54796	1.1
I	-8.11462	-1.73125	-1.77745	-3.87444	2.1	I	-0.47669	-0.71313	-0.86633	-1.13026	-0.79660	45.1
J	-2.26622	-3.05179	-2.57078	-2.62959	7.2	J	-1.8355	-1.86009	-1.90443	-1.94016	-1.88504	15.2
Kernel of Truth	-1.55756	-1.55858	-1.06941	-1.39518	24.8	Kernel of Truth	-0.83017	-0.76615	-0.92935	-1.18107	-0.92668	39.6
L	-3.89439	-3.34374	-1.10202	-2.78005	6.2	L	-0.50116	-0.86639	-1.63725	-1.57596	-1.14519	31.8
M	-6.22494	-5.35493	-5.01637	-5.53208	0.4	M	-4.94675	-5.06935	-5.68862	-5.67702	-5.34544	0.5
N	-3.29722	-6.66888	-2.50142	-4.15584	1.6	N	-2.62992	-2.01352	-2.74985	-3.04177	-2.60877	7.4

Overview of Method

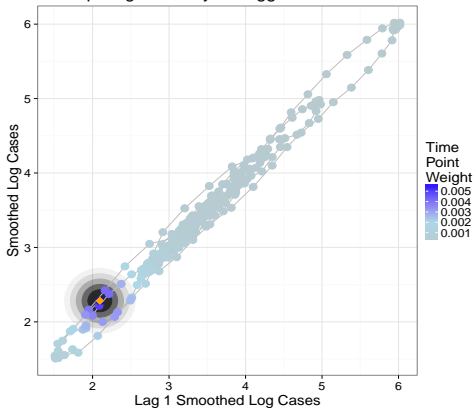
1. Use kernel conditional density estimation (KCDE) to obtain separate predictive distributions for incidence in each future week.
2. Use copulas to combine these individual distributions to get joint predictive distribution for the trajectory of incidence over the rest of the season.
3. Obtain predictive distributions for onset week, peak ILI, and peak week from this joint predictive distribution.

Article under review, draft pdf at <http://tinyurl.com/j5o7uf7>

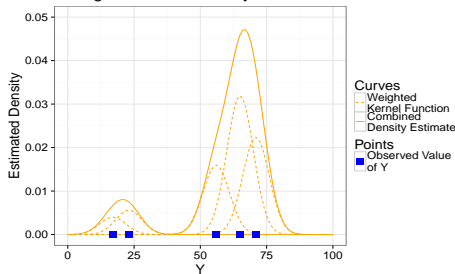
More detail about KCDE



Calculation of Time Point Weights by Computing Similarity of Lagged Observations



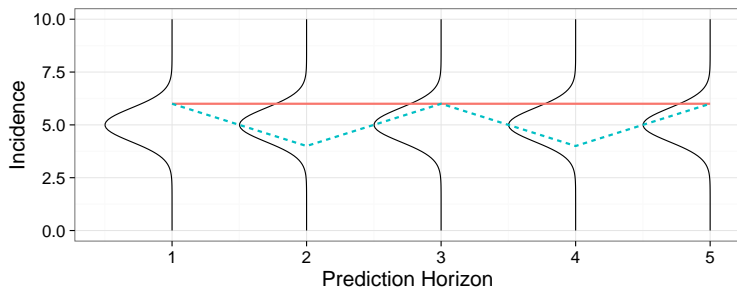
Weighted Kernel Density Estimation



Viboud et al., Prediction of the spread of influenza epidemics by the method of analogues. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003.

Motivation for Copulas

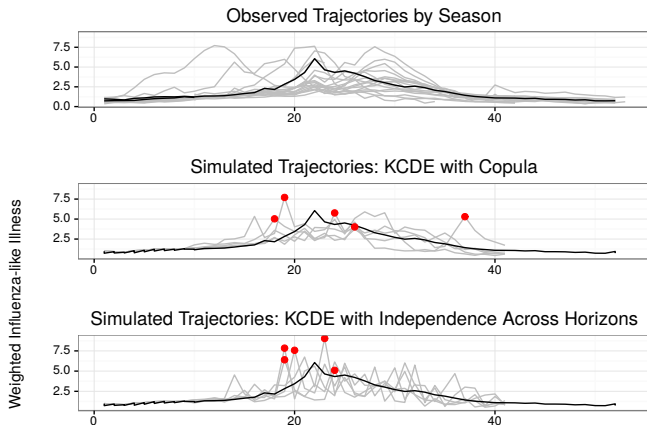
- We need to capture dependence in incidence across different horizons to get at things like onset timing, peak timing.



(Slightly) more detail about copulas

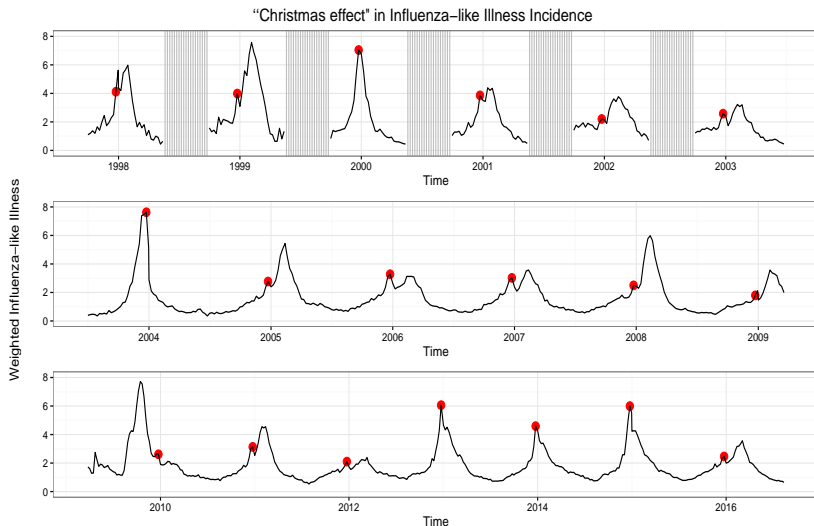
- ▶ Sklar's Theorem: For any random vector (X_1, \dots, X_D) , there exists a function C such that
$$F_{X_1, \dots, X_D}(x_1, \dots, x_D) = C\{F_{X_1}(x_1), \dots, F_{X_D}(x_D)\}$$
- ▶ We have used the parametric specification for C that arises in a multivariate normal distribution

Observed and Simulated Trajectories of Influenza-like Illness Incidence



A Weakness: The Christmas Effect

- Our method did not capture the Christmas effect:



Future Directions

- ▶ Participate fully (all regions, consistent model formulation throughout)
- ▶ Ensembles to combine models with varying strength at different points in the season
 - ▶ (Unconditional) KDE near the beginning of the season?
 - ▶ SARIMA near Christmas?
 - ▶ KCDE+copulas elsewhere?
- ▶ We have some other ideas, but won't get to them by the start of the next round...