

Card Game

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How To Play

The rules are pretty simple. The cards are divided into 4 colors, Red Green Blue Yellow, and numbered 0-9. There are special action cards such as Draw Two and Skip Turn.

Goal

The goal is for the player to reach zero cards in their hands. Whoever loses their whole hand first wins.

Gameplay

- A random card is used to start. The player must match the card on top of the pile with one of either the same color or number from their hand.
- Placing a Draw Two card means the next player has to draw two cards from the deck.
- Placing a Skip Turn card means the next player's turn is skipped.
 If the card in a player's hand does not match, they must draw from the deck until a card of either the same color or number as the top card is drawn and placed.

My Gameplay Approach

Your cards are printed with the corresponding card number on top.

You input the number that corresponds its card. If the card matches in either color or number to the top card, the card will be placed and the turn will end. The CPU will then play its turn.

Additionally, to draw cards at your own will, you can input 'd' to draw from the top of the deck.

Cross Reference for Project 1

You are to fill-in with where located in code

Chapter	Section	Topic	Where Line #"s	Pts	Notes
2	2	cout			
	3	libraries		8	iostream, iomanip, cmath, cstdlib, fstream, string, ctime
	4	variables/literals			No variables in global area, failed project!
	5	Identifiers			
	6	Integers		3	
	7	Characters		3	
	8	Strings		3	
	9	Floats No Doubles		3	Using doubles will fail the project, floats OK!
	10	Bools		4	
	11	Sizeof ****			
	12	Variables 7 characters or less			All variables <= 7 characters
	13	Scope ***** No Global Variables			
	14	Arithmetic operators			
	15	Comments 20%+		5	Model as pseudo code
	16	Named Constants			All Local, only Conversions/Physics/Math in Global area
	17	Programming Style **** Emulate			Emulate style in book/in class repositiory
3	1	cin			
	2	Math Expression			
	3	Mixing data types ****			
	4	Overflow/Underflow ****			
	5	Type Casting		4	
	6	Multiple assignment *****			
	7	Formatting output		4	
	8	Strings		3	
	9	Math Library		4	All libraries included have to be used
	10	Hand tracing ******			
4	1	Relational Operators			
	2	if		4	Independent if
	4	If-else		4	·
	5	Nesting		4	
	6	If-else-if		4	
	7	Flags *****			
	8	Logical operators		4	
	11	Validating user input		4	
	13	Conditional Operator		4	
	14	Switch		4	
	-				
5	1	Increment/Decrement		4	
	2	While		4	
	5	Do-while		4	
	6	For loop		4	
	11	Files input/output both		8	
	12	No breaks in loops ******		+ -	Failed Project if included
	12	S. Sullo III IOOPS			and i rojost ii moladod
**** Not i	equired to	show	Total	100	
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The Code

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <ctime>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
*/
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  // Random number seed
  srand(time(NULL));
  const int HAND SIZE = 10;
  //const int DECK SIZE = 108;
  // For loop iterator
  int i;
  int turn = 1; // 1: Players turn | -1: CPU's turn
  //int drwCnt = 0; // Count the number of cards drawn
  int crdPos: // Chosen card position in hand
  char crntCrd[1]; // Current player card
  char crntClr[1]; // Current player card color
  char topCrd[1]; // Card on top of pile
  char topClr[1]; // Card color on top of pile
  char randCrd[1]; // Randomly generated card
  char randClr[1]; // Randomly generated color
  char newCrd[1]; // Top card drawn from deck
```

```
char newClr[1]; // Top card color drawn from deck
  bool vldCrd = false; // Check if card is in player's hand
  bool endGame = false; // Check for end of game
  string input; // Player input for card
  string colors = "RGBY"; // Available colors to choose from
  // Player and CPU cards as characters
  string p1Crds; // Card
  string p1Clrs; // Color
  string cpuCrds; // Card
  string cpuClrs; // Color
  // Deck cards
  string deck;
  string dckClrs;
  string tmpDeck;
  string tmpClrs;
  // Introduce game
  cout << "Welcome to Uno!\n":
  cout << "You will start with 10 cards!\n\n";
  cout << "Card kev:\n";
  cout << "\t0-9 = Card number\n":
  cout << "\tR = Red\n\tG = Green\n\tB = Blue\n\tY = Yellow\n";
  cout << "\tx = Skip next player's turn\n\t+ = Next player draws two
cards\n":
  // Generate standard deck
  for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)
    for (int n = 0; n < 10; n++){
       tmpDeck.append(string (1, char(n + '0')));
       tmpDeck.append(string (1, char(n + '0')));
       tmpClrs.append(string (1, colors[i]));
       tmpClrs.append(string (1, colors[i]));
     for (int n = 0; n < 2; n++){
       tmpDeck.append(string (1, 'x'));
       tmpDeck.append(string (1, '+'));
       tmpClrs.append(string (1, colors[i]));
       tmpClrs.append(string (1, colors[i]));
  }
```

```
// Shuffle deck
  do {
     int ranPos = rand()%tmpDeck.length();
     deck.append(string (1, tmpDeck[ranPos]));
     dckClrs.append(string (1, tmpClrs[ranPos]));
     tmpDeck.erase(ranPos, 1);
     tmpClrs.erase(ranPos, 1);
  } while (tmpDeck.length() > 0);
  // Give cards to to player and CPU from top of deck
  for (i = 0; i < HAND SIZE^2; i++)
     newCrd[0] = deck.back();
     newClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
     if (i % 2 == 0){
       p1Crds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
       p1Clrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
     else if (i % 2 == 1){
       cpuCrds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
       cpuClrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
     deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
     dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
  }
  // Draw a card from deck to start with
  topCrd[0] = deck.back();
  topClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
  deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
  dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
  // Start game, cycle through turns
  while (!endGame) {
     if (turn == 1){ // Player turn
       do {
          // Process for card selection
          cout << "\nTop card on pile is: \n\t\t[" << topClr[0] <<
topCrd[0] << "]\n";
```

```
cout << "Pick a card from your hand -\n\t\t";</pre>
for (i = 0; i < p1Crds.length(); i++){
  cout << setw(4) << i;
cout << "\n\t\t";
for (i = 0; i < p1Crds.length(); i++){
  cout << "[" << p1Clrs[i] << p1Crds[i] << "]";
}
cout << " Card: ";
cin >> input;
// Process commands
while (!isdigit(input[0])){
  switch(input[0]){
     case 'd':
        newCrd[0] = deck.back();
        newClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
        p1Crds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
        p1Clrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
        deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
       dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
        break:
  cout << "Updated hand:\t";
  for (i = 0; i < p1Crds.length(); i++)
     cout << setw(4) << i;
  cout << "\n\t\t";
  for (i = 0; i < p1Crds.length(); i++)
     cout << "[" << p1Clrs[i] << p1Crds[i] << "]";
  cout << " Card: ":
  cin >> input;
// End processing commands
crdPos = stoi(input);
crntCrd[0] = p1Crds[crdPos];
crntClr[0] = p1Clrs[crdPos];
// Process action cards
switch(crntCrd[0]){
```

```
// Draw 2: Make CPU draw two cards
     case '+':
       for (i = 0; i < 2; i++){
          newCrd[0] = deck.back();
          newClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
          cpuCrds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
          cpuClrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
          deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
          dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
       cout << "CPU grabbed two cards from deck!\n";
       break;
     // Skip turn: Skip CPU's turn
     case 'x':
       turn *= -1;
       cout << "CPU turn skipped!\n";
       break;
  // End card selection
  // Check selected card against top card
  if (crntCrd[0] == topCrd[0] || crntClr[0] == topClr[0]){
     vldCrd = true;
} while (!vldCrd);
// Place card on top of pile
topCrd[0] = crntCrd[0];
topClr[0] = crntClr[0];
// Remove placed card from hand
p1Crds.erase(crdPos, 1);
p1Clrs.erase(crdPos, 1);
// End turn
if (p1Crds.length() == 0)
  endGame = true;
turn *= -1;
```

```
vldCrd = false;
} else if (turn == -1) { // CPU turn
  cout << "CPU's turn\n";</pre>
  do {
     // Find card in hand that matches
     for (i = 0; i < cpuCrds.length(); i++){
       if (!vldCrd){
          if (cpuClrs[i] == topClr[0] || cpuCrds[i] == topCrd[0]){
             crdPos = i:
             vldCrd = true;
       }
     }
     // If no card matches, draw from deck
     if (!vldCrd){
       newCrd[0] = deck.back();
       newClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
       cpuCrds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
       cpuClrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
       deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
       dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
       cout << "CPU grabbed card from deck\n";
  } while (!vldCrd);
  // Process action cards
  switch(cpuCrds[crdPos]){
     // Draw 2: Make Player draw two cards
     case '+':
       for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
          newCrd[0] = deck.back();
          newClr[0] = dckClrs.back();
          p1Crds.append(string (1, newCrd[0]));
          p1Clrs.append(string (1, newClr[0]));
          deck.erase(deck.end()-1);
          dckClrs.erase(dckClrs.end()-1);
```

```
cout << "Player grabbed two cards from deck!\n";
             break;
          // Skip turn: Skip Player's turn
          case 'x':
            turn *= -1;
            cout << "Player turn skipped!\n";</pre>
             break;
       }
       // Place card on top of pile
       topCrd[0] = cpuCrds[crdPos];
       topClr[0] = cpuClrs[crdPos];
       // Remove placed card from hand
       cpuCrds.erase(crdPos, 1);
       cpuClrs.erase(crdPos, 1);
       // End turn
       cout << "CPU has " << cpuCrds.length() << " cards left." <<
endl:
       if (cpuCrds.length() == 0)
          endGame = true;
       turn *= -1;
       vldCrd = false;
  if (p1Crds.length() == 0)
     cout << endl << "You won!!" << endl;
  else
     cout << endl << "CPU won!!" << endl;
  return 0;
}
```