

# The *Modify Rows* Family of Functions

The only function currently that modifies entire rows is the `row_group_order()` function. It lets us modify the ordering of any row groups in the table.

## `row_group_order()` : Modify the ordering of any row groups

We can modify the display order of any row groups in a `gt` object with the `row_group_order()` function. The `groups` argument can either take a vector of row group names or a numeric vector of row group indices; whichever is provided, the row groups will adhere to this revised ordering. It isn't necessary to provide all row group names in `groups`, rather, what is provided will assume the specified ordering at the top of the table and the remaining row groups will follow in their original ordering.

### EXAMPLE

Use `exibble` to create a `gt` table with a stub and with row groups. Modify the order of the row groups with `row_group_order()`, specifying the new ordering in `groups`.

```
exibble %>%
  dplyr::select(char, currency, row, group) %>%
  gt(rowname_col = "row", groupname_col = "group") %>%
  row_group_order(groups = c("grp_b", "grp_a"))
```

	char	currency
<b>grp_b</b>		
row_5	NA	1325.810
row_6	fig	13.255
row_7	grapefruit	NA
row_8	honeydew	0.440
<b>grp_a</b>		
row_1	apricot	49.950
row_2	banana	17.950
row_3	coconut	1.390
row_4	durian	65100.000