HW02: Data Encryption Standard

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Problem 1:

Summary: The code borrows parts of the lecture 3 code for the extraction of round keys, permutations, and substitutions. For encryption, the code is read from the file in 64-bit chunks. If the code is less than 64 bits, zeros are padded on the right. Each chunk is split in two, the Feistel function is applied to one side using the round key, and then both sides are xored and swapped. This process is repeated 16 times to create the ciphertext, which is written to the output file in hexstring format.

For decryption, the process is essentially the same. The two most notable differences are the fact that each chunk of the cipher text must be split in two and swapped before decryption begins, and that the round keys are applied in reverse order. Another difference between encryption and decryption is the output file for the decryption is in text form rather than binary or hexstring form.

Recovered Text: In the unforgiving world of Formula One, Lewis Hamilton abides at the top. He's the man to beat, the top earner, the most important voice, the most prominent figure - a Black man alone at the summit of motorsports' highest echelon. England's knight in Mercedes armor. Over the past 15 years, the 36-year-old Briton has won seven world championships, tying the record set by Ferrari's Michael Schumacher - the German F1 driver who was regarded as the greatest of all time until Hamilton broadsided him from that perch. At Sunday's Russian Grand Prix, Hamilton rallied through a late rain shower to claim the checkered flag on the way to becoming the first driver in the sport's history with 100 career victories. And that's besides his 100 career pole positions. As achievements go in racing, this is beyond otherworldly.

Encrypted text:

36d2e582921b6b4a4729ec8a60a4915ba76f3fec1c010014c13444b4afbefb124743582e779a57cf992d87 1fcd7e178fe0c5b2c8ccc1a78fcae1aab4c09dd92388d20af1deaf36212e9fad48d6cf32d8299cf7bfe82e8fa a32b3383d1877fb86eb489571936cdcda5d32f1bc9a359bd63f411305859fec912107c147cb77b2f459f944 561933e2ca54416929a35c2ce30438568de299dac4a33811a43d6b1e6ec75f86e0768b8ff5eea71a6bb890 7125a17a19997c153b4665123bf24bfe084f129a72292fe22fadf0ab59a06babc93f9aecc82545e35920fa68 a6eea18322458bf5a0fe9e50695326cb0ff211484b883a677b20a3318584f058b818fa594e9bb2744c67a5 ba2ad2d65e39d4522476efa8770e1bf5547cc90f12f73ec93102586e55c8a8e6bdeb8e16205040647bbcb8 be20b29d589da8c3fa2a9ec2f00dc056046c299bbb1532ef8c38b24c021558175055c4a95a1b193deec411 12afa5db015fbac30c6c95c83e3cb07f9b28c849b0330d4b4e84abf996f91ae58a499a44b87340c11ca0074 8b00072d7bf22bb383f3f2e2aa185921e974e23fc695bab5c2ddd27d5fa0e6e6de2af262f2608fa8cbc25bfb dc4f5f8f0f785a1b4d4c63fa94f0c16601d8cff74856ca0a1ca8e1167db0a5a55e7dbb246202ae59835c16e9 0c1e0c5b2c8ccc1a78f726e8963d971baba5db79b6739f3fa4329acdfef24b1b13d361832c5bd814d7acf70 59e1b251f74e604116ecb90755cc43a12639c01917653cd945c9065737efa9401947fb9557568b567bdf05 9a474f95217f55ba63b3ed666854c2dda688b6acf0722076e3fd18d59b9109d4639c5a10dcc9dd17a3e78f e956fb9687276ad8aefbfa2764ab669e7444e751fc396940fee2446b2e40d29f277a46ab9781445b25725c d74215a01694f2566b33456851c5966303a2053f6a22d41581fa810f1668eb7761db9206b466a8a65e501

71f030c680a971cffd17e583060cd6e32ec5bd4ba1f9bda5976a883327bada116974b7e8220290949d5315 cd4d308e297b7789bcf7466c433e6effef150ea4a44df492f449509044104c47b32351b272672fc599ea692 6482920a08dd08cfdfdd19ae50585efebe84f51afbd7487e04b5e127457e37e615da2b55fafc317fecebf59a

Problem 2:

Brief Explanation: This program is very similar to the DES text encryption, with a few minor differences. Primarily, the three lines at the start of the file are instantly read and written into the output file, as those lines remain unchanged after encryption. The rest of the file is read and encrypted, and is written to the output file after the header. Another notable difference is that I had to change to read byte and write byte mode, as I was having an error reading the first few lines of the file in regular mode. This resulted in passing raw bytes into the BitVector function instead of a hex string.

Encrypted Image:

