

## class\_17

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### Background

In this before thanksgiving class when many of our classmates are traveling let's have a look at COVID-19 vaccination rates around the State.

Vaccination rates from <https://data.ca.gov/dataset/covid-19-vaccine-progress-dashboard-data-by-zip-code>

### Import data

```
vax <- read.csv("covid19vaccinesbyzipcode_test.csv")
head(vax)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction      county
## 1 2021-01-05                92395          San Bernardino San Bernardino
## 2 2021-01-05                93206                Kern      Kern
## 3 2021-01-05                91006          Los Angeles  Los Angeles
## 4 2021-01-05                91901          San Diego    San Diego
## 5 2021-01-05                92230          Riverside    Riverside
## 6 2021-01-05                92662            Orange      Orange
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile      vem_source
## 1                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1                35915.3                40888                  NA
## 2                 1237.5                 1521                  NA
## 3                28742.7                31347                  19
## 4                15549.8                16905                  12
## 5                 2320.2                 2526                  NA
## 6                 2349.5                 2397                  NA
##   persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                        NA                        NA
## 2                        NA                        NA
## 3                       873                      0.000606
## 4                       271                      0.000710
## 5                        NA                        NA
## 6                        NA                        NA
```

```
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1 NA
## 2 NA
## 3 0.027850
## 4 0.016031
## 5 NA
## 6 NA
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose
## 1 NA
## 2 NA
## 3 0.028456
## 4 0.016741
## 5 NA
## 6 NA
## redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 3 No
## 4 No
## 5 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 6 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
```

Q. How many entries do we have?

```
nrow(vax)
```

```
## [1] 82908
```

We can use the **skimr** package and the **skim()** function to get a quick overview of the structure of this dataset

```
skimr::skim(vax)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	vax
Number of rows	82908
Number of columns	14
Column type frequency:	
character	5
numeric	9
Group variables	None

**Variable type: character**

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
as_of_date	0	1	10	10	0	47	0
local_health_jurisdiction	0	1	0	15	235	62	0

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
county	0	1	0	15	235	59	0
vem_source	0	1	15	26	0	3	0
redacted	0	1	2	69	0	2	0

### Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
zip_code_tabulation_area	0	1.00	93665.111817.39	90001	92257.7593658.5095380.5097635.0					
vaccine_equity_metric_quartile	0	0.95	2.44	1.11	1	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.0	
age12_plus_population	0	1.00	18895.0418993.94	0	1346.95	13685.1031756.1288556.7				
age5_plus_population	0	1.00	20875.2421106.04	0	1460.50	15364.0034877.00101902.0				
persons_fully_vaccinated	8355	0.90	9585.35	11609.12	11	516.00	4210.00	16095.0071219.0		
persons_partially_vaccinated	8355	0.90	1894.87	2105.55	11	198.00	1269.00	2880.00	20159.0	
percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated	8355	0.90	0.43	0.27	0	0.20	0.44	0.63	1.0	
percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated	8355	0.90	0.10	0.10	0	0.06	0.07	0.11	1.0	
percent_of_population_with_8355plus_dose	8355	0.90	0.51	0.26	0	0.31	0.53	0.71	1.0	

Notice that one of these columns is a date column, Working with time and dates get's annoying quickly. We can use **lubridate** package to amek this easier

```
#install.packages("tidyverse") run in cosole
```

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
## date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
today()
```

```
## [1] "2021-11-24"
```

Q. How many days since the first entry in this dataset?

```
vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## [1] "2021-01-05"
```

This will not work vecause our data column was read as character..

```
#today() - vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
d <- ymd(vax$as_of_date)
```

```
today() - d[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 323 days
```

I will make the *as\_of\_date* column Date format

```
vax$as_of_date <- ymd(vax$as_of_date)
```

Q. When was the dataset last updated? What is the last date in this dataset? How many days since the last update?

```
today() - vax$as_of_date[nrow(vax)]
```

```
## Time difference of 1 days
```

Q How many days does the dataset span?

```
vax$as_of_date[ nrow(vax)] - vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 322 days
```

Q. How many different ZIP code areas are there

```
example <- vax[2]  
head(example)
```

```
##   zip_code_tabulation_area  
## 1                92395  
## 2                93206  
## 3                91006  
## 4                91901  
## 5                92230  
## 6                92662
```

```
uni_example <- unique(example)  
#uni_example  
nrow(uni_example)
```

```
## [1] 1764
```

Barry codde

```
length(unique(vax$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

```
## [1] 1764
```

To work with ZIP codes we can use the **zipcodeR** `#install install.packages("zipcodeR", dependency= T)`

```
library(zipcodeR)
```

```
reverse_zipcode(c('92037', "92109") )
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 24
##   zipcode zipcode_type major_city post_office_city common_city_list county state
##   <chr>    <chr>        <chr>    <chr>                <blob> <chr>  <chr>
## 1 92037   Standard      La Jolla   La Jolla, CA          <raw 20 B> San D~ CA
## 2 92109   Standard      San Diego  San Diego, CA          <raw 21 B> San D~ CA
## # ... with 17 more variables: lat <dbl>, lng <dbl>, timezone <chr>,
## #   radius_in_miles <dbl>, area_code_list <blob>, population <int>,
## #   population_density <dbl>, land_area_in_sqmi <dbl>,
## #   water_area_in_sqmi <dbl>, housing_units <int>,
## #   occupied_housing_units <int>, median_home_value <int>,
## #   median_household_income <int>, bounds_west <dbl>, bounds_east <dbl>,
## #   bounds_north <dbl>, bounds_south <dbl>
```

## Focus in on San Diego County

We want a subset the full CA vax data down to just San Diego County

We could do this with base R

```
inds <- vax$county == "San Diego"
nrow(vax[inds,])
```

```
## [1] 5029
```

Subsetting can get tedious and complicated quickly when you have multiple things we want to subset by.

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

We will use the `filter()` function to do our subsetting from now on.

We want to focus in on San Diego County

```
sd <- filter(vax, county=="San Diego")
nrow(sd)
```

```
## [1] 5029
```

```
sd.20 <- filter(vax, county=="San Diego",
  age5_plus_population> 20000)
nrow(sd.20)
```

```
## [1] 3055
```

How many unique zipcodes in San diego county

```
length(unique(sd))
```

```
## [1] 14
```

Q. What is the average vaccination rate of San Diego county as of yesterday?

```
sd.now <- filter(vax, county=="San Diego",
  as_of_date=="2021-11-23")
head(sd.now)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction   county
## 1 2021-11-23           92120                San Diego San Diego
## 2 2021-11-23           91962                San Diego San Diego
## 3 2021-11-23           92155                San Diego San Diego
## 4 2021-11-23           92147                San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-11-23           91913                San Diego San Diego
## 6 2021-11-23           92114                San Diego San Diego
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile          vem_source
## 1                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                             NA                No VEM Assigned
## 4                             NA                No VEM Assigned
## 5                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                             2 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1                26372.9                28414                21234
## 2                1758.7                2020                948
## 3                 456.0                456                70
## 4                 518.0                518                NA
## 5               43514.7               50461               37974
## 6               59050.7               64945               43708
##   persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                   3198                   0.747308
## 2                   126                   0.469307
## 3                   20                   0.153509
## 4                   NA                   NA
## 5                  6690                   0.752542
```

```
## 6                6261                0.673000
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1                0.112550
## 2                0.062376
## 3                0.043860
## 4                NA
## 5                0.132578
## 6                0.096405
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose
## 1                0.859858
## 2                0.531683
## 3                0.197369
## 4                NA
## 5                0.885120
## 6                0.769405
##
## redacted
## 1                No
## 2                No
## 3                No
## 4 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 5                No
## 6                No
```

```
sd.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
```

```
## [1] 0.747308 0.469307 0.153509      NA 0.752542 0.673000 0.171930 0.628913
## [9] 0.355234 0.686848 0.496899 0.694990 0.725720 0.576161 0.652680 0.806525
## [17] 0.718495 1.000000 0.633126 0.835713 0.855294 0.657697 0.631422 0.846959
## [25] 0.769692 1.000000      NA 0.628480 0.844500      NA 0.683163 0.523179
## [33] 0.082372 0.771474 0.464088 0.592998 0.651956 0.632170 0.571643 0.656561
## [41] 0.603904 0.626561 0.691278 0.723539 0.813734 0.707481 0.730845 0.617369
## [49] 0.841184 0.743946 0.759115 1.000000 0.676833 0.944622 0.667700 0.638762
## [57] 0.766287 1.000000 0.711136 0.743590 0.798508 0.916196 0.694622 0.613783
## [65] 0.526130 0.641578 0.700739 0.484584 0.370307 0.594036 0.618409 0.682470
## [73] 0.863395 0.840959 1.000000 0.249635 0.610675 1.000000 0.729044 0.614751
## [81] 0.586075 0.699525 1.000000 0.769195 0.715999 0.670258 1.000000 0.521976
## [89] 0.010726 0.732941 0.632636 0.559401 0.010169 0.639952 0.891644 0.713647
## [97] 0.672947 0.653994 0.569850 0.665486 0.523125 0.673358 0.951807 0.604313
## [105] 0.744649 0.787222 0.894858
```

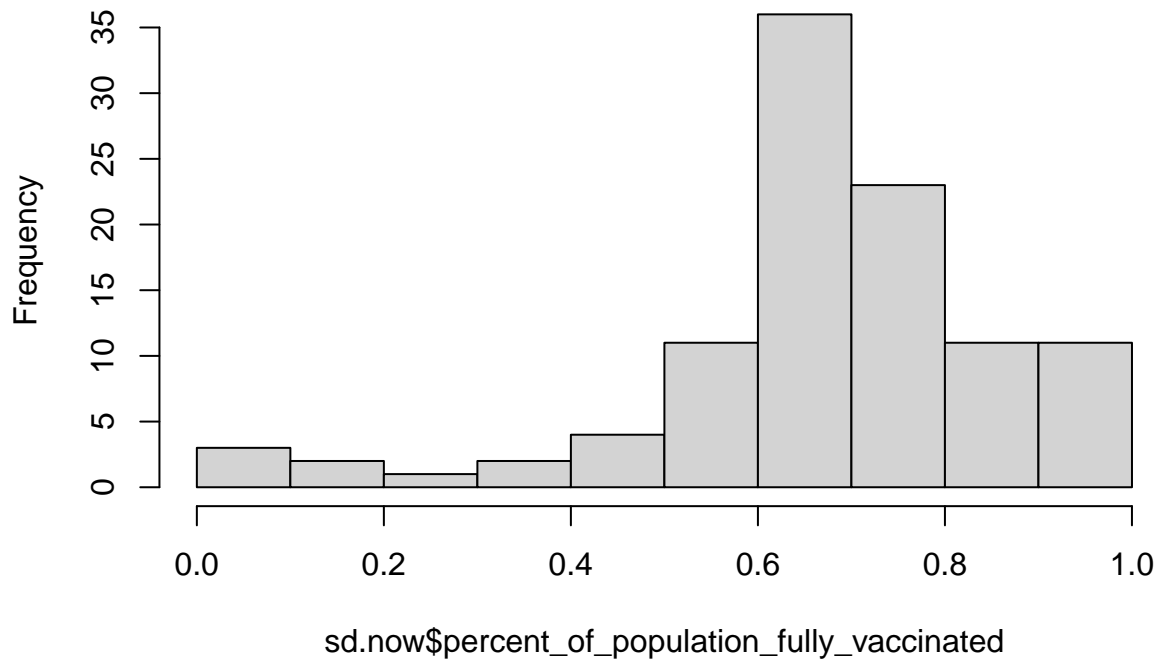
```
summary(sd.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
## 0.01017 0.61301 0.67965 0.67400 0.76932 1.00000      3
```

Q. Make a histogram of these values

```
hist(sd.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

## Histogram of sd.now\$percent\_of\_population\_fully\_vaccinated



This plot above is going to be susceptible to being skewed by the ZIP code areas with small populations. These will have a big effect for just a small number of unvax-ed folks....

Q. What is the population of the 92037 ZIP code area?

```
lj <- filter(sd.now, zip_code_tabulation_area=="92037")
lj$age5_plus_population
```

```
## [1] 36144
```

Q. What is the average vaccination value for this UCSD/La Jolla code area?

```
lj$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
```

```
## [1] 0.916196
```

Q. What about the ZIP code 92122

```
lj2 <- filter(sd.now, zip_code_tabulation_area=="92122")
lj2$age5_plus_population
```

```
## [1] 45951
```



```
lj2$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
```

```
## [1] 0.771474
```

```
Q. 92124
```

```
filter(sd.now, zip_code_tabulation_area=="92124")
```

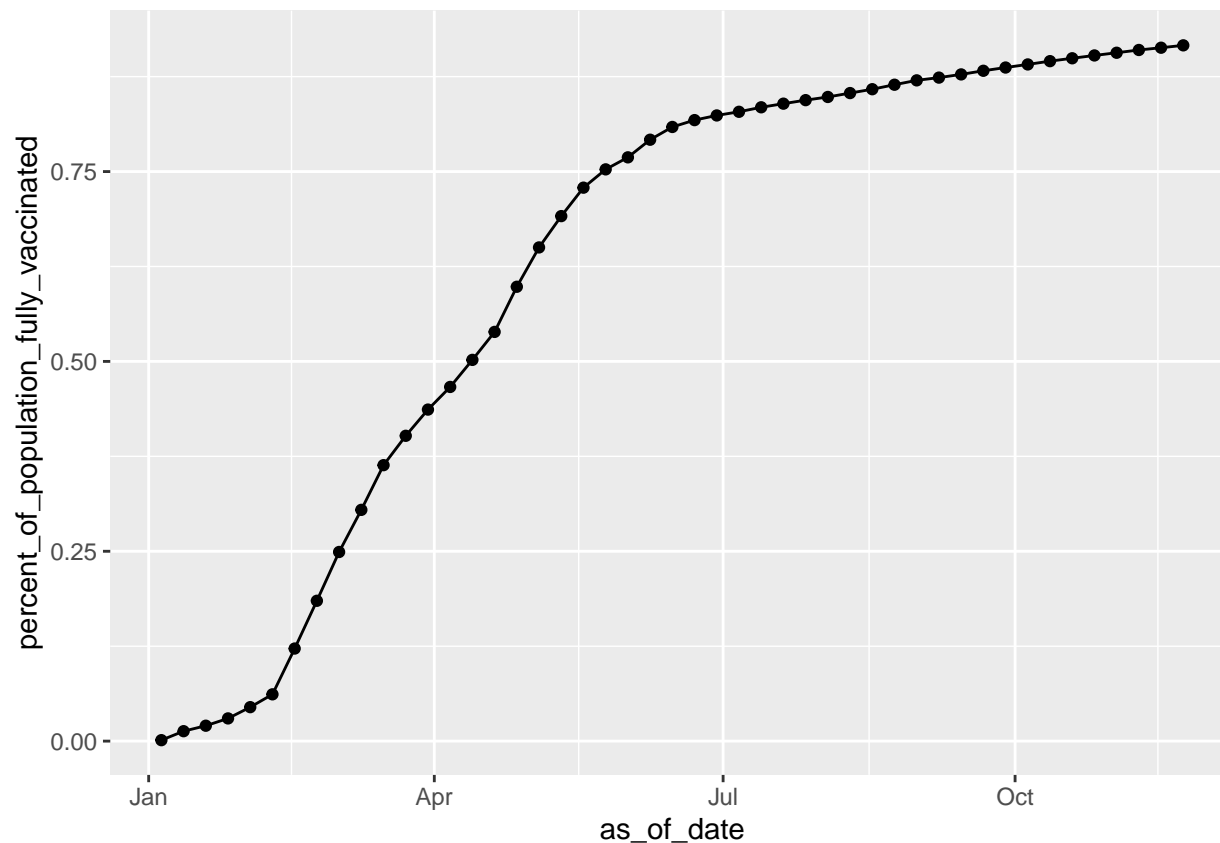
```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 1 2021-11-23 92124 San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 1 3 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1 25422.4 29040 16245
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 2677 0.559401
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1 0.092183
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose redacted
## 1 0.651584 No
```

Time series of vaccination rate for a given ZIP code area. Start with 92037.

```
lj <- filter(vax, zip_code_tabulation_area=="92037")
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
ggplot(lj) +
  aes(x=as_of_date,
      y=percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(group=1)
```



```
labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated")
```

```
## $x
## [1] "Date"
##
## $y
## [1] "Percent Vaccinated"
##
## attr("class")
## [1] "labels"
```

Let's make this plot for all Sand Diego County ZIP code areas that have a population as least as large as 92037/

```
sd.36 <- filter(vax, county=="San Diego",
  age5_plus_population> 36144)
head(sd.36)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction   county
## 1 2021-01-05                92058          San Diego San Diego
## 2 2021-01-05                92078          San Diego San Diego
## 3 2021-01-05                92019          San Diego San Diego
## 4 2021-01-05                92117          San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-01-05                92057          San Diego San Diego
```

```
## 6 2021-01-05          91913          San Diego San Diego
##  vaccine_equity_metric_quartile          vem_source
## 1          1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2          3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3          3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4          3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5          2 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6          3 Healthy Places Index Score
##  age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1          34956.0          39695          NA
## 2          41789.5          47476          37
## 3          37439.4          40464          25
## 4          50041.6          53839          42
## 5          51927.0          56906          22
## 6          43514.7          50461          37
##  persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1          NA          NA
## 2          688          0.000779
## 3          610          0.000618
## 4          1143          0.000780
## 5          691          0.000387
## 6          1993          0.000733
##  percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1          NA
## 2          0.014492
## 3          0.015075
## 4          0.021230
## 5          0.012143
## 6          0.039496
##  percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose
## 1          NA
## 2          0.015271
## 3          0.015693
## 4          0.022010
## 5          0.012530
## 6          0.040229
##                                     redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2                                     No
## 3                                     No
## 4                                     No
## 5                                     No
## 6                                     No
```

Q. How many ZIP codes areas in San Diego county have a population larger than 92037?

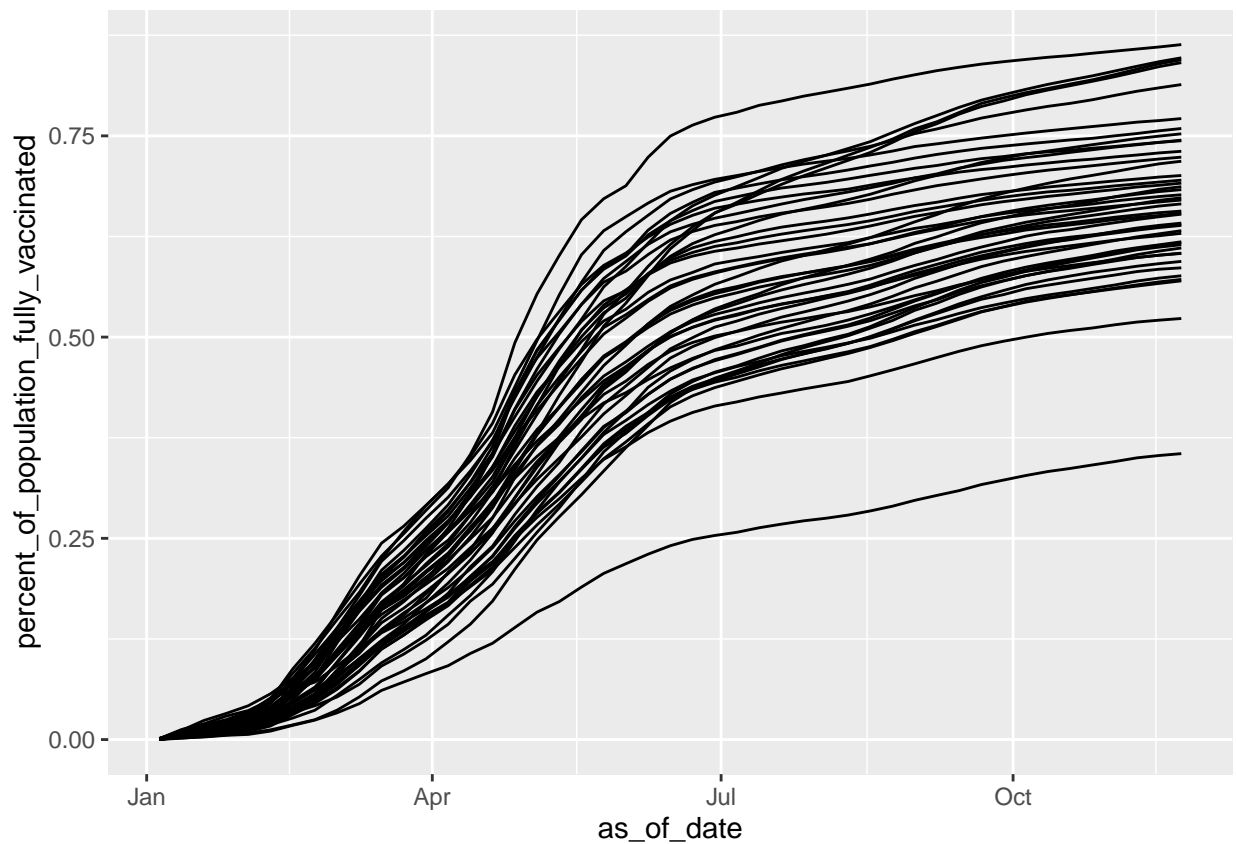
```
length(unique(sd.36$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

```
## [1] 43
```

Let's make a plot

```
ggplot(sd.36) +
  aes(x=as_of_date,
       y=percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated,
       group=zip_code_tabulation_area ) +
  geom_line()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 row(s) containing missing values (geom_path).
```



```
labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated")
```

```
## $x
## [1] "Date"
##
## $y
## [1] "Percent Vaccinated"
##
## attr("class")
## [1] "labels"
```

Q. Make a plot like this for all ZIP code areas in the state with at least as large as La Jolla.

```
ca <- filter(vax, age5_plus_population > 36144)
```

Q. How many

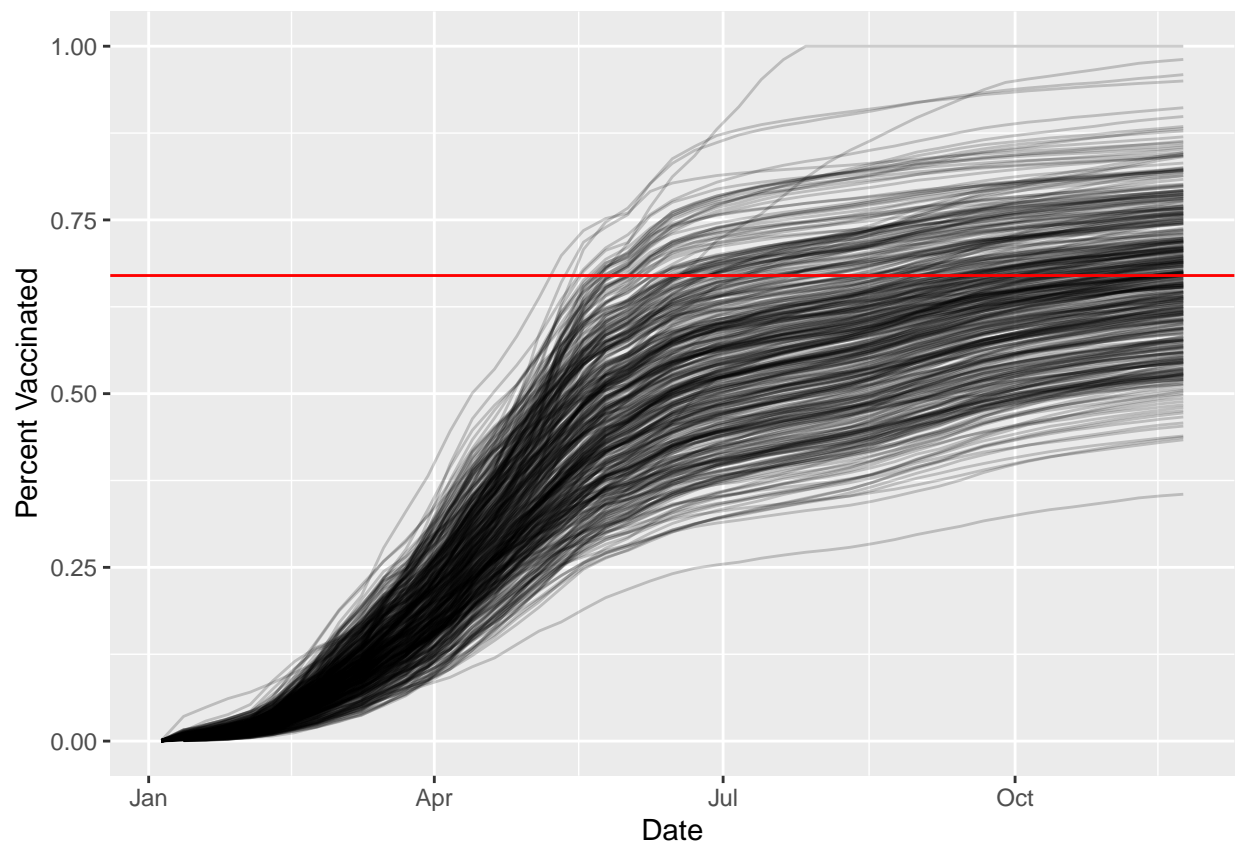
```
length(unique(ca$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

```
## [1] 411
```

Make our plot

```
ggplot(ca) +  
  aes(x=as_of_date,  
       y=percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated,  
       group=zip_code_tabulation_area ) +  
  geom_line(alpha=0.2) +  
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0.67, color="red")+  
  labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated")
```

```
## Warning: Removed 176 row(s) containing missing values (geom_path).
```



Q. What is the mean across the state for the 36k+ population code?

```
ca.now <- filter(ca, as_of_date=="2021-11-23")  
summary(ca.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.3552  0.5939  0.6696  0.6672  0.7338  1.0000
```

```
home <- filter(vax, county=="Los Angeles", zip_code_tabulation_area=="90029")
home.now <- filter(home, as_of_date == "2021-11-23")
summary(home.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.6716  0.6716  0.6716  0.6716  0.6716  0.6716
```

---