Final Project - Credit card numbers and the case of Mobius Duck

In this project, you are assisting an investigation. The investigator asked you to help him determine the validity of credit card numbers located in a case of Mobius Duck, case number 20150510-001.

Your task is to:

- Read the data listed below "Data to Evaluate" from a file.
- Evaluate each number to see if they are representing a possible credit card number.
- Validate each credit card number to see if they are a valid number.
- Store the valid numbers and invalid numbers in a separate array.
- Write the contents of validated credit card number array into a file called "valid cards.txt".
- Write the invalid credit card number array to a file called "invalid_numbers.txt".
- Make sure to include the issuer for each group of credit card numbers identified.
- Your application should work with any number of credit card entries.

Turn in:

- Source code (.java) files of all classes and driver class.
- Completed UML for application classes.
- Flow chart for every method that contains beyond sequential logic flow.
- Generated javadocs structure.
- Input and output files

Grading:

- Naming standard followed for project files 2%
- Input and output files − 2%
- Javadoc structure 5%
- Project compiled without error 91%
 - Proper use of internal comments, docstrings, and tags 5%
 - Self documenting field, identifier, method, static, final, and class identifiers 5%
 - Properly validated input and output files 5%
 - Properly used arrays to store data 5%
 - Correct output calculated by the Luhn algorithm and card number issuer identified 71%

Extra Credit:

- Implement the full Issuer IIN Range instead of the simplified list.

How to validate Credit Card Numbers?

Most credit card number can be validated using the Luhn algorithm, which is more or a less a glorified Modulo 10 formula!

The Luhn Formula:

- Drop the last digit from the number. The last digit is what we want to check against
- Reverse the numbers
- Multiply the digits in odd positions (1, 3, 5, etc.) by 2 and subtract 9 to all any result higher than 9
- Add all the numbers together
- The check digit (the last number of the card) is the amount that you would need to add to get a multiple of 10 (Modulo 10)

Luhn Example:

				S	teps												Total
Original Number:	4	5	5	6	7	3	7	5	8	6	8	9	9	8	5	5	
Drop the last digit:	4	5	5	6	7	3	7	5	8	6	8	9	9	8	5		
Reverse the digits:	5	8	9	9	8	6	8	5	7	3	7	6	5	5	4		
Multiple odd digits by 2:	10	8	18	9	16	6	16	5	14	3	14	6	10	5	8		
Add digits from line above	1	8	9	9	7	6	7	5	5	3	5	6	1	5	8		
Add all numbers:	1	8	9	9	7	6	7	5	5	3	5	6	1	5	8		85
Mod 10:	(85	+ X) mo	dulc	10	= 0 ,	thus	s X=	=5 (la	ast d	ligit	of c	ard)				

List of credit card number formats

Credit Card Issuer	Starts With (IIN Range)	Length (Number of digits)
American Express	34, 37	15
Diners Club - Carte Blanche	300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305	14
Diners Club - International	36	14
Diners Club - USA & Canada	54	16
Discover	6011, 622126 to 622925, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 65	16
InstaPayment	637, 638, 639	16
JCB	3528 to 3589	16
Laser	6304, 6706, 6771, 6709	16-19
Maestro	5018, 5020, 5038, 5893, 6304, 6759, 6761, 6762, 6763	16-19
MasterCard	51, 52, 53, 54, 55	16-19
Visa	4	13-16
Visa Electron	4026, 417500, 4508, 4844, 4913, 4917	16

Data to Evaluate

Simplified Issuer Codes for Final Project:

VISA:
45
44
MasterCard:
51
53
American Express (AMEX):
37
34
Discover:
60
JCB:
31
33
Diners Club - North America:
54
55
Diners Club - Carte Blanche:
30
Diners Club - International:
36
Maestro:
58
LASER:
67
Visa Electron:
48
49
InstaPayment:
63